

# **V2230NC**

Vertical Semi-Automatic Hydraulic Dual Miter Cutting Bandsaw

## **Instruction Manual**

The Pinnacle of Cutting Performance
Cosen Mechatronics Co., Ltd.

## FROM THE MANUFACTURER

Thank you for your purchase of COSEN's bandsaw machine and your trust in the COSEN brand.

We are excited to have you as our valued customer and look forward as much as you do to the accelerated productivity, long-lasting endurance and superb cost-effectiveness this machine is about to bring to you.

To ensure you are fully utilizing our machine and being advantaged in every possible way, please do take your time and read through this instruction manual.

Any comment or suggestion in making our service better, please do not hesitate to let us know. Thank you again!

## NOTE:

- Read this instruction manual carefully to familiarize yourself with the installation, operation and maintenance of your COSEN bandsaw machine.
- Operate the machine following the procedures described in the manual to prevent personal injuries or machine damage.
- Keep this manual handy and refer to it whenever you are uncertain of how to perform any of the procedures.
- For technical support or parts purchase, please contact your nearest COSEN representative or our service center:

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Instruction Manual: V2230NC

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## Safety rules



■ Make sure your work area is cleared of uninvited people and obstacles every time before you start operating the machine.



■ Never step or stand on the roller table. Your foot may slip or trip on the rollers and you will fall.



- Never wear gloves or loose clothing when operating the machine. It may lead to serious injury if they are caught in the running machine. Wrap or cover long hair.
- Never touch the running saw blade with gloves or not. It is dangerous if your hands, clothing or gloves are caught by the running blade.



■ Make sure any use of fire is prohibited in the shop and install a fire extinguisher or other fire control device near the machine when cutting titanium, magnesium, or any other material that produces flammable chips. Never leave the machine unattended when cutting flammable materials.



■ Use a water-soluble cutting fluid on this machine. Oil-based cutting fluids may emit smoke or catch fire, depending on how they are used.



■ Never cut carbon or any other material that may produce and disperse explosive dust. It is possible that sparks from motors and other machine parts will ignite and explode the air-borne dust.

## Safety rules



- Never adjust the wire brush or remove chips while the saw blade is still running. It is extremely dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Stop the saw blade before you clean the machine. It is dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Never start the saw blade unless the workpiece has been clamped firmly. If the workpiece is not securely clamped, it will be forced out of the vise during cutting.



- Take preventive measures when cutting thin or short pieces from the work to keep them from falling. It is dangerous if the cut pieces fall.
- Use roller tables at the front and rear sides of the machine when cutting long work. It is dangerous if the work piece falls off the machine.



■ Turn off the shop circuit breaker switch before performing maintenance on the machine. Post a sign indicating the machine is under maintenance.

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# *SAFETY INFORMATION*

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS
SAFEGUARD DEVICES
EMERGENCY STOP
SAFETY LABELS
HEARING PROTECTION
CE COMPLIANCE
RISK ASSESSMENT

Safety is a combination of a well-designed machine, operator's knowledge about the machine and alertness at all times. COSEN's band machine has incorporated many safety measures during the design process and used protective devices to prevent personal injuries and potential risks. Warning labels also serve as a reminder to the operator.

Throughout this manual, you will also see various safety-related symbols indicating important information that you should take note of prior to use of the machine or part of its functions. These important safety instructions do not cover all possible situations that might occur. It is your responsibility to take caution and follow procedures stated in this manual when installing, maintaining and operating your machine. Cosen will not be liable for damages resulting from improper use.

## **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

What the icons and signs in this user manual mean:



This icon marks **WARNING**; hazards or unsafe practices that may result in **personal injury or damage to the machine.** 



Supplementary information to the procedures described in this manual.



Call your local agent or our service center for help.



This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage. Learn the operation, limitation and the specific potential hazards peculiar to this band saw. All users must read it before performing any activity on the machine, such as replacing the saw band or doing regular maintenance.



Wear proper apparel during operation and when servicing the machine. Some personal protective equipment is required for the safe use of the machine, e.g. protection goggles.



Disconnect the power cord before making adjustment, maintenance or blade changes.



Moving parts should be kept in proper alignment and connection with the machine. Check for breakage, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. Any damaged part or guard should be properly repaired or replaced.



Do not operate this machine unless it is completely assembled.

Make sure the power switch is off before



It is dangerous to operate the machine when the floor is slippery. Keep the floor clean and dry. Check for ice, moisture, or grease before entering.



Always remember to switch off the machine when the work is completed.

plugging in power cord.

before cutting.



Do not use the machine to cut explosive material or high pressure vessels as it will generate great amount of heat during the sawing process and may ignite an explosion.



Use recommended accessories. Improper accessories may be hazardous.

Never hold the material by hand for cutting. Always use the vise and make

sure the material is clamped securely



Keep your work area clean. Cluttered and slippery floors invite accidents.



When a workpiece is too long or heavy, make sure it is supported with a roller table (recommended).



Keep blade protection cover and wheel covers in place and in working order.



Keep your work area well illuminated at minimum 500 lumen.



Never operate while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.



Remove adjusting keys, wrenches or any loose parts or items from the machine before turning on power.



Do not reach over or stand on any part of the machine.



Use a sharp saw blade and keep the machine in its best and safest performance by following a periodical maintenance schedule.



Keep the work environment safe. Do not use band saw in a damp or wet location.



Keep all guards and shields in place before installing or starting up the machine.



Keep unauthorized personnel away.

## **SAFEGUARD DEVICES**

The safeguard devices incorporated in this machine include the following two main parts:

- 1. Protection covers & guards
- 2. Safety-related switches

## **Protection Covers & Guards**

- 1. Idle wheel housing cover
- 2. Drive wheel housing cover
- 3. Gear reducer cover
- 4. Wire brush belt cover
- 5. Blade guard cover (left & right)
- 6. Safety fence (left & right)(CE model only, as shown in Illustration: Safety Fence)
- 7. Chip conveyor cover (CE model only)



The protection devices should always be mounted on the machine whenever the machine is running.



Do not remove any of these safeguard devices under any circumstances except when servicing the machine. Even skilled service technicians should still take cautions when performing repairs or service on the machine with any of these protectors removed. It is the responsibility of the user to make sure all these elements are not lost and damaged.



Take note of the following main moving parts on the machine prior to and during machine operation:

- Saw bow assembly
- Drive and idle wheels
- Blade guide arm
- Saw blade guide rollers
- Quick approach device (optional)
- Wire brush
- Chip conveyor (optional)
- Workpiece clamping vises
- Shuttle vises and workbed rollers
- Top clamps (optional)
- Gear reducer

## **Safety Related Switches**

To protect the operator, the following safety related switches on the machine are actuated when the machine is in operation.

Wheel motion detector	This is a proximity sensor used to detect the motion of the drive wheel. Once the saw blade is broken or as soon as it starts slipping, the sensor will detect and stop the drive wheel and the machine.
Power switch	Located on the cover of electrical cabinet, the power switch controls the main power of the machine. Up to your company's internal rules, this power switch can be locked with a padlock or a luggage lock to protect the operator and the machine.
Emergency stop button	Located on the control panel, the button when pressed will stop the machine completely.
Vise clamp switch	This switch assures firm clamping of the workpiece. If the workpiece is not clamped properly, the saw blade is not allowed to run.
Wheel cover interlock switches (CE model only)	Located on the two wheel housings, these switches are used to assure that the machine will stop whenever the wheel covers are open. This device is to protect users from being cut by the running saw blades.

Among all these safety switches, some of them are used to protect the users and some of them are used to prevent damage to saw blades, the workpiece and the machine itself, etc. We have taken every precaution to prevent injury or damage and to provide safe and economical operation of the machine.

#### **EMERGENCY STOP**

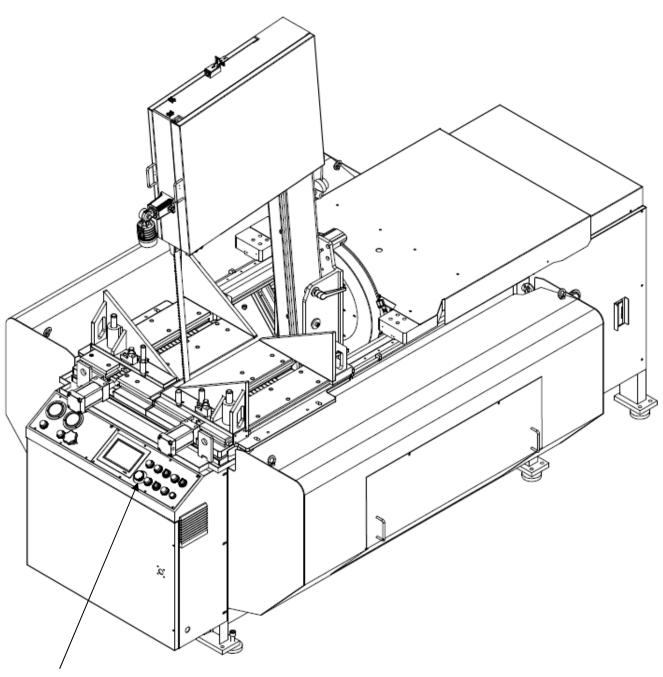
Designed to be easily accessible, the emergency stop button is located on the left bottom corner on the control panel and is made in red color and rubber material. For CE models, supplementary emergency stop button may be available at other area(s) of the machine depending on machine type. Please refer to *Illustration: Emergency Stop*.

When you press the button, the machine will immediately come to a full stop to avoid injury or damage when an accident occurs. The button will be locked when you press it. To unlock it, turn the button clockwise.

You should press it immediately without any hesitation when observing:

- An emergency situation that would cause any injury or damage
- An abnormal situation or problem such as fire, smoke, abnormal noise and etc.

## Illustration: Emergency Stop

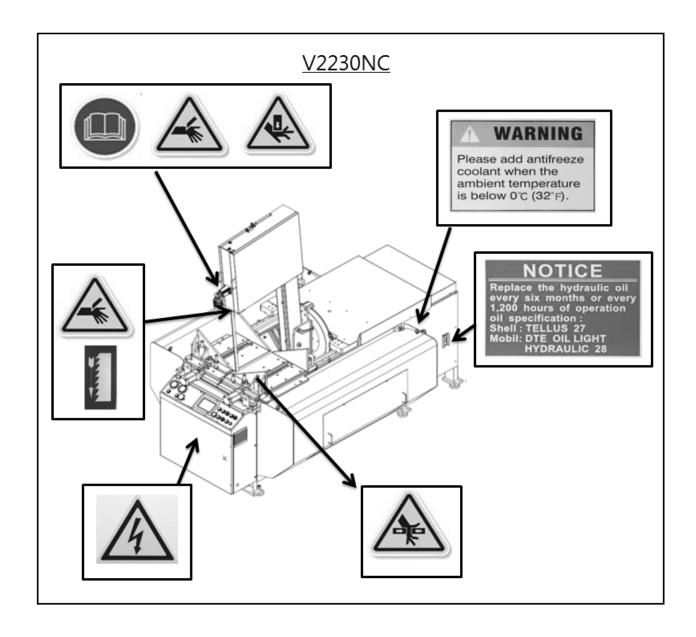


**Emergency Stop** 

## **SAFETY LABELS**

Please read through and understand these safety labels before operating the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Safety Labels*.

Label	Meaning	Label	Meaning
	Impact Hazard  WEAR SAFETY SHOES. Do  not approach dropping area during operation.		Read Operator's Manual  This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage.
	Keep Unauthorized Personnel Away		Do not step.  Do not stand on the machine or on the accessories!
	DANGER: Running Blade  Blade runs through this area. Keep your hands away from a running blade to avoid severe injury. The arrow indicates direction of the blade.		Cutting Hazard  KEEP COVER CLOSED / KEEP HAND OFF while the blade is running. Turn power off before opening cover. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.
4	Hazardous Voltage  TURN POWER OFF before servicing. Failure to following the warning can result in severe injury.		Burn Hazard/Hot Surface
	Hand Crush/Force from Above		Crush hazard by vise
	Loose Hand Hazard  KEEP HAND OFF. Do not touch chip conveyor. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.		Pinch Point/Hand Entanglement



## **HEARING PROTECTION**



Always use ear protection!

When your machine is running, noise generated by the machine may come from the following:

- Saw blade during cutting or material feed mechanism
- Wire brush unit
- Chip conveyor unit
- Speed reducer
- Hydraulic motor/pump
- Belt transmissions variable speed motors
- Blade motor
- Coolant pump
- · Drive wheel
- Parts not assembled tightly causing mechanical vibration

Our products pass noise testing less than 78 dBA. Noise level vary according to working conditions and we recommend ear plugs or other hearing protection at all time. If your machine produces an undesirable noise while it is running, you should:

- 1. Make sure all maintenance tasks have been performed following the prescribed maintenance schedule (Refer to Section 6).
- 2. If maintenance does not seem to solve the problem, follow the troubleshooting procedures under Section 7.

## **CE COMPLIANCE**

Cosen's CE model is designed to satisfy regulations of the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to machinery (2006/42/EC) - Annex I Essential health and safety requirements relating to the design and construction of machinery.

## **RISK ASSESSMENT**

Risk assessment generally takes account of intended use and foreseeable misuse, including process control and maintenance requirements. We made every effort to avoid any personal injury or equipment damage during the machine design stage. However, the operator (or other people) still needs to take precautions when handling any part of the machine that is unfamiliar and anywhere on the machine that has potential hazards (e.g. the electrical control box).

# GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATION

MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION
FLOOR PLAN

This band saw machine is designed by Cosen's R&D engineers to provide you the following features and advantages:

## Safety

- This machine is designed to fully protect the operator from its moving parts during cutting operation.
- The machine and each component has passed strict testing (Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Machinery).
- The machine will shut off automatically when the saw blade is broken, protecting both the operator and the machine.

## Convenience & High-Performance

- The machine is designed in the way that the operation and adjustment can be easily performed.
- The machine will stop automatically when out of stock.
- Dual valve system is designed to achieve optimal cutting performance with the simple setting of feed rate and perspective cutting pressure for different material.

## Durability

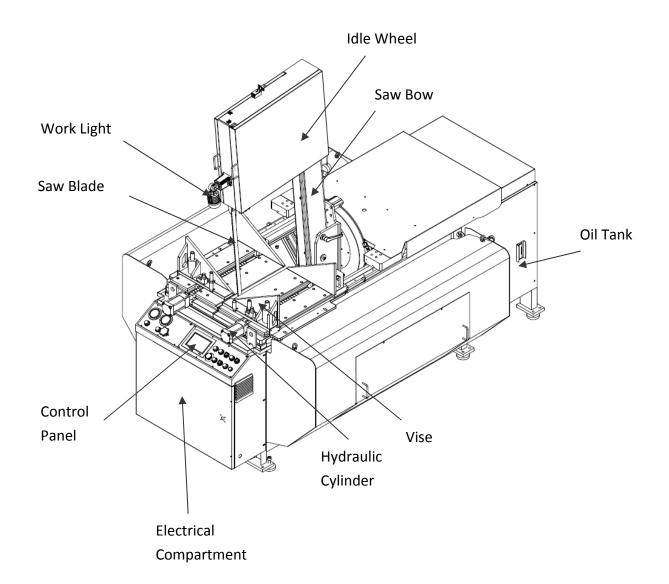
• The intended life-span of the machine is counted based on regular daily operation. It is calculated with the life expectancy of 10 years under normal operating condition and exact attention to the maintenance schedule.

8 hours  $\times$  5 days  $\times$  52 weeks  $\times$  10 years = 20,800 hours

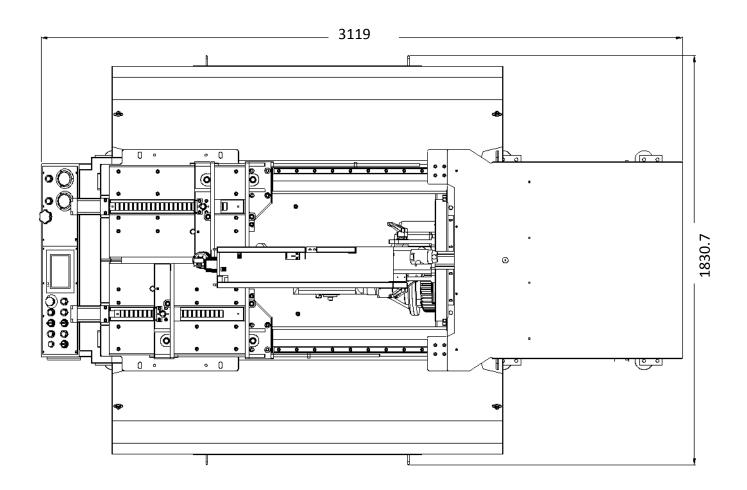
## **SPECIFICATION**

Model		V2230NC			
Machine Type		Vertical Semi-Automatic Hydraulic Dual Miter Cutting Bandsaw			
Miter Degree		60° left ~ 60° right			
		0° Blade Cant (Horizontal x Vertical)	5° Blade Cant (Horizontal x Vertical)		
	90°	560 x 765 mm (22" x 30")	510 x 705 mm (20" x 27.5")		
	45° Left	560 x 535 mm (22" x 21")	515 x 490 mm (20" x 19")		
Capacity	60° Left	560 x 365 mm (22" x 14")	515 x 330 mm (20" x 13")		
	45° Right (Optional)	560 x 500 mm (22" x 19.5")	510 x 460 mm (20" x 18")		
	60° Right (Optional)	560 x 310 mm (22" x 12")	515 x 275 mm (20" x 10.5")		
Max. Vise Open	ing	560 mm (22")	560 mm (22")		
	Speed	20 ~ 80 m/min (66 ~ 264 fpm)			
	Size (L x W x T)	5,300 x 34 x 1.1 mm (208.6" x 1.3" x 0.043")			
Saw Blade	Tension	Hydraulically controlled automatic blade breakage detection			
	Guide	Interchangeable tungsten carbide			
	Cleaning	Steel wire brush with flexible drive shaft by main motor			
	Saw Blade	7.5 HP (5.6 kW)			
Motor Output	Hydraulic	1 HP (0.75 kW)			
	Coolant Pump	1/4 HP (0.185 kW)			
Tank Canacity	Hydraulic	85 L (22 gal)			
Tank Capacity	Coolant	130 L (34 gal)			
Workbed Height	t	1,030mm (41")			
Woight	Net	2,180 kg (4,806 lb)			
Weight	Gross	2,310 kg (5,093 lb)			
Floor Space (L x W x H)		3,119 x 2,780.9 x 2,571.5 mm (122.8" x 109.5" x 101.2")			
Operating	Temperature	5~40°C (41~104°F)			
Environment	Humidity	30%~85% (without condensation)			

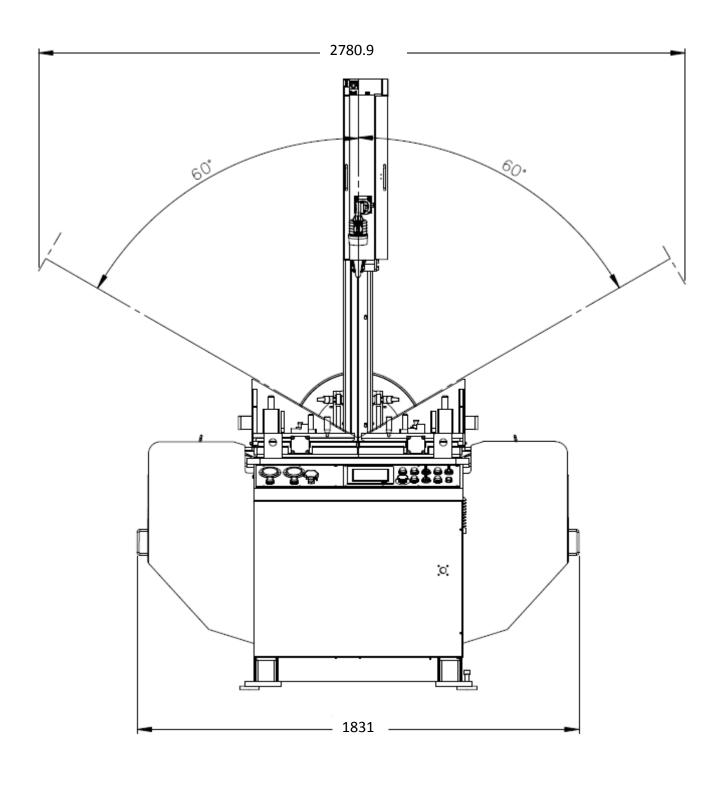
## **MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION**



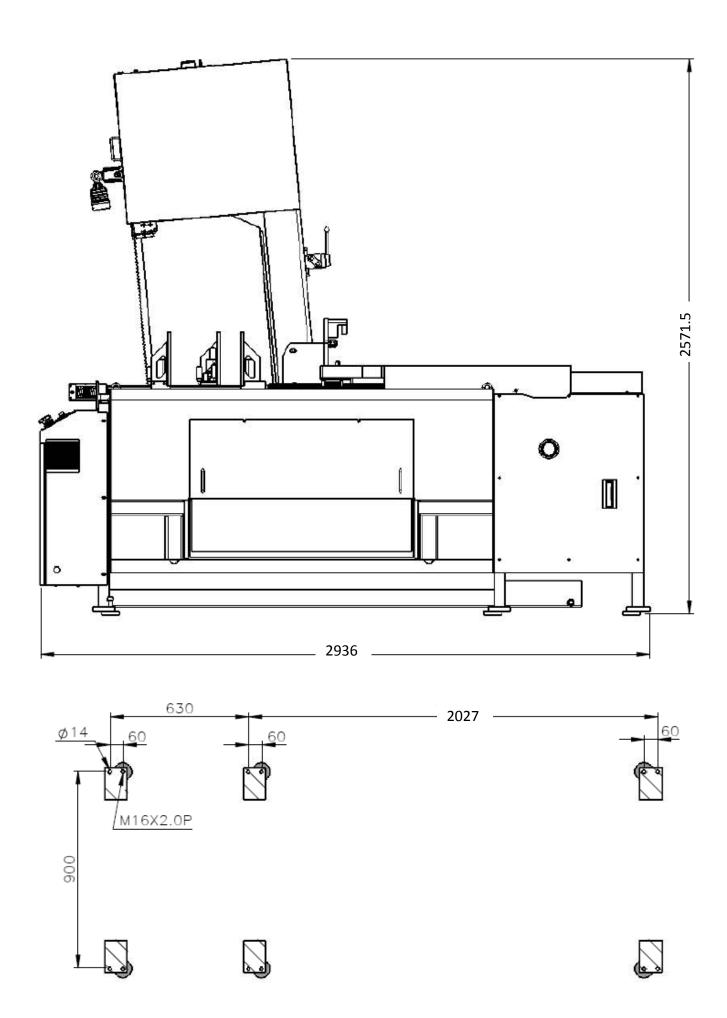
## **FLOOR PLAN**



Machine top view



**Machine front view** 



Machine side view

# *MOVING & INSTALLATION*

LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT
UNPACKING & INSPECTING
LIFTING
REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET
CLEANING
INSTALLING
RELOCATING

## **LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT**

For your safety, please read all information regarding installation before proceeding. Install your machine in a place satisfying all of the following conditions:

#### Space:

• Leave enough free space around the machine for loading work and unloading cut-off pieces as well as for maintenance and inspection. Refer to *Section 2 Specification* for machine dimensions and floor space.

## **Environment:**

- Well lighted (500 lumen at minimum).
- Floor kept dry at all times in order to prevent operators from slipping.
- Away from direct exposure to the sunlight
- Room temperature between 5°C to 40°C.
- Humidity level kept at 30%~95%"(without condensation) to avoid dew on electric installation and machine.
- Away from vibration of other machines
- Away from powders or dusts emitted from other machines
- Avoid uneven ground. Choose a solid level concrete floor which can sustain weight of both machine and material.
- Limit the operation area of the machine to staff only.

## **UNPACKING & INSPECTING**

- Unpack your machine carefully to avoid damage to machine parts or surfaces.
- Upon arrival of your new band saw, please confirm that your machine is the correct model and it comes in the same specification you ordered by checking the model plate on the machine base.
- It is also imperative that a thorough inspection be undertaken to check for any damage that could have occurred during shipping. Pay special attention to machine surface, equipments furnished and the electrical and hydraulic systems for damaged cords, hoses and fluid leaks.
- In the event of damage caused during shipping, please contact your dealer and consult about filing a damage claim with the carrier.
- Your machine comes in with a set of tools for you to maintain the machine. The accessories furnished are as follows:

1.	Tool box	1 pc
2.	Grease gun	1 pc
3.	Screwdriver (+, -)	2 pcs
4.	Open-ended spanner	3 pcs
5.	Hexagon wrench	1 set
6.	Chip spade (only for manual models)	1 pc
7.	Operation manual	1 pc



Should you find any missing accessories, please contact your local agent immediately.

## **LIFTING**

When moving the machine, we strongly suggest you choose any one of the methods described below to move your machine.

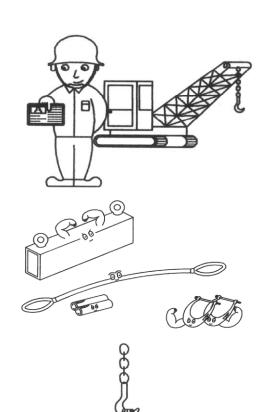
#### 1. Use a crane

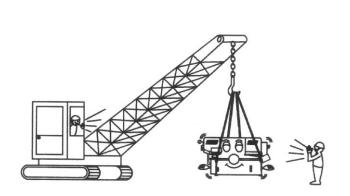
Move the machine to its location by using a crane and a wire rope sling that can fully withstand the weight of the machine (refer to machine specification under Section 2 Specification).

Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.

You must have a qualified crane operator to perform the job.

- You must use tools and equipment with the proper tensile strength and use proper method when moving your machine.
- Apply the wire rope sling to the lifting hooks on the four ends of the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Lifting Points* for exact locations.
- Slowly lift the machine. Be sure to protect the machine from impact or shock during this procedure. Also watch out your own fingers and feet to avoid injuries.
- Keep the machine well balanced during lifting process and make sure the wire rope does not interfere with the saw frame.
- When you work together with more than two people, it is best to keep constant verbal communication with each other.





## 2. Use a forklift

Most users choose this method to move their machine because it is easy to set up. Make sure that the lifting rod can fully withstand the weight of the machine. (Refer to Section 2 – General Information for Specifications)

 Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.



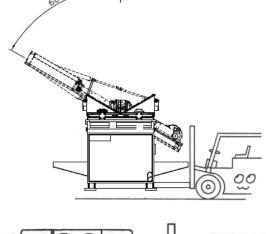
You must have a qualified forklift operator to perform the job.



 You must apply proper forklift technique to avoid damage to the machine.



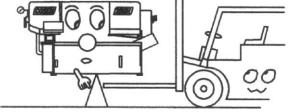
Make sure the forks are able to reach in at least 2/3 of the machine depth.



 You must keep the machine balanced at all times.



Make sure the forks are centered before use.

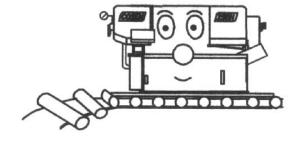


(Illustration only. Please follow user guide of your forklift.)

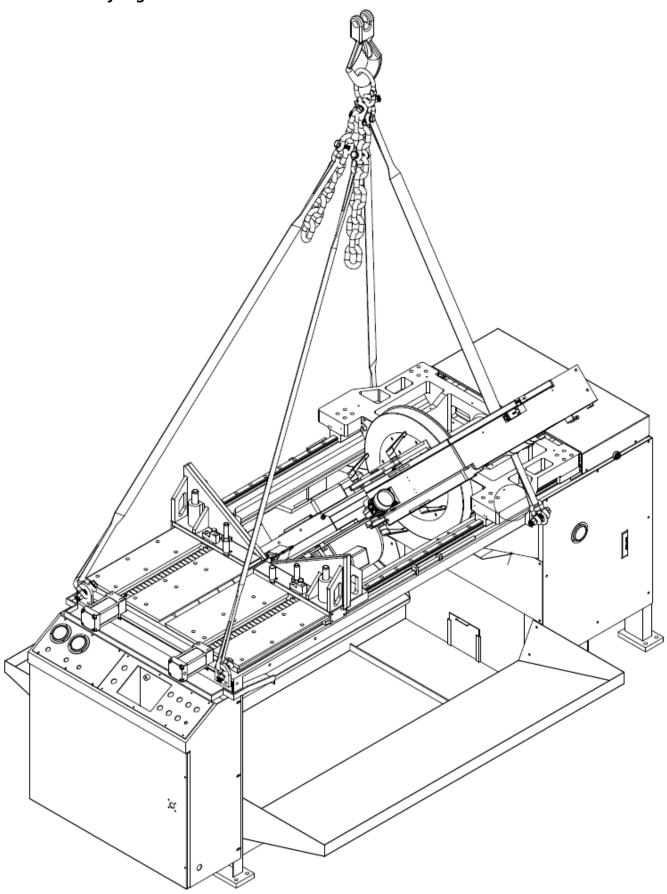
## 3. Use rolling cylinders

You can use rolling cylinders to move your machine in a small machine shop environment.

 You must use rolling cylinders made in material of proper compressive strength.



## **Illustration: Lifting Points**



Minimum weight capacity for each wire rope: 2.5 ton

Require: 4 fiber double ply slings (2,000 x 50mm; 78 .7 x 2 inch), 8 shackles (5/8), 10 interlocking rings ( $\Phi$ 20), and 1 oval alloy steel ring (5/8)

#### REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET

- After the machine has been properly positioned, remove 2 shipping brackets that are used to lock the saw frame and the saw bed.
- Retain this bracket so that it can be used again in the event that your machine must be relocated.





## **CLEANING**

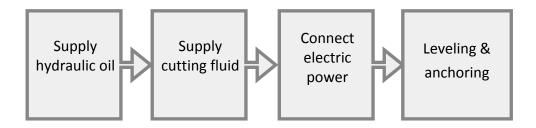
After the machine has been placed at the designated position, remove the rust-preventive grease with wiping cloth dampened with cleaning oil or kerosene. Apply machine oil to machine surfaces that are prone to rust.



Do not remove the rust-preventive grease with a metal scraper and do not wipe the painted surfaces with solvent as doing so would damage surface paint.

## **INSTALLING**

Cosen's bandsaw machine is relatively easy to install. Follow these six easy steps to install your machine.



## Supplying hydraulic oil

Open the filler cap and fill the hydraulic oil tank to above 2/3 or full level.

Check the sight gauge to make sure the oil level in the tank.



Refer to specification chart under Section 2 for tank capacity.



## **Supplying coolant**

Fill the coolant tank to the middle level of the sight gauge by pouring the coolant from above the chip conveyor.

Use the sight gauge to check the coolant level remaining in the tank.



Always check the coolant supply before starting the machine. If the coolant pump is started without enough coolant supply in the tank, the pump and its drive motor may be damaged.

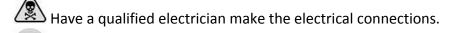


Refer to specification chart under Section 2 *Specification* for tank capacity.

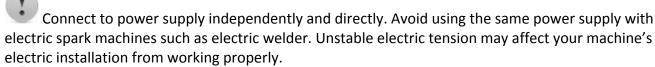


Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.

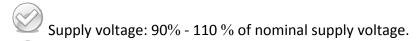
## **Connecting electric power**



If the power supply voltage is different from the transformer and motor connection voltage shown on the label attached to the electrical compartment of the machine, contact COSEN or your agent immediately.



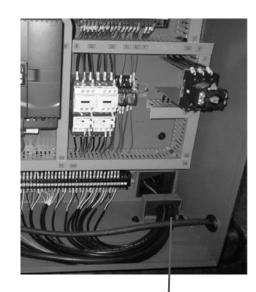




Source frequency: 99% - 101 % of nominal frequency.

Refer to the specification chart under Section 2 for total electric power consumption of the motors and make sure your shop circuit breaker is capable of this consumption amount. Also use a power supply cable of proper size to suit the power supply voltage.

- 1. Turn off the shop circuit breaker.
- 2. Make sure the machine circuit breaker switch on the electrical compartment door is turned to OFF.
- 3. Remove the screw securing the electrical compartment and then open the door.
- 4. Pull the power supply cable and grounding conductor through the power supply inlet into the electrical compartment. (Shown right)
- 5. Connect the power supply cable to the circuit breaker (N.F.B.) to the R, S and T terminals, and connect the ground cable to the E terminal.
- 6. Close the compartment door and fasten the screw back.
- 7. Turn on the shop circuit breaker and then turn the machine circuit breaker switch to ON. The *Power Indicator* on the control panel will come on.
- 8. Pull to unlock the *Emergency Stop* button and press the *hydraulic ON* button to start the hydraulic motor.
- 9. Make sure the sawing area is clear of any objects. Start the blade and check the blade rotation. If the electrical connections are made correctly, the blade should run in a counterclockwise direction. If not, shut the hydraulics off, turn off the machine as well as the shop circuit breaker. Then swap the power the power cable conductors connected to R and T terminals.
- 10. Repeat step 6 to 9 to ensure the electrical connections are in the right order.



**Power Supply Inlet** 

## Leveling

Place spirit level on the vise slide plates and the work feed table.

Level the machine in both directions i.e. along and across the machine. Adjust the level of the machine by turning the leveling bolts.

Make sure all leveling bolts evenly support the machine weight.



## **Anchoring the machine**

Normally there is no need to anchor the machine. If the machine is likely to vibrate, fix the machine to the floor with anchor bolts.

Shock absorption steel plates are provided and can be placed under each leveling bolt to prevent their sinking into the concrete floor.

## **Installing Fire Control Device**

Install a fire extinguisher or any other fire control device in the shop in case a fire breaks out.

## **RELOCATING**

We recommend you follow these procedures when relocating or shipping your machine to other place:

- 1. Descend the saw frame to its lowest position then turn off the power.
- 2. Fix the saw frame using the shipping bracket that originally came with the machine.
- 3. If you are shipping the machine, pack the machine carefully with industrial plastic wraps to protect it from dust.
- 4. Use a crane or forklift to raise it. If a crane is used to lift the machine, ensure that the lifting cable is properly attached to the machine.
- 5. Do not forget to include the equipments originally furnished including the shock absorption steel plates and the instruction manual.

# OPERATING INSTRUCTION

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS
BEFORE OPERATING
CONTROL PANEL
STANDARD ACCESSORIES
ADJUSTING SAW BOW INCLINING ANGLE
UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE
ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH
PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED
POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING
ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW
ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED
BREAKING-IN THE BLADE
TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE
CUTTING OPERATION

**TERMINATING A CUTTING OPERATION** 

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

For your safety, please read and understand the instruction manual before you operate the machine. The operator should always follow these safety guidelines:

- The machine should only be used for its designated purpose.
- Do not wear gloves, neckties, jewelry or loose clothing/hair while operating the machine.
- For eye protection, always wear protective safety glasses.
- Check the blade tension and adjust blade guides before starting the machine.
- Use auxiliary clamping or supporting devices to fix material in place before cutting long workpieces. Always make sure the material is clamped firmly in place before starting to cut.
- Do not remove jammed or cut-off pieces until the blade has come to a full stop.
- Keep fingers away from the path of the blade.
- Protection devices should be in place at all times. For your own safety, never remove these
  devices.
- Disconnect machine from the power source before making repairs or adjustments.
- Wear protection gloves only when changing the blade.
- Do not operate the machine while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Do not take your eyes off the machine while in operation.
- Do place warning signs to mark out machine work zone and restrict entry to be staff-only.

#### **BEFORE OPERATING**

Choosing an appropriate saw blade and using the right cutting method is essential to your cutting efficiency and safety. Select a suitable saw blade and cutting method based on your work material and job requirements e.g. cutting accuracy, cutting speed, economic concern, and safety control.

# Wet cutting

If you choose dry cutting or low-speed cutting, the chips may accumulate in machine parts and may cause operation failure or insulation malfunction. We suggest you choose wet cutting to avoid machine damage.

#### Cutting unknown materials

Before cutting an unknown material, consult the material supplier, burn a small amount of chips from the material in a safe place, or follow any other procedure to check if the material is flammable.



Never take your eyes off the machine while in operation.

# **Cutting fluid**

For cooling and lubrication purpose, we recommend you use water-soluble cutting fluids. The following table lists out its pros and cons for your reference.

Pro	Con
Have a high cooling effect	Remove machine paint
Not flammable	Lose its rust protection effect if
Economical	deteriorated
<ul> <li>Does not require cleaning of the cut</li> </ul>	Tend to create foam
products	Subject to decay
	Decline in performance, depending on
	the quality of the water used for
	dilution



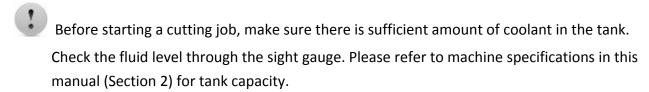
Never use water as your coolant.



Always add coolant into water for better mix result.

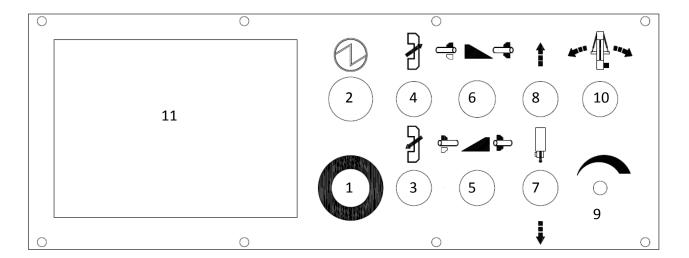


Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.



# **CONTROL PANEL**

The control panel is located on the top of the electrical box. It includes the following function: power system, hydraulic system, cooling system, the human-machine–interface (HMI) and the projecting light system. The operator must fully understand the function of each switch and button before operating the machine.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Emergency stop button	7	Guide arm down button
2	Power indicator lamp	8	Guide arm up button
3	Saw bow forward button	9	Blade speed control knob
4	Saw bow backward button	10	Saw bow angle control knob
5	Right vise clamp/release knob	11	HMI touch screen
6	Left vise clamp/release knob		

# **Control Buttons**

# 1. Emergency stop button

Press this button to stop the machine in an emergency. When the button is pressed, it brings the machine to a full stop. The button locks when pressed. In order to unlock it, please turn the button clockwise.

# 2. Power indicator lamp

When the lamp is on, it indicates the power to the machine is turned on.

#### 3. Saw bow forward button

When this button is pressed with the running blade, saw bow moves forward slowly. When this button is pressed with the stopped blade, saw bow moves fast forward until the operator releases the button.

#### 4. Saw bow backward button

When the button is pressed, saw bow moves backward until the operator releases the button or until the saw bow reaches the rear limit position.

# 5. Right vise clamp/release knob

Turn the knob to the left for clamping the material. Turn the knob to the right for releasing the material.

Cutting can be started with either left vise or right vise clamping, but for better performance, use both left and right vises to clamp the material.

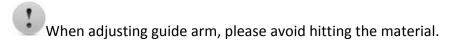
# 6. Left vise clamp/release knob

Turn the knob to the left for clamping the material. Turn the knob to the right for releasing the material.

Cutting can be started with either left vise or right vise clamping, but for better performance, use both left and right vises to clamp the material.

#### 7. Guide arm down button

When this button is pressed, guide arm descends until the operater releases the button.



The closer the guide arm approaches the workpiece, the better the stability of cutting.

# 8. Guide arm up button

When this button is pressed, guide arm rises until the operater releases the button.

# 9. Blade speed control knob

Blade speed is controlled by the inverter. Turning the knob clockwise increases the blade speed.



	FPM
Structurals A36	330
Low Carbon   1005-1012	320
1015-1030,1513-1536	330
Medium Carbon 1033-1055	230
High Carbon 1060-1080,1541-1572	200
1084-1095	185
	340
Resulferized 1116-1119	350
Medium Carbon   1132-1151	270
Resulferized	
Alloy Steel 4418,4130	270
4135,4137,4140,4142	250
4145,4147,4150,4161	210
4337,4340	220
8615,8617,8620,8622	240
Tool Steels A-2,A-3,A-8,A-9	200
D-2,D-5	110
M-1,M-2	120
M-3,M-4	100
T-1 THRU T-6	140
Stainless Steel 201,202,301,302,304	120
309,309s,310	75
316,316L,317,330	80
Cast Iron Class 20	180
Class 40	130
Class 60	110
Ductile Iron 60-40-18	270
100-70-03	120
120-90-02	75
Titanium Alloy Commercially Pure	80

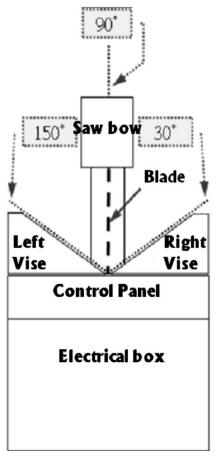
Above speeds are for cutting 4" material (with 3/4 pitch) when using a cutting fluid.

Increase speed 15% for 1/4" material with 10/14 tooth 11% for 3/4" material with 9/8 tooth blad 9% for 1-1/4" material with 4/6 tooth blad 5% for 1-1/2" material with 4/6 tooth blad

# 10. Saw bow angle control knob

- When the knob is turned to the left, saw bow inclines to the left. When saw bow reaches 150° and touches the left limit switch, saw bow left limit switch red light on HMI touch screen is triggered and saw bow stops.
- When the knob is turned to the right, saw bow inclines to the right. When saw bow reaches 30° and touches the right limit switch, saw bow right limit switch red light on HMI touch screen is triggered and saw bow stops.

Return-to-zero point of angle encoder is installed at 150°. Angle can be adjusted in HMI (angle margin of error: 0.2°). Refer to below figure for the definition of angle.





This control knob only works when the saw bow is at rear limit position.

# 11. HMI touch screen

Please refer to later section for detailed introduction.

# Cutting pressure, vise pressure, and feeding speed control panel

The part of control panel is where cutting pressure, vise pressure and saw bow feeding speed can be adjusted.



#### 1. Cutting pressure control knob

- This pressure control knob is used to adjust the cutting pressure of the blade.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the cutting pressure.

# 2. Vise pressure control knob

- This pressure control knob is used to adjust the vise pressure.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the vise pressure.
- Adjust vise pressure according to different material, i.e. pipe, steel bar, H beam.
- When cutting pipes or soft materials, reduce vise pressure to prevent exerted pressure from damaging the workpiece shape or exterior.
- Vise preesure should not be adjusted during cutting.
- Vise pressure cannot be lower than 8 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

# 3. Saw bow feeding speed control knob

- This control knob is used to adjust the feeding speed of the saw bow.
- Turning the knob counterclockwise increases the saw bow feeding speed.
- Saw bow feeding speed is a determining factor to a good cutting time and quality cutoff surface.
- Set the saw bow feeding speed in accordance with the *cutting pressure control* knob.
- Also commonly known as the flow control valve

# Human-machine-interface (HMI) touch screen

This HMI touch screen displays operation messages so that the operator is able to understand the system condition. It also provides different operating modes and selections for the operator to work with. During a cutting job, the operator can still enter the system and make changes to the cutting operation as needed.



Do not wipe or clean the screen with volatile solvents.

Do not overexert pressure on the screen. The touch screen is very sensitive; all buttons on the screen just need a slight touch to operate.

All range parameters in HITECH 5.7" are configured under the "manual" mode.

Please pay attention to the following environment conditions necessary for HITECH 5.7" HMI touch screen to properly operate:

Item	Range
Ambient temperature	5°C ~ 50°C
Temperature for safe operation	-10°C ~ 60°C
Ambient humidity	30%~85% RH (No condensation)
Connection	RS422 MMI port
Environment	No condensation and rust



# **Startup Screen**

After the power is turned on, Cosen's logo will appear as the startup screen, followed by the main operation menu..

# Main control menu

The main control menu includes some operating button that were used on the control panel of the earlier machines. Some convenient functions are added to the page for the operator to better understand the features of the machine. Setting the parameters shown on the screen requires a gentle touch of the finger. You can also look up the parameters or make changes while in the middle of a cut.



Refer to the table below for descriptions of each function.

No	Item	Function	Description
1		Hydraulic start	When the power is turned on, press this button to start the hydraulic motor.  A solid yellow icon indicates the hydraulic system has
			been turned on.
2	<b>(</b>	Hydraulic stop	Press this button to turn off the hydraulic motor immediately.
			When the blade is running, the hydraulic stop button is temporarily disabled. You need to press the saw blade stop or the saw bow backward button to stop the blade first.
3		Saw blade start	When the work piece is clamped properly, press this button to start cutting.
			A solid yellow blade icon indicates the blade has been started.
			When the blade is running, all the buttons are temporarily disabled except the emergency stop button, saw bow backward button, blade speed control knob, and saw bow feeding speed control knob. When cutting is finished, all the control buttons resume function.

No	ltem	Function	Description
4		Saw blade stop	Press this icon to stop the saw blade.
5	<b>A A</b>	Work light ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the work light.
J			A solid yellow light bulb icon indicates the lamp has been turned on.
			Press again to turn the light off.
6	T.	Coolant ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the coolant pump.
J			A solid yellow faucet icon indicates the coolant pump has been turned on.
			Press again to turn off the coolant pump.
7	I-0	Last cut function ON/OFF	When the mode is selected, the blade will automatically stop and the hydraulic system will shut down (in 10 seconds) after the current cut is finished.
8		Left vise lock/unlock	Press this button to lock/unlock left vise.  Lock the left vise and vise clamping light must be on, otherwise blade will not start cutting.
9		Right vise lock/unlock	Press this button to lock/unlock right vise Lock the right vise and vise clamping light must be on, otherwise blade will not start cutting.
10	sty va	Saw bow fast/slow swiveling mode	When the slow mode is turned on, the saw bow swiveling speed will dramatically reduce to help you position the work piece precisely
11	Sys	System parameter setting	Press this button to set up system parameters. Password is required.
			All parameters have been set up by the manufacturer. In order to prevent random change from being made to these parameters and affect cutting precision and machine life, this function is protected with a set of password.
12	NEXT	Cutting status display	Press this button to display cutting-related information e.g. blade speed and blade life.
			Information and parameter setups for optional accessories such as blade deviation detector can also be configured in this setup page.
			Refer to Cutting Display & Setup in the following page.

No	ltem	Function	Description
13	Moni	PLC monitor	Shows current PLC signals.
14	Mtrl	Material cutting reference	This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.
15	Err	Error report	Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence as well as provides troubleshooting support. 6 pages in total.
16	Rear L.	Saw bow rear limit switch display	After the cut is finished, blade will stop running and saw bow will move backward automatically until it touches the rear limit switch and the RED light will come on.
17	Left L. 🕙	Saw bow left limit switch display	When saw bow touches left limit switch and red right is on, it means saw bow inclines left max. 150°.
18	Right L.	Saw bow right limit switch display	When saw bow touches right limit switch and red light is on, it means saw bow inclines right max. 30°.
19	Front L. 🕙	Saw bow front limit switch display	When saw bow cuts or moves forward and touches the front limit switch, the RED light will come on which means the cut is finished or saw bow already reaches the end.  All limit switches have been set up by the manufacturer before shipment. Make random changes will affect cutting precision.
20	rm safety position	Guide arm safety position display	Indicates if the guide(saw) arm is within its safety range for the saw bow to move forward. This safety design prevents the saw arm from being improperly positioned and hitting the workbed while blade moves forward.  • Light on: Saw bow has reached the minimum height and is not allowed to descend any further. Raise the saw bow again, check on the saw arm position and move it to a safer place.  • Light off: Saw arm is at a proper height and within the safe range.
21	Set Angle ###.# Swivel	Angle setting	Key-in ###.# in HMI, press "Swivel" and saw bow inclines to the setting angle.  Saw bow must be at rear limit switch position to swivel.  When adjusting the angle of saw bow manually, actual angle and angle displayed on the screen need to match for the machine to start cutting.

No	Item	Function	Description
22	2 Blade Speed Blade speed display		Displays current blade speed.
23	Angle	Miter angle display	Displays the current angle the saw bow is swiveled at.
24	Error display (yellow highlight)		Displays error messages in the order of occurrences; press the message to clear the messages.  Error messages must be cleared for the machine to continue to operate normally.

# NEXT

# Cutting status display & setup

When cutting is in operation, press NEXT to enter cutting status display and setup page.



(Display without optional spray device included)



(Display with optional spray device included)

# Cutting status display & setup

This page comes in two versions depending on if the optional mist coolant spray device is installed on the machine. The shared features are as follows:

- Blade speed
- Angle: mitering angle
- HOME(Return-to-zero point) After machine is restarted, this icon will turn grey. When this icon is pressed, saw bow will swivel to return-to-zero point, left 150°, and back to 90° and the icon will turn yellow. Thus, blade can be started.

This button must be yellow to start the blade.

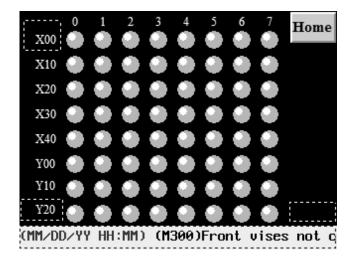
- Coolant On/Off during cutting Press this faucet icon to allow coolant pump start automatically during cutting.
- Blade Used Current blade life in hours
- Blade Life Reset Reset the blade life to zero
- Warranty status The green square light on the bottom left corner indicates the warranty status of the HMI touch screen. Warranty is one year and starts counting after 70 hours of operation after the machine is shipped. Warranty status light turning to red indicates the HMI touch screen has expired.
- Error messages- (highlighted in yellow; can be cleared by pressing down for 1~2 seconds)
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.

For machines with optional spray device installed, additional two command are provided:

• Cooling device: press this button to use either

- coolant or spray
- SET UP SPRAY: press this button to turn on/off the spray. When both this button and the coolant ON/OFF button on main control menu are turned on, spray device can be started manually.

# Moni PLC Monitor

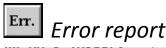


- Shows all signals of the PLC system.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.

# Mtrl Material cutting reference



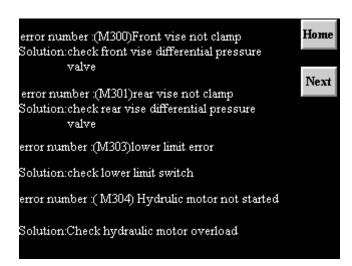
- This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the next page.





# Page 1 - error report

- Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.



# Page 2 – troubleshooting

- Provides suggestions on troubleshooting. 6 pages in total.
- Also refer to the Table 4-1 for error codes, descriptions and solutions.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.

Error Code	Error Description	Solution
M300	Front vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M301	Rear vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M303	Lower limit switch error	Check if the lower limit switch works
M304	Hydraulic motor not starting	Check if the hydraulic motor works
M306	Broken blade detected	1. Check the blade motion detector01
		2. Check if the blade is broken
M308	Left safety door abnormal	1. Check if the left safety door is shut properly
		2. Check if the left safety door limit switch works

Error Code	Error Description	Solution	
M309	Right safety door abnormal	1. Check if the right safety door is hut properly	
		2. Check if the right safety door limit switch works	
M312	Quick approach bar abnormal	Check if the quick approach limit switch works	
M313	Blade motor overload	Check if the blade motor overload relay has tripped	
M314	Hydraulic motor overload	Check if the hydraulic motor overload relay has tripped	
M315	Coolant pump overload	Check if the coolant pump motor overload relay has tripped	
M316	Saw bow upper limit abnormal	Check the upper limit switch works	
M352	Front vise clamping error	1. Place new material	
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works	
		3. Check if the "no material parameter" is too low	
M357	Saw bow descending error	1. Check if the descend solenoid valve is stuck	
		2. Check the quick approach bar works	
		3. Check if the quick approach bar limit switch works	
M358	Saw bow ascending error	1. Check if the ascend solenoid valve is stuck	
		2. Check the quick approach bar works	
		3. Check the quick approach bar limit switch works	
M361	No material	1. Place new material	
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works	
		3. Check if the "no material parameter" is too low	
M363	PLC battery voltage too low	Replace PLC battery	
M368	Left visenot set in function/clamping	Reset or clamp left vise	
M369	Right visenot set in function/clamping	Rest or clamp right vise	
M370	Mitering angle different from	Swivel saw bow by pressing "swivel" button	
	preset angle	2. Reset mitering angle	
M371	Abnormal blade retraction upon	Check the saw bow rear limit switch	
	completed cut	2. Check the solenoid valve	
		3. Check PLC output Y12	

Error Code	Error Description	Solution
M372	Saw bow NOT at rear limit	<ol> <li>Send saw bow to rear limit switch position</li> <li>Check rear limit switch</li> </ol>
M373	Saw arm not in safe position	Raise saw arm to upper limit position
M374	Saw bow not initial	Saw bow implement initial

# **STANDARD ACCESSORIES**

#### Blade tension device



- This blade tension device equipped with hydraulic cylinder provides appropriate tension to the saw blade.
- To tighten the saw blade, turn the selector to ...
- Upon saw blade breakage, the safety device will activate and automatically stop all machine operation.
- To change the blade, turn the handle to to release saw blade tension.

# Blade speed/motion detector



- Besides detecting the blade speed, the speed/motion detector also functions as a safety device.
- The speed/motion detector protects operators and the machine by preventing blade overloads and consequent damages if a saw blade breaks or skids.
- Once blade breakage or slippage is detected, the drive wheel will stop in 10 seconds.

#### Inverter



This inverter is installed inside the machine base. It is used to control and stabilize the saw blade speed during cutting.

To adjust blade speed, use the blade speed control knob on the control panel.



#### Note:

- 1. Make sure the terminal points are connected.
- 2. Make sure the ambient temperature is within acceptable range and keep the surroundings well ventilated.
- 3. Keep the inverter away from dust.
- 4. For repair or maintenance, please contact your local agent.

#### **Gear reducer**



The specially designed gear reducer can work toward your preset blade speed and torque.



Please refer to Section 8 for information on maintenance.

# **Coolant pump**



The coolant pump supplies coolant to cool off cutting temperatures during cutting. Also, it can be used to wash off chips.

# Hydraulic powered wire brush



The wire brush removes the metal chips on the saw blade teeth so that blade life can be extended.

 $\triangle$ 

Keep hands away from the brush while the wire brush is running.

Turn off the hydraulic motor or the main power switch before performing maintenance or cleaning on the wire brush drive system.

# Angle encoder



This devise is installed behind the saw bow. The angle encoder comes into work as the operator executes hydraulic mitering by giving a precise angle reading.

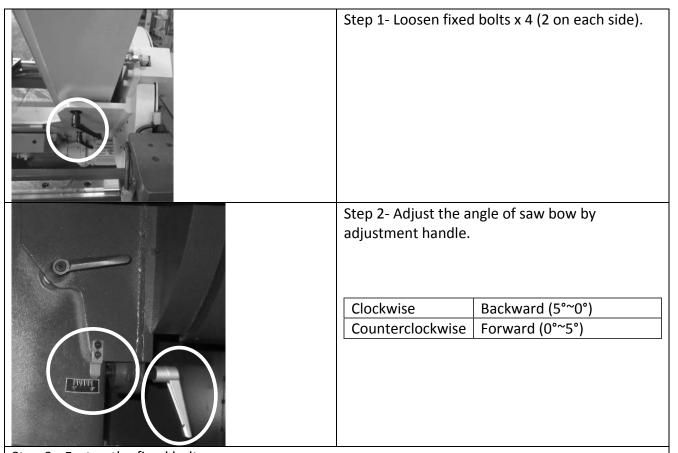
Return-to-zero point is set at 150°.

The encoder is a high-precision electronic device. It has been factory-adjusted before shipment. Please do not make any random change to it.

Avoid high impact on the device.

# ADJUSTING SAW BOW INCLINING ANGLE

For this machine, the saw bow is a forward inclined type. It can be inclined from 0°~5°. Follow below steps to adjust the angle.



Step 3 - Fasten the fixed bolts.



Saw bow inclineded angle will affect cutting ability. Refer Section 2 for product specification.

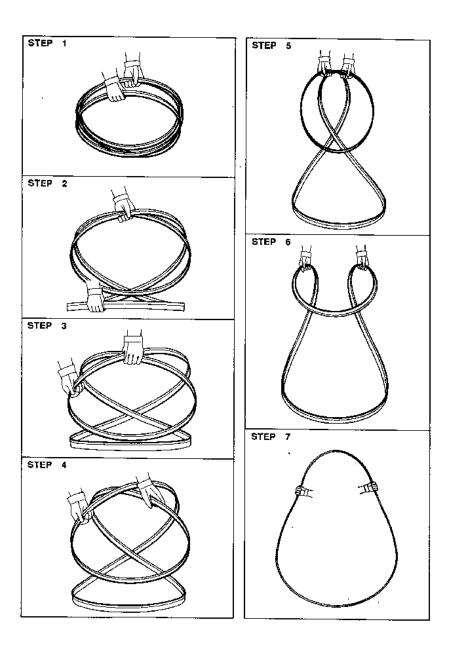
# **UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE**



Always wear leather gloves and protection glasses when handling a blade.

# Unrolling the blade

Please follow the procedures illustrated below.



# Installing a new blade

- Step 1 Select the most suitable saw blade for your workpiece considering the size, shape and material.
- Step 2 Turn on the machine power by switching to ON and turn on the hydraulic system.
- Step 3 Move saw bow to rear limit switch position then swivel the saw bow to 30°.
- Step 4 Turn the tension controller handle from "O" to "O" position to release tension. The idle wheel will then move slightly toward the direction of the drive wheel.



- Step 5 Open the idle and drive wheel covers.
- Step 6 Loosen the blade cover.
- Step 7 Loosen the wire brush assembly screws and pull the wire brush away from the blade.
- Step 8 Pull the entire blade out.
- Step 9 If necessary, clean the carbide inserts before installing a new saw blade.
- Step 10 Place the new blade around the idle wheel and the drive wheel
- Step 11 Insert the blade into the carbide inserts. The back and the sides of the blade need to be touching the inserts as well as the adjacent rollers.
- Step 12 Place the blade to the drive wheel and press the back of the blade against the flange of the drive wheel.
- Step 13 Make sure the back of the blade is also pressed against the flange of the idle wheel.
- Step 14 Tighten the blade by moving the bolt up and tightening the nut.
- Step 15 Gently close the idle and drive wheel covers.
- Step 16 Swivel the saw head to 90°. Adjust wire brush to a proper position.
- Step 17 Press the saw blade start button to start the blade. Allow the blade to run for a few rotations then press the saw bow backward button to move the saw bow backward.

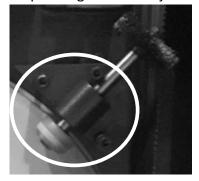
  Open the wheel covers and make sure the blade has not fallen off the drive and idle wheels. If the blade has shifted, follow the same procedure to reinstall the blade again.

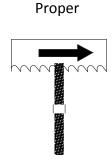
# **ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH**

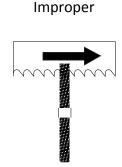
Follow these steps to adjust wire brush to appropriate position:

- Step 1 Loosen the adjustment screws.
- Step 2 Adjust the adjustment screws to make brush move left/right until it makes proper contact with the saw blade (see below illustration).

Step 3 – Tighten the adjustment screws.







# PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED

- Step 1 Press the saw bow backward button until the saw bow reaches rear limit position.
- Step 2 Open the vise.
- Step 3 Carefully place the workpiece onto the work feed table.

# POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING

Follow these steps to position your workpiece:

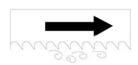
Step		Action
vises clamp material	1	Press the <i>left and right vise clamp</i> buttons until the workpiece is securely clamped.
confirm cutoff point	2	Press the saw bow forward button to move the saw bow until it is about 10mm (0.4 inch) behind the workpiece.
precision position	3	Adjust until the cutoff point on the workpiece aligns with the blade line.

# **ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW**

- Step 1 Press the saw blade start button to start the saw blade drive motor.
- Step 2 Press the saw bow forward button to move the saw bow forward.
- Step 3 Use the flow control valve (shown below) to adjust the amount of fluid flowing to the cutting area.



Adjust the flow amount if you observe the following changes to the chips generated from cutting.



If the chips are sharp and curved, increase the coolant flow amount.



If the chips are granulated, decrease the coolant flow amount.

#### **ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED**

- Step 1 Set the flow control to "0" position.
- Step 2 Press the saw blade start button to start the blade.
- Step 3 Turn the *blade speed control knob* to adjust the blade speed. The blade speed should be adjusted based on the size and the material of the workpiece.

#### **BREAKING-IN THE BLADE**

When a new saw blade is used, be sure to first break in the blade before using it for actual, extended operation. Failure to break in the blade will result in less than optimum efficiency. To perform this break-in operation, the following instructions should be followed:

- Step 1 Reduce the blade speed to one-half of its normal setting.
- Step 2 Lengthen the cutting time to 2-3 times of what is normally required.
- Step 3 Start the break-in opearation.
- Step 4 After the break-in operation is completed, set all parameters back to normal settings.

#### **TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE**

Test-running this machine can ensure good machine performance in the future. We suggest you run the following tests on the machine before first use:

# **Testing machine performance:**

Turn on the power and run a basic performance test after you finish installing the machine. Follow these steps to test machine performance:

- Step 1 Disassemble shipping brackets and bolts.
- Step 2 Install roller table (optional).
- Step 3 Turn on the relay switch in the control box.
- Step 4 Move the saw bow backward. (If your coolant pump is in reverse and the machine cannot run, please change the electrical phase.)
- Step 5 Remove the rust-prevention grease with cleaning oil or kerosene.
- Step 6 Start the coolant pump.
- Step 7 Test these functions:
  - vise clamping/unclamping
  - saw bow moving forward/backward

#### **CUTTING OPERATION**

Step 1 – Check before you cut

- **Power:** Check the voltage and frequency of your power source.
- **Coolant:** Check if you have sufficient coolant in the tank.
- **Hydraulic:** Check if you have sufficient (at least two-thirds or higher) hydraulic oil.
- Workbed: Check if there is any object on the feeding bed that may cause interference.
- Blade: Check the blade teeth and make sure there is no worn out teeth along the blade.
- Light: Check the work lamp or laser light (optional) and make sure there is sufficient lighting.
- Saw bow: Check the saw bow to see if it can be forward and backward smoothly.

Step 2 – Place your workpiece onto the workbed manually or by using a lifting tool e.g. a crane.

Before loading, make sure the vises are opened to at least wider than the width of the workpiece.

Step 3 – Position your workpiece.

Step 4 – Clamp the workpiece.

Step 5 – Turn the *cutting pressure control* knob to adjust blade cutting pressure according to the material.

Step 6 – Adjust *saw bow feeding speed control* knob to obtain a suitable blade feeding speed for your material.

Step 7 – Start running the blade.

Before you start cutting, check again that there is no other object in the cutting area.

Step 8 – While the blade moves forward, adjust the blade speed if necessary. You can do so by turning the *blade speed control* knob, clockwise to speed up and counterclockwise to slow down. The blade speed is displayed in the HMI touch screen.

Step 9 – Select the proper cutting condition according to different material.

Step 10 – After the entire cutting job is completed, move the saw bow backward to the rear limit position and open the vises to remove the workpiece.

Step 11 – Clean the workbed by removing chips and cutting fluids.

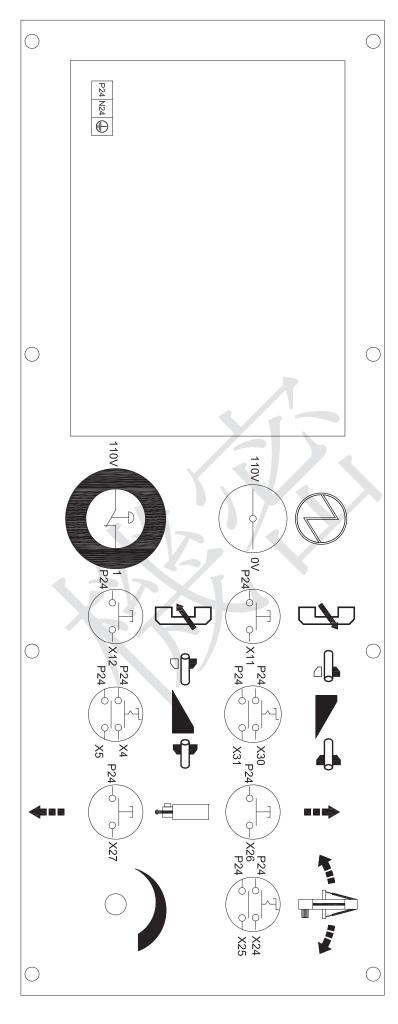
Step 12 – Move the saw bow forward to a proper position then turn off the power.

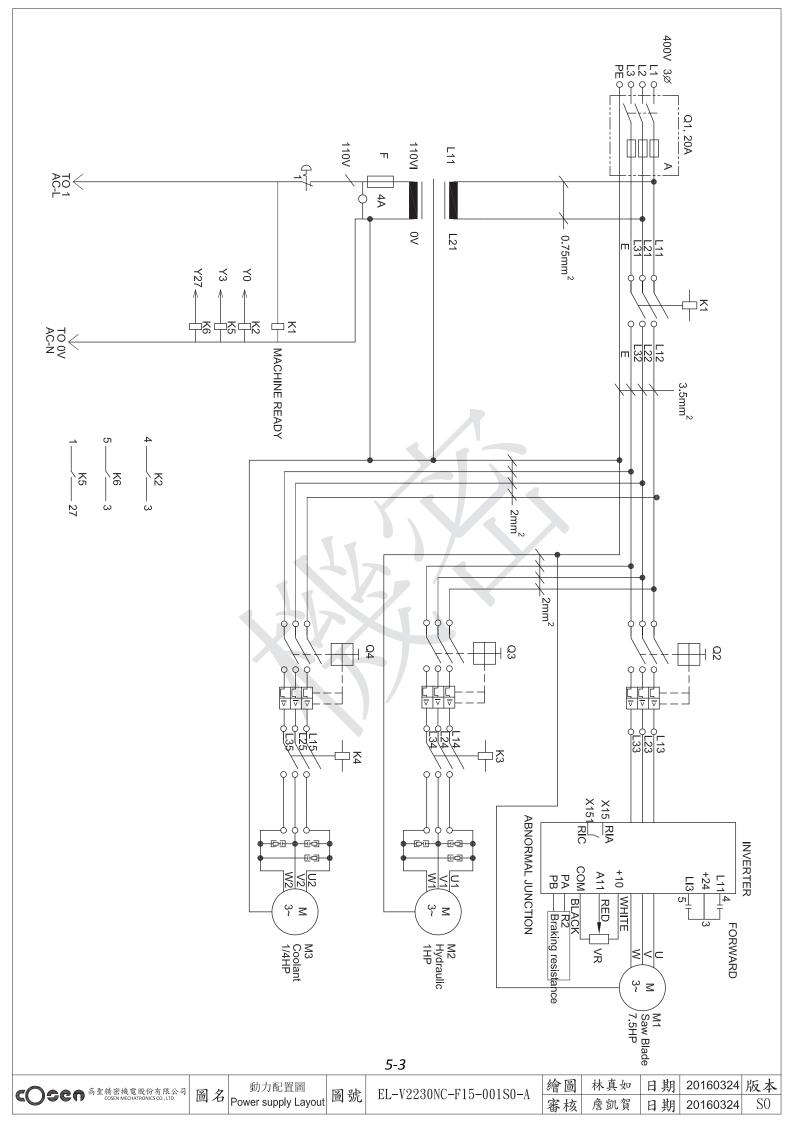


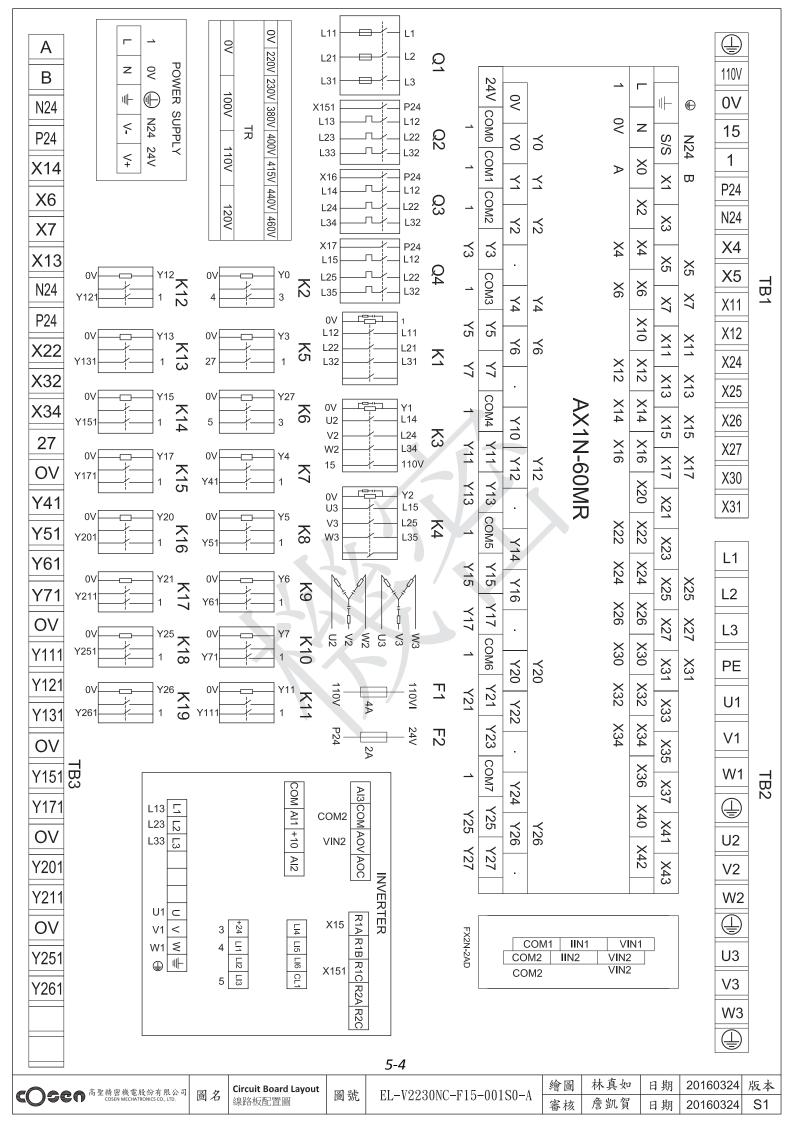
- To terminate a cutting operation, press either the *saw bow backward* button or the *emergency stop* button.
- The saw blade will stop running when the saw bow backward button is pressed.
- Both the saw blade and hydraulic pump motors will stop running when the *emergency stop* button is pressed.
- The machine will stop automatically when an error occurs. The error message will be shown on the screen.

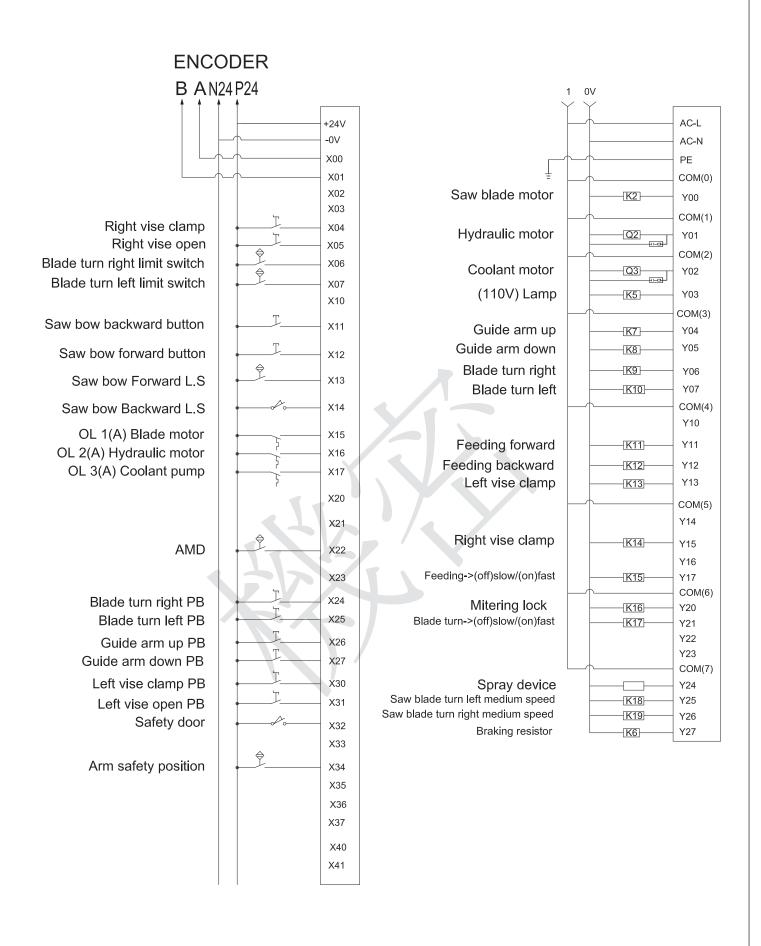
# ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

**ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS** 



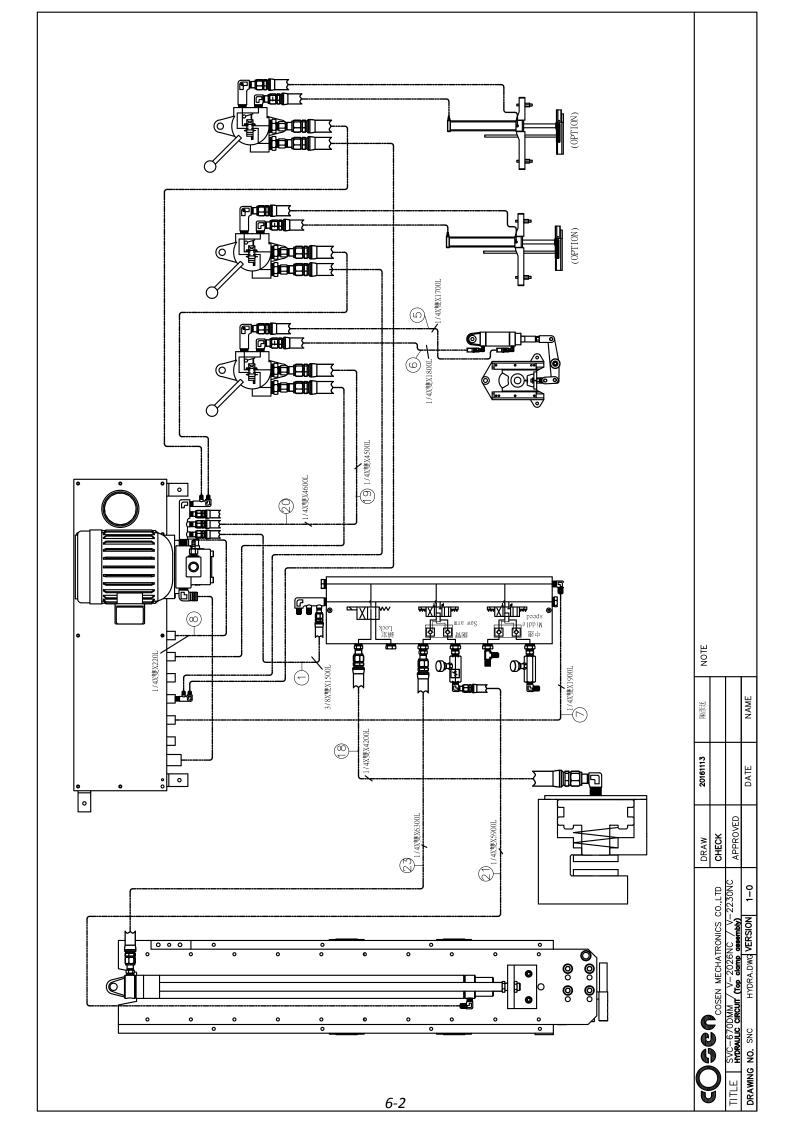


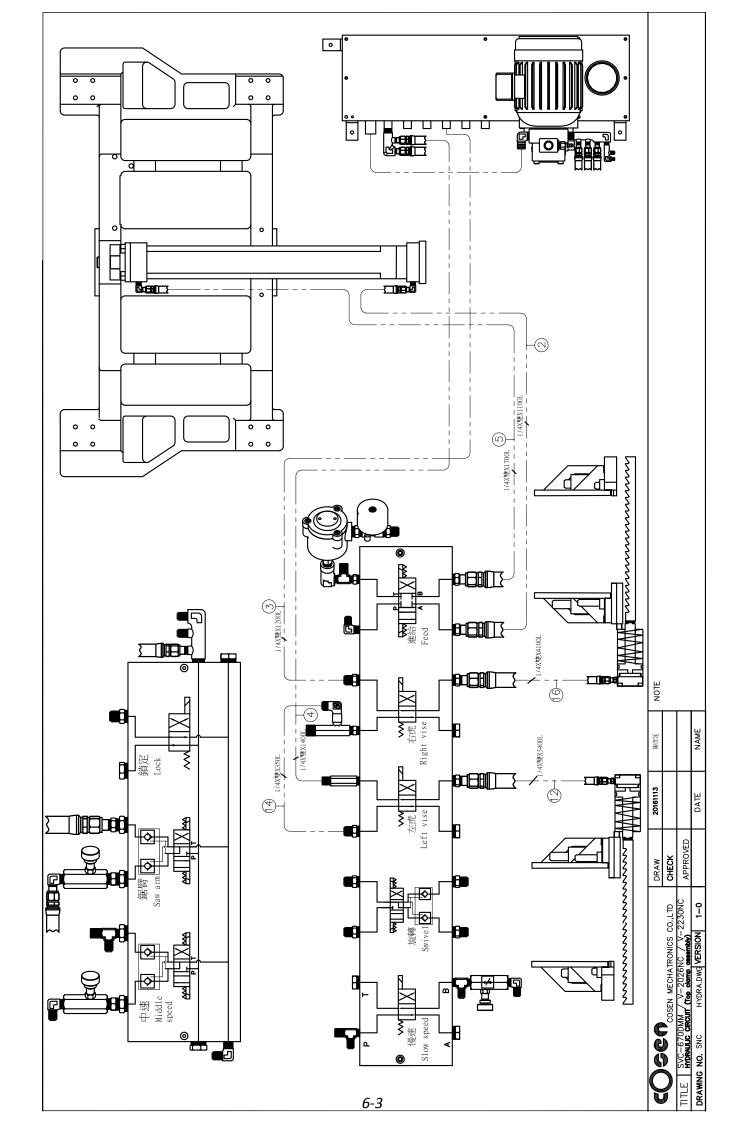


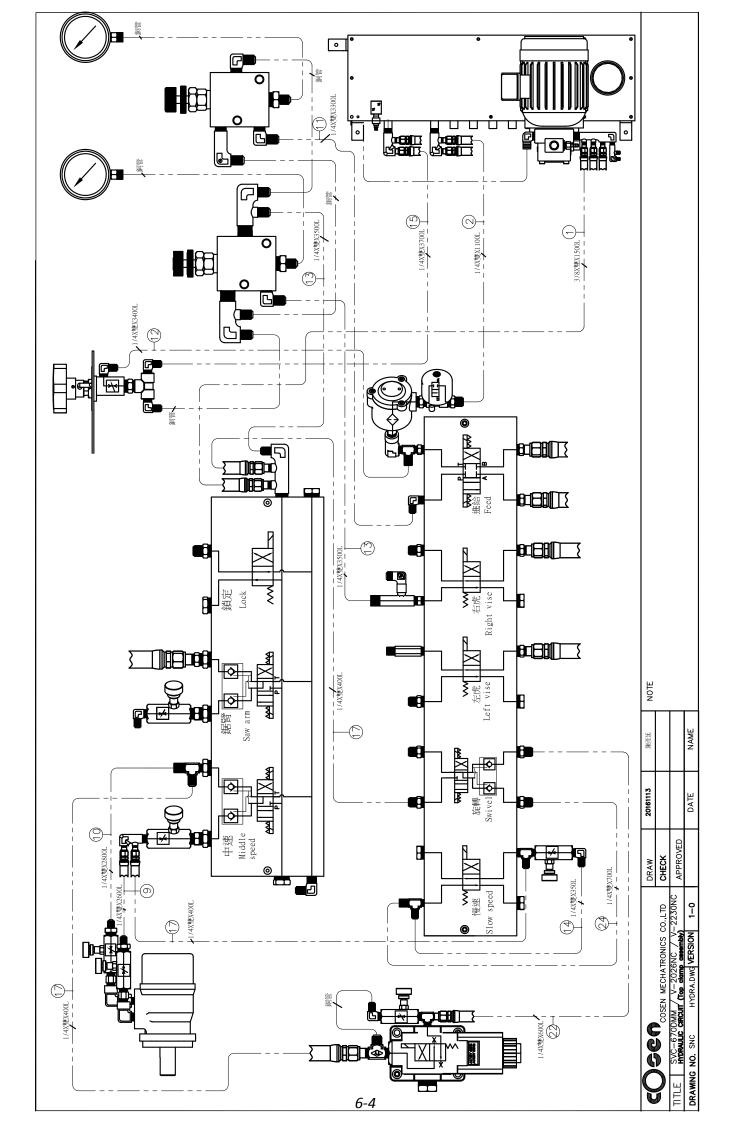


# HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

**HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS** 



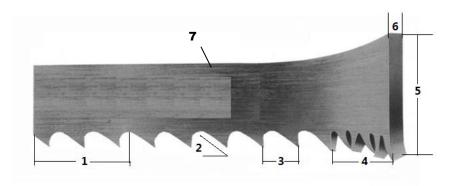




# *BANDSAW CUTTING: A PRACTICAL GUIDE*

INTRODUCTION
SAW BLADE SELECTION
VISE LOADING
BladeBreak -In
SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS

# **INTRODUCTION**



- **1. TPI:** The number of teeth per inch as measured from gullet to gullet.
- 2. Tooth Rake Angle: The angle of the tooth face measured with respect to a line perpendicular to the cutting direction of the saw.
- 3.Tooth Pitch: Tooth pitch refers to the number of teeth per inch (tpi). 1 inch equates to 25.4 mm.

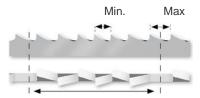
A distinction is made between constant tooth pitches with a uniform tooth distance, 2 tpi for example, and variable tooth pitches with different tooth distances within one toothing interval.

Variable tooth pitches, for instance 2-3 tpi, can be characterized by two measures: 2 tpi stands for the maximum tooth distance and 3 tpi stands for the minimum tooth distance in the toothing interval.

#### Constant



#### Variable



- 4. Set: The bending of teeth to right or left to allow clearance of the back of the blade through the cut.
- 5. Width: The nominal dimension of a saw blade as measured from the tip of the tooth to the back of the band.
- 6. Thickness: The dimension from side to side on the blade.
- 7. Gullet: The curved area at the base of the tooth. The tooth tip to the bottom of the gullet is the gullet depth.

#### **SAW BLADE SELECTION**

#### 1. Band length

The dimensions of the band will depend on the band saw machine that has been installed.

Please refer to Section 2 – General Information

#### 2. Band width

Band width: the wider the band saw blade, the more stability it will have.

#### 3. Cutting edge material

The machinability of the material to be cut determines what cutting material you should choose.

#### 4. Tooth pitch

The main factor here is the contact length of the blade in the workpiece.

If it is 4P,  $25.4 \div 4$  P = 6.35 mm, that is, one tooth is 6.35 mm.

If it is 3P,  $25.4 \div 3$  P = 8.46 mm If the number is small, it means that the tooth is large.

What is written as 3/4 is that it is a variable pitch of large (3) / small (4).

The saw blade must contact the cutting material at least two pitches. In the case of a thickness of 15 mm, 4P = OK, 3P = NG.

- The surface conditions will also affect the cutting rate. If there are places on the surface on the material which are hard, a slower blade speed will be required or blade damage may result.
- It will be slower to cut tubing than to cut solids, because the blade must enter the material twice, and because coolant will not follow the blade as well.
- Tough or abrasive materials are much harder to cut than their machinability rating would indicate.
- Tooth spacing is determined by the hardness of the material and its thickness in cross section.
- Tooth set prevents the blade from binding in the cut. It may be either a "regular set" (also called a "raker set" ) or a "wavy set".
- The regular or raker set is most common and consists of a pattern of one tooth to the left, one tooth to the right, and one which is straight, or unset. This type of set is generally used where the material to be cut is uniform in size and for contour cutting.
- Wavy set has groups of teeth set alternately to right and left, forming a wave-like pattern. This reduces the stress on each individual tooth, making it suitable for cutting thin material or a variety of materials where blade changing is impractical. Wavy set is often used where tooth breakage is a problem. This is shown in Fig. 7.2 as follows:



Fig. 7.2 The Saw Set

### **VISE LOADING**

The position in which material is placed in the vise can have a significant impact on the cost per cut. Often, loading smaller bundles can mean greater sawing efficiency.



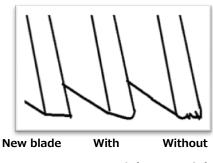
When it comes to cutting odd-shaped material, such as angles, I-beams, channel, and tubing, the main point is to arrange the materials in such a way that the blade cuts through as uniform a width as possible throughout the entire distance of cut.

The following diagrams suggest some costeffective ways of loading and fixturing. Be sure, regardless of the arrangement selected, that the work can be firmly secured to avoid damage to the machine or injury to the operator.



### BladeBreak -In

Completing a proper break-in on a new band saw blade will dramatically increase its life.



Break-in Break-in

- 1. Select the proper band speed for the material to be cut.
- **2.** Reduce the feed force/rate to achieve a cutting rate 20% to 50% of normal (soft materials require a larger feed rate reduction than harder materials).
- 3.Begin the first cut at the reduced rate. Make sure the teeth are forming a chip. Small adjustments to the band speed may be made in the event of excessive noise/vibration. During the first cut, increase feed rate/force slightly once the blade fully enters the workpiece. With each following cut, gradually increase feed rate/force until normal cutting rate is reached.

### MAINTENANCE & SERVICE

INTRODUCTION
BASIC MAINTENANCE
MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

AFTER ENDING A DAY'S WORK

**BEFORE BEGINNING A DAY'S WORK** 

Every 2 weeks

First 600hrs for new machine, then every 1200hrs

**EVERY SIX MONTHS** 

STORAGE CONDITIONS

**TERMINATING THE USE OF MACHINE** 

OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE

### INTRODUCTION

For the best performance and longer life of the band saw machine, a maintenance schedule is necessary. Some of the daily maintenance usually takes just a little time but will give remarkable results for the efficient and proper operation of cutting.

### **BASIC MAINTENANCE**

It is always easy and takes just a little effort to do the basic maintenance. But it always turns out to be a very essential process to assure the long life and efficient operation of the machine. Most of the basic maintenance requires the operator to perform it regularly.

### **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

We suggest you do the maintenance on schedule.

### Before beginning a day's work

- 1. Please check the hydraulic oil level. If oil level volume is below 1/2, please add oil as necessary. (Filling up to 2/3 level is better for system operation.)
- 2. Please check the cutting fluid level, adding fluid as necessary. If the fluid appears contaminated or deteriorated, drain and replace it.
- 3. Please check the saw blade to ensure that it is properly positioned on both the drive and idle wheels.
- 4. Please make sure that the saw blade is properly clamped by the left and right inserts.
- 5. Please check the wire brush for proper contact with the saw blade. Replace the wire brush if it is worn out.

### After ending a day's work

Please remove saw chips and clean the machine with discharging the cutting fluid when work has been completed.

Do not discharge cutting fluid while the saw blade is operating because it will cause severe injury on operator's hand.



Be sure the saw blade is fully stop, it will be performed after working inspection.

### Every 2 weeks

Please apply grease to the following points:

- 1. Idle wheel
- 2. Drive wheel
- 3. Blade tension device

### Recommended Grease:

- Shell Alvania EP Grease 2
- Mobil Mobilplex 48

### First 600hrs for new machine, then every 1200hrs

Replace the transmission oil after operating for first 600hrs for new machine, then every 1200hrs

### Recommended gear oil

- Shell Omala oil HD220
- Mobil gear 630

### Recommended hydraulic oil

- ShellTellus 32
- Mobil DTE Oil Light Hydraulic 24

### Every six months

- 1.Clean the filter of the cutting fluid.
- 2. Replace the transmission oil for every half of a year(or 1200 hours).

Check the sight gauge to ascertain the transmission level.

### Recommended TRANSMISSION OIL

- Omala oil HD220
- Mobil comp 632 600W Cylinder oil
- 3. Replace the hydraulic oil.

### Recommended HYDRAULIC OIL

- ShellTellus 32
- Mobil DTE Oil Light Hydraulic 24

### **STORAGE CONDITIONS**

Generally, this machine will be stored on the following conditions in future:

- (1) Turn off the power.
- (2) Ambient temperature:  $5^{\circ}$ C ~  $40^{\circ}$ C
- (3) Relative humidity: 30%~95% (without condensation)
- (4) Atmosphere: use a plastic canvas to cover machine to avoid excessive dust, acid fume, corrosive gases and salt.
- (5) Avoid exposing to direct sunlight or heat rays which can change the environmental temperature.
- (6) Avoid exposing to abnormal vibration.
- (7) Must be connected to earth.

### TERMINATING THE USE OF THE MACHINE

Waste disposal:

When your machine can not work anymore, you should leak out the oil from machine body. Please storage the oil in safe place with bottom. Ask a environment specialist to handle the oil. It can avoid soil pollution. The oil list in machine:

- Hydraulic oil
- Cutting fluid
- Drive wheel gear oil

### **OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE**

Item		Method	Revolution	Suggest oil
Dovetail g	uide	Keep grease covered. Antirust.	Daily	Shell R2
Roller bea	ring	Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Bed roller	/ surface	Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Nipples of	bearing	Use grease gun, but not excess.	Monthly	Shell R2
Blade tens	sion device	Use grease gun, but not excess.	Monthly	Shell Alvania EP Grease 2, Mobil Mobilplex 48
Reducer		Inspect once a week. Change oil of 600 hours of using. Change it every year.	Regularly	Omala oil HD220 Mobil Gear 630
Hydraulic	system	Inspect half a year. Change oil every year.	Regularly	Shell Tellus 32 Mobil DTE oil Light Hydraulic 24
	Inserts	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Daily	
D. a. wina a	Band wheel	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Weekly	Ch all D2
Bearing	Cylinder	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	Shell R2
	Wire brush	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	1



- 1. Turn off the stop circuit breaker switch before servicing the machine.
  - 2. Then post a sign to inform people that the machine is under maintenance.
  - 3. Drain all of the cutting fluid and oil off and carefully treat them to avoid pollution.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

INTRODUCTION
PRECAUTIONS
GENERAL TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
BLADE TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
SAWING PROBLEMS & SOLUTIONS
RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE

### INTRODUCTION

All the machines manufactured by us pass a 48 hours continuously running test before shipping out and we are responsible for the after sales service problems during the warranty period if the machines are used normally. However, there still exist the some unpredictable problems which may disable the machine from operating.

Generally speaking, the system troubles in this machine model can be classified into three types, namely GENERAL TROUBLES, MOTOR TROUBLES and BLADE TROUBLES. Although you may have other troubles which can not be recognized in advance, such as malfunctions due to the limited life-span of mechanical, electric or hydraulic parts of the machine.

We have accumulated enough experiences and technical data to handle all of the regular system troubles. Meanwhile, our engineering department had been continuously improving the machines to prevent all possible troubles.

It is hoped that you will give us your maintenance experience and ideas so that both sides can achieve the best performance.

9-1

### **PRECAUTIONS**

When an abnormality occurs in the machine during operation, you can do it yourself safely. If you have to stop machine motion immediately for parts exchanging, you should do so according to the following procedures:

- Press HYDRAULIC MOTOR OFF button or EMERGENCY STOP button.
- Open the electrical enclosure door.
- Turn off breaker.

BEFORE ANY ADJUSTMENT OR MAINTENANCE OF THE MACHINE, PLEASE MAKE SURE TO TURN OFF THE MACHINE AND DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY.

### **GENERAL TROUBLES AND SOLUTIONS**



### DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Excessive belt tension	Adjust belt tension so that belt does not slip on drive pulley while cutting ( 1/2" Min. deflection of belt under moderate pressure.)
Motor stalls	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed".
	Excessive blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection".
	Improper blade selection	Refer to Operating Instructions "Blade Selection".
	Dull blade	Replace blade.
Connet make	Guide rollers not adjusted properly	Refer to Adjustments.
Cannot make square cut	Rear vise jaw not adjusted properly	Set fixed vise jaw 90° to blade.
	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to operating instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Dull blade	Replace blade
Increased cutting time	Insufficient head pressure	Increase head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Reduce blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection."
	Motor running in wrong direction	Reverse rotation of motor. (Motor rotation C.C.W. pulley end.)
Will not cut	Blade teeth pointing in wrong direction	Remove blade, turn blade inside out. Re-install blade. (Teeth must point in direction of travel. )
	Hardened material	Use special alloy blades. (Consult your industrial distributor for recommendation on type of blade required.)

### **MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Saw blade motor does not run	Overload relay activated	Reset
even though blade drive button	Saw blade is not at forward	Press SAW FRAME
is pressed.	limit position.	FORWARD button

### **MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Magnetic switch open, or	Reset protector by pushing red button (inside
	protector open.	electric box.)
Motor will not start	Low voltage	Check power line for proper voltage.
	Open circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
	connections.	or open connections.
	Short circuit in line, cord or	Inspect line, cord and plug for damaged
	plug.	insulation and shorted wire.
Motor will not start,	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
fuse or circuit	connections	or shorted terminals or worn insulation on
breakers "blow".		wires.
	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
	breakers in power line.	
Motor fail to develop	Power line overloaded with	Reduce the load on the power line.
full power. (Power	lights, appliances and other	
output of motor	motors.	
decreases rapidly	Undersize wires or circuit too	Increase wire sizes, or reduce length of wiring
with decrease in	long.	
voltage at motor	General overloading of power	Request a voltage check from the power
terminals.)	company's facilities.	company
	Motor overloaded.	Reduce load on motor
Motor overheat	Air circulation through the	Clean out motor to provide normal air
	motor restricted.	circulation through motor.
	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect terminals in motor for loose or shorted
Motor stalls	connections.	terminals or worn insulation on lead wires.
(Resulting in blown	Low voltage	Correct the low line voltage conditions.
fuses or tripped	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses circuit breakers.
circuit breakers)	breakers in power line.	
	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load.
Frequent opening of	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load
fuses or circuit	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
breakers.	breakers.	



### DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Too few teeth per inch	Use finer tooth blade
Teeth	Loading of gullets	Use coarse tooth blade or cutting lubricant.
strippage	Excessive feed	Decrease feed
	Work not secured in vise	Clamp material securely
	Teeth too coarse	Use a finer tooth blade
	Misalignment of guides	Adjust saw guides
	Dry cutting	Use cutting lubricant
Blade	Excessive speed	Lower speed. See Operating Instructions "Speed selection."
breakage	Excessive speed	Reduce feed pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Excessive tension	Tension blade to prevent slippage on drive wheel while cutting.
	Wheels out of line	Adjust wheels
	Guides out of line	For a straight and true cut, realign guides, check bearings for wear.
Blade line	Excessive pressure	Conservative pressure assures long blade life and clean straight cuts.
Run-out or	Support of blade insufficient	Move saw guides as close to work as possible.
Run-in	Material not properly secured in vise	Clamp material in vise, level and securely.
	Blade tension improper	Loosen or tighten tension on blade.
Blade	Blade not in line with guide bearings	Check bearings for wear and alignment.
twisting	Excessive blade pressure	Decrease pressure and blade tension
	Blade binding in cut	Decrease feed pressure
	Dry cutting	Use lubricant on all materials, except cast iron
Premature	Blade too coarse	Use finer tooth blade
tooth wear	Not enough feed	Increase feed so that blade does not ride in cut
	Excessive speed	Decrease speed

### **SAWING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS**

Other than this manual, the manufacturer also provides some related technical documents listed as follows:

### **Sawing Problems and Solutions**

	Vibra	ition	duri	ng cı	utting	
		Failu	re to	cut		
		⊢ S	hort	life o	of saw blade	
			[		d cutting	
	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓ E	Broken blade	
$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	Use of blade with incorrect pitch	Use blade with correct pitch suited
						to workpiece width
$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	Failure to break-in saw blade	Perform break-in operation
$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$			Excessive saw blade speed	Reduce speed
			$\checkmark$	✓	Insufficient saw blade speed	Increase speed
$\checkmark$		✓	✓	✓	Excessive saw head descending speed	Reduce speed
$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	✓		Insufficient saw head descending speed	Increase speed
		✓	✓		Insufficient saw blade tension	Increase tension
✓		$\checkmark$	✓	✓	Wire brush improperly positioned	Relocate
✓		✓	✓		Blade improperly clamped by insert	Check and correct
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Improperly clamped workpiece	Check and correct
	✓	✓	✓		Excessively hard material surface	Soften material surface
		✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Excessive cutting rate	Reduce cutting rate
	<b>√</b>	✓			Non-annealed workpiece	Replace with suitable workpiece
<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Insufficient or lean cutting fluid	Add fluid or replace
✓		✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Vibration near machine	Relocate machine
		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		Non-water soluble cutting fluid used	Replace
✓		<b>√</b>	✓		Air in cylinder	Bleed air
<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		1	Broken back-up roller	Replace
<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Use of non-specified saw blade	Replace
1	1	<i>'</i>	_	1	Fluctuation of line voltage	Stabilize
<u> </u>	•	·	·	•	Adjustable blade guide too far from	Bring blade guide close to
•		•	•		workpiece	workpiece
<b>√</b>		1	./	1	Loose blade guide	Tighten
•		·/	•	./	Blue or purple saw chips	
./		<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>		Reduce cutting rate Clean
V	/	V		V	Accumulation of chips at inserts	
1	V				Reverse positioning of blade on machine	
V		<b>V</b>	V		Workpieces are not bundled properly	Re-bundle
<b>V</b>		<b>√</b>		✓	Back edge of blade touching wheel	Adjust wheel to obtain clearance
					flange	
<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>			Workpiece of insufficient diameter	Use other machine, suited for
						diameter of workpiece Replace
	✓	✓	✓		Saw blade teeth worn	Replace

### **SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS**

**Table Of Contents** 

#1. Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth	#11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band
#2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth	#12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge
#3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth	#13. Butt Weld Breakage
#4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth	#14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets
#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge	#15. Body Breaking – Fracture Traveling In An Angular
	Direction
#6. Tooth Strippage	#16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets
#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips	#17. Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration
#8. Gullets Loading Up With Material	#18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge
#9. Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To	#19. Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge
Excessive Frictional Heat	
#10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band	#20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length.

### **#1.** Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Excessive band speed for the type of material being cut. This generates a high tooth tip temperature resulting in accelerated tooth wear.
- **C.** Low feed rate causes teeth to rub instead of penetrate. This is most common on work hardened materials such as stainless and toolsteels.
- **D.** Hard materials being cut such as "Flame Cut Edge" or abrasive materials such as "Fiber Reinforced Composites".
- **E.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio, and/or improper application

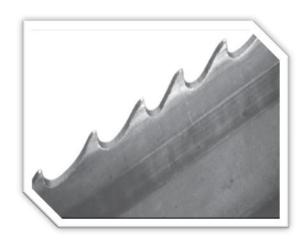
### #2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Broken, worn or missing back-up guides allowing teeth to contact side guides.
- B. Improper side guides for band width.
- **C.** Backing the band out of an incomplete cut.

### #3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth



### **Probable Cause:**

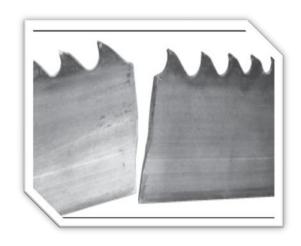
- **A.** Worn wheel flange, allowing side of teeth to contact wheel surface or improper tracking on flangeless wheel.
- **B.** Loose or improperly positioned side guides.
- **C.** Blade not perpendicular to cut.
- **D.** Blade rubbing against cut surface on return stroke of machine head.
- **E.** The teeth rubbing against a part of machine such as chip brush assembly, guards, etc.

### #4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Improper blade selection for application.
- **C.** Handling damage due to improper opening of folded band.
- **D.** Improper positioning or clamping of material.
- E. Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- F. Hitting hard spots or hard scale in material

### **#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge**



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Excessive back-up guide "preload" will cause back edge to work harden which results in cracking.
- **B.** Excessive feed rate.
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.
- E. Improper band tension.
- F. Notches in back edge from handling damage

### #6. Tooth Strippage



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Improper or lack of break-in procedure.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- **D.** Movement or vibration of material being cut.
- **E.** Improper tooth pitch for cross sectional size of material being cut.
- **F.** Improper positioning of material being cut.
- **G.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply,improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **H.** Hard spots in material being cut.
- Band speed too slow for grade of material being cut.

### **#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips**



- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Improper band speed.
- **D.** Improper feeding rate.

### #8. Gullets Loading Up With Material



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Too fine of a tooth pitch insufficient gullet capacity.
- **B.** Excessive feeding rate producing too large of a chip.
- **C.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

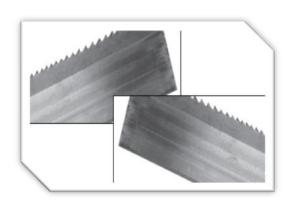
### **#9.** Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To Excessive Frictional Heat



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Excessive band speed.
- **C.** Improper feeding rate.
- **D.** Band installed backwards.

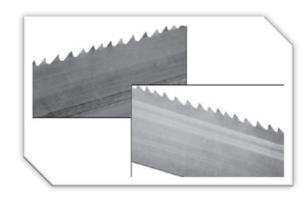
### 10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Chipped or broken side guides.
- **B.** Side guide adjustment may be too tight.
- **C.** Insufficient flow of sawing fluid through the side guides.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

### #11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band



- **A.** Loose side guides.
- **B.** Chipped, worn or defective side guides.
- **C.** Band is rubbing on part of the machine.
- **D.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **E.** Accumulation of chips in side guides.

### #12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge



### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Excessive feed rate.
- B. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.

### #13. Butt Weld Breakage

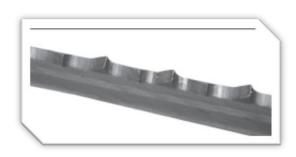


### **Probable Cause:**

**A.** Any of the factors that cause body breaks can also cause butt weld breaks.

(See Observations #5, #15 and #16)

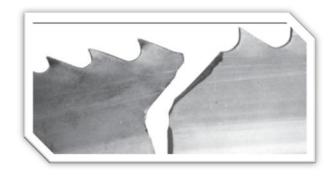
### #14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets



### **Probable Cause:**

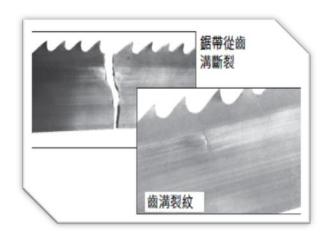
- **A.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **B.** Too slow of band speed.
- **C.** Using too fine of a tooth pitch for the size of material being cut.

### #15. Body Breaking - Fracture Traveling In An Angular Direction



- **A.** An excessive twist type of stress existed.
- **B.** Guide arms spread to capacity causing excessive twist from band wheel to guides.
- **C.** Guide arms spread too wide while cutting small cross sections.
- **D.** Excessive back-up guide "preload".

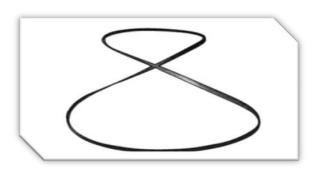
### #16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets



### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **B.** Improper band tension.
- **C.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **D.** Improper beam bar alignment.
- **E.** Side guide adjustment is too tight.
- **F.** Excessively worn teeth.

### **#17.** Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration



### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension.
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

### #18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge



### **Probable Cause:**

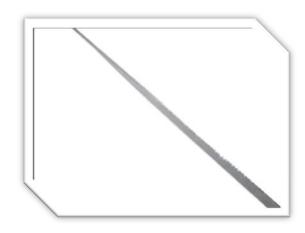
- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near gullets.
- **B.** Excessive "preload" band riding heavily against back-up guides.
- **C.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **E.** Guide arms are spread to maximum capacity.
- **F.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.

### #19. Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge



- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near back edge.
- **B.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **C.** Guide arms are spread too far apart.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.

### #20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length



### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

### **RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE**

If the feeding table suffers the huge stroke and the alignment is effected, follow the below procedure to adjust.

### TOOL, measuring

Measurement, Horizontal balance

### <u>Procedure</u>

- 1. Screw or loosen the adjusting bolt to attain the horizontal balance (leveling) between the roller table and the machine frame.
- 2. Ensure that the machine frame is not struck by the loaded material on the feeding table.
- 3. Check the leveling by the measuring tool.
- 4. After finished the adjusting, fix the roller table.

If the feeding table and the machine frame are not positioned under the horizontal balance, the loaded material may be going up gradually and affect the cutting effect.

### **PARTS**

### **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

**PART LIST** 

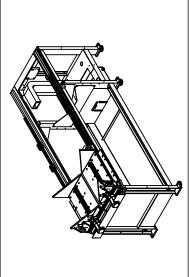
### **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

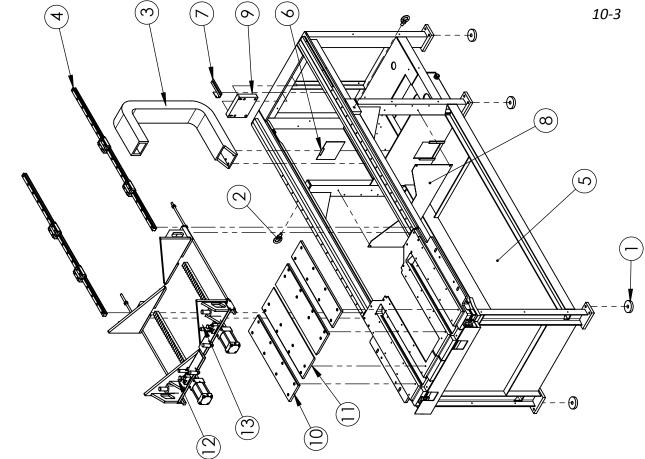
The following table lists the common spare parts we suggest you purchase in advance:

Part Name	Part Name
Saw blade	Filter
Wire brush	Steel plates
Carbide inserts	Rollers
Bearings	Belt
Chain	Duster seal
Asbestos	Washer

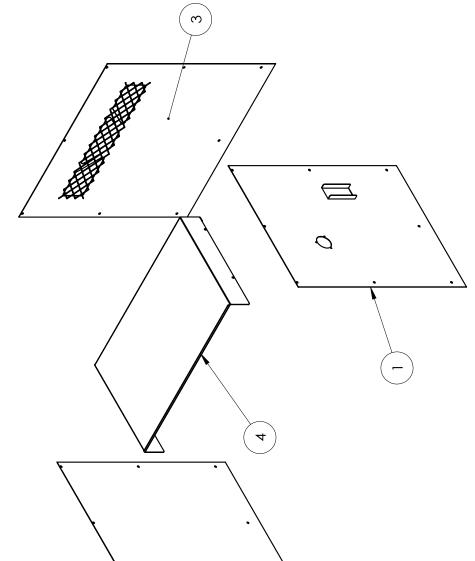
**COSCO** 05V-2230NC

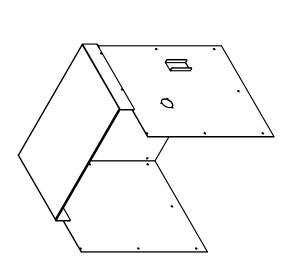
COSC 05V-2230NC



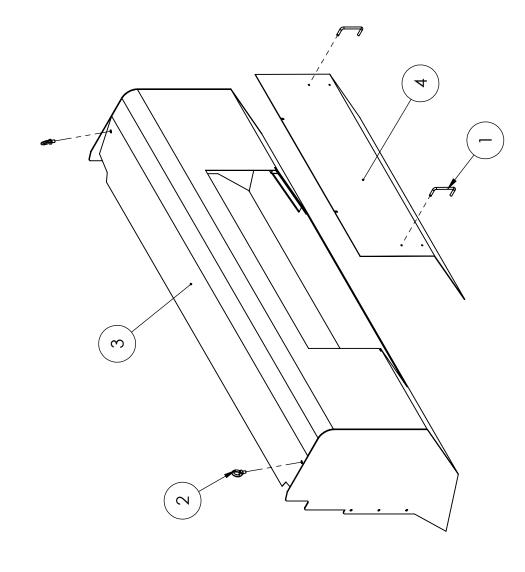


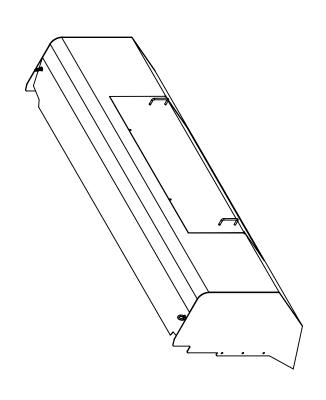
		QTY	9	2	1	2		1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
		PART SPEC.	\$0*15	M16XP2.0	CO-55X100-1310L	MSA30S2SSFC-R1310- 20/10N									
	V2230-10000 底座組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	底座墊塊	環首螺栓	拖鏈履帶	線性滑軌(含座和塞子)	底座	水箱濾網	後限固定板	底座擋屑板	油壓缸固定座	床面鍋板(一)	床面鍋板(二)	左虎鉗組	右虎鉗組
<b>*</b>	V223(	PART NAME	Table stand pad	Eye bolt	Continuous track	Linear guide	base	Water tank filter	Rear limit fixed plate	Base chip shield	cylinder fixed seat	bed steel plate 1	bed steel plate 2	Left vise assembly	Right vise assembly
		PART NO.	AHR-1055	PP-57905	PP-60019C	PP-92007D	V2230-1001	VC600D-1009	VC600D-2887A	VC670D-1022	VC670D-3271	V2230-2003	V2230-2005	V2230-22000	V2230-22500
		ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13



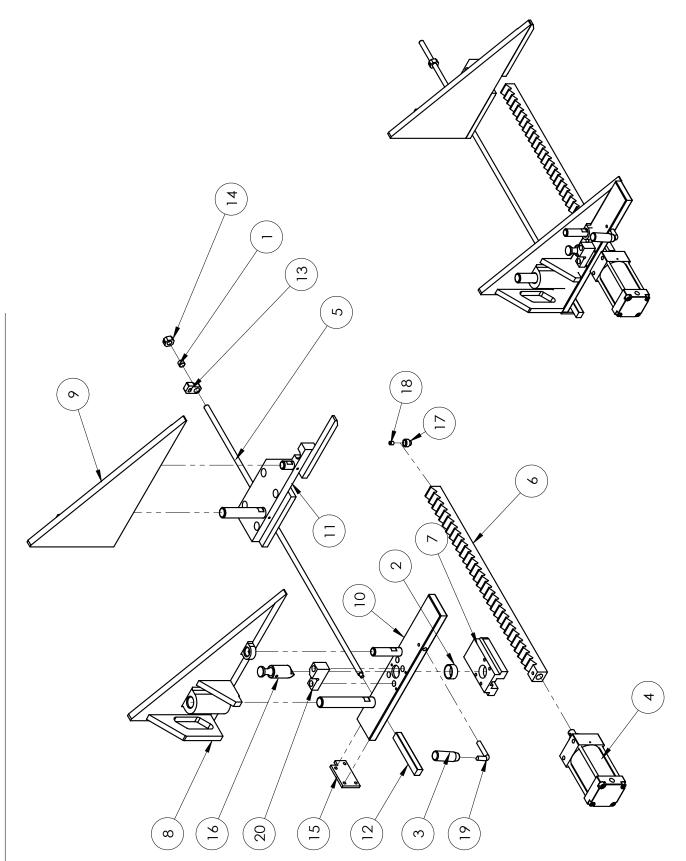


	QTY	-	1	1	1
	PARTSPEC				
底座邊蓋組	PART NAME PART NAME IN PARTSPEC CHINESE	右後蓋	左後蓋	後蓋	後護蓋(一)
VC670D-10500 底座邊蓋組	PART NAME	VC670D-1059 Right rear cover 右後蓋	VC670D-1061 Left rear cover 左後蓋		
<b>&gt;</b>	PART NO.	VC670D-1059	VC670D-1061	3 VC670D-1071 Rear cover	VC670D-2014 Rear cover(1)
	ITEM		2	3	4





		V2230-10600 底座護蓋組	底座護蓋組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PARTSPEC QTY	QTY
PF	PP-52124	Handle	輪箱把手	A42C	2
M	2 PP-57902	Eye bolt	環首螺栓	M10xP1.5	2
>	V2230-1043	Base cover	底座護蓋(鑚孔圖)		1
	C670D-1044	VC670D-1044 Base splash shield 底座遮水板	底座遮水板		1

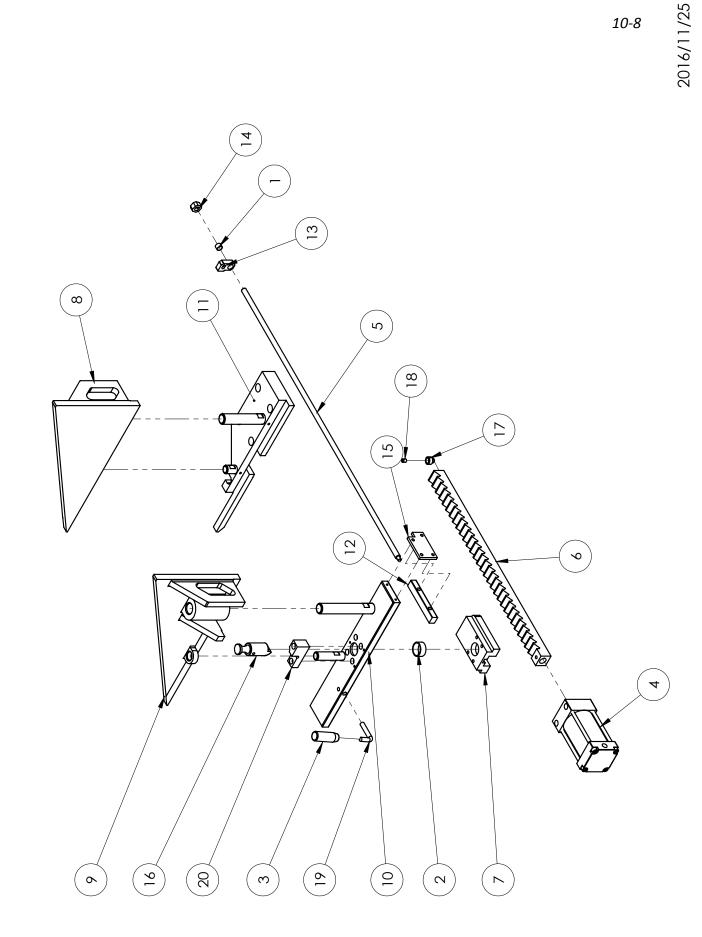


## COSCO 05V-2230NC

### **SERIES PART LIST**

		V2230-22000 左虎鉗組	左虎鉗組					
EM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PARTSPEC	QTY	<u> </u>	ITEM	PAF
	PP-13021	DU bushing	乾式軸承	MB1210DU	$\vdash$		15	VC600
7	PP-13190	DU bushing	乾式軸承	MB3015			16	009DA
8	PP-52055	Bakelite handle	電木手柄	65mm-M10牙	$\vdash$		17	009DA
4	SRF-25000A-1	Hydraulic cylinder assembly	油壓缸組				18	VC600
5	V2026-2281	Rod sensing block <u>歐應器</u> 滑桿	<b></b> 原 に と に に に に に に に に に に に に に		$\vdash$		19	009DA
9	V2230-2703	Rack gear	浪形板		$\vdash$		20	VC600
	VC600D-2225B	Vise sliding seat	虎鉗滑座		$\vdash$			
$\infty$	VC600D-2241A	VC600D-2241A Vise steel plate(1) 序鉗鋼板(一)	虎鉗鏑板(一)		$\leftarrow$			
6	VC600D-2243A	VC600D-2243A Vise steel plate(2) 虎鉗鏩板(	虎鉗鋼板(二)					
0]	VC600D-2252A	Left movable vise seat	左活動虎鉗座		-			
	VC600D-2254A Left fixed vise seat	Left fixed vise seat	左固定虎鉗座					
[ 5	VC600D-2282	Sliding rod fixed seat	滑桿固定座		-			
[3	VC600D-2284A	Sliding bar bracket	滑桿支架		$\vdash$			
4	VC600D-2285	Sliding bar sensing block	滑桿感應塊		1			

V2230-22000 左虎鉗組	000 左	5克鉗組		
PAR.	PART NAME   PA	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PARTSPEC QTY	QTY
od co ate	15 VC600D-2286A Rod connecting 海 plate	滑桿連接板		$\vdash$
16 VC600D-2701B Pawl		施力板		$\vdash$
ack gock	17 VC600D-2704 Rack gear sliding 浪形板滑塊 block	<b>胚板滑塊</b>		1
Rack gear position ri	gu	浪形板定位環		-
andl	19 VC600D-2713 Handle shaft 担	把手軸心		П
awl h	Pawl holder 施	施力板座		$\vdash$



### 10-9

2016/11/26

## COSCO 05V-2230NC

### **SERIES PART LIST**

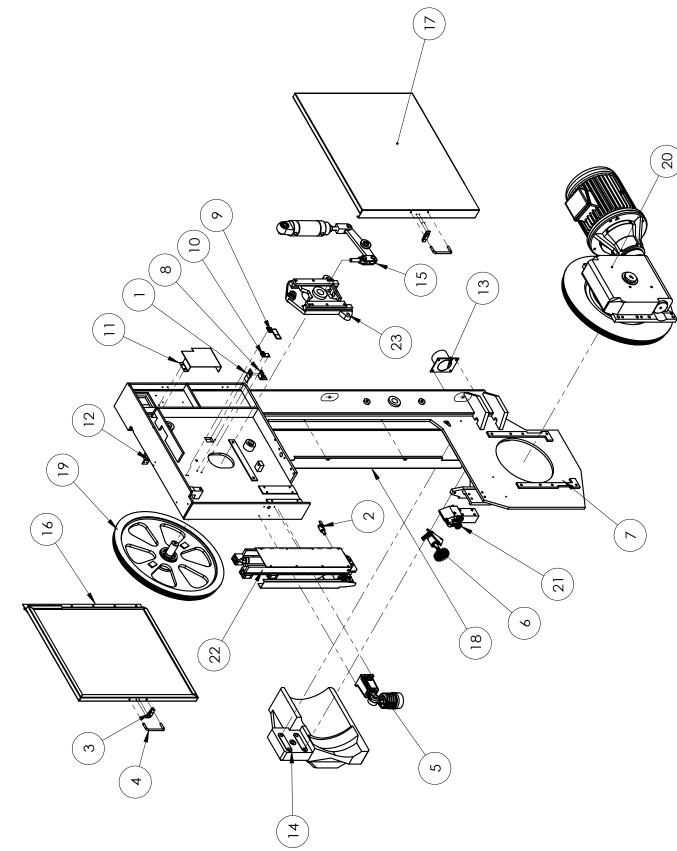
_	PA	Pawl	Rack block	Rack posit	Hanc	Pawl										
	PART NO.	VC600D-2701B	VC600D-2704	VC600D-2705	VC600D-2713	VC600D-2714										
	ITEM	16	17	18	19	20										
	QTY	T	<u>~</u>	$\vdash$		-	<u>~</u>	$\leftarrow$	<b>⊢</b>		$\vdash$	-	<u> </u>		1	-
	PARTSPEC	MB1210DU	MB3015	65mm-M10牙												
右虎鉗組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	乾式軸承	乾式軸承	電木手柄	油壓缸組	<b></b> 咸應器滑桿	浪形板	虎鉗滑座	虎鉗鋼板(一)	虎鉗鋼板(二)	右活動虎鉗座	右固定虎鉗座	滑桿固定座	滑桿支架	滑桿感應塊	滑桿連接板
V2230-22500 右虎鉗組	PART NAME	DU bushing	DU bushing	Bakelite handle	Hydraulic cylinder	Rod sensing block 威應器滑桿	Rack gear	Vise sliding seat	Vise steel plate(1)	Vise steel plate(2)	Right movable vise seat	Right fixed vise seat	Sliding rod fixed seat	Sliding bar bracket	Sliding bar sensing block	Rod connecting plate
	PART NO.	PP-13021	PP-13190	PP-52055	SRF-25000B-1	V2026-2281	V2230-2703	VC600D-2225B	VC600D-2241A	VC600D-2243A	VC600D-2253A	VC600D-2255A	VC600D-2282	VC600D-2284A	VC600D-2285	VC600D-2286A
	TEM	₩	7	~	4	~	9		$\infty$	6	10	1	12	13	14	15

		V2230-22500 右虎鉗組	右虎鉗組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PARTSPEC QTY	QTY
16	16 VC600D-2701B Pawl		施力板		$\leftarrow$
17	17 VC600D-2704	Rack gear sliding 浪形板滑塊 block	浪形板滑塊		1
18	18 VC600D-2705	Rack gear position ring	浪形板定位環		$\vdash$
19	19 VC600D-2713	Handle shaft	把手軸心		$\vdash$
20	20 VC600D-2714	Pawl holder	施力板座		$\vdash$



(4)	9	(5)					8			(01)			
	QTY	1	2	1	1	1	1	-	1		1		
	PARTSPEC		C-408 S鐵片18Hx59Lx19W	CS-15									
VC670D-13000 控制箱組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	控制箱防塵壓板	鎖頭	流量刻度牌	指針擋桿	壓力控制面板	控制面板(5.7")	控制箱門蓋	控制箱	線路板	門式開關支撐座	電線固定板	泡棉固定座
VC670D-	PART NAME	Control box gasket	Lock and key	Flow control scale	Pointer stoppper	Pressure control panel	Control panel	Control box door cover	Control box	Circuit board	Supporting seat	Wire fixed board	Foam fixed seat
	PART NO.	C250H-1312	PP-58132C	PP-61006	SJY-2108	SRF-1213A	SV600D-1212D	VC600D-1301-1	VC600D-1301C	VC600D-1302C	VC600D-1317	VC600D-1320	VC600D-1320-1
	LEM	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12

10-10



## **SERIES PART LIST**

COSC 05V-2230NC

V2230-30000 鋸弓組 Saw bow assembly

QTY

### PARTSPEC PART NAME IN CHINESE 張力輪箱蓋 V2230-30000 鋸弓組 張力護蓋 鋸帶護蓋 張力輪組 ve wheel assembly |主動輪組 ision wheel cover PART NAME nsioner wheel sembly w blade cover ısion cover

QTY

PARTSPEC

PART NAME

PART NO.

TEM

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V2026-32200 鋼刷組

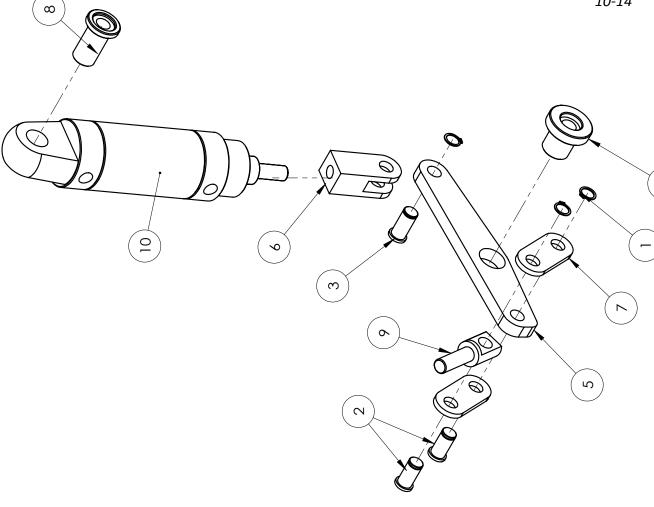


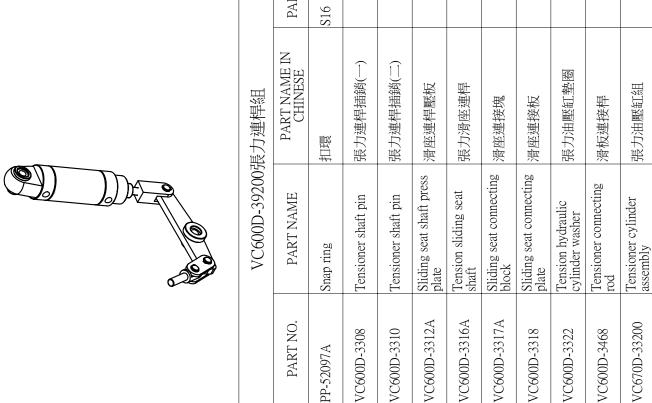
# PART LIST

SERIES

**E OSC** 05V-2230NC

## VC600D-39200 張力連桿組 Tensioner shaff assembly





ITEM

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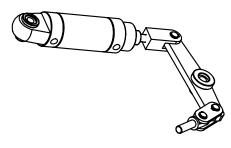
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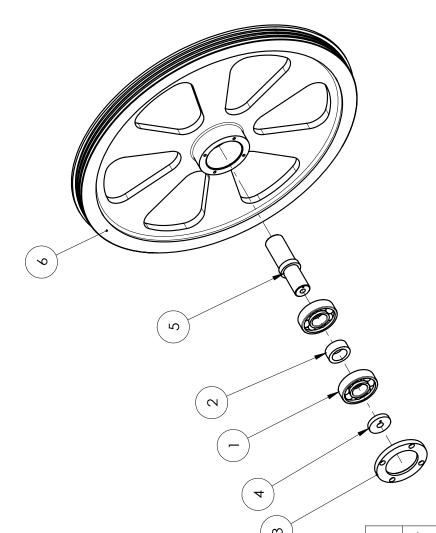
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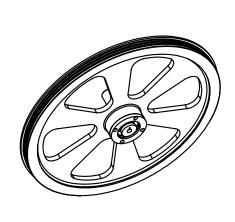
PARTSPEC | QTY



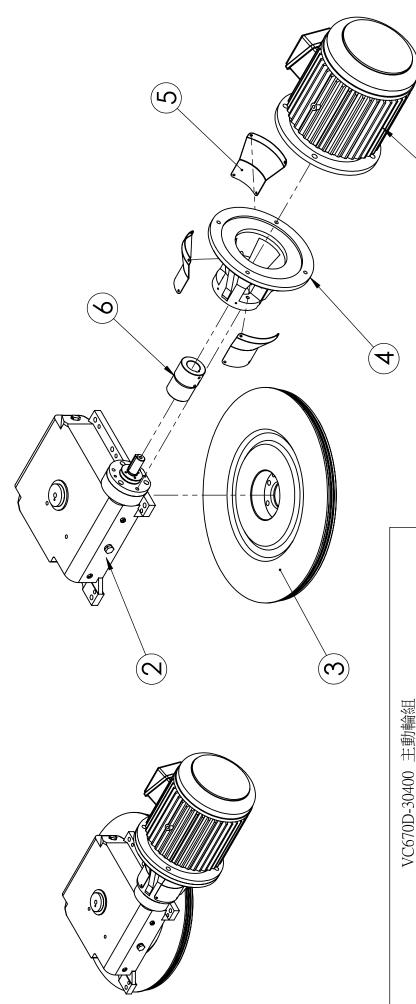
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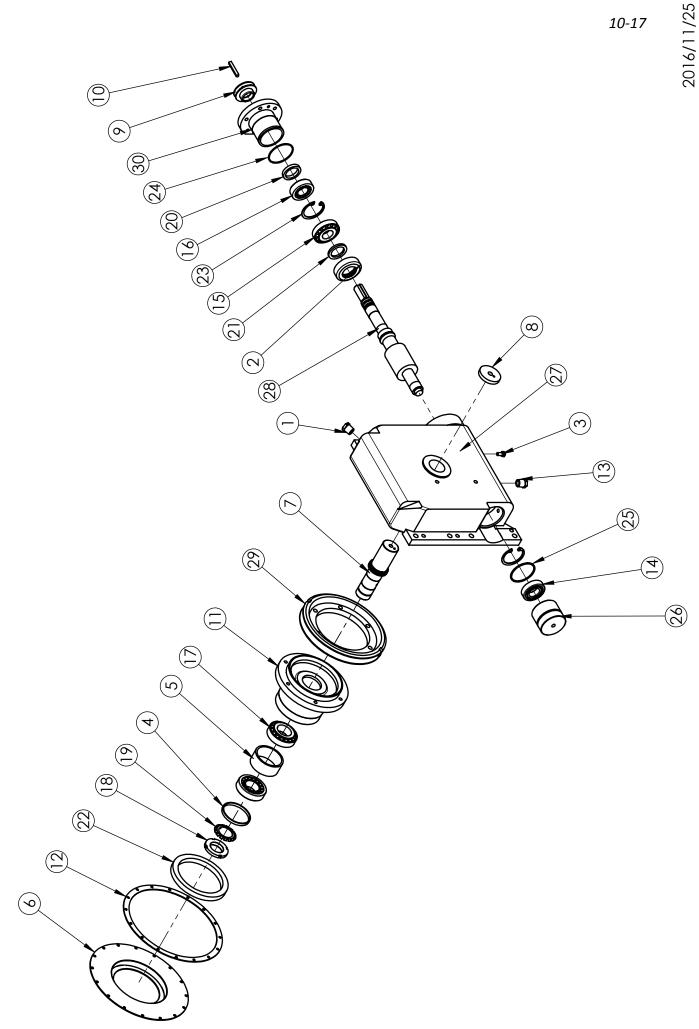




	QTY	2	1	1	1	1	1
	PARTSPEC	(XSN)AA90E9					
張力輸組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	軸承	間隔環	固定環(上輪)	上輪墊片	上輪軸	張力輪
VC670D-303003長力輸組	PART NAME	Bearing	Distance ring	Fixed ring	Idle wheel washer	Idle wheel shaft	Idle wheel
	PART NO.	PP-14294	SRF-2905	SRF-2906	SRF-2913	VC600D-3033	VC670D-3031
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9



	QTY		1	1	1	3	1
	PART SPEC. QTY	7.5HP					
主動輸組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	馬達	減速機組	主動輪	馬達連接座(7.5HP)	連接座護蓋	馬達軸套
VC670D-30400 主動輸組	PART NAME	motor (vertical)	VC670D-33500A Gear reducer assembly 減速機組	drive wheel	Motor connecting seat	Connecting seat cover	Motor shaft sleeve
	PART NO.	PBV7.5-D417-P motor (vertical)	VC670D-33500A	VC670D-3041	VC670D-3068	VC670D-3070	VC670D-3368
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9



# COSCO 05V-2230NC

## SERIES PART LIST

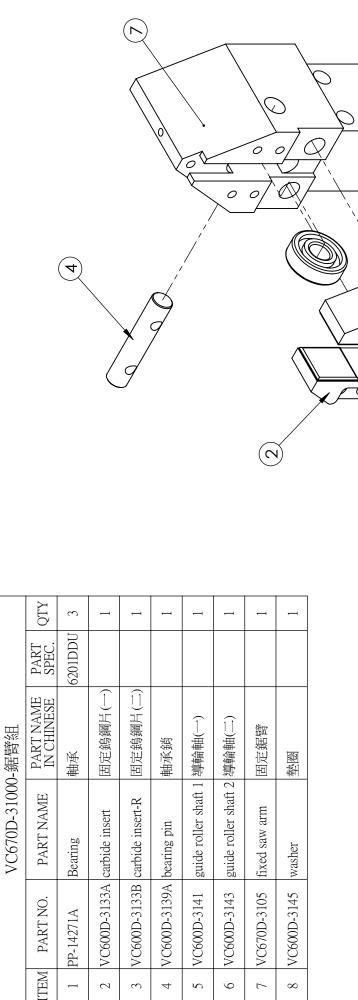
VC600D-33500A 減速機組 Gear reducer assembly

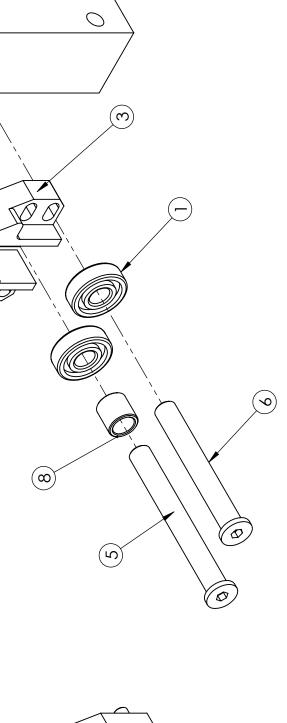
			VC600D-33500A 減速機組	A 減速機組		
	ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	18	PP-14908	Fixed nut	固定螺母	AN08	
	19	PP-14958	Stop ring	止動環	AW08	
	20	PP-51070	Oil Seal	0型環	TC-38.50.8 NOK	1
	21	PP-51080	O-ring	油封	38*52*5	-
	22	PP-51090B	O-ring	油封	130x160x14T	1
	23	PP-58103	Interlock	內鎖	R62	2
	24	PP-59015	O-ring	0型環	AS-568 147	1
•	25	PP-59570	O-ring	0型環	G65	
	26	SV600D-3024	Bearing sea	輔承座(二)		1
	27	VC600D-3351	Gear reducer body	減速機本體		
	28	VC600D-3353AWorm shaft		蝸桿 1/45		1
	29	VC600D-3355AWorm gear	Worm gear	蝸輪 1/45		1
	30	VC670D-3361	Bearing seat	軸承座		

	QTY	1		-		-	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	Ţ	1		1	2
	PART SPEC.													1/2PT	6206Z KOYO	30306D KOYO	32206 NSK	32208KOYO
A 減速機組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	透氣塞頭	固定座蓋	注油螺絲	調整環	軸承整圈	油封固定盤	下輪軸	下輪軸固定華司	鍋刷普利	減速機普利方鍵	姆輪固定座	減速機橡膠墊圈	外六角塞頭(英)	軸承	沒錐軸承	沒錐軸承	沒錐軸承
VC600D-33500A 減速機組	PART NAME	Plug	Fixed seat cover	Filling screw	Adjusting ring	Bearing washer	Oil fixed plate	Drive wheel shaft	Drive wheel shaft fixed washer	Wire brush pulley	Gear reducer pulley key	Housing	Gear reducer rubber washer	Hexagon plug	Bearing	Ball bearing	Ball bearing	Ball bearing
	PART NO.	AHA-0307	AHA-0314	AHA-0328	AHA-0429	AHA-0431B	AHA-0433A	C250H-3043	C250H-3046	C250H-3061	C250H-3354	C250H-3365	C250H-3369	PED-025	PP-14131D	PP-14652A	PP-14691	PP-14693B
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

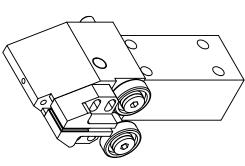
## VC670D-31000 鋸臂組 Saw arm assembly

### **SERIES PART LIST**

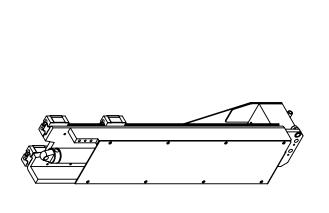




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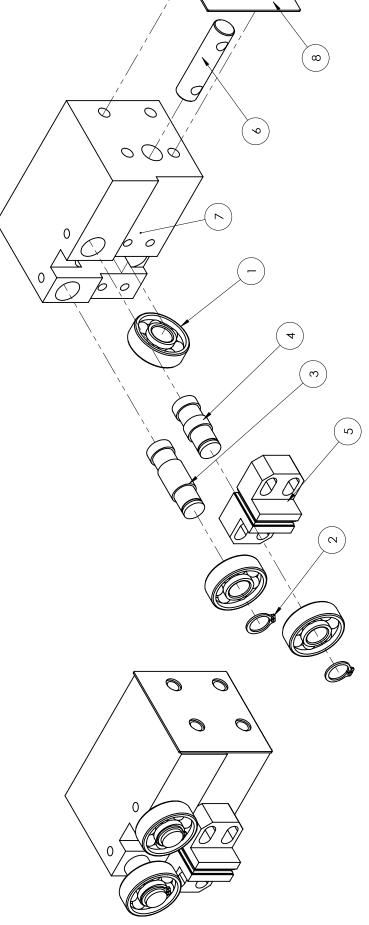
# VC670D-31000A 活動鋸臂組 Movable guide arm assembly



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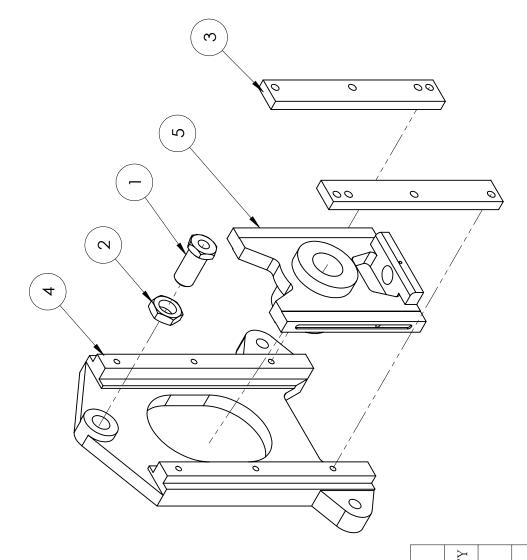
	QTY	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	
	PARTSPEC								
据臂組	PART NAME IN PARTSPEC QTY	丁野藰甲	滑軌+滑塊	活動鋸臂	冷卻水噴嘴	鋸臂油缸轉接板	鋸臂遮板	鋸臂擋水板	上導輸座組
VC670D-31000A活動鋸臂組	PART NAME	Hydraulic cylinder	Linear guide	Movable guide arm	Spray nozzle	Adaptor plate	Guide arm cover	Saw arm splash shield	Upper guide roller assembly 上導輸座組
	PART NO.	HMB20L400E12	PP-92008	VC600D-3103	VC600D-3183	VC600D-3486	VC600D-3496	VC670D-3483	VC670D-31300
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8

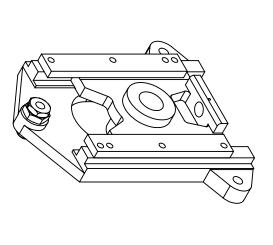
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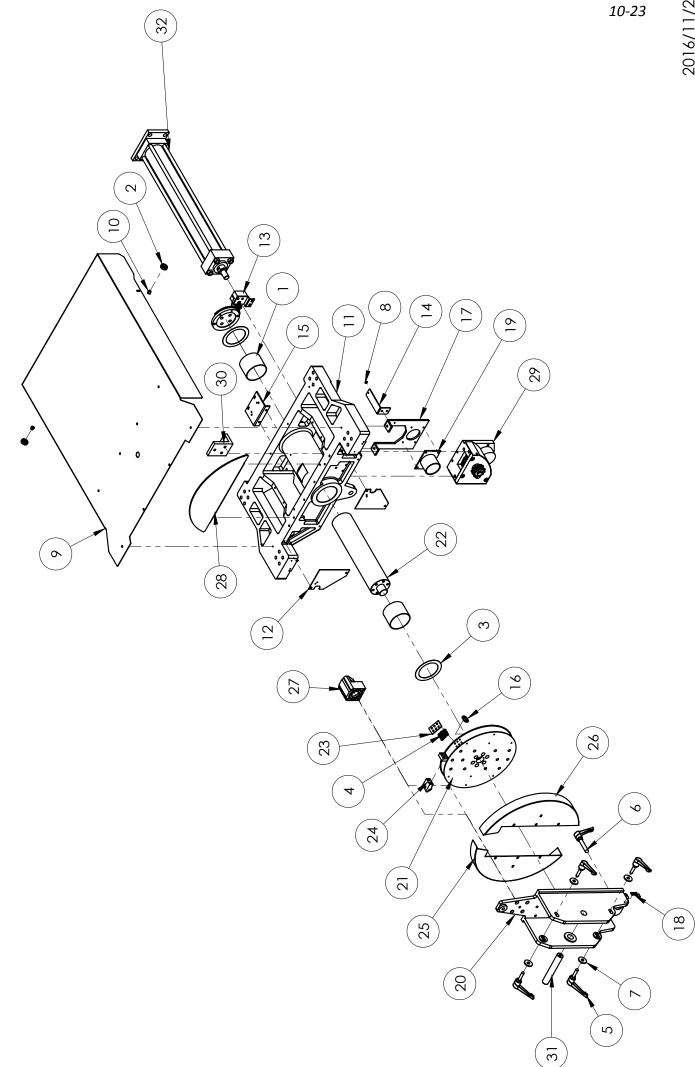
		VC670D-31300 上導輸座組	上導輪座組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC QTY	QTY
	PP-14271A	Bearing	軸承	6201DDU	3
2	PP-52085	Snap ring	扣環	S12	2
3	SRF-3202	Guide roller shaft(1)	導輪軸(1)		1
4	SRF-3202A	Guide roller shaft(2)	導輪軸(2)		1
5	VC600D-3133	Fixed carbide insert	固定鎢鋼片		2
9	VC600D-3139 Bearing pin	Bearing pin	軸承銷		1
7	VC670D-3131	Guide roller seat	導輸座		1
$\infty$	VC670D-3155 Spacer	Spacer	導輪座墊片		





	ÓĽ	1	1	2	1	1
	PART SPEC. QT					
力滑座滑板組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	調整螺絲	調整螺母	張力壓板(一)	張力滑座	張力滑板
VC670D-33000張力滑座滑板組	PART NAME	Adjusting bolt	Adjusting nut	SV600D-2905 tensioner press plate 1 展力壓板(一)	VC600D-3301 Tensioner sliding seat 展力滑座	VC600D-3303 Tensioner sliding plate 展力滑板
	ITEM PART NO.	AHA-0610	2 AHA-0611	SV600D-2905	VC600D-3301	VC600D-3303
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5





## V2230-34500 鋸弓滑軌組 Saw bow rotating assembly

### SERIES

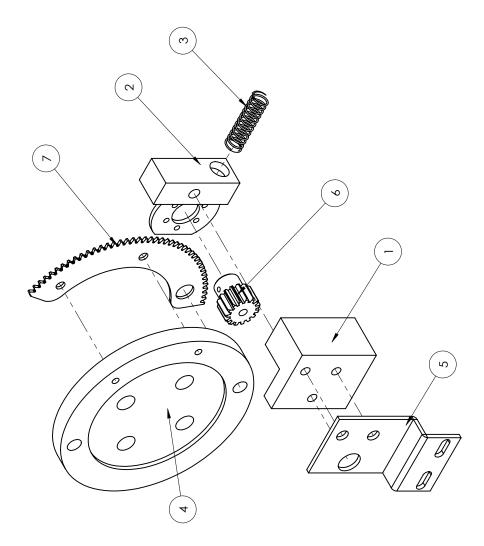
COSCO 05V-2230NC

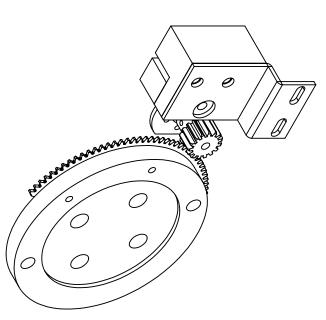
## PART LIST

	QTY	1	1	1	1	1	1	$\vdash$		1		1	1	1
	PARTSPEC													
V2230-34500鋸弓滑軌組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	鋸弓旋轉座	鋸弓旋轉盤	鋸弓旋轉軸	鏈係壓板	鏈條固定塊	鏈條護蓋(一)	鏈條護蓋(二)	鋸弓旋轉制動組	制動盤	鋸弓旋轉齒輪組	齒輪箱固定座加強板	前傾軸心	油壓缸
V2230-3 <sup>2</sup>	PART NAME	Saw bow rotating seat	Saw bow rotating plate	Saw bow rotating shaft	Chain press plate	Chain fixed block	Chain cover(1)	Chain cover(2)	Saw bow rotating brake assembly	Brake plate	Saw bow rotating gear	Reinforced plate	shaft	HFB-80L662E35 Hydraulic cylinder
	PART NO.	VC600D-3487A	VC600D-3488	VC600D-3489	VC600D-3495	VC600D-3497	VC600D-3498	VC600D-3499	VC600D-37500B Saw bow rotating brake assembly	VC600D-3751A Brake plate	VC600D-39500	VC600D-3954	VC670D-3485	HFB-80L662E35
	ITEM	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	1 .													
	<u> </u>													

		(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(1	(4.)	(4)	(4.)						
	QTY	2	2	2	1	4	1	4	1	1	2	1	2	-		1	-	1	-	
	PARTSPEC	10080	6201DDU	AS100	RS50	GN300-92-M12-50-SW	M16x80L	13X40X4T	9											
V2230-34500鋸弓滑軌組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	乾式軸承	軸承	推力圈AS100	鍊條	調整式手輪	鋸臂手把	平面華司	上華里	後護蓋(二)	軸承固定座	床面滑台	床面遮板	譯碼器組	管線固定座A	履帶固定板	鋸弓旋轉盤華司	管線固定座	角度指針	油電護管座
V2230-3	PART NAME	DU bushing	Bearing	Thrust collar	Chain	Adjusting handle	Saw arm handle	Flat washer	Flat washer	Rear cover (2)	Bearing fixed seat	Bed slide	Bed cover	Encoder assembly	Utility lines fixed seatA	Continuous track fixed plate	Washer	Utility lines fixed seat	Angle pointer	Protection sleeve seat
	PART NO.	PP-13295D	PP-14271A	PP-14444	PP-19004	PP-52054	PP-521111	PPA-12D	PPA-6	V2230-2016	VC600D-1480	VC600D-2001	VC600D-2036	VC600D-21000	VC600D-2394	VC600D-2553	VC600D-3466	VC600D-3476	VC600D-3480	VC600D-3481
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

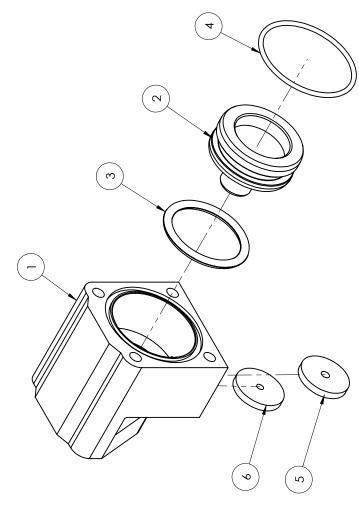
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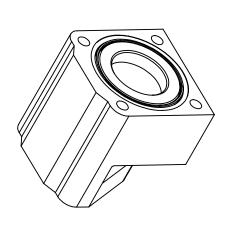




	QTY	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	
	PARTSPEC QTY								
譯碼器組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	擇碼器活動座	譯碼器固定座	微動彈簧	旋轉軸端板	擇碼器固定座	1.5定寸齒輪	M1.5齒型板	
VC600D-21000譯碼器組	PART NAME	Encoder movable seat	Encoder fixed seat	Spring	SV600D-2107A Rotating shaft end plate	Encoder seat	M1.5 Gear	Toothed plate	
	PART NO.	C320G-2103	C320G-70536	M3L-9-10	SV600D-2107A	VC600D-2101B Encoder seat	VC600D-2105	VC600D-2112	
	TEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	

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	QT		1					
	PARTSPEC	P50A	G-65					
旋轉制動組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	0型環	0型環	制動器支撐座	制動固定片	制動活動片	制動活塞	
VC600D-37500B 鋸弓旋轉制動組	PART NAME	O-ring	O-ring	Brake supporting seat 制動器支撐座	Brake fixed plate	Brake movable plate   制動活動片	Brake piston	
9DA	PART NO.	PP-59196	PP-59570	VC600D-3752B	VC600D-3753	VC600D-3754	6 VC600D-3755A	
	ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	9	

**SERIES PART LIST** 

					(81)							9 6	(12)		)	<b>€</b>	(12)	(2)	
	QTY	4	7	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	1		1		2	1	3
	PARTSPEC	2250	S25	8*7*30L	8*7*65L	9*6*30L	8*7*40L												
弓旋轉齒輪組	PART NAME IN PARTSPEC CHINESE	乾式軸承(2520)	打環S25	雙圓平行鍵	雙圓平行鍵	單頭平行鍵	單頭平行鍵	鍵輪	齒輪箱板(一)	齒輪箱板(二)	<b>齒輪(一)</b>	齒輪(二)	齒輪(三)	齒輪(四)	磁輸軸	鍵輪軸	齒輪軸墊圈	齒輪箱護蓋	齒輪箱板銷螺絲
VC600D-39500鋸弓旋轉齒輪組	PART NAME	DU bushing	Snap ring	Double head round key	Chain wheel	Gearbox plate(1)	Gearbox plate(2)	Gear(1)	Gear(2)	Gear(3)	Gear(4)	Gear shaft	Chain wheel shaft	Gear shaft washer	Gearbox cover	Gearbox screw			
Λ	PART NO.	PP-13140	PP-52092	PP-91731A	PP-91731B	PP-91735	PP-91736	VC600D-2551A Chain wheel	VC600D-3951	VC600D-3952	VC600D-3956	VC600D-3957	VC600D-3958	VC600D-3959	VC600D-3961	VC600D-3962	VC600D-3963	VC600D-3964	VC600D-3965
	ITEM	-	2	3	4	2	9	7	~	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

### Warranty

### Warranty

New machines are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and material for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment by Seller. The warranty period is based on normal usage of two thousand eighty hours (2080) per year and is reduced proportionately for any excess usage. Products, which under normal operating conditions in Buyer's plant are defective in workmanship or material, will be repaired or replaced at the option of Seller.

This warranty does not cover shipping freight charges for either the return of the defective part or for the shipping of the replacement or repaired part.

Seller will have no obligation to repair or replace perishable parts, or materials or parts damaged by misuse, negligence or failure of Buyer to provide appropriate maintenance and service as stated in the operator's manual or industry standard and normally acceptable practices.

This warranty does not apply if the machine has been altered or modified without our prior written consent.

In the case of components or units purchased by Seller including work holding devices, tool holders, motors and controls, the warranty shall not exceed that received by Seller from the supplier of such components or units.

Seller will not assume responsibility for products or components returned to Seller without prior consent or for unauthorized repairs to its products, even though defective.

**Electrical Equipment:** The warranty available for all electrical components to the Buyer will be voided if the voltage supplied to the machine is found to be outside the stated voltage of the machine by +/-10% and/or grounded at machine.

Accessories Supplied with Manufacturer's Equipment: The warranties available to the Buyer are those extended by the accessory manufacturer, if any, to the extent they are in force and effect. The ACCESSORY MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY, if any, is exclusive and is in lieu of all other warranties whether written, oral or implied.

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