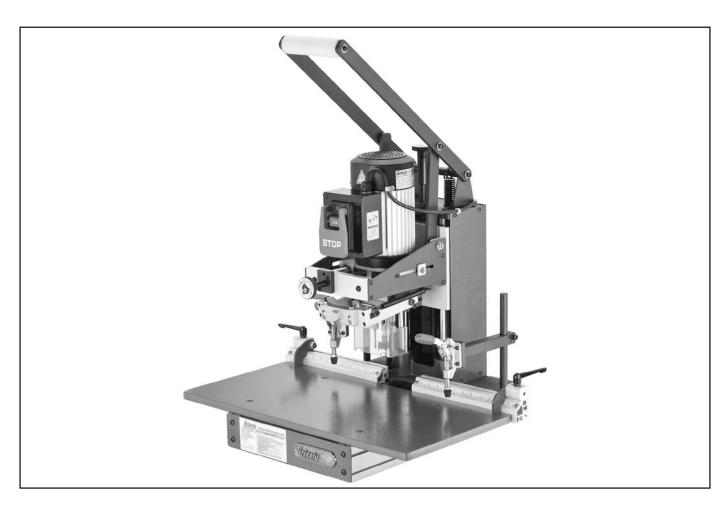


MODEL G0718 HINGE BORING MACHINE

OWNER'S MANUAL



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WARNING: NO PORTION OF THIS MANUAL MAY BE REPRODUCED IN ANY SHAPE
OR FORM WITHOUT THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF GRIZZLY INDUSTRIAL, INC.

FOR MODELS MANUFACTURED SINCE 12/10 #CRBLJBTS13651 PRINTED IN TAIWAN



This manual provides critical safety instructions on the proper setup, operation, maintenance, and service of this machine/tool. Save this document, refer to it often, and use it to instruct other operators.

Failure to read, understand and follow the instructions in this manual may result in fire or serious personal injury—including amputation, electrocution, or death.

The owner of this machine/tool is solely responsible for its safe use. This responsibility includes but is not limited to proper installation in a safe environment, personnel training and usage authorization, proper inspection and maintenance, manual availability and comprehension, application of safety devices, cutting/sanding/grinding tool integrity, and the usage of personal protective equipment.

The manufacturer will not be held liable for injury or property damage from negligence, improper training, machine modifications or misuse.

WARNING!

Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints.
- Crystalline silica from bricks, cement and other masonry products.
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: Work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

Table of Contents

	SECTION 4: OPERATION
Manual Accuracy2	Basic Controls
Contact Info2	Disabling & Locking S
Machine Description2	Setup Overview
Identification3	Operation Overview
Machine Data Sheet 4	Hold-Down Clamps
SECTION 1: SAFETY6	Boring Head Setup
Safety Instructions for Machinery 6	Selecting Boring He
•	Replacing Boring He
Additional Safety for Boring Machines8	Installing & Adjusting
SECTION 2: POWER SUPPLY9	Headstock Setup
Availability9	Drilling Depth
Full-Load Current Rating9	Setback Distance
Circuit Information9	Operation
Circuit Requirements for 110V9	Swing Arm Test Fit
Circuit Requirements for 220V9	Fence Stop Setup
Grounding Requirements 10	Determining Numbe
Extension Cords	Two-Hinge Door
Voltage Conversion11	Three-Hinge Door
-	Four-Hinge Door
SECTION 3: SETUP 12	•
Needed for Setup12	SECTION 5: ACCESSO
Unpacking12	SECTION 6: MAINTEN
Inventory 13	SECTION 6: MAINTEN
Inventory	Schedule
Inventory	ScheduleCleaning
Inventory	Schedule Cleaning Lubrication
Inventory	Schedule
Inventory	Schedule Cleaning Lubrication Headstock Slides Depth & Throat Adju
Inventory	Schedule
Inventory	Schedule Cleaning Lubrication Headstock Slides Depth & Throat Adju
Inventory	Schedule
Inventory13Cleanup13Site Considerations14Weight Load14Space Allocation14Physical Environment14Electrical Installation14	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16 Dust Collection 19	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16 Dust Collection 19 Power Connection 19	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16 Dust Collection 19 Power Connection 19 Connecting Power 19	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16 Dust Collection 19 Power Connection 19 Connecting Power 19 Disconnecting Power 19	Schedule
Inventory 13 Cleanup 13 Site Considerations 14 Weight Load 14 Space Allocation 14 Physical Environment 14 Electrical Installation 14 Lighting 14 Lifting & Placing 15 Mounting 15 Assembly 16 Dust Collection 19 Power Connection 19 Connecting Power 19 Disconnecting Power 19	Schedule

SECTION 4: OPERATIONS	
Basic Controls	
Disabling & Locking Switch	. 22
Setup Overview	. 22
Operation Overview	
Hold-Down Clamps	
Boring Head Setup	
Selecting Boring Head & Bits	
Replacing Boring Head	. 24
Installing & Adjusting Boring Bits	. 25
Headstock Setup	
Drilling Depth	
Setback Distance	
Operation	
Swing Arm Test Fit & Adjustment	
Fence Stop Setup	. 29
Determining Number of Hinges	
Two-Hinge Door	
Three-Hinge Door	
Four-Hinge Door	. 31
SECTION 5: ACCESSORIES	. 32
SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE	35
Schedule	
Cleaning	
Lubrication	
Headstock Slides	
Depth & Throat Adjustment Shafts	
Pivot Points	
Boring Head Assembly	. 36
SECTION 7: SERVICE	. 37
Troubleshooting	. 37
Motor & Electrical	. 37
Operation	. 38
SECTION 8: WIRING	20
Wiring Safety Instructions	
Wiring Diagram	
Machine Re-wired for 220V	
SECTION 9: PARTS	
Body	
Table	
Headstock	
Handle	
Machine Labels	. 46
WARRANTY AND RETURNS	40

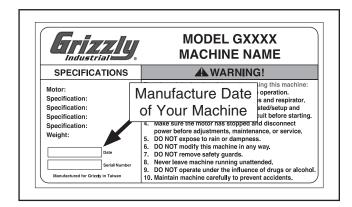
INTRODUCTION

Manual Accuracy

We are proud to offer this manual with your new machine! We've made every effort to be exact with the instructions, specifications, drawings, and photographs of the machine we used when writing this manual. However, sometimes we still make an occasional mistake.

Also, owing to our policy of continuous improvement, your machine may not exactly match the manual. If you find this to be the case, and the difference between the manual and machine leaves you in doubt, check our website for the latest manual update or call technical support for help.

Before calling, find the manufacture date of your machine by looking at the date stamped into the machine ID label (see below). This will help us determine if the manual version you received matches the manufacture date of your machine.



For your convenience, we post all available manuals and manual updates for free on our website at **www.grizzly.com**. Any updates to your model of machine will be reflected in these documents as soon as they are complete.

Contact Info

We stand behind our machines. If you have any questions or need help, use the information below to contact us. Before contacting, please get the serial number and manufacture date of your machine. This will help us help you faster.

Grizzly Technical Support 1203 Lycoming Mall Circle Muncy, PA 17756 Phone: (570) 546-9663 Email: techsupport@grizzly.com

We want your feedback on this manual. What did you like about it? Where could it be improved? Please take a few minutes to give us feedback.

Grizzly Documentation Manager P.O. Box 2069 Bellingham, WA 98227-2069 Email: manuals@grizzly.com

Machine Description

The Model G0718 is a production machine designed for drilling and installing European-style hinges in cabinet doors.

Grizzly offers are a number of different boring heads and interchangeable boring bits (all sold separately), so the machine can be used for a wide variety of different hinge brands.

The stock machine excels at large production runs of 2-hinge doors. It is supplied with all the components necessary to make small runs of 3- or 4-hinge doors; however, an additional extension fence and stops are recommended to expedite larger or more frequent runs requiring 3 or 4 hinges.



Identification

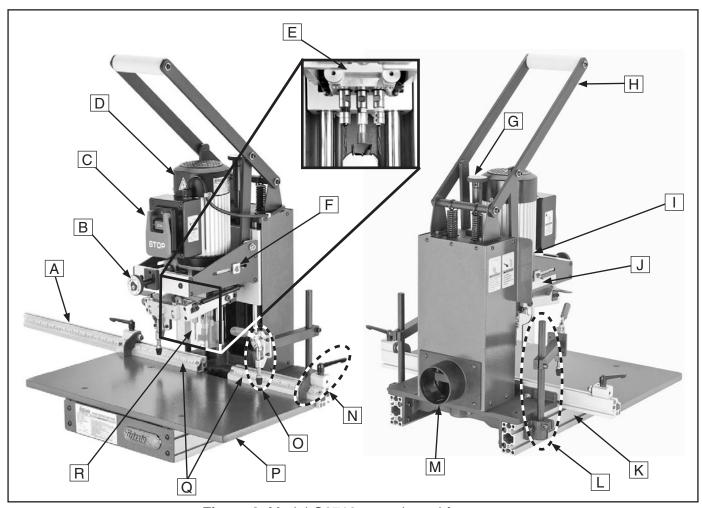


Figure 2. Model G0718 controls and features.

- A. Fence Extension w/Left Scale
- B. Throat Adjustment Knob
- C. ON/OFF Switch Assembly
- **D.** Drive Motor
- **E.** Boring Head Assembly w/Bits (Sold Separately)
- F. Throat Position Lock
- G. Depth Adjustment Knob
- H. Downfeed Handle
- I. Depth Position Scale

- J. Throat Position Scale
- K. Table Support w/Hold-Down Track
- L. Hold-Down Base & Arm Assembly
- M. 4" Dust Port
- N. Fence Stops
- O. Hold-Down Clamp
- P. Work Table
- Q. Table Fence Set
- R. Boring Head Guard



WARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury when using this machine, read and understand this entire manual before beginning any operations.



Product Dimensions:

MACHINE DATA SHEET

© Grizzly Industrial, Inc. • Customer Service: (800) 523-4777 • Website: www.grizzly.com

MODEL G0718 HINGE BORING MACHINE

Weight	
	29 x 25 x 36-5/8 in
, , , , ,	
Shipping Dimensions:	
Type	Cardboard Top & Wood Pallet
Content	Machine
Weight	198 lbs
Length/Width/Height	32 x 29 x 35 in
Electrical:	
Power Requirement	110V/220V, Single-Phase, 60 Hz
Pre-Wired Voltage	110V
Full-Load Current Rating	10A at 110V, 5A at 220V
	15A at 110V, 15A at 220V
Switch	ON/OFF Switch w/Emergency Stop Paddle & Anti-Start Pir
Switch Voltage	110V/220V
Cord Length	9 ft
Cord Gauge	14 AWG
Plug Included	Yes
Included Plug Type	NEMA 5-15 for 110V
Recommended Plug/Outlet Type	NEMA 6-15 for 220V
Motors:	
Main	
Туре	TEFC
Horsepower	1 HF
	110V/220V
-	110V
Phase	Single-Phase
	10/5 <i>A</i>
·	3440 RPM
	60 Hz
•	
	Direct Drive
	Shielded and Permanently Sealed
	,
Main Specifications:	
Operation Information	
Maximum Depth of Stroke	4 in
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Maximum Depth of Stroke	



Rear Fence Extension Fence Back Fence Stop	
Construction	
Boring Head Construction	SUJ-2 High Carbon Anti-Friction Steel Slide Shaft
	4 in.
Other Specifications:	
WarrantySerial Number Location	Taiwan1 YearID Label on Center of the Stand

Features:

Swing boring head tolerance +/- 0.2mm Downfeed stroke scale position indicator Rear fence scale position indicator 28" extension fence Manual stroke operation



SECTION 1: SAFETY

AWARNING

For Your Own Safety, Read Instruction **Manual Before Operating this Machine**

The purpose of safety symbols is to attract your attention to possible hazardous conditions. This manual uses a series of symbols and signal words intended to convey the level of importance of the safety messages. The progression of symbols is described below. Remember that safety messages by themselves do not eliminate danger and are not a substitute for proper accident prevention measures.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, Indicates an imminently nazardous site WILL result in death or serious injury.

AWARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, COULD result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, MAY result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

This symbol is used to alert the user to useful information about proper operation of the machine.

AWARNING Safety Instructions for Machinery

OWNER'S MANUAL. Read and understand this owner's manual BEFORE using machine. Untrained users can be seriously hurt.

EYE PROTECTION. Always wear ANSI-approved safety glasses or a face shield when operating or observing machinery to reduce the risk of eye injury or blindness from flying particles. Everyday eyeglasses are not approved safety glasses.

HAZARDOUS DUST. Dust created while using machinery may cause cancer, birth defects, or long-term respiratory damage. Be aware of dust hazards associated with each workpiece material. and always wear a NIOSH-approved respirator to reduce your risk.

WEARING PROPER APPAREL. Do not wear clothing, apparel, or jewelry that can become entangled in moving parts. Always tie back or cover long hair. Wear non-slip footwear to avoid accidental slips which could cause a loss of workpiece control.

HEARING PROTECTION. Always wear hearing protection when operating or observiing loud machinery. Extended exposure to this noise without hearing protection can cause permanent hearing loss.

MENTAL ALERTNESS. Be mentally alert when running machinery. Never operate under the influence of drugs or alcohol, when tired, or when distracted.



AWARNING

DISCONNECTING POWER SUPPLY. Always disconnect machine from power supply before servicing, adjusting, or changing cutting tools (bits, blades, cutters, etc.). Make sure switch is in OFF position before reconnecting to avoid an unexpected or unintentional start.

APPROVED OPERATION. Untrained operators can be seriously hurt by machinery. Only allow trained or properly supervised people to use machine. When machine is not being used, disconnect power, remove switch keys, or lock-out machine to prevent unauthorized use—especially around children. Make workshop kid proof!

DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENTS. Do not use machinery in wet or rainy locations, cluttered areas, around flammables, or in poorly-lit areas. Keep work area clean, dry, and well-lighted to minimize risk of injury.

ONLY USE AS INTENDED. Only use machine for its intended purpose. Never modify or alter machine for a purpose not intended by the manufacturer or serious injury may result!

USE RECOMMENDED ACCESSORIES. Consult this owner's manual or the manufacturer for recommended accessories. Using improper accessories will increase the risk of serious injury.

CHILDREN & BYSTANDERS. Keep children and bystanders a safe distance away from work area. Stop using machine if children or bystanders become a distraction.

REMOVE ADJUSTING TOOLS. Never leave adjustment tools, chuck keys, wrenches, etc. in or on machine—especially near moving parts. Verify removal before starting!

SECURING WORKPIECE. When required, use clamps or vises to secure workpiece. A secured workpiece protects hands and frees both of them to operate the machine.

FEED DIRECTION. Unless otherwise noted, feed work against the rotation of blades or cutters. Feeding in the same direction of rotation may pull your hand into the cut.

FORCING MACHINERY. Do not force machine. It will do the job safer and better at the rate for which it was designed.

GUARDS & COVERS. Guards and covers can protect you from accidental contact with moving parts or flying debris. Make sure they are properly installed, undamaged, and working correctly before using machine.

NEVER STAND ON MACHINE. Serious injury or accidental contact with cutting tool may occur if machine is tipped. Machine may be damaged.

STABLE MACHINE. Unexpected movement during operations greatly increases the risk of injury and loss of control. Verify machines are stable/ secure and mobile bases (if used) are locked before starting.

AWKWARD POSITIONS. Keep proper footing and balance at all times when operating machine. Do not overreach! Avoid awkward hand positions that make workpiece control difficult or increase the risk of accidental injury.

UNATTENDED OPERATION. Never leave machine running while unattended. Turn machine *OFF* and ensure all moving parts completely stop before walking away.

MAINTAIN WITH CARE. Follow all maintenance instructions and lubrication schedules to keep machine in good working condition. An improperly maintained machine may increase the risk of serious injury.

CHECK DAMAGED PARTS. Regularly inspect machine for damaged parts, loose bolts, misadjusted or mis-aligned parts, binding, or any other conditions that may affect safe operation. Always repair or replace damaged or mis-adjusted parts before operating machine.

EXPERIENCING DIFFICULTIES. If at any time you are experiencing difficulties performing the intended operation, stop using the machine! Contact our Technical Support Department at (570) 546-9663.



Additional Safety for Boring Machines

AWARNING

EYE/FACE/HAND PROTECTION. Debris from the drilling operation can be thrown at the operator. Always wear safety glasses or a face shield to protect your eyes and face during boring operations. The spinning boring bits are sharp and can cause serious injury. Always keep hands and fingers away from the moving bits. To reduce the risk of entanglement, DO NOT wear gloves when operating this machine.

GUARDS. The boring head guard reduces the risk of debris being thrown at the operator. DO NOT operate this machine with this guard removed.

BORING OPERATION. The boring bits rotate with tremendous torque, especially at start up. To avoid the bits grabbing the workpiece and unexpectedly moving it, never start the machine with the boring bits pressed against the workpiece.

DULL OR WORN BITS. Dull or damaged bits may break apart during operation, be thrown at the operator, or reduce the performance of the operation. Inspect bits before each use. DO NOT operate with dull or damaged bits.

SECURING WORKPIECE. The operator's hands may be drawn into the spinning boring bits if the workpiece moves unexpectedly during operation. Make sure the workpiece is firmly against the fence, and the workpiece is fully secured with the hold-downs.

BORING BITS. A rapidly spinning boring bit can be thrown at the operator if it comes loose from the chuck. Only use boring bits with a 10mm shank designed for this machine. Properly secure the bits in the chucks before beginning operations.

SURFACE/WORKPIECE PREPARATION. Never turn the machine *ON* before clearing the table of all tools, scrap wood, etc. Only drill wood products that are free of imperfections or foreign objects. Never use this machine to drill metal.

EXPERIENCING DIFFICULTIES. If at any time you are experiencing difficulties performing the intended operation, stop using the machine! Contact our Technical Support at (570) 546-9663.

WARNING

Like all machinery there is potential danger when operating this machine. Accidents are frequently caused by lack of familiarity or failure to pay attention. Use this machine with respect and caution to decrease the risk of operator injury. If normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored, serious personal injury may occur.

ACAUTION

No list of safety guidelines can be complete. Every shop environment is different. Always consider safety first, as it applies to your individual working conditions. Use this and other machinery with caution and respect. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury, damage to equipment, or poor work results.



SECTION 2: POWER SUPPLY

Availability

Before installing the machine, consider the availability and proximity of the required power supply circuit. If an existing circuit does not meet the requirements for this machine, a new circuit must be installed. To minimize the risk of electrocution, fire, or equipment damage, installation work and electrical wiring must be done by a qualified electrician in accordance with all applicable codes and standards.



AWARNING

Electrocution, fire, or equipment damage may occur if machine is not correctly grounded and connected to the power supply.

Full-Load Current Rating

The full-load current rating is the amperage a machine draws at 100% of the rated output power. On machines with multiple motors, this is the amperage drawn by the largest motor or sum of all motors and electrical devices that might operate at one time during normal operations.

Full-Load Current Rating at 110V...... 10 Amps Full-Load Current Rating at 220V....... 5 Amps

The full-load current is not the maximum amount of amps that the machine will draw. If the machine is overloaded, it will draw additional amps beyond the full-load rating.

If the machine is overloaded for a sufficient length of time, damage, overheating, or fire may result—especially if connected to an undersized circuit. To reduce the risk of these hazards, avoid overloading the machine during operation and make sure it is connected to a power supply circuit that meets the requirements in the following section.

Circuit Information

A power supply circuit includes all electrical equipment between the breaker box or fuse panel in the building and the machine. The power supply circuit used for this machine must be sized to safely handle the full-load current drawn from the machine for an extended period of time. (If this machine is connected to a circuit protected by fuses, use a time delay fuse marked D.)

ACAUTION

For your own safety and protection of property, consult a qualified electrician if you are unsure about wiring practices or electrical codes in your area.

Note: The circuit requirements listed in this manual apply to a dedicated circuit—where only one machine will be running at a time. If this machine will be connected to a shared circuit where multiple machines will be running at the same time, consult a qualified electrician to ensure that the circuit is properly sized for safe operation.

Circuit Requirements for 110V

This machine is prewired to operate on a 110V power supply circuit that has a verified ground and meets the following requirements:

Nominal Voltage	110V/120V
Cycle	60 Hz
Phase	Single-Phase
Circuit Rating	15 Amps
Plug/Receptacle	-

Circuit Requirements for 220V

This machine can be converted to operate on a 220V power supply (refer to **Voltage Conversion** instructions). This power supply must have a verified ground and meet the following requirements:

Nominal Voltage	220V/240V
Cycle	60 Hz
Phase	Single-Phase
Circuit Rating	15 Amps
Plug/Receptacle	NEMA 6-15



Grounding Requirements

This machine MUST be grounded. In the event of certain malfunctions or breakdowns, grounding reduces the risk of electric shock by providing a path of least resistance for electric current.

For 110V operation: This machine is equipped with a power cord that has an equipment-grounding wire and a grounding plug (see following figure). The plug must only be inserted into a matching receptacle (outlet) that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

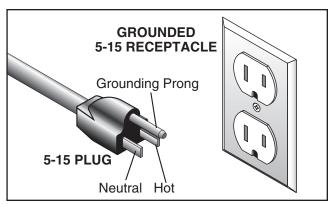


Figure 3. Typical 5-15 plug and receptacle.

For 220V operation: The plug specified under "Circuit Requirements for 220V" on the previous page has a grounding prong that must be attached to the equipment-grounding wire on the included power cord. The plug must only be inserted into a matching receptacle (see following figure) that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances.

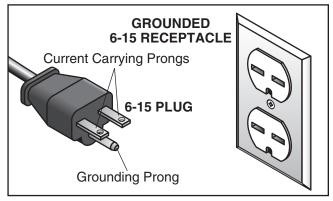


Figure 4. Typical 6-15 plug and receptacle.

AWARNING

Serious injury could occur if you connect the machine to power before completing the setup process. DO NOT connect to power until instructed later in this manual.

Improper connection of the equipment-grounding wire can result in a risk of electric shock. The wire with green insulation (with or without yellow stripes) is the equipment-grounding wire. If repair or replacement of the power cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding wire to a live (current carrying) terminal.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if you do not understand these grounding requirements, or if you are in doubt about whether the tool is properly grounded. If you ever notice that a cord or plug is damaged or worn, disconnect it from power, and immediately replace it with a new one.

Extension Cords

We do not recommend using an extension cord with this machine. If you must use an extension cord, only use it if absolutely necessary and only on a temporary basis.

Extension cords cause voltage drop, which may damage electrical components and shorten motor life. Voltage drop increases as the extension cord size gets longer and the gauge size gets smaller (higher gauge numbers indicate smaller sizes).

Any extension cord used with this machine must contain a ground wire, match the required plug and receptacle, and meet the following requirements:

Minimum Gauge Size14 AWG Maximum Length (Shorter is Better)......50 ft.



Voltage Conversion

This section shows how to convert the Model G0718 from 110V to 220V. The plug needed for this conversion can be purchased at any local hardware store or electrical supply store.

Iten	ns Needed	Qty
•	Phillips Head Screwdriver #2	1
•	NEMA 6-15 Plug	1
	Wire Cutters	
•	Wire Strippers	1

NOTICE

This manual was current at the time of printing; however, if the wiring diagram provided on the inside cover of the motor junction box conflicts with this manual, always use that wiring diagram instead, as it will reflect any changes that may have occurred after printing.

To convert to 220V:

- 1. DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- **2.** Cut off the pre-installed 5-15 plug from the end of the power cord.
- 3. Open the motor junction box (see **Figure 5**) by removing the four screws from the front.

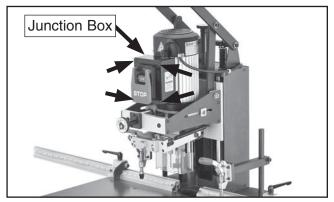


Figure 5. Motor junction box and screw locations.

4. Loosen the screws indicated in Figure 6.

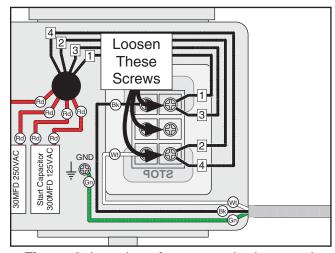


Figure 6. Location of screws to be loosened.

5. Reposition wires 1–4 as shown in Figure 7, then tighten the screws loosened in **Step 4**.

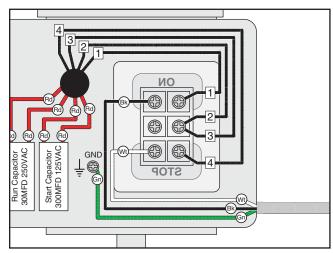
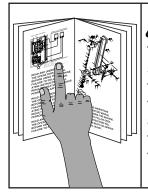


Figure 7. Motor rewired for 220V.

- **6.** Close and secure the motor junction box.
- **7.** Install a 6-15 plug on the end of the cord, according to the instructions and wiring diagrams provided by the plug manufacturer.
 - —If instructions and a wiring diagram are not provided by the plug manufacturer, the wiring diagram shown on **Page 40** shows the wiring of a standard NEMA 6-15 plug. This diagram may be used as long as your plug matches the one shown.



SECTION 3: SETUP



WARNING

This machine presents serious injury hazards to untrained users. Read through this entire manual to become familiar with the controls and operations before starting the machine!



AWARNING

Wear safety glasses during the entire setup process!



WARNING

This machine and its components are very heavy. Get lifting help or use power lifting equipment such as a forklift to move heavy items.

Needed for Setup

The following are needed to complete the setup process, but are not included with your machine.

Des	scription	Qty
•	Safety Glasses	1
•	Degreaser or Solvent for Cleaning	Varies
•	Rags for Cleaning	Varies
•	Minimum People Required for Lifting.	3
•	Screwdriver Phillips #2	1
•	Dust Collection System	1
•	Dust Hose 4"	1
•	Hose Clamps 4"	2

Unpacking

Your machine was carefully packaged for safe transportation. Remove the packaging materials from around your machine and inspect it. If you discover any damage, please call us immediately at (570) 546-9663 for advice.

Save the containers and all packing materials for possible inspection by the carrier or its agent. Otherwise, filing a freight claim can be difficult.

When you are completely satisfied with the condition of your shipment, inventory the contents.



AWARNING

SUFFOCATION HAZARD! Keep children and pets away from plastic bags or packing materials unpacked with this machine. Discard immediately.



Inventory

The following is a description of the main components shipped with your machine. Lay the components out to inventory them.

If any non-proprietary parts are missing (e.g. a nut or a washer), we will gladly replace them; or for the sake of expediency, replacements can be obtained at your local hardware store.

Box	(1: (Figure 8)	Qty
A.	Boring Machine (Not Shown)	1
B.	Fence Extension w/Scale	1
C.	Right Scale (14 ¹⁵ / ₁₆ "–42")	1
D.	Dust Port 4"	1
E.	Boring Head Guard	1
F.	Swing Arm Assembly	1
G.	Open-End Wrench 14/17mm	1
H.	Open-End Wrench 12/14mm	1
I.	Open-End Wrench 11/13mm	1
J.	Cap Screws M6-1 x 65	4
K.	Cap Screws M6-1 x 55	2
L.	Cap Screws M6-1 x 45	2
Μ.	Hex Wrench Set	
	1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, & 10mm 1 I	Each

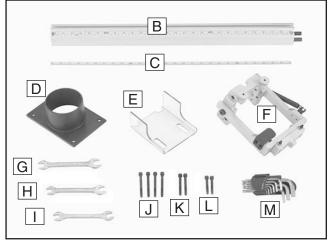


Figure 8. Inventory.

Cleanup

The unpainted surfaces of your machine are coated with a heavy-duty rust preventative that prevents corrosion during shipment and storage. This rust preventative works extremely well, but it will take a little time to clean.

Be patient and do a thorough job cleaning your machine. The time you spend doing this now will give you a better appreciation for the proper care of your machine's unpainted surfaces.

There are many ways to remove this rust preventative, but the following steps work well in a wide variety of situations. Always follow the manufacturer's instructions with any cleaning product you use and make sure you work in a well-ventilated area to minimize exposure to toxic fumes.

Before cleaning, gather the following:

- Disposable Rags
- Cleaner/degreaser (WD•40 works well)
- Safety glasses & disposable gloves
- Plastic paint scraper (optional)

NOTICE

Avoid chlorine-based solvents, such as acetone or brake parts cleaner, that may damage painted surfaces. Test all cleaners in an inconspicuous area before using to make sure they will not damage paint.

Basic steps for removing rust preventative:

- **1.** Put on safety glasses.
- 2. Coat the rust preventative with a liberal amount of cleaner/degreaser, then let it soak for 5–10 minutes.
- Wipe off the surfaces. If your cleaner/degreaser is effective, the rust preventative will wipe off easily. If you have a plastic paint scraper, scrape off as much as you can first, then wipe off the rest with the rag.
- 4. Repeat **Steps 2–3** as necessary until clean, then coat all unpainted surfaces with a quality metal protectant to prevent rust.



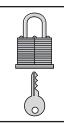
Site Considerations

Weight Load

Refer to the **Machine Data Sheet** for the weight of your machine. Make sure that the surface upon which the machine is placed will bear the weight of the machine, additional equipment that may be installed on the machine, and the heaviest workpiece that will be used. Additionally, consider the weight of the operator and any dynamic loading that may occur when operating the machine.

Space Allocation

Consider the largest size of workpiece that will be processed through this machine and provide enough space around the machine for adequate operator material handling or the installation of auxiliary equipment. With permanent installations, leave enough space around the machine to open or remove doors/covers as required by the maintenance and service described in this manual. See below for required space allocation.



ACAUTION

Children or untrained people may be seriously injured by this machine. Only install in an access restricted location.

Physical Environment

The physical environment where your machine is operated is important for safe operation and the longevity of its components. For best results, operate this machine in a dry environment that is free from excessive moisture, hazardous chemicals, airborne abrasives, or extreme conditions. Extreme conditions for this type of machinery are generally those where the ambient temperature range exceeds 41°–104°F; the relative humidity range exceeds 20–95% (non-condensing); or the environment is subject to vibration, shocks, or bumps.

Electrical Installation

Place this machine near an existing power source. Make sure all power cords are protected from traffic, material handling, moisture, chemicals, or other hazards. Make sure to leave access to a means of disconnecting the power source or engaging a lockout/tagout device.

Lighting

Lighting around the machine must be adequate enough that operations can be performed safely. Shadows, glare, or strobe effects that may distract or impede the operator must be eliminated.

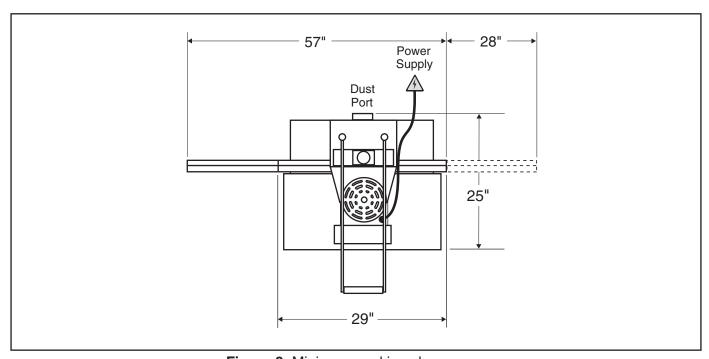


Figure 9. Minimum working clearances.



Lifting & Placing



AWARNING

Minimum 3-person lift! This machine and its components are very heavy. Use safe lifting methods when moving this machine.

To lift and place your boring machine:

- Prepare the location for the boring machine per Circuit Requirements on Page 9 and Site Considerations on Page 14.
- **2.** Unbolt the machine from the shipping crate.
- **3.** Lift from each side of the work table, and move the machine to its prepared location.

Mounting

The base of this machine has mounting holes that allow it to be fastened to a workbench or other mounting surface to prevent it from moving during operation and causing accidental injury or damage.

The strongest mounting option is a "Through Mount" (see example below) where holes are drilled all the way through the workbench—and hex bolts, washers, and hex nuts are used to secure the machine in place.

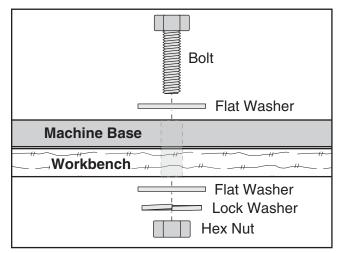


Figure 10. Example of a "Through Mount" setup.

Another option is a "Direct Mount" (see example below) where the machine is secured directly to the workbench with lag screws and washers.

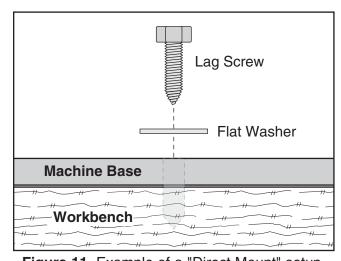


Figure 11. Example of a "Direct Mount" setup.



Assembly

The handle was secured to the machine in a special way to protect it from shipping damage. As such, the way it is mounted for shipping is not how it should be mounted for operation. The assembly process involves re-mounting the handle in its operating position and installing all loose components from the shipping box.

The machine requires, but does not include, a boring head in order to perform operations. Grizzly offers a number of boring heads for this machine (refer to **Page 32** for more details). The boring head must be installed before performing the **Test Run** procedure. To choose the correct boring head, refer to **Selecting Boring Head** on **Page 24**.

AWARNING

Serious personal injury could occur if you connect the machine to power before completing the setup process. DO NOT connect power until instructed later in this manual.

To assemble your boring machine:

- 1. DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- 2. Remove and discard the cable ties that secure the downfeed handle (see Figure 12).

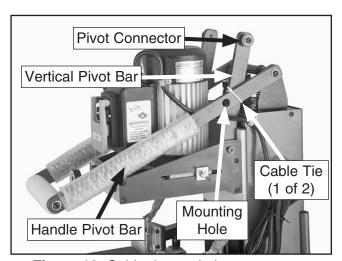


Figure 12. Cable ties and pivot connector.

- **3.** Remove the fasteners from the pivot connector (see **Figure 12**), raise the handle pivot bar, and use the fasteners to secure the handle pivot bar to the vertical pivot bar through the mounting holes shown.
- 4. Loosen the cap screws on the fence extension rods, slide the rods out about half their length (see Figure 13), then tighten two of the screws to secure the rods to the extension.

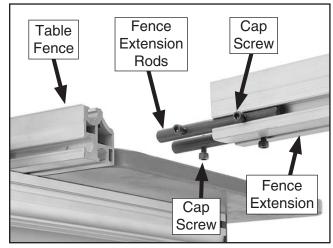


Figure 13. Fence extension rods and cap screws (shown from right rear of table).

Note: The fence extension is only needed for certain applications, such as 3-hinge doors. Therefore, installation is optional depending on anticipated needs.

The fence extension can be mounted on the left or right end of the table fence for different applications. If mounting the fence extension on the right side, you must swap the left scale on the fence extension with the provided right scale. This ensures the numbering sequence between the table fence scale and the fence extension scale are congruent.



5. Slide the fence extension rods into the table fence, then tighten the cap screws to hold the fence extension in place (see **Figure 14**).

Note: If you decide not to install the fence extension at this time, it can be set aside with the extension rods and stored for later use.



Figure 14. Fence extension installed.

6. Install the dust port.

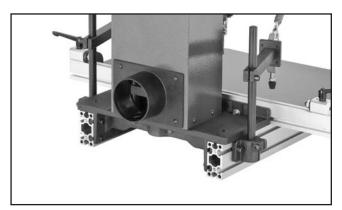


Figure 15. Dust port installed.

7. Mount the boring head to the spindle, making sure the slot in the boring head shaft (see Figure 16) is aligned with the tang in the spindle.

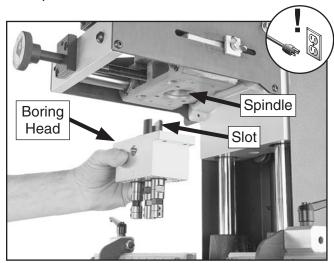


Figure 16. Installing boring head on spindle.

8. Secure the boring head with (4) M6-1 x 65 cap screws at the inside holes shown in Figure 17.

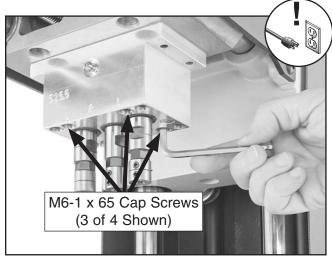


Figure 17. Securing boring head to machine.

9. Slide the swing arm assembly over the boring head (see Figure 18).

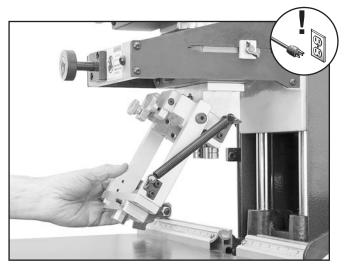


Figure 18. Sliding swing arm onto boring head.

Pivot the swing arm up and secure both sides of the swing arm assembly to the head with (2) M6-1 x 45 cap screws and (2) M6-1 x 55 cap screws, using each size where shown in Figure 19.

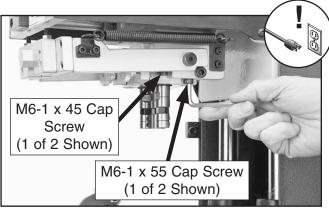


Figure 19. Securing swing arm assembly.

- **11.** Pivot the swing arm down.
- **12.** Remove the swing arm handle, which is preinstalled backwards for shipping purposes, then re-install it as shown in **Figure 20**.

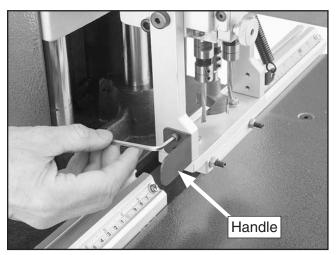


Figure 20. Installing swing arm handle.

13. Install the clear guard (see **Figure 21**) with the knurled knobs.

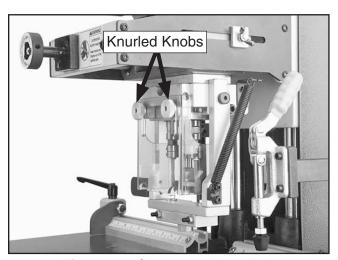


Figure 21. Clear guard installed.

Dust Collection

ACAUTION

DO NOT operate the Model G0718 without an adequate dust collection system. This machine creates substantial amounts of wood dust while operating. Failure to use a dust collection system can result in short and long-term respiratory illness.

Recommended CFM at Dust Port: 400 CFM

Do not confuse this CFM recommendation with the rating of the dust collector. To determine the CFM at the dust port, you must consider these variables: (1) CFM rating of the dust collector, (2) hose type and length between the dust collector and the machine, (3) number of branches or wyes, and (4) amount of other open lines throughout the system. Explaining how to calculate these variables is beyond the scope of this manual. Consult an expert or purchase a good dust collection "how-to" book.

To connect a dust collection hose:

- **1.** Fit the 4" dust hose over the dust port and secure it in place with a hose clamp.
- Tug the hose to make sure it does not come off.

Note: A tight fit is necessary for proper performance.

Power Connection

After you have completed all previous setup instructions and circuit requirements, the machine is ready to be connected to the power supply.

To avoid unexpected startups or property damage, use the following steps whenever connecting or disconnecting the machine.

Connecting Power

- 1. Turn the machine power switch OFF.
- Insert the power cord plug into a matching power supply receptacle. The machine is now connected to the power source.

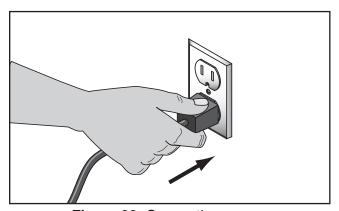


Figure 22. Connecting power.

Disconnecting Power

- 1. Turn the machine power switch **OFF**.
- 2. Grasp the molded plug and pull it completely out of the receptacle. Do not pull by the cord as this may damage the wires inside.

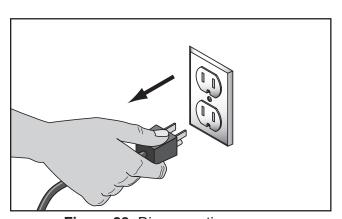


Figure 23. Disconnecting power.



Test Run

Once the assembly is complete, test run your machine to make sure it runs properly and is ready for regular operation.

The test run consists of verifying the following:

1) The motor powers up and runs correctly, and
2) the safety disabling mechanism on the switch works correctly.

If, during the test run, you cannot easily locate the source of an unusual noise or vibration, stop using the machine immediately, then review **Troubleshooting** on **Page 37**.

If you still cannot remedy a problem, contact our Tech Support at (570) 546-9663 for assistance.

To test run the machine:

- Read and follow the safety instructions at the beginning of the manual, and make sure the machine is setup properly.
- 2. Make sure all tools and objects used during set up are cleared away from the machine.
- **3.** Verify that the machine is operating correctly by turning it *ON*.
 - —When operating correctly, the machine runs smoothly with little or no vibration, rubbing, or grinding noises. Check to make sure that all chucks rotate. If they do not rotate, call Tech Support for help.
 - —Investigate and correct strange or unusual noises or vibrations before operating the machine further. Always disconnect the machine from power when investigating or correcting potential problems.
- 4. Turn the machine OFF.
- 5. Insert the switch disabling pin through the green ON button, as shown in **Figure 24**.

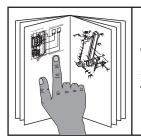


Figure 24. Switch disabling pin installed.

- **6.** Press the green ON button to test the disabling feature on the switch.
 - —If the machine does not start, the switch disabling feature is working as designed.
 - —If the machine starts, immediately stop the machine. The switch disabling feature is not working correctly. This safety feature must work properly before proceeding with regular operations. Call Tech Support for help.



SECTION 4: OPERATIONS



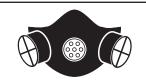
AWARNING

To reduce the risk of serious injury when using this machine, read and understand this entire manual before operating.

AWARNING

Damage to your eyes and lungs could result from using this machine without proper protective gear. Always wear safety glasses and a respirator when operating this machine.





NOTICE

If you have never used this type of machine or equipment before, WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND that you read books, review industry trade magazines, or get formal training before beginning any projects. Regardless of the content in this section, Grizzly Industrial will not be held liable for accidents caused by lack of training.

Basic Controls

Refer to **Figure 25** and the following descriptions to become familiar with the basic controls of this machine.

- A. ON/OFF Switch: Starts and stops motor.
- **B. Downfeed Handle:** Raises and lowers boring bits for drilling operations.
- **C. Depth Adjustment Knob:** Sets the maximum boring bit depth.

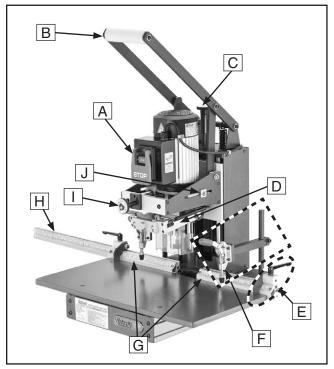


Figure 25. Model G0718 basic controls.

- **D. Swing Arm:** Swings down after boring operation to install hinge.
- **E. Fence Stops:** Mount anywhere along the fence so holes can be drilled in multiple workpieces at the same location.
- F. Hold-Down Clamp: Secures the workpiece firmly against the table and fence. Adjusts to accommodate different workpiece thicknesses.
- G. Table Fence: The two-piece fence supports the workpiece during the boring operation. The fence scale is used to position the workpiece relative to the boring bits.
- **H.** Fence Extension: Mounts on the left or right end of the table fence for longer workpieces.
- Throat Adjustment Knob: Adjusts the boring head bit position laterally.
- J. Throat Position Lock: Locks the boring head lateral position when adjusting the setback distance.



Disabling & Locking Switch

The switch can be disabled and locked by inserting a padlock through the ON/START button, as shown. Locking the switch in this manner can prevent unauthorized operation of the machine, which is especially important if the machine is not stored inside an access-restricted building.

IMPORTANT: Locking the switch with a padlock only restricts its function. It is not a substitute for disconnecting power from the machine when adjusting or servicing.

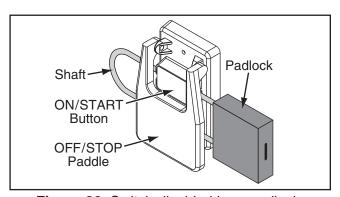


Figure 26. Switch disabled by a padlock.

WARNING

Children or untrained people can be seriously injured by this machine. This risk increases with unsupervised operation. To help prevent unsupervised operation, disable and lock the switch before leaving machine unattended! Place key in a well-hidden or secure location.

NOTICE

The padlock shaft diameter is important to the disabling function of the switch. With any padlock used to lock the switch, test the switch after installation to ensure that it is properly disabled.

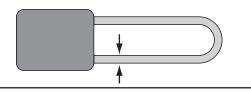


Figure 27. Minimum lock shaft requirements.

Setup Overview

The purpose of this overview is to provide the machine operator a basic understanding of how the machine is set up for most operations.

To set up the Model G0718, the operator does the following:

- 1. Selects the specific cabinet door thickness and hinge size.
- **2.** Adjusts the hold-down clamps to the thickness of the cabinet door.
- **3.** Installs the correct boring head and bits for the hinge type.
- **4.** Adjusts the boring depth and setback position for the size of hinge to be installed.
- **5.** Adjusts the fence stops for the cabinet door size and location of the hinge mounting holes.

Operation Overview

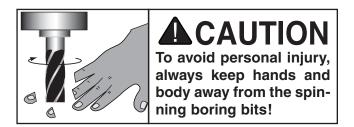
The purpose of this overview is to provide the novice machine operator with a basic understanding of how the machine is used during operation, so the machine controls/components discussed later in this manual are easier to understand.

To complete a typical operation, the operator does the following:

- 1. Positions the fence stops along the left and right fences so they are both spaced the same distance away from the center of the cup bit, and then locks them in place.
- **2.** Pivots one of the fence stops out of the way.
- 3. Places the cabinet door upside down on the table, with the hinge side firmly and evenly against the table fences, and one edge against the remaining fence stop.



- **4.** Secures the cabinet door with a hold-down clamp.
- Turns the machine ON.



- 6. Uses the downfeed handle to lower the boring bits into the workpiece, drills the hole, then raises the downfeed handle all the way up.
- 7. Turns the machine OFF.
- Places the hinge on the swing arm ram, lowers the swing arm, inserts the hinge into the cup hole, then raises the swing arm all the way up.
- Unclamps the cabinet door, pivots the last used fence stop out of the way, and pivots the previously unused fence stop to the table side.
- **10.** Repeats **Steps 3–8** to drill additional mounting holes and install hinges.

Hold-Down Clamps

The hold-down clamps are used to hold the cabinet door firmly against the table and fence during boring operations. They are adjustable to accommodate the thickness of the cabinet door, which is typically between 5/8" and 3/4" thick.

Tools Needed	Qty
Hex Wrench 3mm	
Hex Wrench 6mm	1

To adjust the hold-downs:

- 1. DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- 2. Loosen the cap screw and set screw (see Figure 28) and adjust the hold-down so the foot just touches the cabinet door and the handle is parallel to the table, then push the handle down to check clamping pressure. Adjust as necessary until correct.

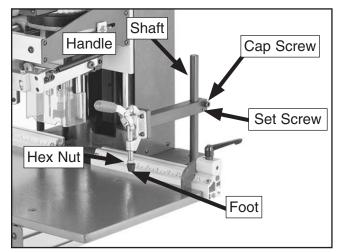


Figure 28. Hold-down assembly.

3. Secure the cap screw and set screw, then recheck clamping pressure.

Note: If the foot presses too loose or too tight against the board, loosen the hex nut above the foot, and adjust the foot as needed, then tighten the hex nut against the foot.



Boring Head Setup

Many Euro-style cabinet hinge styles are available, but not all can be used with this machine. Your hinge must fit the three-hole pattern drilled by one of three boring heads designed for this machine. Also, the hinge mounting holes should fit one of the three bit sizes.

Tools Needed	Qty
Small Flat Head Screwdriver	1
Hex Wrench 2.5mm	1
Hex Wrench 5mm	1

Selecting Boring Head & Bits

Measure (A) the center-to-center distance between hinge mounting holes, and (B) the distance between the center line of the hinge cup and a mounting hole (see **Figure 29**). Refer to **Accessories**, **Page 32** for boring head models.

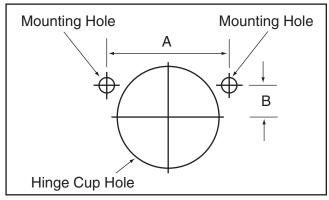


Figure 29. Dimensions required for matching hinge to boring head.

The Model G0718 accepts two pilot bits and a cup bit, as shown in **Figure 30.**

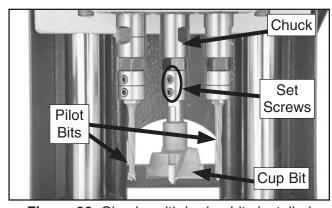


Figure 30. Chucks with boring bits installed (guard removed for clarity).

The pilot bits drill the hinge mounting holes, as shown in **Figure 31**.

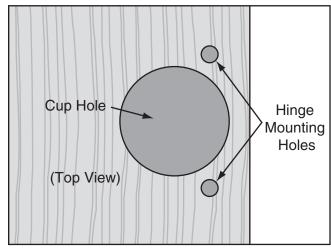


Figure 31. Holes drilled in workpiece by boring bits.

The diameter of the pilot bits, either 3, 8, or 10 mm, determines the diameter of the hinge mounting hole. The 35mm cup bit drills the center cup hole.

Because mounting hole sizes vary depending upon the hinge used, boring bits must be purchased separately. Refer to **Accessories** on **Page 32** for further details.

Replacing Boring Head

Replace the boring head if you need to use one with a different drilling pattern.

To replace the boring head:

- DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- 2. Remove the clear guard and the boring bits.
- **3.** Pivot the swing arm up.



4. Remove the (2) M6-1 x 45 and (2) M6-1 x 55 cap screws from both sides of the swing arm assembly, then slide the swing arm off the head.

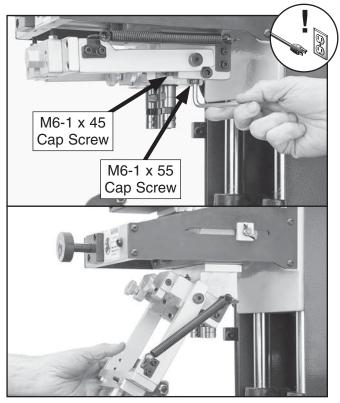


Figure 32. Removing swing arm assembly

5. Remove the (4) M6-1 x 65 cap screws at the inside holes shown in **Figure 33**, then remove the boring head from the spindle.

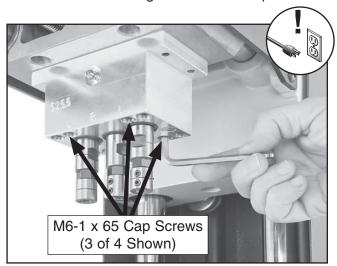


Figure 33. Removing inner cap screws.

6. Install the new boring head in the reverse order or removal.

Installing & Adjusting Boring Bits

Boring bits have a flat surface on the shank (see **Figure 34**) to facilitate easy and secure mounting, and they have an adjusting screw for offsetting the drilling depth in relation to the other bits.

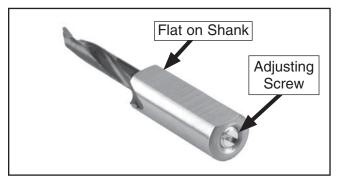


Figure 34. Boring bit.

To install boring bits:

- DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- 2. Remove the clear guard.
- Position the adjusting screws on all of the bits (see Figure 34) even with the top of the bit housing.

This sets the bottom of the bits flush so all the holes are drilled at the same depth, as shown in **Figure 35**. The tips of the mounting screws thread into the workpiece slightly below the cup. This setting works well for most hinges.

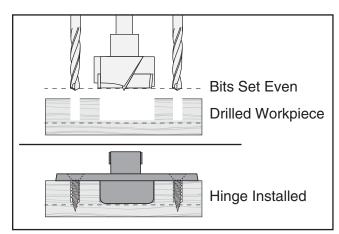


Figure 35. Hinge bits set even, holes drilled in workpiece, hinge installed.



Note: The adjusting screws can be turned in or out as needed to adjust the depth of the cup hole or pilot holes in relation to each other.

4. Loosen the set screws on all the chucks (see Figure 36).

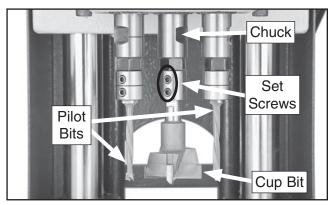


Figure 36. Chucks with boring bits installed.

- Align the flat part of the bits with the chuck set screws, slide them all the way into the chuck, then tighten the set screws.
- **6.** Re-install the clear guard onto the boring head assembly.

Headstock Setup

Before using the Model G0718 to drill holes in an actual cabinet door, you need to set up the boring head. This includes adjusting the drilling depth, setback, and swing arm ram, then performing a test cut and fitting.

The drilling depth is adjusted using the depth adjustment knob, shown in **Figure 37**. Setback, the distance between the cabinet door edge and hinge hole, as shown in **Figure 38**, is adjusted using the throat adjustment knob.

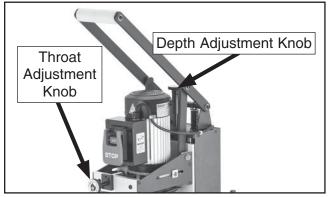


Figure 37. Depth adjustment knob.

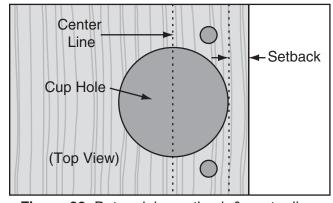


Figure 38. Determining setback & center line.

The swing arm is used as an easy way to insert the hinge into the newly drilled cup hole.

The swing arm block needs to be adjusted to ensure the hinge mounting holes align with the holes drilled by the pilot bits for repeatable production runs.



Items Needed	Qty
Scrap Board (Same Thickness as Workp	oiece
and at least 12" long)	1
Ruler	1
Hex Wrench 3mm	1
Wrench 10mm	1

Drilling Depth

- 1. DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- 2. Place a hinge against the edge of the scrap board and mark the hinge cup depth on the side of the board, as shown in **Figure 39**.

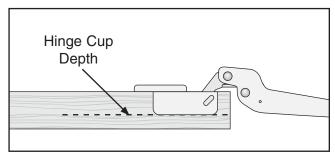


Figure 39. Hinge cup bottom depth marked on scrap board.

- **3.** Place the scrap board flush against the table and the fence.
- 4. Lower the boring head, then turn the depth adjustment knob as needed until the cup bit or a pilot bit is aligned with the mark on the scrap board (see **Figure 40**), then remove the scrap board.

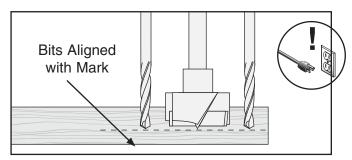


Figure 40. Bit aligned with depth mark.

Note: If the hinge requires the pilot holes to be deeper or shallower than the cup hole, adjust the individual bit depths as necessary at this time (refer to **Installing Boring Bits** on **Page 25**).

Setback Distance

1. Determine the amount of setback required (see Figure 38), then mark it on the scrap board.

Note: Refer to the hinge manufacturer's instructions for the setback distance. Setback usually ranges from ½" to ½".

2. Mark the hinge cup center line, as illustrated in **Figure 41**. In this example, the center line is 17.5mm from the setback, which itself is ½" from the cabinet door edge.

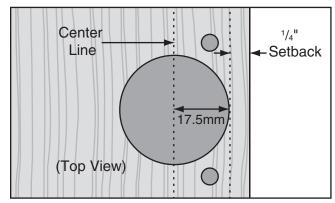


Figure 41. Example of marking setback and centerline.

- **3.** Place the scrap board against the table and fence.
- 4. Lower the downfeed handle, then use the lateral adjustment knob to align the tip of the cup bit to the centerline.

Operation

- Secure the scrap board with the hold-down clamps (refer to Hold-Down Clamps on Page 23).
- 2. Connect the machine to power.
- **3.** Turn the boring machine *ON*, then lower the downfeed handle completely to drill the hinge cup hole and pilot holes.
- 4. Raise the downfeed handle, then turn the machine *OFF* and DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!

Note: Do not unclamp the board yet—it must remain in this position to correctly adjust the swing arm.

- Place the hinge into the cup to verify fit, make sure the mounting holes line up, and check that the mounting screws thread into the board.
 - —If the hinge fits correctly, proceed to **Adjusting Swing Arm Ram**.
 - —If the hinge does not fit correctly, disconnect power, unclamp the board, and readjust the head components as necessary. Then retest using a different place on the board or on a different board until the hinge does fit.

Swing Arm Test Fit & Adjustment

- 1. DISCONNECT BORING MACHINE FROM POWER!
- **2.** Place the hinge onto the swing arm post, as shown in **Figure 42**.

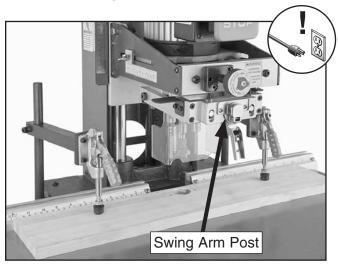


Figure 42. Hinge mounted to swing arm post.

3. Lower the swing arm so the hinge is directly above the cup hole, as shown in **Figure 43**.

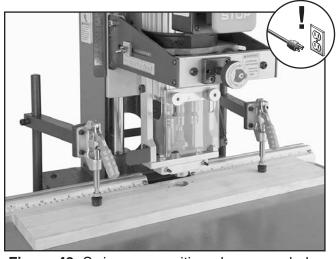


Figure 43. Swing arm positioned over cup hole.



4. Loosen the two hex nuts on the swing arm assembly and the two hex nuts on the swing arm block, then loosen the set screws on the block several turns (see **Figure 44**).

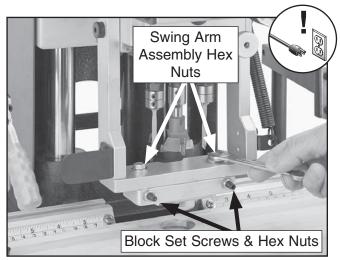


Figure 44. Loosening swing arm adjustment hex nuts.

- **5.** Adjust the swing arm block by hand as necessary to insert the hinge into the cup hole.
 - —If you cannot insert the hinge into the hole, loosen the hex nuts and set screws several more turns, then try inserting the hinge again.
- **6.** Adjust the set screws to align the hinge mounting holes with the pilot holes.
- **7.** Secure the four hex nuts on the swing arm.
- Raise the downfeed handle and the swing arm.

Fence Stop Setup

The Model G0718 can bore holes for 2-hinge, 3-hinge, or 4-hinge doors, using the included fence stops and fences. (The extension fence is typically only used for 3- and 4-hinge doors.)

The fence stops are set along the fence as repeatable index points to ensure that the hinges are installed in the same position on all doors being produced.

Determining Number of Hinges

The required number of hinges—two, three, or four—depends on the specific door height and weight.

The following illustration (see **Figure 45**) is a general guideline for choosing the number of hinges for various cabinet door sizes. These specifications are designed for 5/8"-3/4" thick cabinet doors. Refer to your hinge manufacturer's instructions for detailed height and weight specifications.

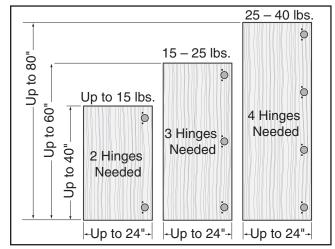


Figure 45. Determining number of hinges based on door height and weight.

Continued on next page ——



Two-Hinge Door

Figure 46 demonstrates the sequential process of boring holes for a two-hinge door.

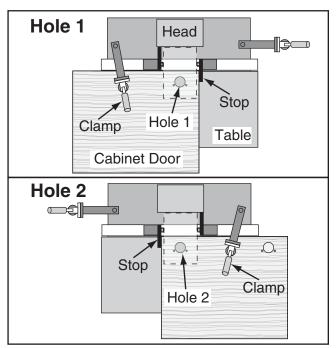


Figure 46. Example of two-hinge boring process.

Three-Hinge Door

Figure 47 demonstrates the sequential process of boring holes for a three-hinge door.

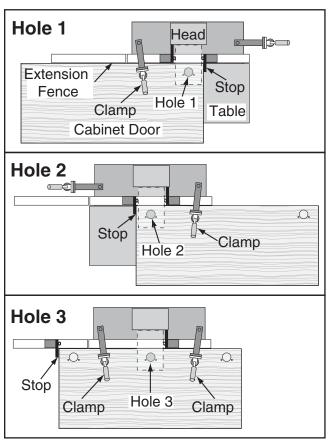


Figure 47. Example of three-hinge boring process.

Note: For large production runs, we recommend purchasing an optional fence stop (see Part 106A in **Accessories** on **Page 32**). If you plan to process a large number of cabinet doors, having three fence stops in preset positions will quicken the production process.

Four-Hinge Door

Figure 48 demonstrates the sequential process of boring holes for a four-hinge door.

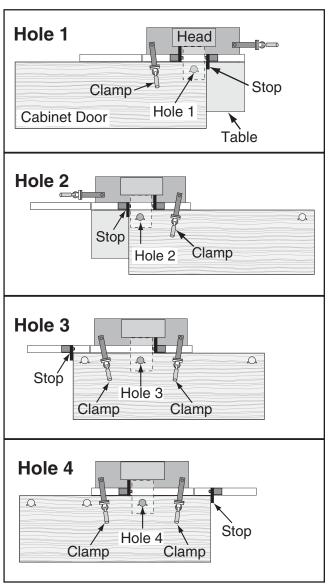


Figure 48. Example of four-hinge boring process.

The Model G0718 can bore four hinge cup holes in a cabinet door up to 63½" long using the standard extension fence and two included flip stops.

Note: For large production runs, we recommend purchasing two additional flip stops and an additional fence extension (see Part 106A and 143A in **Accessories** on **Page 32**). Having four fence stops and an added fence extension will allow you to speed up production and proceess cabinet doors up to 120" long.



SECTION 5: ACCESSORIES

AWARNING

Some aftermarket accessories can be installed on this machine that could cause it to function improperly, increasing the risk of serious personal injury. To minimize this risk, only install accessories recommended for this machine by Grizzly.

NOTICE

Refer to the newest copy of the Grizzly Catalog for other accessories available for this machine.

Call 1-300-523-4777 To Order

Adjustable Boring Bits (1 Pc. Each)

T23666—3mm Pilot Bit

T23667—8mm Pilot Bit

T23668—10mm Pilot Bit

T23669—35mm Cup Bit

Bit Sets

T23670— 3mm (2), 35mm (1)

T23671—8mm (2), 35mm (1)

T23672—10mm (2), 35mm (1)

Boring Heads

Note: Boring bit heads do not include boring bits.

T23280—45mm-9.5mm Head

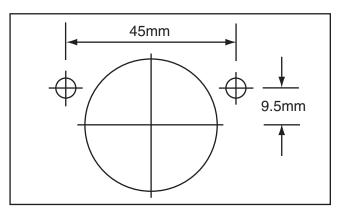


Figure 49. T23280 Boring Pattern Dimensions.

T23281—48mm-6mm Head

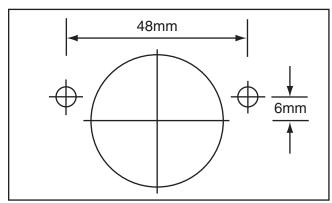


Figure 50. T23281 Boring Pattern Dimensions.

T23282—52mm-5.5mm Head

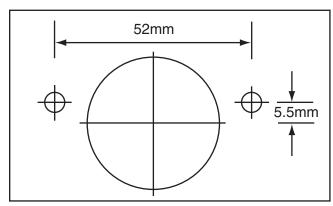


Figure 51. T23282 Boring Pattern Dimensions.



Figure 52. T23282 Boring Head.

Part 106A—Extra Fence Stop

It's handy to have some extra fence stops for boring multiple holes in cabinets. That way, you won't have to keep moving the included stops with 3- or 4-hinge doors, especially for larger cabinet doors. Preset the location of three or four fence stops, then quickly and efficiently bore holes.

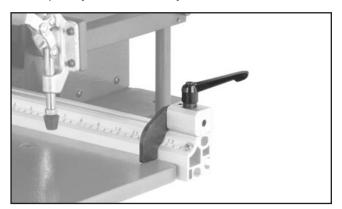


Figure 53. Part 106A Fence Stop.

Part 143A—Extra Fence Extension

Installing an additional fence extension eliminates the need to swap the included fence extension between the right and left sides of your Model G0718. It also allows you to set fence stops for longer doors and provides additional support.

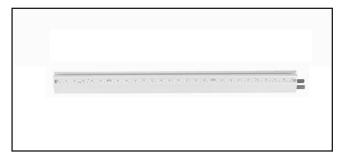


Figure 54. Part 143 Fence Extension.

T23950—Line Boring Head

Converts the Model G0718 to a 15 spindle line boring machine.

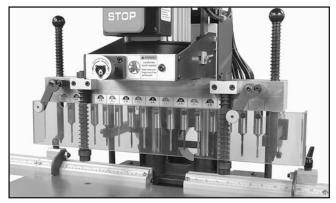


Figure 55. Model T23950 Line Boring Head.

H1215—4" Quick Disconnect Fitting.



Figure 56. H1215 Quick Disconnect Fitting.

H1052—Clear Flexible Hose 4" x 10'

G1536—Black Flexible Hose 4" x 10'

G3179—Heavy-Duty Clear Flex Hose 4" x 10'

G8830—Hose Hanger 41/2"

G1552—Y-Fitting 4" x 4" x 4"

G1545—90° Elbow 4"

G2482—Hose Coupler (Splice) 4"

G2974—Wire Hose Clamp 4"

G1843—Plastic Blast Gate 4"

G4679—Anti-Static Grounding Kit

We've hand picked a selection of commonly used dust collection components for machines with 4" dust ports.

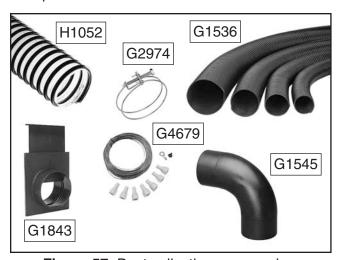


Figure 57. Dust collection accessories.

G1163—1HP Floor Model Dust Collector G0710—1HP Wall-Mount Dust Collector G3591—30 Micron Replacement Bag H4340—3.0 Micron Upgrade Bag

Excellent point-of-use dust collectors that can be used next to the machine with only a small amount of ducting. Specifications: 450 CFM, 7.2" static pressure, 2 cubic foot bag, and 30 micron filter. Motor is 1HP, 110V/220V, 14A/7A.

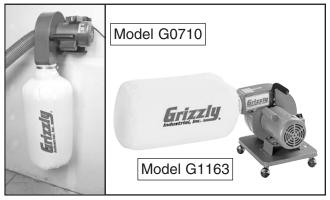


Figure 58. Point-of-use dust collectors.

G5562—SLIPIT® 1 Qt. Gel G5563—SLIPIT® 12 oz. Spray G2871—Boeshield® T-9 12 oz. Spray G2870—Boeshield® T-9 4 oz. Spray H3788—G96® Gun Treatment 12 oz. Spray H3789—G96® Gun Treatment 4.5 oz. Spray



Figure 59. Recommended products for protecting unpainted cast iron/steel part on machinery.

T20501—Face Shield Crown Protector 4"
T20502—Face Shield Crown Protector 7"
T20503—Face Shield Window
T20452—"Kirova" Anti-Reflective S. Glasses
T20451—"Kirova" Clear Safety Glasses
H0736—Shop Fox® Safety Glasses
H7194—Bifocal Safety Glasses 1.5
H7195—Bifocal Safety Glasses 2.0

H7196—Bifocal Safety Glasses 2.5



Figure 60. Eye protection assortment.

H2499—Small Half-Mask Respirator H3631—Medium Half-Mask Respirator H3632—Large Half-Mask Respirator H3635—Cartridge Filter Pair P100

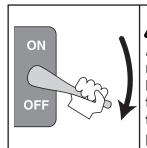
Wood dust has been linked to nasal cancer and severe respiratory illnesses. If you work around-dust everyday, a half-mask respirator can be a lifesaver. Also compatible with safety glasses!



Figure 61. Half-mask respirator with disposable cartridge filters.



SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE



WARNING

Always disconnect the machine from power before performing maintenance. Failure to do this may result in serious personal injury.

Schedule

For optimum performance from your machine, follow this maintenance schedule and refer to any specific instructions given in this section.

Daily Maintenance:

- Clean table, boring head assembly, and motor of sawdust and resin.
- Check for loose mounting bolts.
- Check for worn or damaged boring bits.
- Check for worn or damaged wires.
- Check for any other unsafe condition.

Monthly Maintenance:

- Lubricate boring head assembly.
- Lubricate pivot points.
- Clean and lubricate adjustment shafts.

Cleaning

Cleaning the Model G0718 is relatively easy. Vacuum excess wood chips and sawdust, and wipe off the remaining dust with a dry cloth. If any resin has built up, use a resin dissolving cleaner to remove it. Treat all unpainted steel with a non-staining lubricant after cleaning.

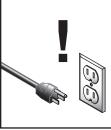
Lubrication

It is essential to clean components before lubricating them because dust and chips build up on lubricated components and make them hard to move. Simply adding more lubricant to them will not yield smooth moving components.

Clean the components in this section with mineral spirits, a rag, or a bristle brush as directed.

The following are the main components that need to be lubricated:

- Headstock slides
- Depth and throat adjustment shafts.
- Pivot points
- Boring head assembly



AWARNING

Always disconnect power to the machine before performing lubrication. Failure to do this may result in serious personal injury.



Headstock Slides

Perform monthly. Clean sawdust and debris from the visible sections of the vertical and horizontal slides (see **Figures 62–63**) with mineral spirits and a rag. Apply a thin coat of light machine oil to the slides. Use the downfeed handle to move the boring head assembly through the entire range of motion to evenly distribute the oil.

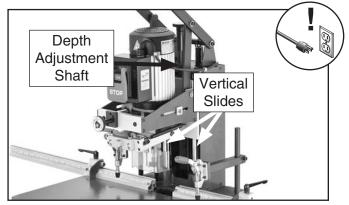


Figure 62. Vertical slides and depth shaft.

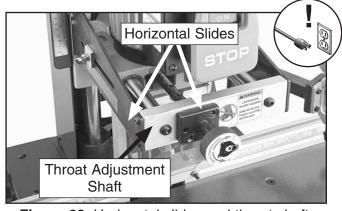


Figure 63. Horizontal slides and throat shaft.

Depth & Throat Adjustment Shafts

Perform monthly. Use a stiff bristle brush and mineral spirits to clean grime and debris from the visible sections of the depth and throat adjustment shafts (see **Figures 62–63**). Apply a thin coat of light machine oil to the shafts. Turn the adjustment knobs to move the shafts through the entire range of motion to evenly distribute the oil.

Pivot Points

Perform monthly. Apply a few drops of light machine oil to each of the pivot points shown in **Figure 64**.

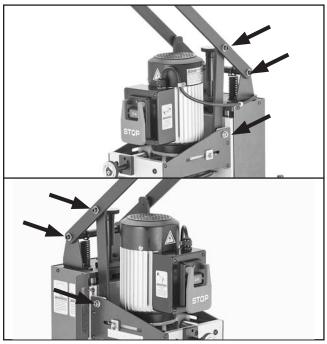


Figure 64. Location of pivot points.

Boring Head Assembly

Use a grease gun to inject several pumps of Mobilith SHC460 grease (or equivalent) into the grease fitting (see **Figure 65**), 2–3 times every 40 hours. Since the boring head is pre-packed with grease at the factory, it is not necessary to pump large amounts of grease into it.

Note: We do NOT recommend repacking the boring head with grease during its operational life. Re-assembly is difficult and may reduce later accuracy or functionality of the moving parts.

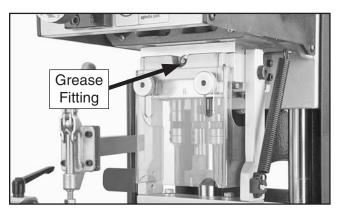


Figure 65. Grease fitting location.



SECTION 7: SERVICE

Review the troubleshooting and procedures in this section if a problem develops with your machine. If you need replacement parts or additional help with a procedure, call our Technical Support at (570) 546-9663. **Note:** *Please gather the serial number and manufacture date of your machine before calling.*

Troubleshooting

Motor & Electrical

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Solution	
Machine does	Plug/receptacle is at fault or wired	Test for good contacts; correct the wiring.	
not start or a	incorrectly.		
breaker trips.	2. Start capacitor is at fault.	2. Test/replace if faulty.	
	3. Motor connection wired incorrectly.	3. Correct motor wiring connections.	
	4. Wall fuse/circuit breaker is blown/tripped.	4. Ensure circuit size is suitable for this machine; replace weak breaker.	
	5. Power supply switched OFF or is at fault.	5. Ensure power supply is switched on; ensure power supply has the correct voltage.	
	6. Wiring is open/has high resistance.	6. Check for broken wires or disconnected/ corroded connections, and repair/replace as necessary.	
	7. Power ON/OFF switch is at fault.	7. Replace faulty ON/OFF switch.	
	8. Centrifugal switch is at fault.	Adjust/replace the centrifugal switch if available.	
	9. Motor is at fault.	9. Test/replace.	
Machine has	Boring bit is at fault.	Replace dull or bent boring bit.	
vibration or	2. Motor or component is loose.	2. Inspect/replace stripped or damaged bolts/	
noisy operation.	'	nuts, and re-tighten with thread locking fluid.	
	3. Motor fan is rubbing on fan cover.	3. Replace dented fan cover; replace loose/	
		damaged fan.	
	Machine is incorrectly mounted or sits unevenly on workbench or stand.	4. Tighten/replace fasteners; relocate/shim machine.	
	5. Motor mount loose/broken.	5. Tighten/replace.	
	6. Motor or boring head bearings are at fault.	6. Replace bearings.	
	7. Centrifugal switch is at fault.	7. Replace centrifugal switch.	
Machine slows	Workpiece material is not suitable for	Only drill wood products; make sure moisture	
or stalls.	this machine, or machine undersized	content is below 20% and use sharp bits/	
	for the task.	reduce downfeed rate.	
	2. Run capacitor is at fault.	2. Test/repair/replace.	
	3. Motor connection is wired incorrectly.	3. Correct motor wiring connections.	
	4. Plug/receptacle is at fault.	4. Test for good contacts; correct the wiring.	
	5. Motor or boring head bearings are at fault.	5. Replace bearings.	
	6. Centrifugal switch is at fault.	6. Adjust/replace centrifugal switch.	
	7. Motor has overheated.	7. Clean off motor, let cool, and reduce workload.	
	8. Motor is at fault.	8. Test/repair/replace.	



Operation

Symptom	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
Holes bored at an angle, or out of round.	Chuck or boring bit is at fault.	Replace out-of-round chuck; replace/re-install boring bit.
Cup hole or pilot hole depth too deep or too shallow.	Boring bit depth incorrect.	Turn adjusting set screw on bit(s) in needed direction to attain the correct depth.
Cup hole is drilled too far away or too close to the edge of workpiece.	Lateral position of boring bits is incorrect. Cup bit tip not positioned over center line.	Adjust the setback (see Page 26). Check to make sure tip of cup bit is directly over center line.
Hinge mounting holes do not align with pilot holes drilled into workpiece.	 Swing arm block is incorrectly positioned. Style of hinge does not match boring head. 	 Adjust the swing arm block (see Page 29). Install hinges that match the boring head pattern.
Hinge will not insert into cup hole.	Hinge cup hole drilled too shallow.	Adjust set screw on cup bit out so it drills deeper.
Workpiece moves when secured with hold-downs.	Hold-down clamp feet are not tight enough against the workpiece.	Adjust hold-downs (see Page 23).





SECTION 8: WIRING

These pages are current at the time of printing. However, in the spirit of improvement, we may make changes to the electrical systems of future machines. Compare the manufacture date of your machine to the one stated in this manual, and study this section carefully.

If there are differences between your machine and what is shown in this section, call Technical Support at (570) 546-9663 for assistance BEFORE making any changes to the wiring on your machine. An updated wiring diagram may be available. **Note:** Please gather the serial number and manufacture date of your machine before calling. This information can be found on the main machine label.

▲WARNING Wiring Safety Instructions

SHOCK HAZARD. Working on wiring that is connected to a power source is extremely dangerous. Touching electrified parts will result in personal injury including but not limited to severe burns, electrocution, or death. Disconnect the power from the machine before servicing electrical components!

MODIFICATIONS. Modifying the wiring beyond what is shown in the diagram may lead to unpredictable results, including serious injury or fire. This includes the installation of unapproved aftermarket parts.

WIRE CONNECTIONS. All connections must be tight to prevent wires from loosening during machine operation. Double-check all wires disconnected or connected during any wiring task to ensure tight connections.

CIRCUIT REQUIREMENTS. You MUST follow the requirements at the beginning of this manual when connecting your machine to a power source.

WIRE/COMPONENT DAMAGE. Damaged wires or components increase the risk of serious personal injury, fire, or machine damage. If you notice that any wires or components are damaged while performing a wiring task, replace those wires or components.

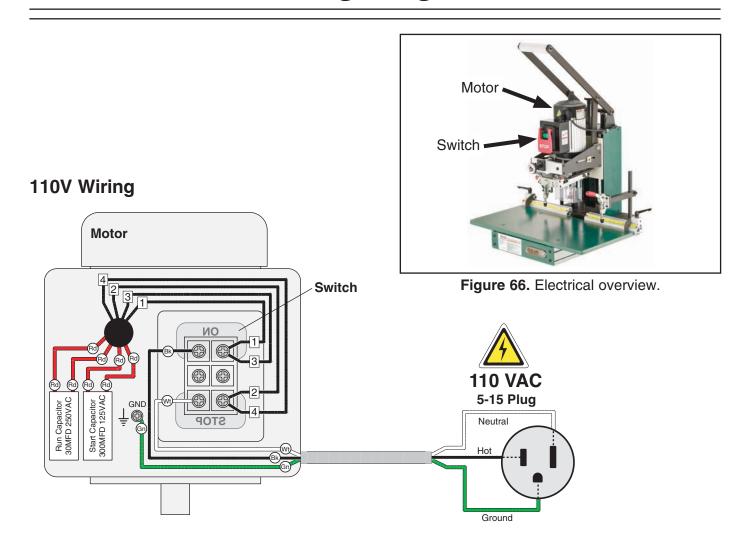
MOTOR WIRING. The motor wiring shown in these diagrams is current at the time of printing but may not match your machine. If you find this to be the case, use the wiring diagram inside the motor junction box.

CAPACITORS/INVERTERS. Some capacitors and power inverters store an electrical charge for up to 10 minutes after being disconnected from the power source. To reduce the risk of being shocked, wait at least this long before working on capacitors.

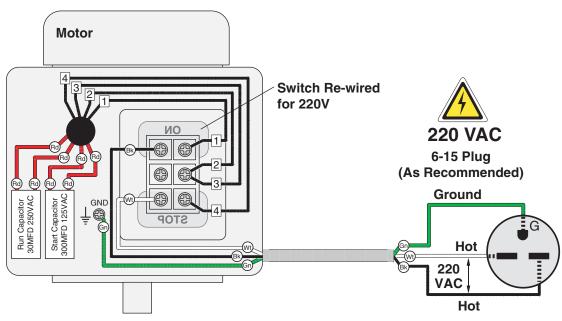
EXPERIENCING DIFFICULTIES. If you are experiencing difficulties understanding the information included in this section, contact our Technical Support at (570) 546-9663.

NOTICE COLOR KEY BLACK I **BLUE** YELLOW LIGHT The photos and diagrams BLUE included in this section are YELLOW WHITE = **BROWN** GREEN best viewed in color. You GREEN GRAY **PURPLE** can view these pages in TUR-QUOISE color at www.grizzly.com. RED ORANGE **PINK**

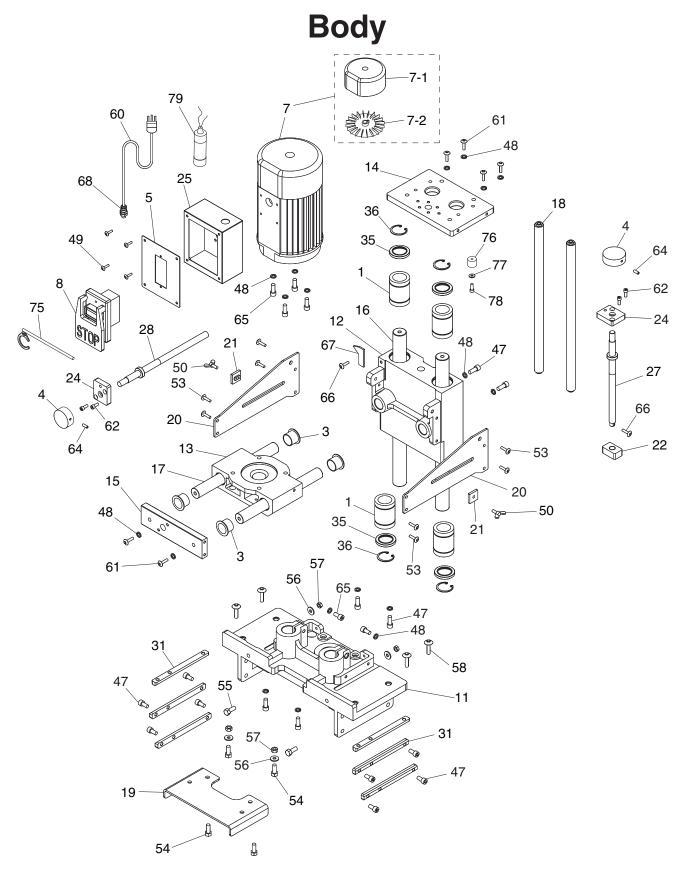
Wiring Diagram



Machine Re-wired for 220V



SECTION 9: PARTS



Body Parts List

REF	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	P0718001	VERTICAL ROUND ROD BUSHING
3	P0718003	ROUND ROD DRYMET BEARING
4	P0718004	KNURLED KNOB
5	P0718005	SWITCH BOX COVER
7	P0718007	MOTOR 1HP 110/220V 1PH
7-1	P0718007-1	MOTOR FAN COVER
7-2	P0718007-2	MOTOR FAN
8	P0718008	ON/OFF PADDLE SWITCH ASSEMBLY
11	P0718011	COLUMN BASE
12	P0718012	COLUMN
13	P0718013	MOTOR MOUNT
14	P0718014	UPPER COLUMN COVER
15	P0718015	ROD CONNECTION BAR
16	P0718016	VERTICAL ROUND ROD
17	P0718017	HORIZONTAL ROUND ROD
18	P0718018	COLUMN ROD
19	P0718019	TABLE BASE
20	P0718020	MOTOR MOUNT SIDE BRACKET
21	P0718021	THREADED PLATE
22	P0718022	THREADED BLOCK
24	P0718024	DEPTH CONTROL GAUGE MOUNT
25	P0718025	SWITCH BOX
27	P0718027	VERTICAL CONTROL ROD

HORIZONTAL CONTROL ROD

BASE CONNECTION BAR

P0718028

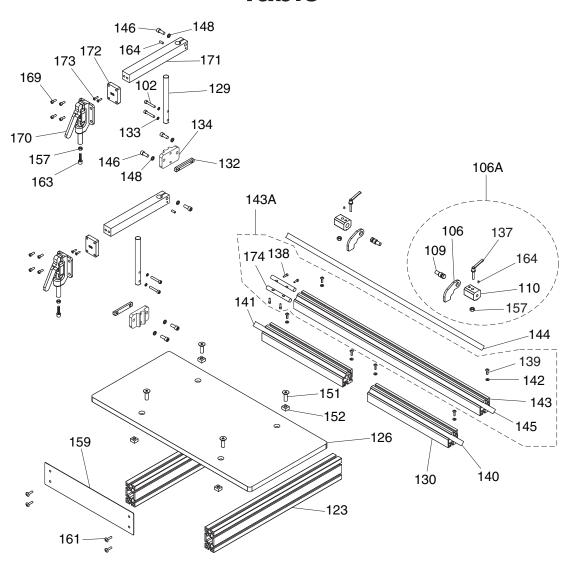
P0718031

31

REF	PART#	DESCRIPTION
35	P0718035	BUSHING SEAL
36	PR74M	INT RETAINING RING 45MM
47	PCAP14M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 20
48	PLW04M	LOCK WASHER 8MM
49	PFB14M	FLANGE BOLT M58 X 12
50	P0718050	WING SCREW M6-1 X 16
53	PBHS05M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M6-1 X 20
54	PB03M	HEX BOLT M8-1.25 X 16
55	PB07M	HEX BOLT M8-1.25 X 25
56	PW01M	FLAT WASHER 8MM
57	PN03M	HEX NUT M8-1.25
58	PBHS20M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M8-1.25 X 30
60	P0718060	POWER CORD 14G 3C 5FT 5-15 PLUG
61	PBHS22M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M8-1.25 X 20
62	PCAP26M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 12
64	PSS01M	SET SCREW M6-1 X 10
65	PCAP13M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 30
66	PBHS06M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M58 X 12
67	P0718067	POINTER
68	P0718068	STRAIN RELIEF
75	P0718075	SWITCH DISABLING PIN
76	P0718076	BUFFER PAD
77	PW03M	FLAT WASHER 6MM
78	PCAP02M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 20
79	P0718079	S CAPACITOR 300M 125V 1-1/4 X 2-3/4



Table



DEE	PART #	DESCRIPTION
KEF	PARI#	DESCRIPTION

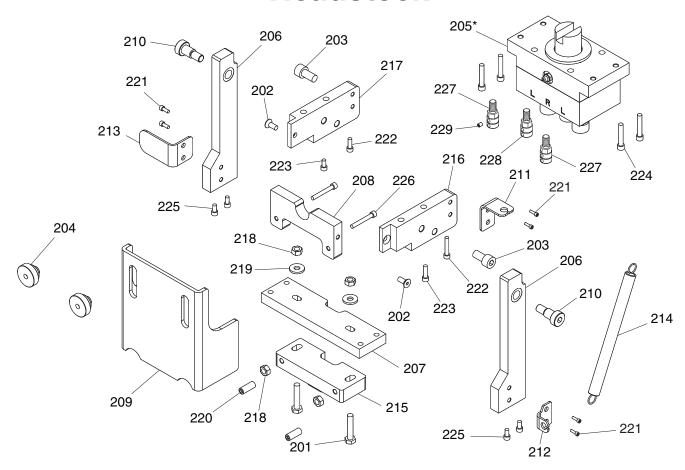
102	PCAP07M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 30
106	P0718106	LONGITUDINAL STOP PLATE
106A	P0718106A	LONGITUDINAL STOP ASSEMBLY
109	P0718109	STOP PIN
110	P0718110	STOP PLATE BASE
123	P0718123	BASE RAILS
126	P0718126	TABLE
129	P0718129	CLAMP ROD
130	P0718130	FRONT LONGITUDINAL FENCE
132	P0718132	CLAMP CONNECTION BAR
133	PLW03M	LOCK WASHER 6MM
134	P0718134	CLAMP BASE
137	P0718137	LOCK LEVER
138	PCAP24M	CAP SCREW M58 X 16
139	PS08M	PHLP HD SCR M58 X 12
140	P0718140	RIGHT FRONT LONGITUDINAL SCALE
141	P0718141	LEFT FRONT LONGITUDINAL SCALE
142	PW02M	FLAT WASHER 5MM
143	P0718143	REAR LONGITUDINAL FENCE

REF PART # DESCRIPTION

143A	P0718143A	REAR LONGITUDINAL FENCE ASSY
144	P0718144	LEFT REAR LONGITUDINAL SCALE
145	P0718145	RIGHT REAR LONGITUDINAL SCALE
146	PCAP31M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 25
148	PLW04M	LOCK WASHER 8MM
151	PFH76M	FLAT HD SCR M8-1.25 X 30
152	P0718152	T-NUT M8-1.25
157	PN03M	HEX NUT M8-1.25
159	P0718159	BASE FRONT COVER
161	PBHS22M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M8-1.25 X 20
163	P0718163	HOLD-DOWN BOLT NEOPRENE TIP
164	PSS01M	SET SCREW M6-1 X 10
169	PCAP24M	CAP SCREW M58 X 16
170	P0718170	CLAMP ASSEMBLY
171	P0718171	CLAMP HORIZONTAL SUPPORT
172	P0718172	CLAMP PAD
173	PFH38M	FLAT HD SCR M6-1 X 16
174	P0718174	FENCE CONNECTING ROD
	·	·



Headstock



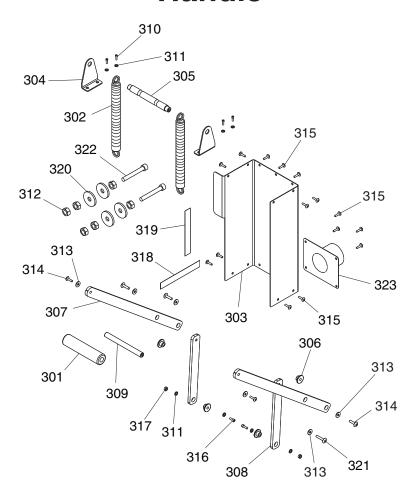
201	PB29M	HEX BOLT M6-1 X 30
202	PFH05M	FLAT HD SCR M58 X 12
203	PCAP58M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 12
204	P0718204	KNURLED KNOB
205*	T23280*	BORING HEAD 45 X 9.5MM
205*	T23281*	BORING HEAD 48 X 6MM
205*	T23282*	BORING HEAD 52 X 5.5MM
206	P0718206	PIVOT ARM
207	P0718207	PIVOT ARM FRONT BRACE
208	P0718208	GUARD BRACKET
209	P0718209	BORING HEAD GUARD
210	P0718210	PIVOT ARM STEP BOLT
211	P0718211	UPPER SPRING BRACKET
212	P0718212	LOWER SPRING BRACKET
213	P0718213	L-BRACKET
214	P0718214	PIVOT ARM EXTENSION SPRING

^{*} Optional Equipment Purchased Separately

REF PART # DESCRIPTION

215	P0718215	STOP BRACKET
216	P0718216	BORING HEAD RIGHT SUPPORT
217	P0718217	BORING HEAD LEFT SUPPORT
218	PN01M	HEX NUT M6-1
219	PW03M	FLAT WASHER 6MM
220	PSS28M	SET SCREW M6-1 X 30
221	PCAP33M	CAP SCREW M58 X 12
222	PCAP83M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 55
223	PCAP30M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 45
224	PCAP127M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 65
225	PCAP24M	CAP SCREW M58 X 16
226	PCAP06M	CAP SCREW M6-1 X 25
227	P0718227	LEFT BIT ARBOR
228	P0718228	RIGHT BIT ARBOR
229	PSS07M	SET SCREW M58 X 5

Handle



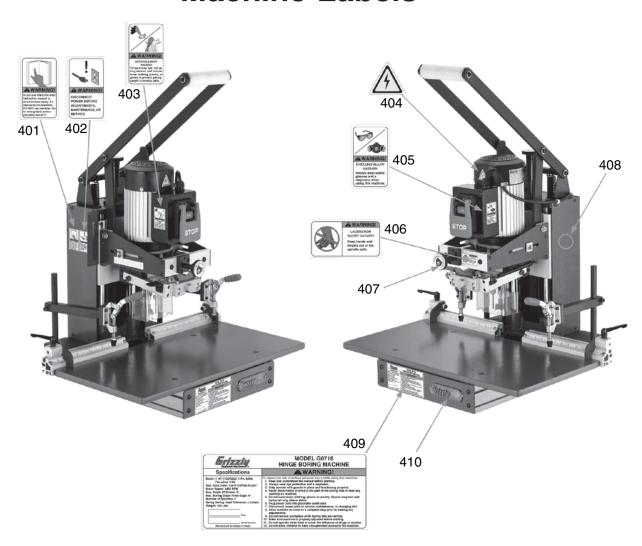
REF	PART#	DESCRIPTION

301	P0718301	HANDLE
302	P0718302	HEADSTOCK EXTENSION SPRING
303	P0718303	COLUMN COVER
304	P0718304	HEADSTOCK SPRING BRACKET
305	P0718305	UPPER SPRING ROD
306	P0718306	PIVOT CONNECTOR
307	P0718307	HANDLE PIVOT BAR
308	P0718308	VERTICAL PIVOT BAR
309	P0718309	LOWER SPRING ROD
310	PCAP11M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 16
311	PLW04M	LOCK WASHER 8MM
312	PN03M	HEX NUT M8-1.25

REF PART # DESCRIPTION

313	PW01M	FLAT WASHER 8MM
314	PBHS22M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M8-1.25 X 20
315	PBHS09M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M6-1 X 12
316	PCAP12M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 40
317	PLN05M	LOCK NUT M10-1.5
318	P0718318	HORIZONTAL SCALE 0-10MM
319	P0718319	VERTICAL SCALE 10-0MM
320	PWF08M	FENDER WASHER 8MM
321	PBHS23M	BUTTON HD CAP SCR M8-1.25 X 25
322	PCAP05M	CAP SCREW M8-1.25 X 50
323	P0718323	DUST PORT 4"

Machine Labels



REF	PART #	DESCRIPTION
401	PLABEL-12A	READ MANUAL LABEL
402	PLABEL-62	DISCONNECT POWER LABEL
403	PLABEL-55	ENTANGLEMENT HAZARD LABEL
101	PLARFL-14	ELECTRICITY LABEL

EYE/LUNG HAZARD LABEL

PLABEL-57

KEF	PARI#	DESCRIPTION
406	P0718406	LACERATION HAZARD LABEL
407	P0718407	DIMENSION LABEL
408	PPAINT-1	GRIZZLY GREEN TOUCH-UP PAINT
409	P0718409	MACHINE ID LABEL
410	P0718410	GRIZZLY LOGO PLATE

AWARNING

Safety labels warn about machine hazards and ways to prevent injury. The owner of this machine MUST maintain the original location and readability of the labels on the machine. If any label is removed or becomes unreadable, REPLACE that label before using the machine again. Contact Grizzly at (800) 523-4777 or www.grizzly.com to order new labels.



CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

Grizzia WARRANTY CARD

City	1	_ State	7in
		_ Email	
		Order #	
	ž –	n a voluntary basis. It will be used for rourse, all information is strictly confid	•
1.	How did you learn about us Advertisement Card Deck	•	Catalog Other:
2.			
	Which of the following maga Cabinetmaker & FDM Family Handyman Hand Loader Handy Home Shop Machinist Journal of Light Cont. Live Steam Model Airplane News Old House Journal Popular Mechanics	Popular Science Popular Woodworking Precision Shooter Projects in Metal RC Modeler Rifle Shop Notes Shotgun News Today's Homeowner Wood	Wooden BoatWoodshop NewsWoodsmithWoodworkWoodworker WestWoodworker's JournalOther:
3.	What is your annual househ \$20,000-\$29,000 \$50,000-\$59,000	old income?\$30,000-\$39,000\$60,000-\$69,000	\$40,000-\$49,000 \$70,000+
4.	What is your age group? 20-29 50-59	30-39 60-69	40-49 70+
5.		woodworker/metalworker? 2-8 Years 8-20 Ye	ears20+ Years
6.	How many of your machines	s or tools are Grizzly? 3-56-9	10+
7.	Do you think your machine i	represents a good value?	No
В.	Would you recommend Griz	zly Industrial to a friend?	_YesNo
9.	Would you allow us to use your name as a reference for Grizzly customers in your area? Note: We never use names more than 3 times. Yes No		
10.	Comments:		

Place Stamp Here



GRIZZLY INDUSTRIAL, INC. P.O. BOX 2069 BELLINGHAM, WA 98227-2069

Haladadadalda	.11.111111	
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Send a Grizzly Catalog to a friend:

 Name______

 Street_____

 City______
 State_____Zip_____

TAPE ALONG EDGES--PLEASE DO NOT STAPLE

WARRANTY AND RETURNS

Grizzly Industrial, Inc. warrants every product it sells for a period of **1 year** to the original purchaser from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to defects due directly or indirectly to misuse, abuse, negligence, accidents, repairs or alterations or lack of maintenance. This is Grizzly's sole written warranty and any and all warranties that may be implied by law, including any merchantability or fitness, for any particular purpose, are hereby limited to the duration of this written warranty. We do not warrant or represent that the merchandise complies with the provisions of any law or acts unless the manufacturer so warrants. In no event shall Grizzly's liability under this warranty exceed the purchase price paid for the product and any legal actions brought against Grizzly shall be tried in the State of Washington, County of Whatcom.

We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property or for incidental, contingent, special, or consequential damages arising from the use of our products.

To take advantage of this warranty, contact us by mail or phone and give us all the details. We will then issue you a "Return Number," which must be clearly posted on the outside as well as the inside of the carton. We will not accept any item back without this number. Proof of purchase must accompany the merchandise.

The manufacturers reserve the right to change specifications at any time because they constantly strive to achieve better quality equipment. We make every effort to ensure that our products meet high quality and durability standards and we hope you never need to use this warranty.

Please feel free to write or call us if you have any questions about the machine or the manual.

Thank you again for your business and continued support. We hope to serve you again soon.



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