

# **C-510MNC**

SNC-100 Programmable Automatic Hinge-Type Miter-Cutting Horizontal Bandsaw

(CE & Non-CE Models)

# **Instruction Manual**

The Pinnacle of Cutting Performance
Cosen Mechatronics Co., Ltd.

# FROM THE MANUFACTURER

Thank you for your purchase of COSEN's bandsaw machine and your trust in the COSEN brand.

We are excited to have you as our valued customer and look forward as much as you do to the accelerated productivity, long-lasting endurance and superb cost-effectiveness this machine is about to bring to you.

To ensure you are fully utilizing our machine and being advantaged in every possible way, please do take your time and read through this instruction manual.

Any comment or suggestion in making our service better, please do not hesitate to let us know. Thank you again!

#### NOTE:



- Read this instruction manual carefully to familiarize yourself with the installation, operation and maintenance of your COSEN bandsaw machine.
- Operate the machine following the procedures described in the manual to prevent personal injuries or machine damage.
- Keep this manual handy and refer to it whenever you are uncertain of how to perform any of the procedures.



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#### **Instruction Manual: C-510MNC**

SNC-100 Programmable Automatic Hinge-Type Miter-Cutting Horizontal Bandsaw (CE & Non-CE Models) Ver.8 2017/6/15

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# Safety rules



■ Make sure your work area is cleared of uninvited people and obstacles every time before you start operating the machine.



■ Never step or stand on the roller table. Your foot may slip or trip on the rollers and you will fall.



- Never wear gloves or loose clothing when operating the machine. It may lead to serious injury if they are caught in the running machine. Wrap or cover long hair.
- Never touch the running saw blade with gloves or not. It is dangerous if your hands, clothing or gloves are caught by the running blade.



■ Make sure any use of fire is prohibited in the shop and install a fire extinguisher or other fire control device near the machine when cutting titanium, magnesium, or any other material that produces flammable chips. Never leave the machine unattended when cutting flammable materials.



■ Use a water-soluble cutting fluid on this machine. Oil-based cutting fluids may emit smoke or catch fire, depending on how they are used.



■ Never cut carbon or any other material that may produce and disperse explosive dust. It is possible that sparks from motors and other machine parts will ignite and explode the air-borne dust.

# Safety rules



- Never adjust the wire brush or remove chips while the saw blade is still running. It is extremely dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Stop the saw blade before you clean the machine. It is dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Never start the saw blade unless the workpiece has been clamped firmly. If the workpiece is not securely clamped, it will be forced out of the vise during cutting.



- Take preventive measures when cutting thin or short pieces from the work to keep them from falling. It is dangerous if the cut pieces fall.
- Use roller tables at the front and rear sides of the machine when cutting long work. It is dangerous if the work piece falls off the machine.



■ Turn off the shop circuit breaker switch before performing maintenance on the machine. Post a sign indicating the machine is under maintenance.

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# *SAFETY INFORMATION*

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS
SAFEGUARD DEVICES
EMERGENCY STOP
SAFETY LABELS
HEARING PROTECTION
CE COMPLIANCE
RISK ASSESSMENT

Safety is a combination of a well-designed machine, operator's knowledge about the machine and alertness at all times. COSEN's band machine has incorporated many safety measures during the design process and used protective devices to prevent personal injuries and potential risks. Warning labels also serve as a reminder to the operator.

Throughout this manual, you will also see various safety-related symbols indicating important information that you should take note of prior to use of the machine or part of its functions. These important safety instructions do not cover all possible situations that might occur. It is your responsibility to take caution and follow procedures stated in this manual when installing, maintaining and operating your machine. Cosen will not be liable for damages resulting from improper use.

## **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

What the icons and signs in this user manual mean:



This icon marks **DANGER**; hazards or unsafe practices that may result in **severe personal injury or death.** 



This icon marks **WARNING**; hazards or unsafe practices that may result in **personal injury or damage to the machine.** 



This icon marks **CAUTION**; information that should be read before use to prevent damage to the machine.



Supplementary information to the procedures described in this manual.



Call your local agent or our service center for help.



This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage. Learn the operation, limitation and the specific potential hazards peculiar to this band saw.



Do not operate this machine unless it is completely assembled.



Make sure the power switch is off before plugging in power cord.



Disconnect the power cord before making adjustment, maintenance or blade changes.



Keep all guards and shields in place before installing or starting up the machine.



Wear proper apparel during operation and when servicing the machine.



Keep unauthorized personnel away.



Do not reach over or stand on any part of the machine.



Never hold the material by hand for cutting. Always use the vise and make sure the material is clamped securely before cutting.



It is dangerous to operate the machine when the floor is slippery. Keep the floor clean and dry. Check for ice, moisture, or grease before entering.



Do not use the machine to cut explosive material or high pressure vessels as it will generate great amount of heat during the sawing process and may ignite an explosion.



Keep the work environment safe. Do not use band saw in a damp or wet location.



Never operate while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.



All users must read it before performing any activity on the machine, such as replacing the saw band or doing regular maintenance.



Some personal protective equipment is required for the safe use of the machine, e.g. protection goggles.



Keep blade protection cover and wheel covers in place and in working order.



Use recommended accessories. Improper accessories may be hazardous.



Keep your work area well illuminated at minimum 500 lumen.



Keep your work area clean. Cluttered and slippery floors invite accidents.



Remove adjusting keys, wrenches or any loose parts or items from the machine before turning on power.



Check for damaged parts. Before continuing using the machine, the damaged part should be checked and replaced.



Moving parts should be kept in proper alignment and connection with the machine. Check for breakage, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. Any damaged part or guard should be properly repaired or replaced.



When a workpiece is too long or heavy, make sure it is supported with a roller table (recommended).



Always remember to switch off the machine when the work is completed.



Use a sharp saw blade and keep the machine in its best and safest performance by following a periodical maintenance schedule.



Do not force the band saw beyond its intended use. It is safer to operate with the cutting rate for which it was designed.

## **SAFEGUARD DEVICES**

The safeguard devices incorporated in this machine include the following two main parts:

- 1. Protection covers & guards
- 2. Safety-related switches

# **Protection Covers & Guards**

- 1. Idle wheel housing cover
- 2. Drive wheel housing cover
- 3. Gear reducer cover
- 4. Wire brush belt cover
- 5. Blade guard cover (left & right)
- 6. Safety fence (left & right)(CE model only, as shown in Illustration: Safety Fence)
- 7. Chip conveyor cover (CE model only)



The protection devices should always be mounted on the machine whenever the machine is running.

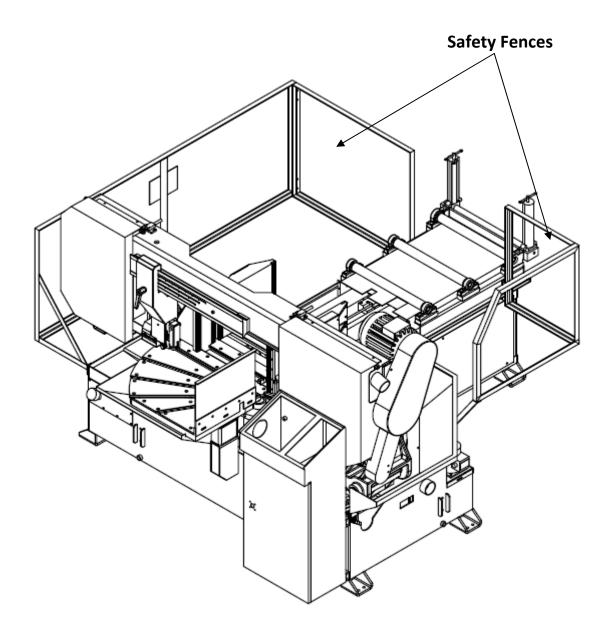


Do not remove any of these safeguard devices under any circumstances except when servicing the machine. Even skilled service technicians should still take cautions when performing repairs or service on the machine with any of these protectors removed. It is the responsibility of the user to make sure all these elements are not lost and damaged.



Take note of the following main moving parts on the machine prior to and during machine operation:

- Saw bow assembly
- Drive and idle wheels
- Blade guide arm
- Saw blade guide rollers
- Quick approach device
- Wire brush
- Chip conveyor (optional)
- Workpiece clamping vises
- Shuttle vises and workbed rollers
- Top clamps (optional)
- Gear reducer



# **Safety Related Switches**

To protect the operator, the following safety related switches on the machine are actuated when the machine is in operation.

Wheel motion detector	This is a proximity sensor used to detect the motion of the drive wheel. Once the saw blade is broken or as soon as it starts slipping, the sensor will detect and stop the drive wheel and the machine.
Power switch	Located on the cover of electrical cabinet, the power switch controls the main power of the machine. Up to your company's internal rules, this power switch can be locked with a padlock or a luggage lock to protect the operator and the machine.
Emergency stop button	Located on the control panel, the button when pressed will stop the machine completely.
Vise clamp switch	This switch assures firm clamping of the workpiece. If the workpiece is not clamped properly, the saw blade is not allowed to run.
Wheel cover interlock switches (CE model only)	Located on the two wheel housings, these switches are used to assure that the machine will stop whenever the wheel covers are open. This device is to protect users from being cut by the running saw blades.

Among all these safety switches, some of them are used to protect the users and some of them are used to prevent damage to saw blades, the workpiece and the machine itself, etc. We have taken every precaution to prevent injury or damage and to provide safe and economical operation of the machine.

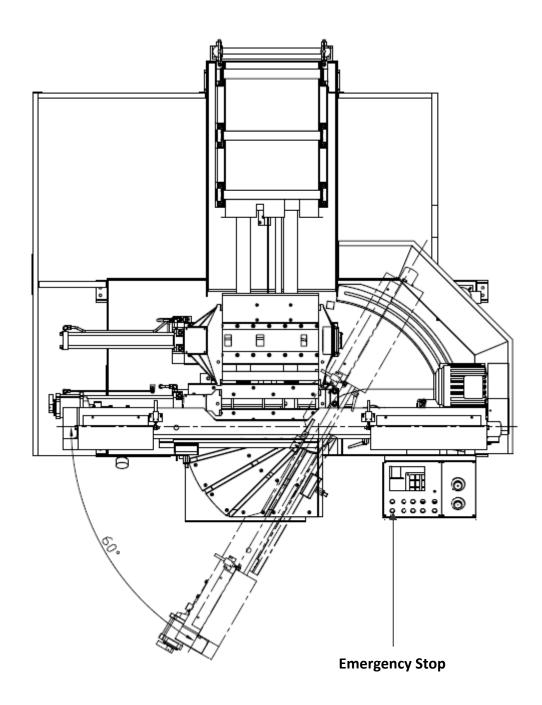
# **EMERGENCY STOP**

Designed to be easily accessible, the emergency stop button is located on the left bottom corner on the control panel and is made in red color and rubber material. For CE models, supplementary emergency stop button may be available at other area(s) of the machine depending on machine type. Please refer to *Illustration: Emergency Stop*.

When you press the button, the machine will immediately come to a full stop to avoid injury or damage when an accident occurs. The button will be locked when you press it. To unlock it, pull it upward.

You should press it immediately without any hesitation when observing:

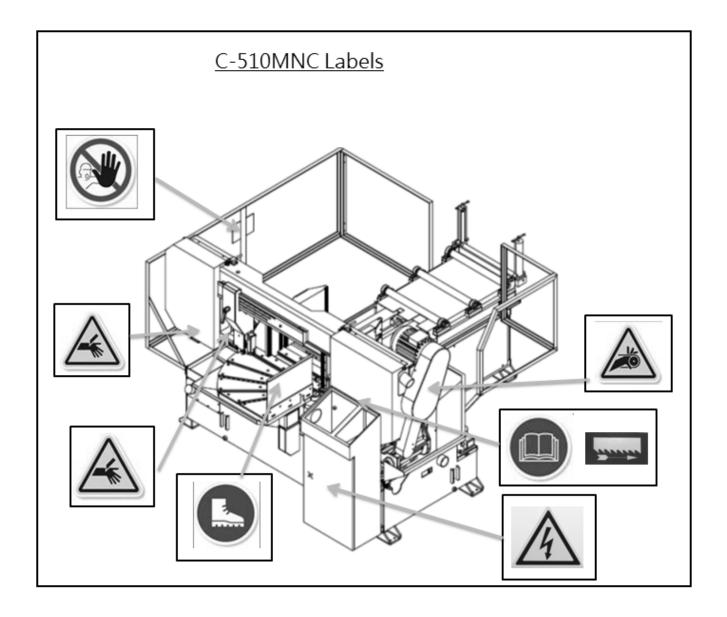
- An emergency situation that would cause any injury or damage
- An abnormal situation or problem such as fire, smoke, abnormal noise and etc.



# **SAFETY LABELS**

Please read through and understand them before operating the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Safety Labels*.

Label	Meaning	Label	Meaning
	Impact Hazard  WEAR SAFETY SHOES. Do  not approach dropping area during operation.		Read Operator's Manual  This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage.
	Keep Unauthorized Personnel Away		Do not step.  Do not stand on the machine or on the accessories!
	DANGER: Running Blade  Blade runs through this area. Keep your hands away from a running blade to avoid severe injury. The arrow indicates direction of the blade.		Cutting Hazard  KEEP COVER CLOSED / KEEP HAND OFF while the blade is running. Turn power off before opening cover. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.
4	Hazardous Voltage  TURN POWER OFF before servicing. Failure to following the warning can result in severe injury.		Burn Hazard/Hot Surface
	Hand Crush/Force from Above		Crush hazard by vise
	Loose Hand Hazard  KEEP HAND OFF. Do not touch chip conveyor. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.		Pinch Point/Hand Entanglement



# **HEARING PROTECTION**



Always use ear protections!

When your machine is running, noise generated by the machine may come from the following:

- Saw blade during cutting or material feed mechanism
- Wire brush unit
- Chip conveyor unit
- Speed reducer
- Hydraulic motor/pump
- Belt transmissions variable speed motors
- Blade motor
- Coolant pump
- Drive wheel
- Parts not assembled tightly causing mechanical vibration

Our products pass noise testing less than 78 dBA. Noise level vary according to working conditions and we recommend ear plugs or other hearing protection whenever noise feels uncomfortable. If your machine produces an undesirable noise while it is running, you should:

- Make sure all maintenance tasks have been performed following the prescribed maintenance schedule (Refer to Section 8).
- 2. If maintenance does not seem to solve the problem, follow the troubleshooting procedures under Section 9.

# **CE COMPLIANCE**

Cosen's CE model is designed to satisfy regulations of the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to machinery (2006/42/EC) - Annex I Essential health and safety requirements relating to the design and construction of machinery.

# **RISK ASSESSMENT**

Risk assessment generally takes account of intended use and foreseeable misuse, including process control and maintenance requirements. We made every effort to avoid any personal injury or equipment damage during the machine design stage. However, the operator (or other people) still needs to take precautions when handling any part of the machine that is unfamiliar and anywhere on the machine that has potential hazards (e.g. the electrical control box).

# GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATION

MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION
FLOOR PLAN

This band saw machine is designed by Cosen's R&D engineers to provide you the following features and advantages:

# Safety

- This machine is designed to fully protect the operator from its moving parts during cutting operation.
- The machine and each component has passed strict testing (Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Machinery).
- The machine will shut off automatically when the saw blade is broken, protecting both the operator and the machine.

# Convenience & High-Performance

- The machine is designed in the way that the operation and adjustment can be easily performed.
- The machine will stop automatically when out of stock.
- Dual valve system is designed to achieve optimal cutting performance with the simple setting of feed rate and perspective cutting pressure for different material.

# Durability

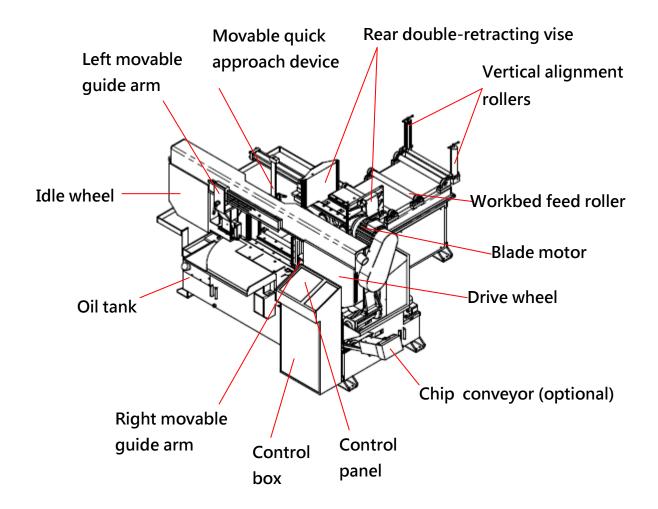
• The intended life-span of the machine is counted based on regular daily operation. It is calculated with the life expectancy of 10 years under normal operating condition and exact attention to the maintenance schedule.

8 hours  $\times$  5 days  $\times$  52 weeks  $\times$  10 years = 20,800 hours

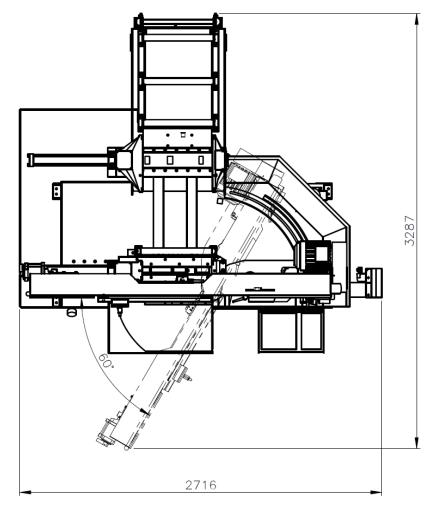
# **SPECIFICATION**

Model		C-510MNC SNC-100 Programma Horizontal Bandsaw	ble Automatic Hinge-T	ype Miter-Cutting		
Capacity	Angle	0°	45°	60°		
	Round	360 mm (14 in.)	360 mm (14 in.)	230 mm (9 in)		
	Rectangular (H x W)	330 x 510 mm (13 x 20 in.)	330 x 330 mm (13 x 13 in.)	230 x 230mm (9 x 9 in.)		
	Bundle Cutting	W: 175~445mm (6.8 ~ 17.5 in.) H: 215 ~245 mm (8.4 ~ 9.6 in.)				
Speed		20~80 m/min (65~26	20~80 m/min (65~262 ft/min)			
Saw Blade	Size	4,900 x 34 x 1.1 mm	4,900 x 34 x 1.1 mm (193 x 1.3 x 0.04 in)			
	Tension	Hydraulic with auton	Hydraulic with automatic blade breakage detection			
	Guide	Interchangeable tung	Interchangeable tungsten carbide			
	Cleaning	Steel wire brush with	Steel wire brush with flexible drive shaft driven by main motor			
	Saw Blade	5 HP (3.75 kW)				
Motor Output	Hydraulic	1 HP (0.75 kW)	1 HP (0.75 kW)			
Output	Coolant Pump	1/8 HP (0.1 kW)	1/8 HP (0.1 kW)			
Tank	Hydraulic	36 L (9.5 gal)				
Capacity	Coolant	61 L (16.1 gal)	61 L (16.1 gal)			
Workbed Heig	ght	783 mm (30.8 in)	783 mm (30.8 in)			
	Net	1,980 kg (4,365 lb)	1,980 kg (4,365 lb)			
Weight	Gross	2,135 kg (4,707 lb)				
Floor Space (V	V x D x H)	3300 x 2750 x 2200 r	nm (130 x 109 x 87 in)			
Operating	Temperature	5~40°C (41~104°F)				
Environment	Humidity	30%~95% (without c	30%~95% (without condensation)			

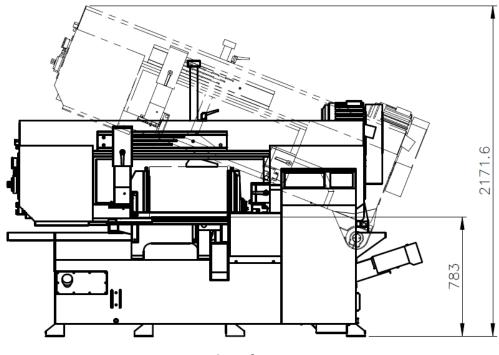
# **MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION**



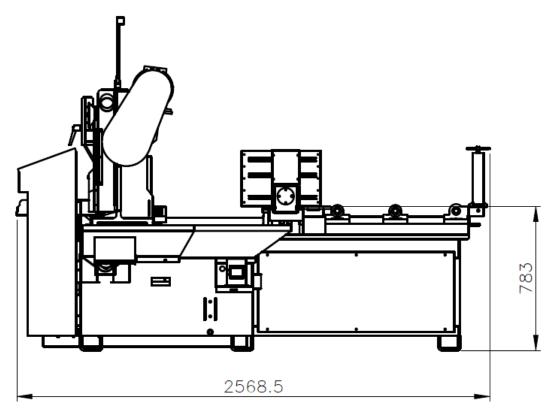
# **FLOOR PLAN**



Machine top view



**Machine front view** 



Machine side view

# MOVING & INSTALLATION

LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT
UNPACKING & INSPECTING
LIFTING
REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET
CLEANING
INSTALLING
RELOCATING

# **LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT**

For your safety, please read all information regarding installation before proceeding. Install your machine in a place satisfying all of the following conditions:

## Space:

• Leave enough free space around the machine for loading work and unloading cut-off pieces as well as for maintenance and inspection. Refer to *Section 2 General Information* for machine dimensions and floor space.

### **Environment:**

- Well lighted (500 lumen at minimum).
- Floor kept dry at all times in order to prevent operators from slipping.
- Away from direct exposure to the sunlight
- Room temperature between 5°C to 40°C.
- Humidity level kept at 30%~95%"(without condensation) to avoid dew on electric installation and machine.
- Away from vibration of other machines
- Away from powders or dusts emitted from other machines
- Avoid uneven ground. Choose a solid level concrete floor which can sustain weight of both machine and material.
- Limit the operation area of the machine to staff only.

## **UNPACKING & INSPECTING**

- Unpack your machine carefully to avoid damage to machine parts or surfaces.
- Upon arrival of your new band saw, please confirm that your machine is the correct model and it comes in the same specification you ordered by checking the model plate on the machine base.
- It is also imperative that a thorough inspection be undertaken to check for any damage that could have occurred during shipping. Pay special attention to machine surface, equipments furnished and the electrical and hydraulic systems for damaged cords, hoses and fluid leaks.
- In the event of damage caused during shipping, please contact your dealer and consult about filing a damage claim with the carrier.
- Your machine comes in with a set of tools for you to maintain the machine. The accessories furnished are as follows:

1.	Tool box	1 pc
2.	Grease gun	1 pc
3.	Screwdriver (+, -)	2 pcs
4.	Open-ended spanner	3 pcs
5.	Hexagon wrench	1 set
6.	Chip spade (only for manual models)	1 pc
7.	Operation manual	1 pc



Should you find any missing accessories, please contact your local agent immediately.

### LIFTING

When moving the machine, we strongly suggest you choose any one of the methods described below to move your machine.

#### 1. Use a crane

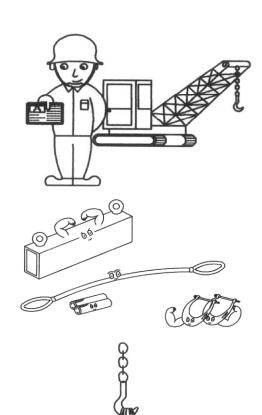
Move the machine to its location by using a crane and a wire rope sling that can fully withstand the weight of the machine (refer to machine specification under Section 2 General Information).

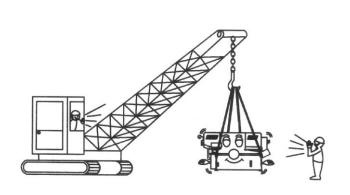
Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.



 You must have a qualified crane operator to perform the job.

- You must use tools and equipment with the proper tensile strength and use proper method when moving your machine.
- Apply the wire rope sling to the lifting hooks on the four ends of the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Lifting Points* for exact locations.
- Slowly lift the machine. Be sure to protect the machine from impact or shock during this procedure. Also watch out your own fingers and feet to avoid injuries.
- Keep the machine well balanced during lifting process and make sure the wire rope does not interfere with the saw frame.
- When you work together with more than two people, it is best to keep constant verbal communication with each other.





### 2. Use a forklift

Most users choose this method to move their machine because it is easy to set up. Make sure that the lifting rod can fully withstand the weight of the machine. (Refer to Section 2 – General Information for Specifications)

 Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.



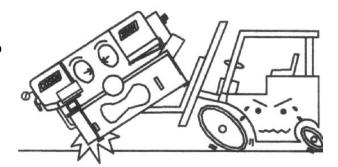
You must have a qualified forklift operator to perform the job.



 You must apply proper forklift technique to avoid damage to the machine.



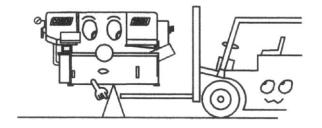
Make sure the forks are able to reach in at least 2/3 of the machine depth.



You must keep the machine balanced at all times.



Make sure the forks are centered before use.

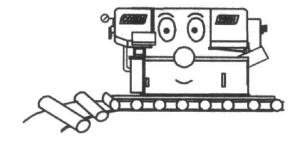


(Illustration only. Please follow user guide of your forklift.)

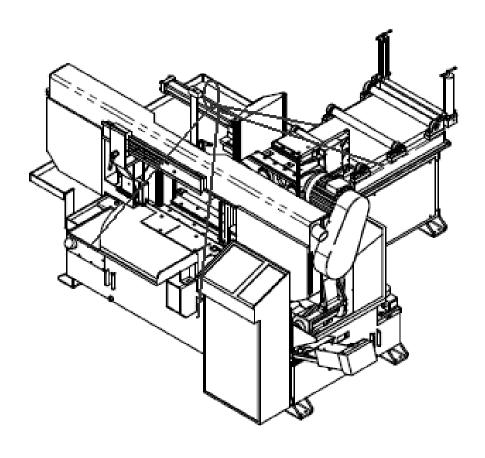
# 3. Use rolling cylinders

You can use rolling cylinders to move your machine in a small machine shop environment.

 You must use rolling cylinders made in material of proper compressive strength.



# **Illustration: Lifting Points**

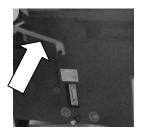


Minimum weight capacity for each wire rope: 2.5 ton

Total number of wire ropes required: 4

## **REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET**

- After the machine has been properly positioned, remove the shipping bracket that is used to lock the saw frame and the saw bed.
- Retain this bracket so that it can be used again in the event that your machine must be relocated.



## **CLEANING**

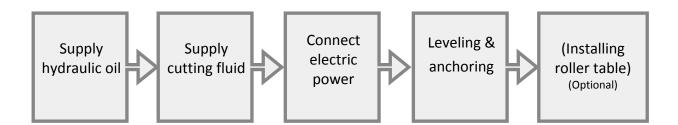
After the machine has been placed at the designated position, remove the rust-preventive grease with wiping cloth dampened with cleaning oil or kerosene. Apply machine oil to machine surfaces that are prone to rust.



Do not remove the rust-preventive grease with a metal scraper and do not wipe the painted surfaces with solvent as doing so would damage surface paint.

# **INSTALLING**

Cosen's bandsaw machine is relatively easy to install. Follow these six easy steps to install your machine.



# Supplying hydraulic oil

Open the filler cap and fill the hydraulic oil tank to above 2/3 or full level.

Check the sight gauge to make sure the oil level in the tank.





Refer to specification chart under Section 2 for tank capacity.



Oil tank should be full already if it is a new machine that operates for the first time.

# **Supplying coolant**

Fill the coolant tank to the middle level of the sight gauge by pouring the coolant from above the chip conveyor.

Use the sight gauge to check the coolant level remaining in the tank.



Always check the coolant supply before starting the machine. If the coolant pump is started without enough coolant supply in the tank, the pump and its drive motor may be damaged.



Refer to specification chart under Section 2 *General Information* for tank capacity.



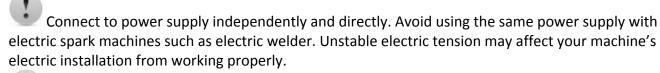
Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.

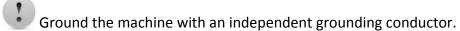


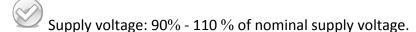
# **Connecting electric power**

Have a qualified electrician make the electrical connections.

If the power supply voltage is different from the transformer and motor connection voltage shown on the label attached to the electrical compartment of the machine, contact COSEN or your agent immediately.







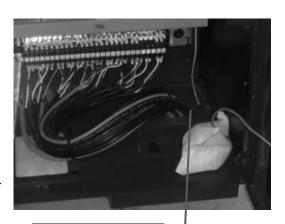
Source frequency: 99% - 101 % of nominal frequency.

Refer to the specification chart under Section 2 for total electric power consumption of the motors and make sure your shop circuit breaker is capable of this consumption amount. Also use a power supply cable of proper size to suit the power supply voltage.

If blade tension controller handle has been turned to "position to avoid collision during shipping, please turn the tension controller handle to [position to avoid the blade shift before connecting the power.



- 1. Turn off the shop circuit breaker.
- 2. Make sure the machine circuit breaker switch on the electrical compartment door is turned to OFF.
- 3. Remove the screw securing the electrical compartment and then open the door.
- 4. Pull the power supply cable and grounding conductor through the power supply inlet into the electrical compartment. (Shown right)
- 5. Connect the power supply cable to the circuit breaker (N.F.B.) to the R, S and T terminals, and connect the ground cable to the E terminal.
- 6. Close the compartment door and fasten the screw back.
- 7. Turn on the shop circuit breaker and then turn the machine circuit breaker switch to ON. The *Power Indicator* on the control panel will come on.
- 8. Pull to unlock the *Emergency Stop* button and press the *hydraulic ON* button to start the hydraulic motor.
- 9. Make sure the sawing area is clear of any objects. Start the blade and check the blade rotation. If the electrical connections are made correctly, the blade should run in a counterclockwise direction. If not, shut the hydraulics off, turn off the machine as well as the shop circuit breaker. Then swap the power the power cable conductors connected to R and T terminals.
- 10. Repeat step 6 to 9 to ensure the electrical connections are in the right order.



**Power Supply Inlet** 

## Leveling

Place spirit level on the vise slide plates and the work feed table.

Level the machine in both directions i.e. along and across the machine. Adjust the level of the machine by turning the leveling bolts.



Make sure all leveling bolts evenly support the machine weight.

# Anchoring the machine

Normally there is no need to anchor the machine. If the machine is likely to vibrate, fix the machine to the floor with anchor bolts.

Shock absorption steel plates are provided and can be placed under each leveling bolt to prevent their sinking into the concrete floor.

# Installing roller table (optional)

The roller table is used to support long material at the rear and/or the front of the machine.

If you have ordered the optional roller table for cutting long material, position it before or behind the machine.

Level the roller table and the stand with the machine by adjusting the leveling bolts.



# **Installing Fire Control Device**

Install a fire extinguisher or any other fire control device in the shop in case a fire breaks out.

# **RELOCATING**

We recommend you follow these procedures when relocating or shipping your machine to other place:

- 1. Descend the saw frame to its lowest position then turn off the power.
- 2. Fix the saw frame using the shipping bracket that originally came with the machine.
- 3. If you are shipping the machine, pack the machine carefully with industrial plastic wraps to protect it from dust.
- 4. Use a crane or forklift to raise it. If a crane is used to lift the machine, ensure that the lifting cable is properly attached to the machine.
- 5. Do not forget to include the equipments originally furnished including the shock absorption steel plates and the instruction manual.

# OPERATING INSTRUCTION

**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** 

**BEFORE OPERATING** 

**CONTROL PANEL** 

**STANDARD ACCESSORIES** 

**OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES** 

**UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE** 

**ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH** 

**ADJUSTING SAW ARM** 

**ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW** 

PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED

POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING

**ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED** 

**BREAKING-IN THE BLADE** 

**TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE** 

**CUTTING OPERATION** 

STARTING AN AUTOMATIC OPERATION

**USING TOP CLAMP FOR BUNDLE CUTTING** 

**TERMINATING A CUTTING OPERATION** 

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

For your safety, please read and understand the instruction manual before you operate the machine. The operator should always follow these safety guidelines:

- The machine should only be used for its designated purpose.
- Do not wear gloves, neckties, jewelry or loose clothing/hair while operating the machine.
- For eye protection, always wear protective safety glasses.
- Check the blade tension and adjust blade guides before starting the machine.
- Use auxiliary clamping or supporting devices to fix material in place before cutting long workpieces. Always make sure the material is clamped firmly in place before starting to cut.
- Do not remove jammed or cut-off pieces until the blade has come to a full stop.
- Keep fingers away from the path of the blade.
- Protection devices should be in place at all times. For your own safety, never remove these
  devices.
- Disconnect machine from the power source before making repairs or adjustments.
- Wear protection gloves only when changing the blade.
- Do not operate the machine while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Do not take your eyes off the machine while in operation.
- Do place warning signs to mark out machine work zone and restrict entry to be staff-only.

#### **BEFORE OPERATING**

Choosing an appropriate saw blade and using the right cutting method is essential to your cutting efficiency and safety. Select a suitable saw blade and cutting method based on your work material and job requirements e.g. cutting accuracy, cutting speed, economic concern, and safety control.

#### Wet cutting

If you choose dry cutting or low-speed cutting, the chips may accumulate in machine parts and may cause operation failure or insulation malfunction. We suggest you choose wet cutting to avoid machine damage.

#### Cutting unknown materials

Before cutting an unknown material, consult the material supplier, burn a small amount of chips from the material in a safe place, or follow any other procedure to check if the material is flammable.



Never take your eyes off the machine while in operation.

#### **Cutting fluid**

For cooling and lubrication purpose, we recommend you use water-soluble cutting fluids. The following table lists out its pros and cons for your reference.

Pro	Con
Have a high cooling effect	Remove machine paint
Not flammable	Lose its rust protection effect if
Economical	deteriorated
<ul> <li>Does not require cleaning of the cut</li> </ul>	Tend to create foam
products	Subject to decay
	Decline in performance, depending on
	the quality of the water used for
	dilution



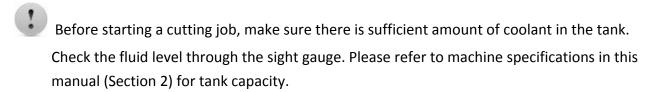
Never use water as your coolant.



Always add coolant into water for better mix result.

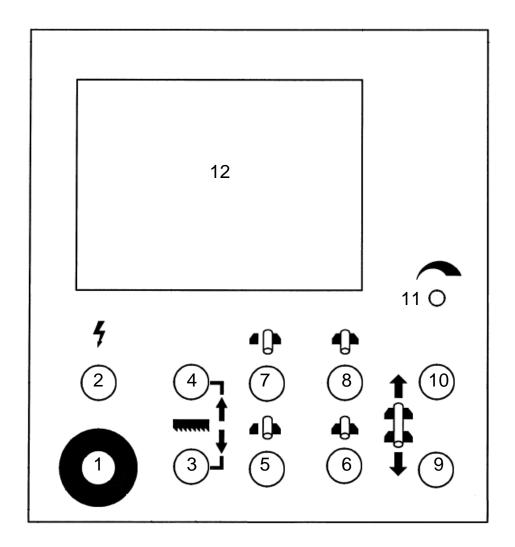


Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.



## **CONTROL PANEL**

The control panel is located on the top of the electrical box. It includes the following function: power system, hydraulic system, cooling system and the human-machine—interface (HMI). The operator must fully understand the function of each switch and button before operating the machine.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Emergency stop button	7	Rear vise open
2	Power indicator lamp	8	Rear vise clamp
3	Saw bow down	9	Feed forward
4	Saw bow up	10	Feed backward
5	Front vise open	11	Blade speed control knob
6	Front vise clamp	12	HMI touch screen

#### **Control Buttons**

#### 1. Emergency stop button

Press this button to stop the machine in an emergency. When the button is pressed, it brings the machine to a full stop. The button locks when pressed. In order to unlock it, please turn the button clockwise.

#### 2. Power indicator lamp

When the lamp is on, it indicates the power to the machine is turned on.

#### 3. Saw bow down

When this button is pressed, the saw bow descends.

Quick approach bar has to touch the upper limit switch to trigger the quick approach function.

Please refer to Quick Approach device in Standard Accessories Section for detailed introduction.

Before lowering the saw bow, the guide arm must be positioned outside the vise in order to avoid hitting the vise and causing damages.

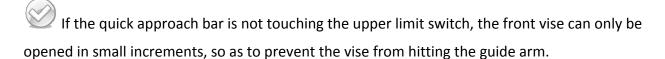
#### 4. Saw bow up

When this button is pressed, the saw bow rises until the operator lets go of the button or until the saw bow reaches the highest position.

While pressing the saw bow up button can stop the running blade, please still make use of the emergency stop button in an emergency.

#### 5. Front vise open

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\"".



#### 6. Front vise clamp

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\".

#### 7. Rear vise open

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "".".

Rear vise is double-retracting. Fixed vise moves in ahead of movable vise to avoid material dropping or collision during cutting.

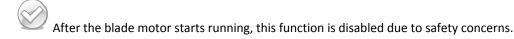
#### 8. Rear vise clamp

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\"".

Rear vise is double-retracting. Fixed vise moves in ahead of movable vise to avoid material dropping or collision during cutting.

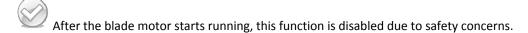
#### 9. Feed forward

- When this button is pressed, the feeding workbed will move forward. Press and hold the button to feed forward. As soon as the button is released, the feeding workbed will stop moving forward.
- This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "🖺".
- This button is only in function when the quick approach bar is touching the upper limit switch AND when either of the front and rear vises are unclamped.



#### 10. Feed backward

- When this button is pressed, the feeding workbed will move backward. Press and hold the button to feed backward. As soon as the button is released, the feeding workbed will stop moving backward.
- This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\".".
- This button is only in function when the quick approach bar is touching the upper limit switch AND when either of the front and rear vises are unclamped.



#### 11. Blade speed control knob

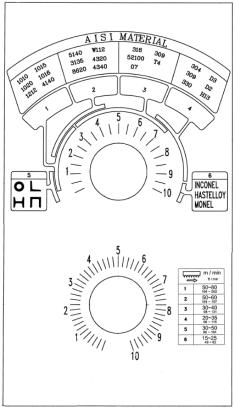
Blade speed is controlled by the inverter located in the control box. Turning the knob clockwise increases the blade speed.

#### 12. HMI touch screen

Please refer to later section for detailed introduction.

## **Blade Descend Pressure and Speed**

The part of control panel is where cutting pressure and saw bow descend speed can be adjusted.



Cutting pressure and speed control panel

#### 1. Cutting pressure control knob

- This pressure control knob is used to adjust the cutting pressure of the blade.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the cutting pressure.
- To obtain a good cutting result, choose the right cutting pressure by turning the knob until it points to your material on the color chart.

#### 2. Blade descend speed control knob

- This knob is used to adjust the descend speed of the saw blade.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the blade descend speed.
- Blade descend speed is a determining factor to a good cutting time and quality cutoff surface.
- Set the blade descend speed in accordance with the *cutting pressure control* knob.
- Also commonly known as the flow control valve

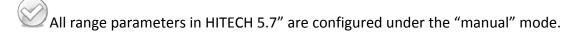
### **Human-Machine-Interface (HMI) Touch Screen**

This HMI touch screen displays operation messages so that the operator is able to understand the system condition. It also provides different operating modes and selections for the operator to work with. During a cutting job, the operator can still enter the system and make changes to the cutting operation as needed.



Do not wipe or clean the screen with volatile solvents.

Do not overexert pressure on the screen. The touch screen is very sensitive; all buttons on the screen just need a slight touch to operate.



Please pay attention to the following environment conditions necessary for HITECH 5.7" HMI touch screen to properly operate:

Item	Range
Ambient temperature	5°C ~ 50°C
Temperature for safe operation	-10°C ~ 60°C
Ambient humidity	30%~85% RH (No condensation)
Connection	RS422 MMI port
Environment	No condensation and rust

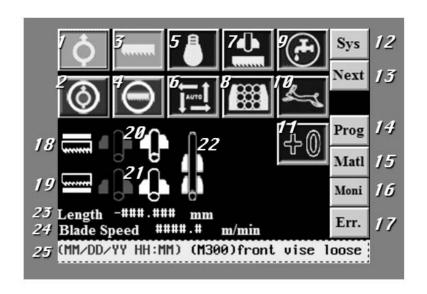


## **Startup Screen**

After the power is turned on, Cosen's logo will appear as the startup screen, followed by the main operation menu..

## Main control menu

The main control menu includes some operating button that were used on the control panel of the earlier machines. Some convenient functions are added to the page for the operator to better understand the features of the machine. Setting the parameters shown on the screen requires a gentle touch of the finger. You can also look up the parameters or make changes while in the middle of a cut.



Refer to the table below for descriptions of each function.

No	Item	Function	Description
1	Ô	Hydraulic start	When the power is turned on, press this button to start the hydraulic motor.  A solid yellow icon indicates the hydraulic system has been turned on.
2	<b>(a)</b>	Hydraulic stop	Press this button to turn off the hydraulic motor immediately.  When the blade is running, the Hydraulic Stop button is temporarily disabled. You need to press the saw blade stop or the saw bow up button to stop the blade first.
3		Blade start	When the work piece is clamped properly, press this button to start cutting.  A solid yellow blade icon indicates the blade has been started.
4	$\Theta$	Blade stop	Press this button to stop the blade.
5	ð	Work light ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the work light.  The light bulb showing a solid yellow icon indicates the worklight has been turned on.
6		AUTO / Manual mode	<ul> <li>Use this button to switch between automatic and manual mode.</li> <li>AUTO mode: used to automatically perform continuous cutting jobs. When switched to this mode, the machine will automatically operate according to the preset parameters.</li> <li>Manual mode: used to perform individual cutting job. When switched to the Manual mode, you can execute each individual function.</li> <li>Trim Cut - When the machine is switched from the Manual mode to the AUTO mode, the first cut (trim cut) will not be counted into finished cuts and the machine will continue to operate according to the preset parameter. This function allows the machine to finish the trim cut and directly proceed into automatic cutting till the last cutting job.</li> <li>If you switch to manual mode while cutting is already in action under AUTO mode, the machine will stop after the</li> </ul>

No	Item	Function	Description
			individual cut is finished. Switching to manual mode at any time other than cutting, the machine will proceed with the next cut until it is finished.
7 Material retract 2mm ON/OFF			When this function is turned on, the machine will retract the material for 2mm after completing each cut before the blade rises from its lowest position.
			A solid yellow icon indicates the <i>Material retract 2mm</i> mode has been turned on.
8		Single/Bundle cutting mode	This button is used to switch between single or bundle cutting mode.
			<ul> <li>Switch to single cutting model ( ) to cut a single work piece.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Switch to bundle cutting mode ( ) to cut a stack of work pieces.</li> </ul>
			When under bundle cutting mode, the feeding vise must be touching the front limit switch for the blade to be able to start.
9	ححم	Coolant ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the coolant pump.
•	[C~~]		A solid yellow faucet icon indicates the coolant pump has been turned on.
			Press again to turn off the coolant pump.
			A started blade will also start the coolant.
10	<b>YO</b>	Slow material feeding	Used only when under Manual mode.
70	305	mode	When the slow material feeding mode is turned on, the material feeding speed will dramatically reduce to help you position the work piece precisely.
11	<b>±1</b>	Trim cut ON/OFF	This selection button works with the AUTO mode.
, ,			When under AUTO mode and before proceeding with your automatic cutting jobs, select +0 if you wish the first cut to be "trim cut" i.e. trimming the edge of your material without the cut being counted into the "finished cuts."
			In the other hand, select $+1$ if you do not need to trim cut the material. The first cut will then be counted as the first cut of your programmed jobs.
			After the first cut begins, you may still change your selection before the saw bow has descended to its lowest point.

No	Item	Function	Description
12	Sys	System parameter setting	Press this button to set up system parameters. Password is required.
			All parameters have been set up by the manufacturer. In order to prevent random change from being made to these parameters and affect cutting precision and machine life, this function is protected with a set of password.
13	Next	Cutting parameter setting	Press this button to display cutting-related information e.g. total number of cuts completed and feeding length OR to set parameters e.g. cutting lengths and quantity. (A total of 100 cutting programs can be set.)
			Blade deviation detector (optional) can be also configured in this setup page.
			Refer to Cutting Display & Setup in the following page.
14	Prog	Cutting program setting	Press this button to directly enter the cutting job program setup page.
			A total of 100 cutting programs can be set.
15	Mtrl	Material cutting reference	This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.
16	Moni	PLC monitor	Shows current PLC signals.
17	Err.	Error report	Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence as well as provides troubleshooting support. 6 pages in total.
18	••••••	Quick approach function indicator	Indicates that the quick approach bar is contacting the upper limit switch.
			When quick approach function is activated, the saw blade
			icon will turn solid white.
19	***************************************	Saw blade down indicator	Indicates that a cut is completed and the saw blade is at its lowest position.
			When the blade completes each cut and triggers the lower
			limit switch, the saw blade icon will turn solid white.
20		Rear vise status indicator	Indicates if the <b>rear</b> vises have clamped and secured the workpiece.
			When the rear vises have secured the workpiece, the clamping vise icon on the right will turn solid white.  Otherwise, the unclamping vise icon on the left will be in solid green.

No	Item	Function	Description
21		Front vise status indicator	Indicates if the <b>front</b> vises have clamped and secured the workpiece.
			When the front vises have secured the workpiece, the clamping vise icon on the right will turn solid white.
			Otherwise, the unclamping vise icon on the left will be in solid green.
22		Feeding movement indicator	When the feeding vise reaches the front limit, the vise set icon will turn solid white.
23	Length	Feeding length display	Displays current feeding length while the material is being fed.
24	Blade Speed	Blade speed display	Displays current blade speed.
25	(yellow highlight)	Error display	Displays error messages in the order of occurrences; press the message for one second to clear the messages.  The message must be cleared for the machine to continue to operate normally.

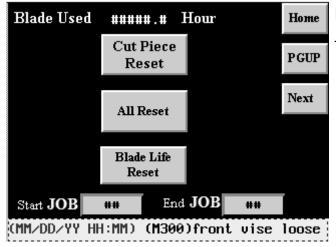
## Next Cutting status display & setup

When cutting is in operation, press Next to enter cutting status display and setup page.



## Page 1 – cutting status display

- This page shows the following information (from top to bottom):
  - Feeding length (current feeding vise position)
  - Blade speed
  - Deviation value (optional)
  - Current in ampere (optional)
  - Number of current cutting job/step in operation
  - Preset quantity of current cutting job
  - Number of cuts finished
  - Error messages (highlighted in yellow; can be cleared by pressing down for one second)
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the next setup page.
- The green square light on the bottom left corner indicates the warranty status of the HMI touch screen. Warranty is one year and starts counting after 70 hours of operation after the machine is shipped. Warranty status light turning to red indicates the HMI touch screen has expired.



(Display without optional blade deviation detector included)

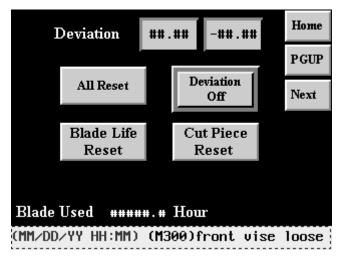
#### Page 2 – cutting status setup

This page comes in two versions depending on if the optional blade deviation detector is installed on the machine. The shared features are as follows:

- Current blade life in hours
- Error message (bottom of page)
- Cut Piece Reset Reset all Cuts Finished data by pressing this button for three seconds.

If you start a new set of program without clearing cutoff data from previous job, the first cut (trim cut) will be skipped as the second program is deemed as the succeeding part of the previous program.

- All Reset Reset all preset cutting data within Starts Step and Ends Step by pressing this button for three seconds.
- Blade Life Reset Reset the blade life to zero

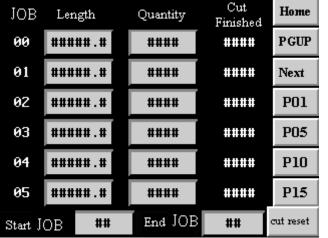


(Display with optional blade deviation detector included)

- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press PGUP to go back to the previous setup page.
- Press Next to go to the next setup page.
- In "start job" and the "end job" field, fill in the number of the cutting job you wish to start and end with. The machine will automatically perform cutting jobs within this range.

For machines with optional blade deviation detector installed, additional two command are provided:

- Deviation Set deviation tolerance value based on the precision requirement of your material.
- Deviation ON/Off Turn on or turn off the deviation detector if installed.



## Page 3 – cutting program setup

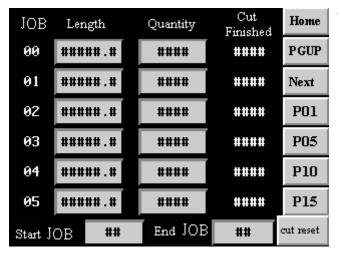
- In this page you can set your desired cutting length and quantity and see the number of finished cuts (Cut Finished).
- A total of 100 cutting jobs can be set and performed under the automatic mode.
- In "start job" and the "end job" field, fill in the number of the cutting job you wish to start and end with. The machine will automatically perform cutting jobs within this range.
- In *Length* column, set each respective cutting length in mm or inch.
- In Quantity column, set each respective cutting quantity.
- Press <u>cut reset</u> button for 3 seconds to reset the cutoff quantity.

If you start a new set of program without clearing cutoff data from previous job, the first cut (trim cut) will be skipped as the second program is deemed as the succeeding part of the previous program.

- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press PGUP to go back to the previous setup page.
- Press Next to go to the next cutting program setup page.
- Press P01, P05, P10, P15 to quickly jump between cutting programs (Step 00 ~ 99)

## Prog Cutting program setup

When cutting is in operation, press to quickly access the cutting program setup page (the same as page 3 of the cutting status display and setup page)



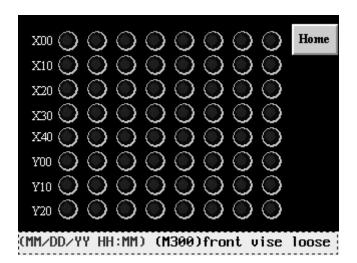
This setup page is the same as page 3 of the cutting status display and setup page.

## Mtrl Material cutting reference

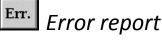
THETABLE	OF CUTTI	ng range 🛾 🕻 jis	$\rangle$
MATERIAL	BLADE	CUTTING RATE	
01 S20C-S35C	65 - 90	70 - 108	Home
02 S40C-S50C	65 - 90	70 - 100	
03 S9CK-S15C	80 - 110	60 - 90	
04 S53C-S58C	65 - 90	60 - 80	
05 SS50	65 - 90	60 - 70	Next
06 SS41	65 - 90	55 - 70	
07 SM50	54 - 50	50 - 56	
08 SCM3	54 - 80	65 - 80	
09 SUP5	54 - 80	40 - 55	
10 SRC.3,4	54 - 80	40 - 55	
11 SCMM22	54 - 80	40 - 50	
12 SNC1	54 - 80	40 - 50	
13 SNC22	54 - 80	35 - 45	
14 SNCMM22	54 - 80	35 - 45	

 This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.

## Moni PLC Monitor



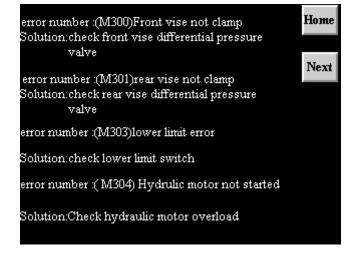
Shows all signals of the PLC system.





## Page 1 - error report

- Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.



## Page 2 – troubleshooting

- Provides suggestions on troubleshooting. 6 pages in total.
- Also refer to the below table for error codes, descriptions and solutions.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.

Error Code	Error Description	Solution
M300	Front vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M301	Rear vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M303	Lower limit switch error	Check if the lower limit switch works
M304	Hydraulic motor not starting	Check if the hydraulic motor works
M306	Broken blade detected	1. Check if the speed switch works
		2. Check if the blade is broken
M308	Left safety door abnormal	1. Check if the left safety door is shut properly
		2. Check if the left safety door limit switch works
M309	Right safety door abnormal	1. Check if the right safety door is hut properly
		2. Check if the right safety door limit switch works
M312	Quick approach bar abnormal	Check if the quick approach limit switch works
M313	OL1 abnormal	Check if the blade motor overload relay has tripped
M314	OL2 abnormal	Check if the hydraulic motor overload relay has tripped
M315	OL3 abnormal	Check if the coolant pump motor overload relay has tripped
M316	Saw bow upper limit abnormal	Check the upper limit switch works
M352	Front vise clamping error	1. Place new material
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works
		3.Check if the "no material parameter" is too low
M357	Saw bow descending error	1. Check if the descend solenoid valve is stuck
		2. Check the quick approach bar works
		3. Check if the quick approach bar limit switch works
M358	Saw bow ascending error	1. Check if the ascend solenoid valve is stuck
		2. Check the quick approach bar works
		3. Check the quick approach bar limit switch works
M361	No material	1. Place new material
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works
		3.Check if the "no material parameter" is too low
M363	PLC battery voltage too low	Replace PLC battery

#### STANDARD ACCESSORIES

#### Blade tension device



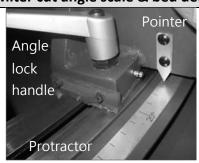
- This blade tension device equipped with hydraulic cylinder provides appropriate tension to the saw blade.
- To tighten the saw blade, turn the selector to .
- Upon saw blade breakage, the safety device will activate and automatically stop all machine operation.
- To change the blade, turn the handle to to release saw blade tension.

#### Blade speed/motion detector



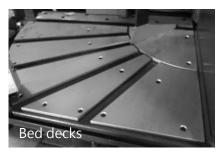
- Besides detecting the blade speed, the speed/motion detector also functions as a safety device.
- The speed/motion detector protects operators and the machine by preventing blade overloads and consequent damages if a saw blade breaks or skids.
- Once blade breakage or slippage is detected, the drive wheel will stop in 10 seconds.

## Miter cut angle scale & bed deck



The swivel sawhead allows the user to cut at any angle between 0° (straight cut) and 60° (miter cut). The angles have been accurately configured before machine shipment.

There are decks on the workbed. Each bed deck is 15° apart. For your miter-cutting jobs that are not multiple of 15°, please remove the bed decks before cutting so the blade and blade cover can pass without interfering. Swivel the saw bow until the pointer points to your desired angle and lock the saw bow via angle lock handle.



#### Gear reducer



The specially designed gear reducer can work toward your preset blade speed and torque.



Please refer to Section 8 for information on maintenance.

#### Inverter



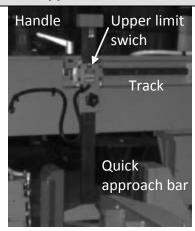
- This inverter is installed inside the electrical compartment. It is used to control and stabilize the saw blade speed during cutting.
- To adjust blade speed, use the *blade speed control knob* on the control panel.



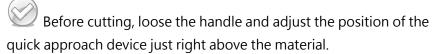
#### Note:

- 1. Make sure the terminal points are connected.
- 2. Make sure the ambient temperature is within acceptable range and keep the surroundings well ventilated.
- 3. Keep the inverter away from dust.
- 4. For repair or maintenance, please contact your local agent.

#### Quick approach device



This device allows the blade to quickly descend to just right above the material to save you operation time. When the blade descends for cutting, one end of the quick approach bar will touch the material and another end will no longer touch the upper limit switch. At this time, the blade will descend at the speed of the preset blade descend speed control knob.





Pay extra attention with miter-cutting to avoid collision.

If miter-cutting at 60°, use the special quick approach bar plate in the tool box.



#### **Coolant pump**



When the hydraulic system is turned on, the coolant pump can be operated individually from the control panel. Coolant can be used to wash off chips as well as providing cooling during cutting.

### Hydraulic powered wire brush



The wire brush is hydraulically driven to rotate at the same speed as the blade motor. It removes the metal chips on the saw blade teeth to so that blade life can be extended.

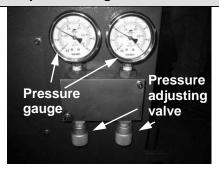
⚠

Keep hands away from the transmission shaft and the brush while the wire brush is running

Turn off the hydraulic motor or the main power switch before performing maintenance or cleaning on the wire brush drive system.

#### **OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES**

#### Vise pressure regulator



- This adjustment valve is used to control vise pressure.
- Adjust vise pressure based on the material of your workpiece.
- When cutting pipes or soft materials, reduce vise pressure to prevent exerted pressure from damaging the workpiece shape or exterior.



Do not adjust vise pressure at any time during cutting.



Vise pressure should never be lower than 8 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### Chip conveyor



Chip conveyor is a spiral device to bring chips out during cutting.

As a regular maintenance, remove the chip conveyor and clean all chip deposits inside.

#### Hydraulic top clamps



- The top clamp device composed of two clamps is installed on top of the front and rear vises before executing bundle cutting.
- Refer to *Using Top Clamp for Bundle Cutting* for operating procedure on bundle cutting.

#### **Blade deviation detector**



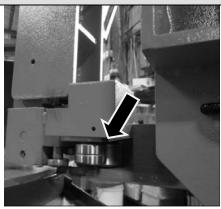
This device detects blade deviation. If the blade deviates beyond the preset range, the machine will stop automatically. When this device is installed, the cutting width will be reduced. The blade deviation detected value and preset values are displayed on the control panel screen.

#### 2M roller table



- The optional 2M roller table supports the work material and ensures the material be fed in smoothly.
- Refer to Section 9 for further information on adjusting the roller table.

#### Vibration damper



The vibration damper can be assembled to the left saw arm. This optional accessory is extremely useful in reducing the high-frequency noise produced when cutting large-sized material.

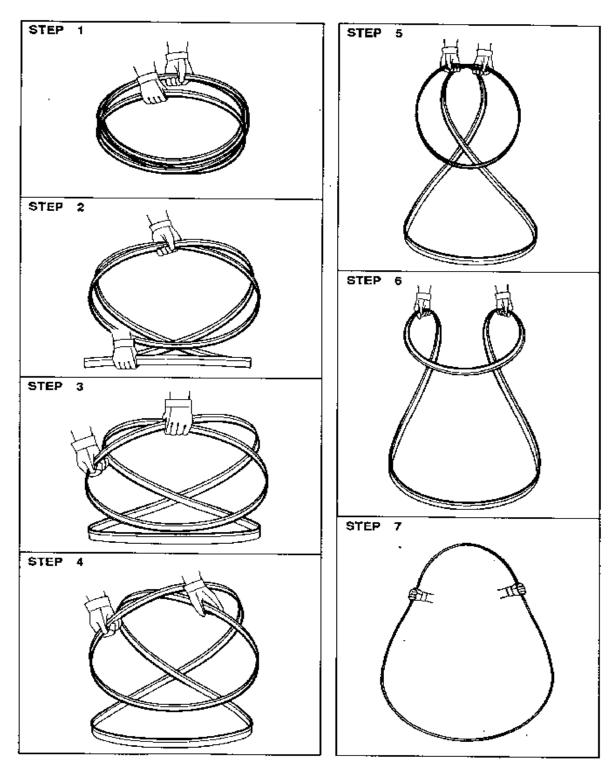
## **UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE**



Always wear leather gloves and protection glasses when handling a blade.

## Unrolling the blade

Please follow the procedures illustrated below.



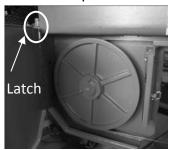
Unroll and roll the blade

#### Installing a new blade

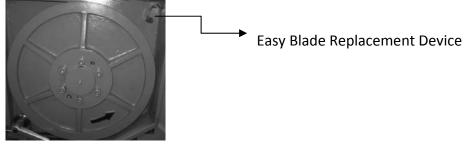
- Step 1 Select the most suitable saw blade for your workpiece considering the size, shape and material.
- Step 2 Turn on the machine power by switching to ON and turn on the hydraulic system.
- Step 3 Switch to *manual* ( ) mode.
- Step 4 Press the saw bow up button and elevate the saw bow to an appropriate height.
- Step 5 Loosen the angle lock handle. Swivel the saw bow until the pointer points to about 45° and lock the saw bow via angle lock handle so the drive wheel cover can be opened easily.
- Step 6 Turn the tension controller handle from "O" to "O" position to release tension. The idle wheel will then move slightly toward the direction of the drive wheel.



Step 7 - Open the idle and drive wheel covers. Use the latch to hold the idle wheel cover in its open position.



Step 8 - Press the *Blade Clip* device to hold onto the blade. This device makes blade changing easy and feasible even with only one operator available.



Step 9 - Loosen the lock lever and lower the wire brush.



Step 10 - Loosen the left and right carbide inserts by loosening the "lock nut" shown below.





- Step 11 Take out the blade. If necessary, clean the carbide inserts before installing a new saw blade.
- Step 12 Place the new blade around the idle wheel and the drive wheel.
- Step 13 Insert the blade into the left and right tungsten carbide inserts. The back and the sides of the blade need to be touching the inserts as well as the adjacent rollers.
- Step 14 Place the blade to the drive wheel and press the back of the blade against the flange of the drive wheel. Use the *Blade Clip* device to tightly hold the blade from falling out of the drive wheel.
  - When saw blade begins to rotate, the blade holder will automatically release the blade and fall back to its original position.
- Step 15 Make sure the back of the blade is also pressed against the flange of the idle wheel.
- Step 16 Turn the tension controller handle to [OO] position to obtain blade tension.



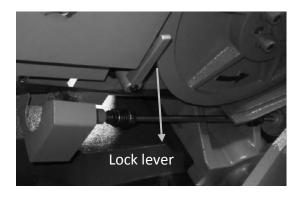
- Step 17 Make sure the sides of the blade are in close contact with the carbide inserts and then tighten the left and right carbide inserts by tightening the "lock nut."
- Step 18 Gently close the idle and drive wheel covers.
- Step 19 Press the *saw blade start* button to start the blade. Allow the blade to run for a few rotations then press the *saw bow up* button to elevate the saw bow. Open the wheel covers and make sure the blade has not fallen off the drive and idle wheels. If the blade has shifted, follow the same procedure to reinstall the blade again.
- Step 20 Adjust wire brush to a proper position. Refer to Adjusting Wire Brush in this section.

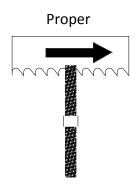
#### ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH

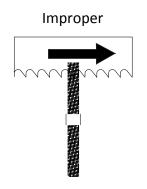
Follow these steps to adjust wire brush to appropriate position:

- Step 1 Open the drive wheel cover.
- Step 2 Loosen the lock lever.
- Step 3 Make brush move up / down until it makes proper contact with the saw blade (see below illustration).

Step 4 - Tighten the lock lever.





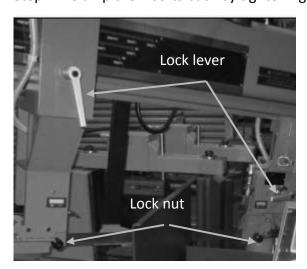


#### **ADJUSTING SAW ARM**

Adjust the blade guide (guide arm) position based on the size of your workpiece:

For miter-cutting at angle above 45°, move the right guide arm to the furthest right position. Be sure that the right guide arm will not bump into the rear fixed vise.

- Step 1 Loosen the inserts by unlocking the lock nut.
- Step 2 Loosen the blade guide lock lever. Then adjust the guide arm to a position suitable for your workpiece size.
- Step 3 After adjustment is made, tighten the blade guide lock lever.
- Step 4 Clamp the inserts back by tightening the lock nut.



#### ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW

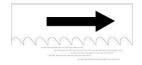
- Step 1 Press the saw blade start button to start the saw blade drive motor.
- Step 2 Press the saw bow down button to lower the saw bow.
- Step 3 Use the flow control valve (shown below) to adjust the amount of fluid flowing to the cutting area.



Adjust the flow amount if you observe the following changes to the chips generated from cutting.



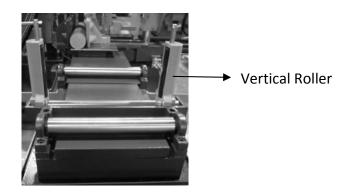
If the chips are sharp and curved, increase the coolant flow amount.



If the chips are granulated, decrease the coolant flow amount.

#### PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED

- Step 1 Press the saw bow up button and elevate the saw bow until it reaches to its highest point.
- Step 2 Press the *front vise open* and *rear vise open* buttons to open vises.
- Step 3 Loosen the vertical roller lock handles and fully open the vertical rollers.
- Step 4 Carefully place the workpiece onto the work feed table to where it extends approximately 30mm(1.2 inch) beyond the rear vise toward the front vise.



## POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING

Follow these steps to position your workpiece:

Step		Action
rear vises clamp material	1	Press the <i>rear vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped.
align vertical rollers	2	Move the vertical alignment rollers toward workpiece until it stands against the workpiece. Lock the vertical alignment rollers by tightening the lock handles
feed material forward	3	Press the <i>feed forward</i> button until the rear vise touches the front limit switch.
front vises clamp material	4	Press the <i>front vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped.
rear vises retract to clamp	5	Press the <i>rear vise open</i> button.
material again	6	Press the <i>feed backward</i> button until the rear vises reach back limit switch.
_	7	Press the <i>rear vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped again.
front vises open; prepare for precision position	8	Simultaneously press the <i>front vise open</i> button and the <i>rear</i> vise clamp button again to make sure the material is clamped.
confirm cutoff point	9	Press the <i>saw bow down</i> button to lower the saw bow until the quick approach bar descends to just about 10mm (0.4 inch) above the workpiece.
		Under no circumstances should the quick approach bar be lowered below the height of the workpiece.
precision position	10	Press the <i>feed forward</i> button (and the <i>feed backward</i> button if necessary) until the cutoff point on the workpiece aligns with the blade line.
front vises clamp material; ready to cut	11	After the workpiece is correctly positioned, press the <i>front vise clamp</i> button so the workpiece is securely clamped.

#### ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED

- Step 1 Set the flow control to "0" position.
- Step 2 Press the saw blade start button to start the blade.
- Step 3 Turn the *blade speed control knob* to adjust the blade speed. The blade speed should be adjusted based on the size and the material of the workpiece.

#### **BREAKING-IN THE BLADE**

When a new saw blade is used, be sure to first break in the blade before using it for actual, extended operation. Failure to break in the blade will result in less than optimum efficiency. To perform this break-in operation, the following instructions should be followed:

- Step 1 Reduce the blade speed to one-half of its normal setting.
- Step 2 Lengthen the cutting time to 2-3 times of what is normally required.
- Step 3 The complete break-in operation requires cutting on a 645 mm<sup>2</sup> (25.4 square inches) section for 5 times.
- Step 4- After the break-in operation is completed, set all parameters back to normal settings.

#### **TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE**

Test-running this machine can ensure good machine performance in the future. We suggest you run the following tests on the machine before first use:

#### **Testing machine performance:**

Turn on the power and run a basic performance test after you finish installing the machine. Follow these steps to test machine performance:

- Step 1 Disassemble shipping brackets and bolts.
- Step 2 Install roller table (optional).
- Step 3 Turn on the relay switch in the control box.
- Step 4 Elevate the saw bow. (If your coolant pump is in reverse and the machine cannot run, please change the electrical phase.)
- Step 5 After the saw bow ascends, extend the quick approach device.
- Step 6 Remove the rust-prevention grease with cleaning oil or kerosene.
- Step 7 Start the coolant pump.
- Step 8 Test these functions under manual mode:
  - vise clamping/unclamping
  - saw bow ascending/descending
  - feeding forward and backward

#### **CUTTING OPERATION**

Step 1 – Check before you cut

- **Power:** Check the voltage and frequency of your power source.
- **Coolant:** Check if you have sufficient coolant in the tank.
- **Hydraulic:** Check if you have sufficient (at least two-thirds or higher) hydraulic oil.
- Workbed: Check if there is any object on the feeding bed that may cause interference.
- Blade: Check the blade teeth and make sure there is no worn out teeth along the blade.
- Light: Check the work lamp or laser light (optional) and make sure there is sufficient lighting.
- Roller: Check all the rollers on the front and rear workbed can roll smoothly.
- Saw bow: Check the saw bow to see if it can be elevated and lowered smoothly.

Step 2 – If your mitering angle is not the multiple of 15, please remove the bed deck before cutting so the blade and blade cover can pass without interfering. Swivel the saw bow until the pointer points to your desired angle and lock the saw bow via angle lock handle. Please refer miter cut angle scale and bed deck pictures in Standard Accessories section.

Step 3 - Place your workpiece onto the workbed manually or by using a lifting tool e.g. a crane.

Before loading, make sure the vises are opened to at least wider than the width of the workpiece.

Step 4 – Position your workpiece.

Step 5 – Clamp the workpiece.

Step 6 – Turn the cutting pressure control knob to adjust cutting pressure according to the material.

Step 7 – Adjust *blade descend speed control* knob to obtain a suitable blade descend speed for your material.

Step 8 – Start running the blade.

Before you start cutting, check again that there is no other object in the cutting area.

Step 9 – While the blade descends, adjust the blade speed if necessary. You can do so by turning the blade speed control knob, clockwise to speed up and counterclockwise to slow down. The blade speed is displayed in the HMI touch screen.

Step 10 – Select the proper cutting condition according to different material.

Step 11 – After the entire cutting job is completed, elevate the saw bow to the top and open the vises to remove the workpiece.

Step 12 – Clean the workbed by removing chips and cutting fluids.

Step 13 – Lower the saw bow to a proper position then turn off the power.

#### STARTING AN AUTOMATIC OPERATION

- Step 1 Use manual mode and cut the edge of the workpiece by using the same procedures as those described under manual operation.
- Step 2 After the trim cut is completed and the saw blade has stopped at the lower limit position, press the *saw blade up* button to raise the saw bow until the quick approach bar is approximately 10mm (0.4inch) above the workpiece.
- Step 3 Turn the Auto / manual switch to manual.
- Step 4 Set your desired cutting length and quantity via the HMI touch screen. A total of 100 sets of cutting data can be programmed.
- Step 5 Turn the *Auto / manual* switch to Auto.
- Step 6 Press the *saw blade start* button and press the *saw bow down* button to start automatic cutting.

#### USING TOP CLAMP FOR BUNDLE CUTTING

#### Installing top clamp

To perform bundle cutting, use the top clamps and take the following installation procedures.

Step 1 – Install stud bolts on the front and rear vises and position the top clamp.



Lock nut

Stud bolt

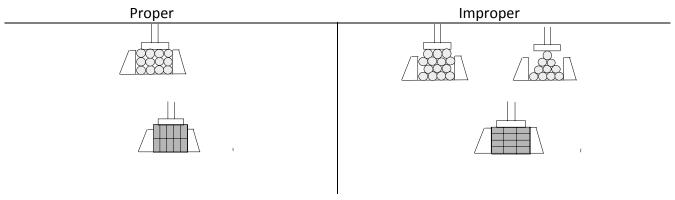
Step 2 – Connect the top clamp hoses to the pressure joints on the vise hydraulic cylinders.



Step 3 – Position the workpiece for bundle cutting.

Note the allowable clamping width and height. (Refer to Section 2 – General Information, Specifications)

## Proper and improper stacking of workpieces



- Step 4 Align the top clamp cylinders with the center of the workpiece and tighten the lock nuts.
- Step 5 Turn the top clamp handles so that the clearance between the top clamp jaw and the top of the bundled workpiece is within 5 to 10 mm ( $0.2 \sim 0.4$  in).
- Step 6 Install the bundle-cutting fence to the work tray. The fence is designed to prevent cut pieces from scattering across the work tray. Adjust the width of the fence to be slightly larger than the width of the bundle.
- Step 7 Press Single/Bundle cutting mode button and switch to bundle cutting mode.
- Step 8 For subsequent cutting procedures, refer to the instructions under manual operation and automatic operation.

### Uninstalling top clamp

Follow these steps to uninstall top clamp for cutting single material:

- Step 1 Disconnect the top clamp hoses.
- Step 2 Loosen the lock nuts and remove the top clamp.
- Step 3 Remove the stud bolts.



### **TERMINATING A CUTTING OPERATION**

- To terminate a cutting operation, press either the saw bow up button or the emergency stop button.
- The saw blade will stop running when the saw bow up button is pressed.
- Both the saw blade and hydraulic pump motors will stop running when the emergency stop button is pressed.
- The machine will stop automatically when an error occurs. The error message will be shown on the screen.

## Section 5

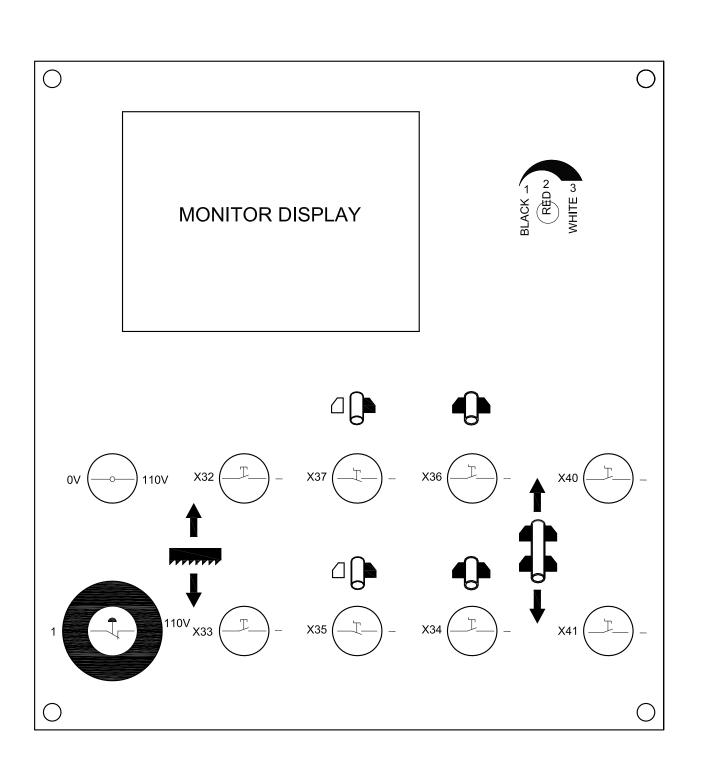
# ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

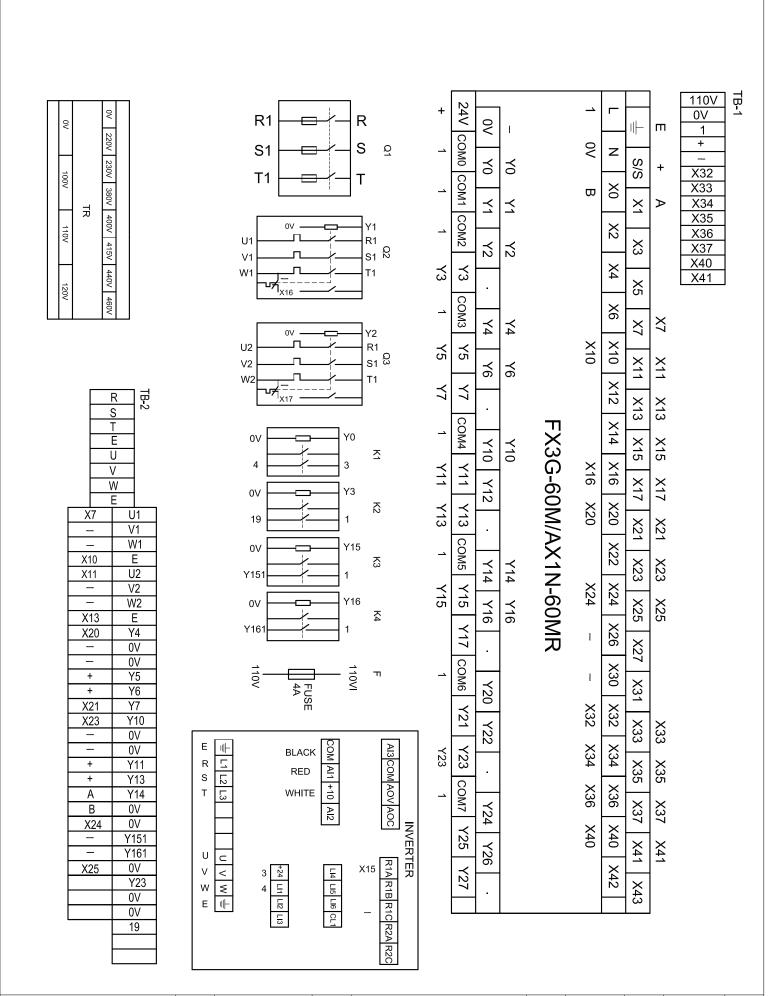
#### **ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

Non-CE model: 5-2~5-5

CE model: 5-6~5-9

5-1



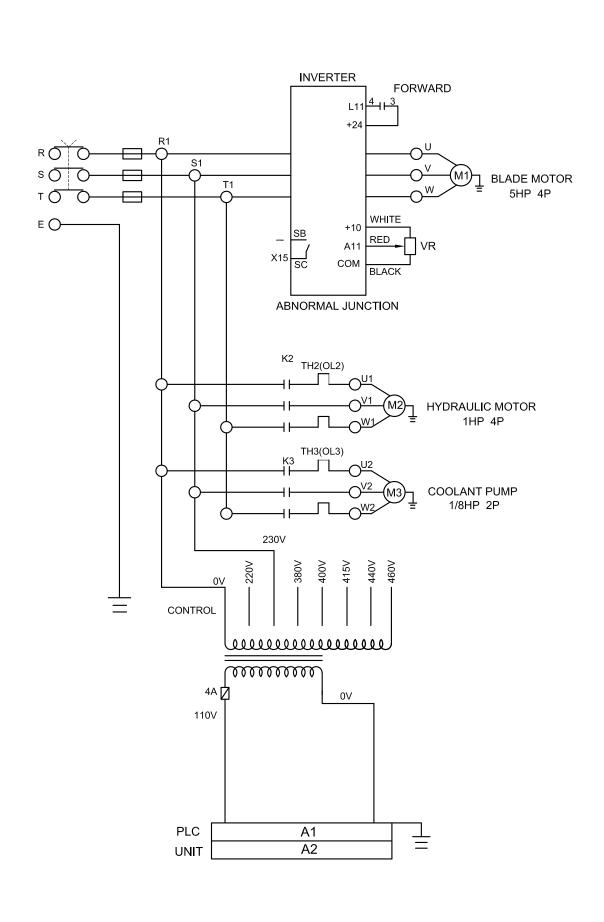


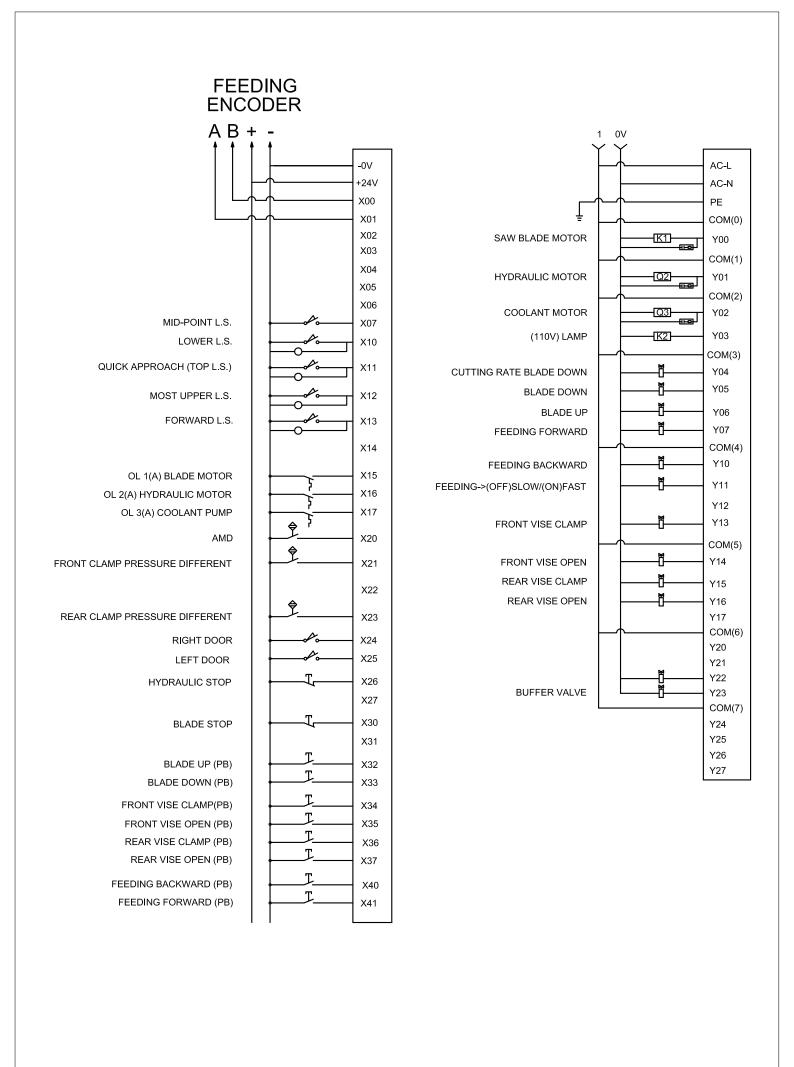
COSEN MECHATRONICS CO., LTD.

圖名 Circle

Circuit Board Layout 線路板配置圖 圖號 EL-C510MNC-F05-000S0-B

| 繪圖 | 林真如 | 日期 | 20150917 | 版本 | 審核 | 詹凱賀 | 日期 | 20150917 | S0



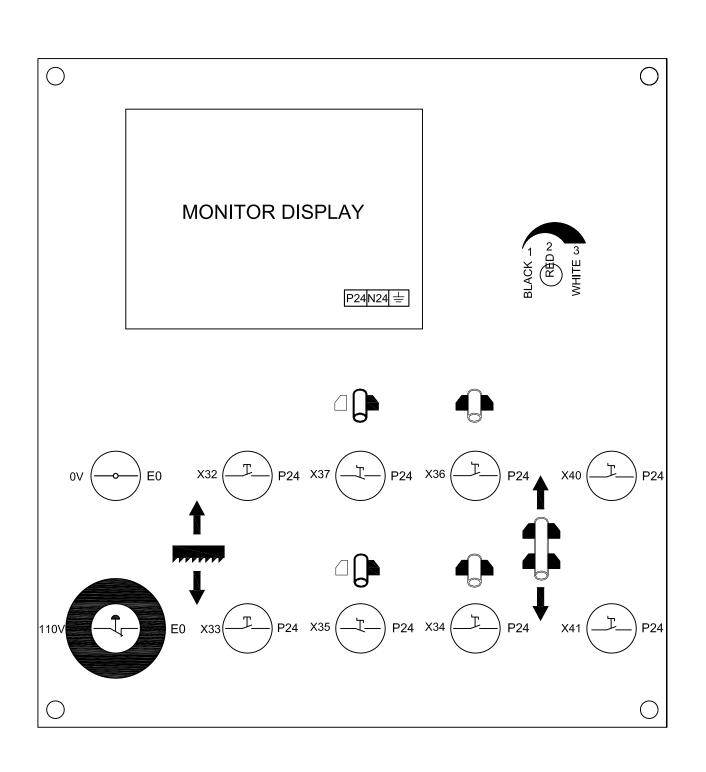


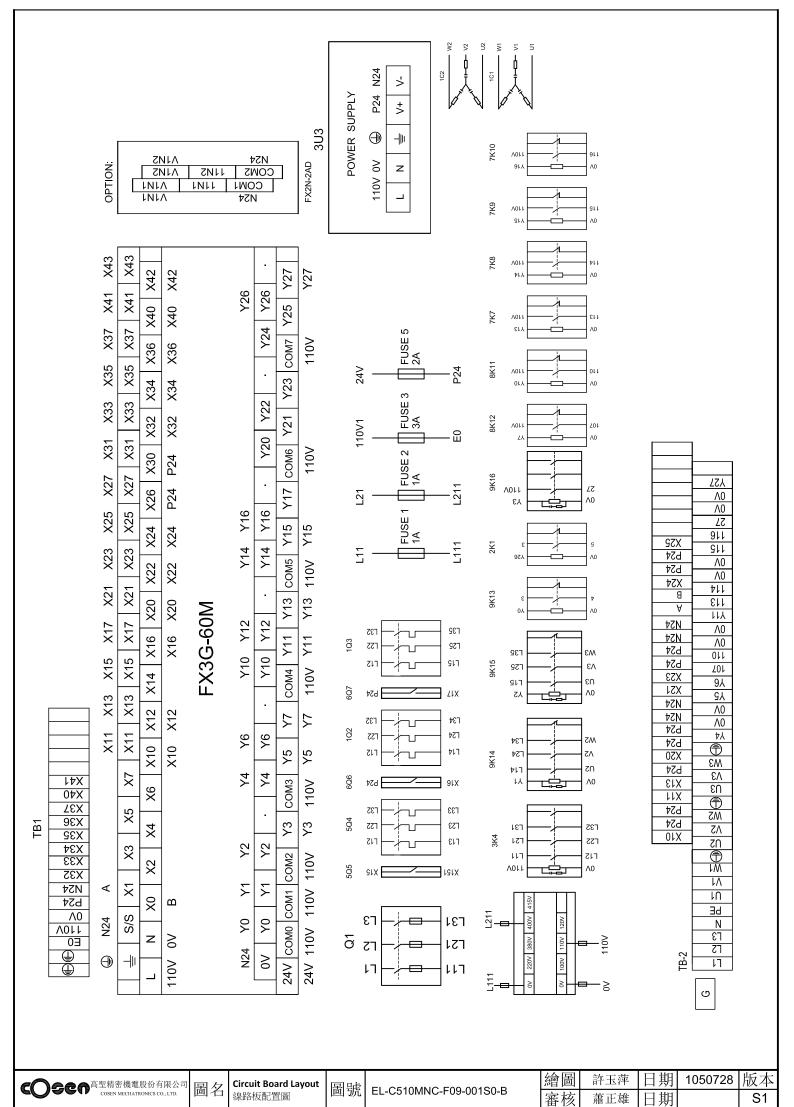


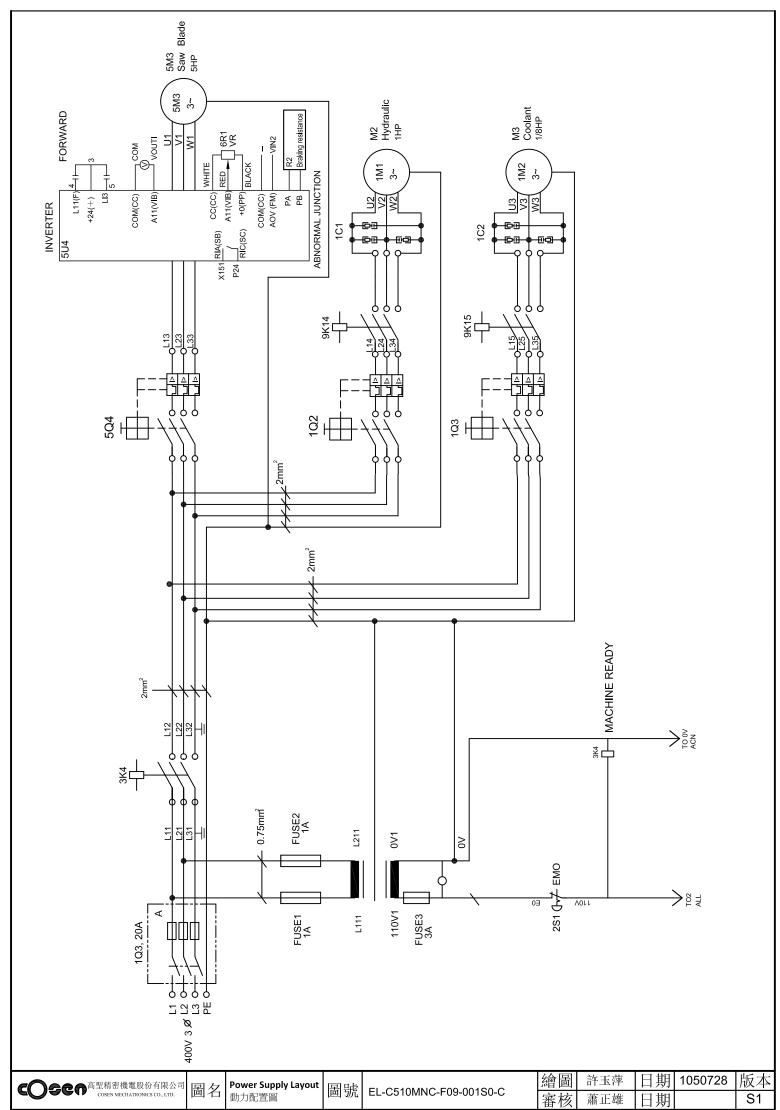
国名 PLC Input /Output Layout PLC I/O配置圖

圖號 EL-C510MNC-F05-000S0-D

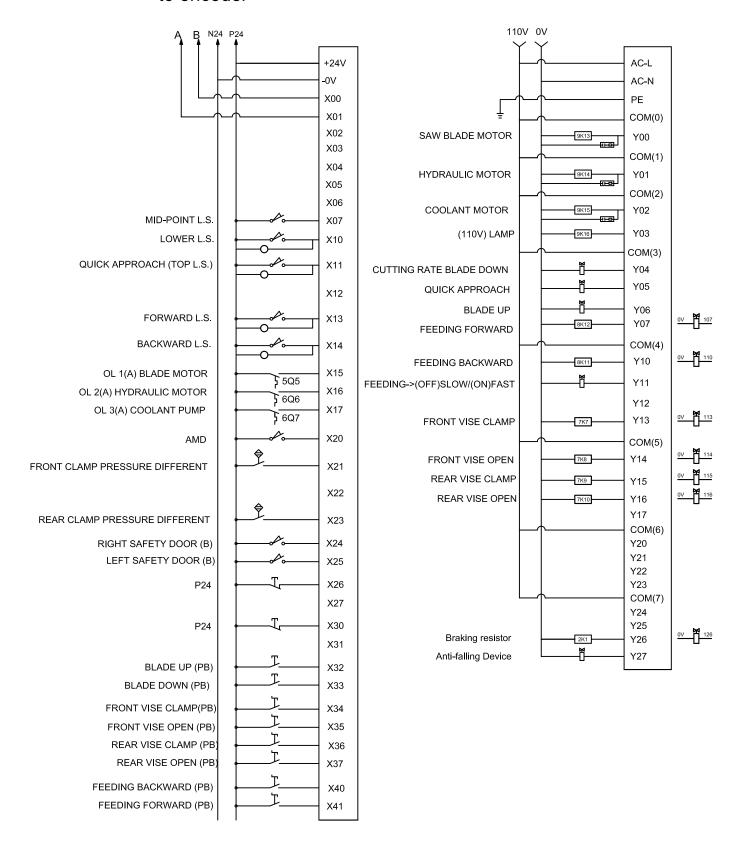
繪圖 林真如 日期 20150917 版本 審核 詹凱賀 日期 20150917 S0







#### to encoder



圖名 PLC Input /Output Layout PLC I/O配置圖

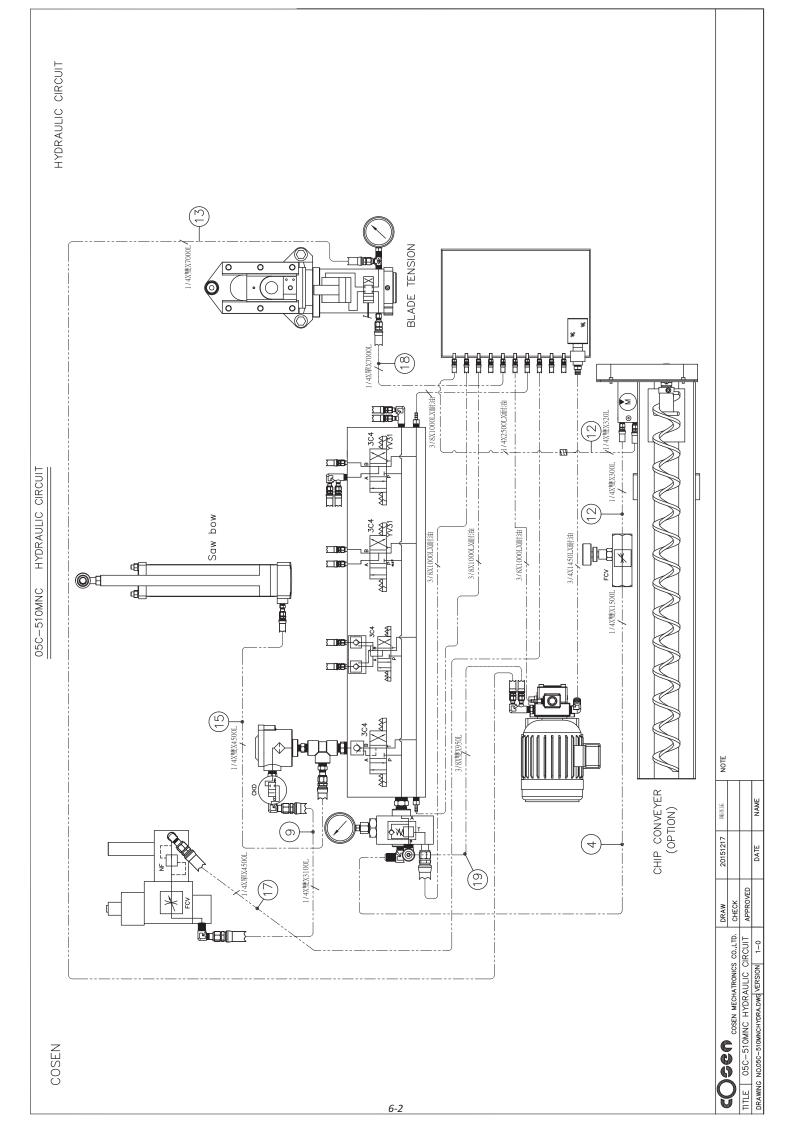
圖號

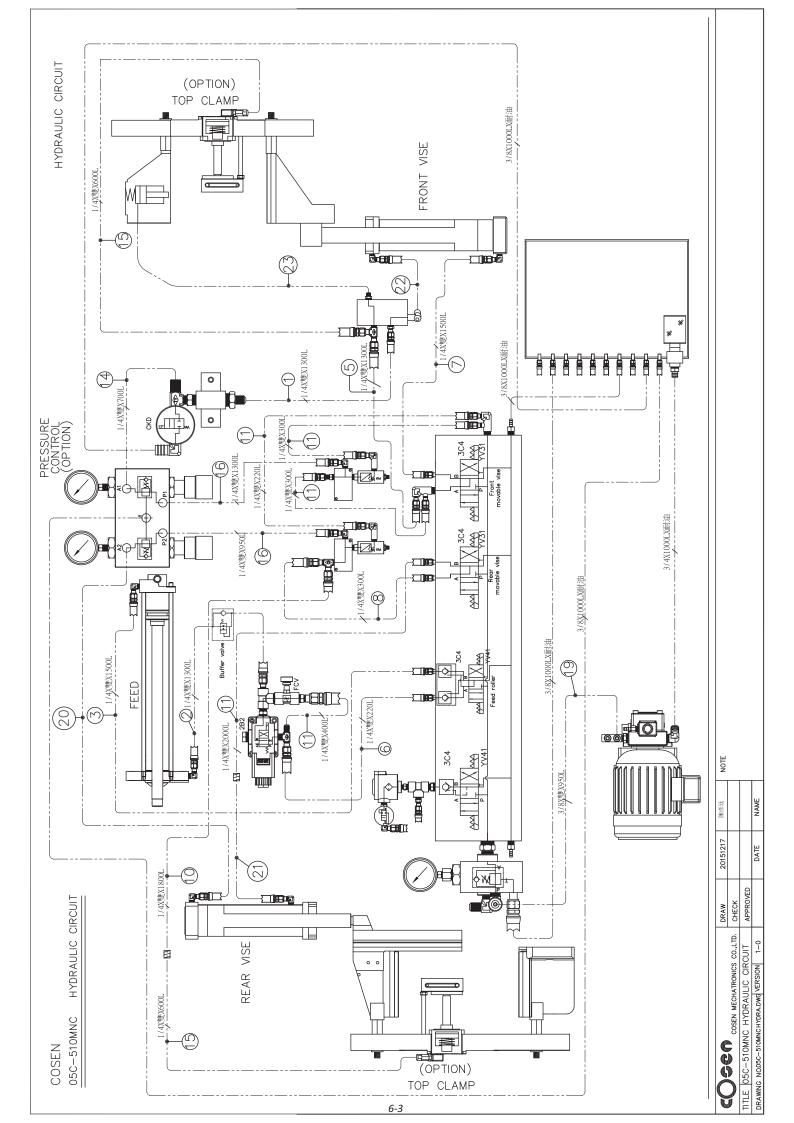
EL-C510MNC-F09-001S0-D

| 繪圖 | 許玉萍 | 日期 | 1050728 | 版本 | 審核 | 蕭正雄 | 日期 | S1

# HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

**HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM** 

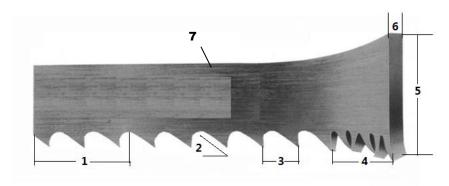




# *BANDSAW CUTTING: A PRACTICAL GUIDE*

INTRODUCTION
SAW BLADE SELECTION
VISE LOADING
BladeBreak -In
SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS

#### **INTRODUCTION**



- **1. TPI:** The number of teeth per inch as measured from gullet to gullet.
- 2. Tooth Rake Angle: The angle of the tooth face measured with respect to a line perpendicular to the cutting direction of the saw.
- 3.Tooth Pitch: Tooth pitch refers to the number of teeth per inch (tpi). 1 inch equates to 25.4 mm.

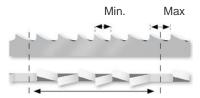
A distinction is made between constant tooth pitches with a uniform tooth distance, 2 tpi for example, and variable tooth pitches with different tooth distances within one toothing interval.

Variable tooth pitches, for instance 2-3 tpi, can be characterized by two measures: 2 tpi stands for the maximum tooth distance and 3 tpi stands for the minimum tooth distance in the toothing interval.

#### Constant



#### Variable



- 4. Set: The bending of teeth to right or left to allow clearance of the back of the blade through the cut.
- 5. Width: The nominal dimension of a saw blade as measured from the tip of the tooth to the back of the band.
- **6. Thickness:** The dimension from side to side on the blade.
- 7. Gullet: The curved area at the base of the tooth. The tooth tip to the bottom of the gullet is the gullet depth.

#### **SAW BLADE SELECTION**

#### 1. Band length

The dimensions of the band will depend on the band saw machine that has been installed.

Please refer to Section 2 - General Information

#### 2. Band width

Band width: the wider the band saw blade, the more stability it will have.

#### 3. Cutting edge material

The machinability of the material to be cut determines what cutting material you should choose.

#### 4. Tooth pitch

The main factor here is the contact length of the blade in the workpiece.

If it is 4P,  $25.4 \div 4$  P = 6.35 mm, that is, one tooth is 6.35 mm.

If it is 3P,  $25.4 \div 3$  P = 8.46 mm If the number is small, it means that the tooth is large.

What is written as 3/4 is that it is a variable pitch of large (3) / small (4).

The saw blade must contact the cutting material at least two pitches. In the case of a thickness of 15 mm, 4P = OK, 3P = NG.

- The surface conditions will also affect the cutting rate. If there are places on the surface on the material which are hard, a slower blade speed will be required or blade damage may result.
- It will be slower to cut tubing than to cut solids, because the blade must enter the material twice, and because coolant will not follow the blade as well.
- Tough or abrasive materials are much harder to cut than their machinability rating would indicate.
- Tooth spacing is determined by the hardness of the material and its thickness in cross section.
- Tooth set prevents the blade from binding in the cut. It may be either a "regular set" (also called a "raker set") or a "wavy set".
- The regular or raker set is most common and consists of a pattern of one tooth to the left, one tooth to the right, and one which is straight, or unset. This type of set is generally used where the material to be cut is uniform in size and for contour cutting.
- Wavy set has groups of teeth set alternately to right and left, forming a wave-like pattern.
  This reduces the stress on each individual tooth, making it suitable for cutting thin material
  or a variety of materials where blade changing is impractical. Wavy set is often used where
  tooth breakage is a problem. This is shown in Fig. 7.2 as follows:

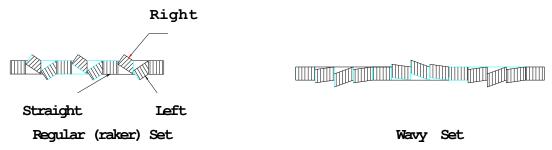


Fig. 7.2 The Saw Set

#### **VISE LOADING**

The position in which material is placed in the vise can have a significant impact on the cost per cut. Often, loading smaller bundles can mean greater sawing efficiency.



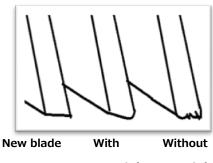
When it comes to cutting odd-shaped material, such as angles, I-beams, channel, and tubing, the main point is to arrange the materials in such a way that the blade cuts through as uniform a width as possible throughout the entire distance of cut.

The following diagrams suggest some costeffective ways of loading and fixturing. Be sure, regardless of the arrangement selected, that the work can be firmly secured to avoid damage to the machine or injury to the operator.



#### BladeBreak -In

Completing a proper break-in on a new band saw blade will dramatically increase its life.



Break-in Break-in

- 1. Select the proper band speed for the material to be cut.
- **2.** Reduce the feed force/rate to achieve a cutting rate 20% to 50% of normal (soft materials require a larger feed rate reduction than harder materials).
- 3.Begin the first cut at the reduced rate. Make sure the teeth are forming a chip. Small adjustments to the band speed may be made in the event of excessive noise/vibration. During the first cut, increase feed rate/force slightly once the blade fully enters the workpiece. With each following cut, gradually increase feed rate/force until normal cutting rate is reached.

# MAINTENANCE & SERVICE

**INTRODUCTION** 

**BASIC MAINTENANCE** 

**MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE** 

**BEFORE BEGINNING A DAY'S WORK** 

AFTER ENDING A DAY'S WORK

**EVERY MONTH** 

**EVERY THREE MONTHS** 

**EVERY SIX MONTHS** 

**STORAGE CONDITIONS** 

**TERMINATING THE USE OF MACHINE** 

OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE

#### INTRODUCTION

For the best performance and longer life of the band saw machine, a maintenance schedule is necessary. Some of the daily maintenance usually takes just a little time but will give remarkable results for the efficient and proper operation of cutting.

#### **BASIC MAINTENANCE**

It is always easy and takes just a little effort to do the basic maintenance. But it always turns out to be a very essential process to assure the long life and efficient operation of the machine. Most of the basic maintenance requires the operator to perform it regularly.

#### **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

We suggest you do the maintenance on schedule. The recommended schedule includes three periods, 1.Daily maintenance. 2.Monthly maintenance. 3. Six months maintenance.

#### Before beginning a day's work

- 1. Please check the hydraulic oil level. If oil level volume is below 1/2, please add oil as necessary. (Filling up to 2/3 level is better for system operation.)
- 2. Please check the cutting fluid level, adding fluid as necessary. If the fluid appears contaminated or deteriorated, drain and replace it.
- 3. Please check the saw blade to ensure that it is properly positioned on both the drive and idle wheels.
- 4. Please make sure that the saw blade is properly clamped by the left and right inserts.
- 5. Please check the wire brush for proper contact with the saw blade. Replace the wire brush if it is worn out.

#### After ending a day's work

Please remove saw chips and clean the machine with discharging the cutting fluid when work has been completed.

Do not discharge cutting fluid while the saw blade is operating because it will cause severe injury on operator's hand.



Be sure the saw blade is fully stop, it will be performed after working inspection.

#### **Every month**

Please apply grease to the following points:

- 1. Idle wheel
- 2. Drive wheel
- 3. Blade tension device

#### Recommended Grease:

- Shell Alvania EP Grease 2
- Mobil Mobilplex 48

#### Every three months

Replace the transmission oil after operating for three months (or 600 hours).

#### **Recommended Grease:**

- Shell Alvania EP Grease 2
- Mobil Mobilplex 48 (600W Cylinder oil)

#### Every six months

- 1. Clean the filter of the cutting fluid.
- 2. Replace the transmission oil for every half of a year(or 1200 hours).

Check the sight gauge to ascertain the transmission level.

#### **Recommended Transmission Oil:**

- Omala oil HD220
- Mobil comp 632 600W Cylinder oil
- 3. Replace the hydraulic oil.

#### Recommended Hydraulic Oil:

- Shell Tellus 27
- Mobil DTE OIL light Hydraulic28

#### STORAGE CONDITIONS

Generally, this machine will be stored on the following conditions in future:

- (1) Turn off the power.
- (2) Ambient temperature:  $5^{\circ}$ C ~  $40^{\circ}$ C
- (3) Relative humidity: 30%~95% (without condensation)
- (4) Atmosphere: use a plastic canvas to cover machine to avoid excessive dust, acid fume, corrosive gases and salt.
- (5) Avoid exposing to direct sunlight or heat rays which can change the environmental temperature.
- (6) Avoid exposing to abnormal vibration.
- (7) Must be connected to earth.

#### TERMINATING THE USE OF THE MACHINE

Waste disposal:

When your machine can not work anymore, you should leak out the oil from machine body. Please storage the oil in safe place with bottom. Ask a environment specialist to handle the oil. It can avoid soil pollution. The oil list in machine:

- Hydraulic oil
- Cutting fluid
- Drive wheel gear oil

#### **OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE**

Item		Method	Revolution	Suggest oil
Dovetail guide		Keep grease covered. Antirust.	Daily	Shell R2
Roller bearing		Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Bed roller / surface		Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Nipples of	bearing	Use grease gun, but not excess.	Monthly	Shell R2
Blade tens	ion device	Use grease gun, but not excess.	Monthly	Shell R2
Reducer		Inspect once a week. Change oil of 600 hours of using. Change it every year.	Regularly	Omala oil HD220 Mobil Gear 630
Hydraulic	system	Inspect half a year. Change oil every year.	Regularly	Shell Tellus 32 Mobil DTE oil Light Hydraulic 24
	Inserts	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Daily	
D	Band wheel	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Weekly	Chall D2
Bearing	Cylinder	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	Shell R2
	Wire brush	Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	



- 1. Turn off the stop circuit breaker switch before servicing the machine.
  - 2. Then post a sign to inform people that the machine is under maintenance.
  - 3. Drain all of the cutting fluid and oil off and carefully treat them to avoid pollution.

# TROUBLESHOOTING

INTRODUCTION
PRECAUTIONS
GENERAL TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
BLADE TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
SAWING PROBLEMS & SOLUTIONS
RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE

#### INTRODUCTION

All the machines manufactured by us pass a 48 hours continuously running test before shipping out and we are responsible for the after sales service problems during the warranty period if the machines are used normally. However, there still exist the some unpredictable problems which may disable the machine from operating.

Generally speaking, the system troubles in this machine model can be classified into three types, namely GENERAL TROUBLES, MOTOR TROUBLES and BLADE TROUBLES. Although you may have other troubles which can not be recognized in advance, such as malfunctions due to the limited life-span of mechanical, electric or hydraulic parts of the machine.

We have accumulated enough experiences and technical data to handle all of the regular system troubles. Meanwhile, our engineering department had been continuously improving the machines to prevent all possible troubles.

It is hoped that you will give us your maintenance experience and ideas so that both sides can achieve the best performance.

9-1

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

When an abnormality occurs in the machine during operation, you can do it yourself safely. If you have to stop machine motion immediately for parts exchanging, you should do so according to the following procedures:

- Press HYDRAULIC MOTOR OFF button or EMERGENCY STOP button.
- Open the electrical enclosure door.
- Turn off breaker.

BEFORE ANY ADJUSTMENT OR MAINTENANCE OF THE MACHINE, PLEASE MAKE SURE TO TURN OFF THE MACHINE AND DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY.

#### **GENERAL TROUBLES AND SOLUTIONS**



# DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Excessive belt tension	Adjust belt tension so that belt does not slip on drive pulley while cutting ( 1/2" Min. deflection of belt under moderate pressure.)
Motor stalls	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed".
	Excessive blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection".
	Improper blade selection	Refer to Operating Instructions "Blade Selection".
	Dull blade	Replace blade.
Connet make	Guide rollers not adjusted properly	Refer to Adjustments.
Cannot make square cut	Rear vise jaw not adjusted properly	Set fixed vise jaw 90° to blade.
	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to operating instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Dull blade	Replace blade
Increased cutting time	Insufficient head pressure	Increase head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Reduce blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection."
	Motor running in wrong direction	Reverse rotation of motor. (Motor rotation C.C.W. pulley end.)
Will not cut	Blade teeth pointing in wrong direction	Remove blade, turn blade inside out. Re-install blade. (Teeth must point in direction of travel. )
	Hardened material	Use special alloy blades. (Consult your industrial distributor for recommendation on type of blade required.)

# **MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Saw blade motor does not run	Overload relay activated	Reset
even though blade drive button	Saw blade is not at forward	Press SAW FRAME
is pressed.	limit position.	FORWARD button

# **MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Magnetic switch open, or	Reset protector by pushing red button (inside
	protector open.	electric box.)
Motor will not start	Low voltage	Check power line for proper voltage.
	Open circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
	connections.	or open connections.
	Short circuit in line, cord or	Inspect line, cord and plug for damaged
	plug.	insulation and shorted wire.
Motor will not start,	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
fuse or circuit	connections	or shorted terminals or worn insulation on
breakers "blow".		wires.
	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
	breakers in power line.	
Motor fail to develop	Power line overloaded with	Reduce the load on the power line.
full power. (Power	lights, appliances and other	
output of motor	motors.	
decreases rapidly	Undersize wires or circuit too	Increase wire sizes, or reduce length of wiring
with decrease in	long.	
voltage at motor	General overloading of power	Request a voltage check from the power
terminals.)	company's facilities.	company
	Motor overloaded.	Reduce load on motor
Motor overheat	Air circulation through the	Clean out motor to provide normal air
	motor restricted.	circulation through motor.
	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect terminals in motor for loose or shorted
Motor stalls	connections.	terminals or worn insulation on lead wires.
(Resulting in blown	Low voltage	Correct the low line voltage conditions.
fuses or tripped	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses circuit breakers.
circuit breakers)	breakers in power line.	
	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load.
Frequent opening of	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load
fuses or circuit	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
breakers.	breakers.	



# DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Too few teeth per inch	Use finer tooth blade
Teeth	Loading of gullets	Use coarse tooth blade or cutting lubricant.
strippage	Excessive feed	Decrease feed
	Work not secured in vise	Clamp material securely
	Teeth too coarse	Use a finer tooth blade
	Misalignment of guides	Adjust saw guides
	Dry cutting	Use cutting lubricant
Blade	Excessive speed	Lower speed. See Operating Instructions "Speed selection."
breakage	Excessive speed	Reduce feed pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Excessive tension	Tension blade to prevent slippage on drive wheel while cutting.
	Wheels out of line	Adjust wheels
	Guides out of line	For a straight and true cut, realign guides, check bearings for wear.
Blade line	Excessive pressure	Conservative pressure assures long blade life and clean straight cuts.
Run-out or	Support of blade insufficient	Move saw guides as close to work as possible.
Run-in	Material not properly secured in vise	Clamp material in vise, level and securely.
	Blade tension improper	Loosen or tighten tension on blade.
Blade	Blade not in line with guide bearings	Check bearings for wear and alignment.
twisting	Excessive blade pressure	Decrease pressure and blade tension
	Blade binding in cut	Decrease feed pressure
	Dry cutting	Use lubricant on all materials, except cast iron
Premature	Blade too coarse	Use finer tooth blade
tooth wear	Not enough feed	Increase feed so that blade does not ride in cut
	Excessive speed	Decrease speed

# **SAWING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS**

Other than this manual, the manufacturer also provides some related technical documents listed as follows:

## **Sawing Problems and Solutions**

	Vibra	ition	duri	ng cı	utting	
		Failu	re to	cut		
		⊢S	hort	life o	of saw blade	
			[		d cutting	
	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓ E	Broken blade	
$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	Use of blade with incorrect pitch	Use blade with correct pitch suited
						to workpiece width
✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	Failure to break-in saw blade	Perform break-in operation
✓	✓	$\checkmark$			Excessive saw blade speed	Reduce speed
			$\checkmark$	✓	Insufficient saw blade speed	Increase speed
✓		✓	✓	✓	Excessive saw head descending speed	Reduce speed
✓		$\checkmark$	✓		Insufficient saw head descending speed	Increase speed
		✓	✓		Insufficient saw blade tension	Increase tension
✓		$\checkmark$	✓	✓	Wire brush improperly positioned	Relocate
✓		✓	✓		Blade improperly clamped by insert	Check and correct
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Improperly clamped workpiece	Check and correct
	✓	✓	✓		Excessively hard material surface	Soften material surface
		✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Excessive cutting rate	Reduce cutting rate
	<b>√</b>	✓			Non-annealed workpiece	Replace with suitable workpiece
<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Insufficient or lean cutting fluid	Add fluid or replace
✓		✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Vibration near machine	Relocate machine
		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		Non-water soluble cutting fluid used	Replace
✓		<b>√</b>	✓		Air in cylinder	Bleed air
<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		1	Broken back-up roller	Replace
✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	Use of non-specified saw blade	Replace
1	1	<i>'</i>	_	1	Fluctuation of line voltage	Stabilize
·	•	·	·	•	Adjustable blade guide too far from	Bring blade guide close to
•		•	•		workpiece	workpiece
<b>√</b>		./	./	./	Loose blade guide	Tighten
•		·/	•	./	Blue or purple saw chips	Reduce cutting rate
./		./		./	Accumulation of chips at inserts	Clean
V	./	V		v	-	
1	V	1			Reverse positioning of blade on machine	
<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>	V		Workpieces are not bundled properly	Re-bundle
V		<b>√</b>		✓	Back edge of blade touching wheel	Adjust wheel to obtain clearance
					flange	
<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	✓			Workpiece of insufficient diameter	Use other machine, suited for
						diameter of workpiece Replace
	✓	✓	✓		Saw blade teeth worn	Replace

#### **SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS**

**Table Of Contents** 

#1. Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth	#11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band
#2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth	#12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge
#3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth	#13. Butt Weld Breakage
#4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth	#14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets
#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge	#15. Body Breaking – Fracture Traveling In An Angular
	Direction
#6. Tooth Strippage	#16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets
#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips	#17. Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration
#8. Gullets Loading Up With Material	#18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge
#9. Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To	#19. Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge
Excessive Frictional Heat	
#10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band	#20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length.

#### **#1.** Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Excessive band speed for the type of material being cut. This generates a high tooth tip temperature resulting in accelerated tooth wear.
- **C.** Low feed rate causes teeth to rub instead of penetrate. This is most common on work hardened materials such as stainless and toolsteels.
- **D.** Hard materials being cut such as "Flame Cut Edge" or abrasive materials such as "Fiber Reinforced Composites".
- **E.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio, and/or improper application

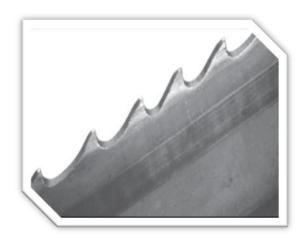
#### #2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Broken, worn or missing back-up guides allowing teeth to contact side guides.
- B. Improper side guides for band width.
- **C.** Backing the band out of an incomplete cut.

#### #3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth



#### **Probable Cause:**

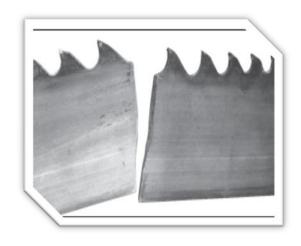
- **A.** Worn wheel flange, allowing side of teeth to contact wheel surface or improper tracking on flangeless wheel.
- **B.** Loose or improperly positioned side guides.
- **C.** Blade not perpendicular to cut.
- **D.** Blade rubbing against cut surface on return stroke of machine head.
- **E.** The teeth rubbing against a part of machine such as chip brush assembly, guards, etc.

#### #4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Improper blade selection for application.
- **C.** Handling damage due to improper opening of folded band.
- **D.** Improper positioning or clamping of material.
- E. Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- F. Hitting hard spots or hard scale in material

#### **#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge**



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Excessive back-up guide "preload" will cause back edge to work harden which results in cracking.
- **B.** Excessive feed rate.
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.
- E. Improper band tension.
- F. Notches in back edge from handling damage

#### #6. Tooth Strippage



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Improper or lack of break-in procedure.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- **D.** Movement or vibration of material being cut.
- **E.** Improper tooth pitch for cross sectional size of material being cut.
- **F.** Improper positioning of material being cut.
- **G.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply,improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **H.** Hard spots in material being cut.
- Band speed too slow for grade of material being cut.

#### **#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips**



- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Improper band speed.
- **D.** Improper feeding rate.

#### #8. Gullets Loading Up With Material



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Too fine of a tooth pitch insufficient gullet capacity.
- **B.** Excessive feeding rate producing too large of a chip.
- **C.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

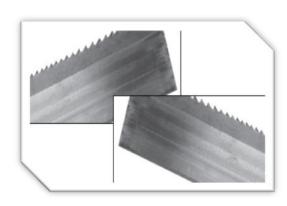
#### **#9.** Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To Excessive Frictional Heat



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Excessive band speed.
- **C.** Improper feeding rate.
- **D.** Band installed backwards.

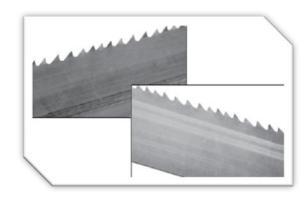
#### 10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Chipped or broken side guides.
- **B.** Side guide adjustment may be too tight.
- **C.** Insufficient flow of sawing fluid through the side guides.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

#### #11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band



- **A.** Loose side guides.
- **B.** Chipped, worn or defective side guides.
- **C.** Band is rubbing on part of the machine.
- **D.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **E.** Accumulation of chips in side guides.

#### #12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Excessive feed rate.
- B. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.

### #13. Butt Weld Breakage

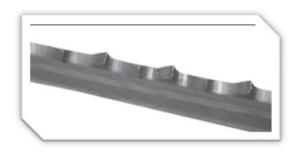


#### **Probable Cause:**

**A.** Any of the factors that cause body breaks can also cause butt weld breaks.

(See Observations #5, #15 and #16)

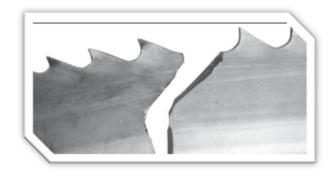
#### #14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets



#### **Probable Cause:**

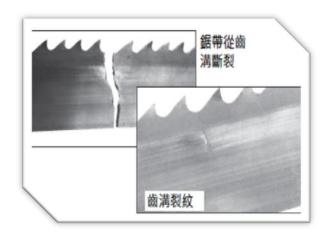
- **A.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **B.** Too slow of band speed.
- **C.** Using too fine of a tooth pitch for the size of material being cut.

## #15. Body Breaking - Fracture Traveling In An Angular Direction



- **A.** An excessive twist type of stress existed.
- **B.** Guide arms spread to capacity causing excessive twist from band wheel to guides.
- **C.** Guide arms spread too wide while cutting small cross sections.
- **D.** Excessive back-up guide "preload".

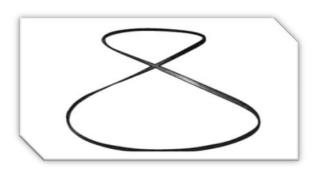
#### #16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **B.** Improper band tension.
- **C.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **D.** Improper beam bar alignment.
- **E.** Side guide adjustment is too tight.
- **F.** Excessively worn teeth.

## **#17.** Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension.
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

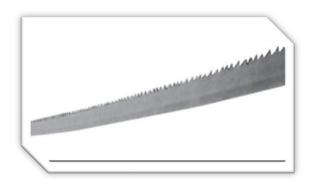
#### #18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge



#### **Probable Cause:**

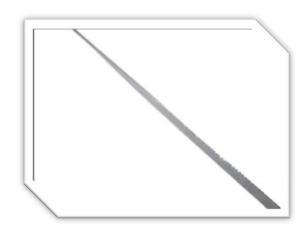
- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near gullets.
- **B.** Excessive "preload" band riding heavily against back-up guides.
- **C.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **E.** Guide arms are spread to maximum capacity.
- **F.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.

## **#19.** Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge



- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near back edge.
- **B.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **C.** Guide arms are spread too far apart.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.

#### #20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

#### **RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE**

If the feeding table suffers the huge stroke and the alignment is effected, follow the below procedure to adjust.

#### TOOL, measuring

Measurement, Horizontal balance

#### <u>Procedure</u>

- 1. Screw or loosen the adjusting bolt to attain the horizontal balance (leveling) between the roller table and the machine frame.
- 2. Ensure that the machine frame is not struck by the loaded material on the feeding table.
- 3. Check the leveling by the measuring tool.
- 4. After finished the adjusting, fix the roller table.

If the feeding table and the machine frame are not positioned under the horizontal balance, the loaded material may be going up gradually and affect the cutting effect.

# **PARTS**

#### **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

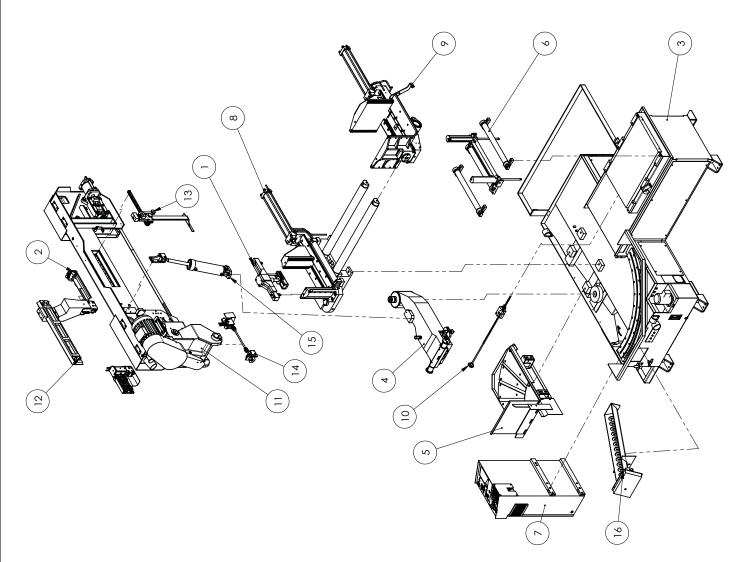
**PART LIST** 

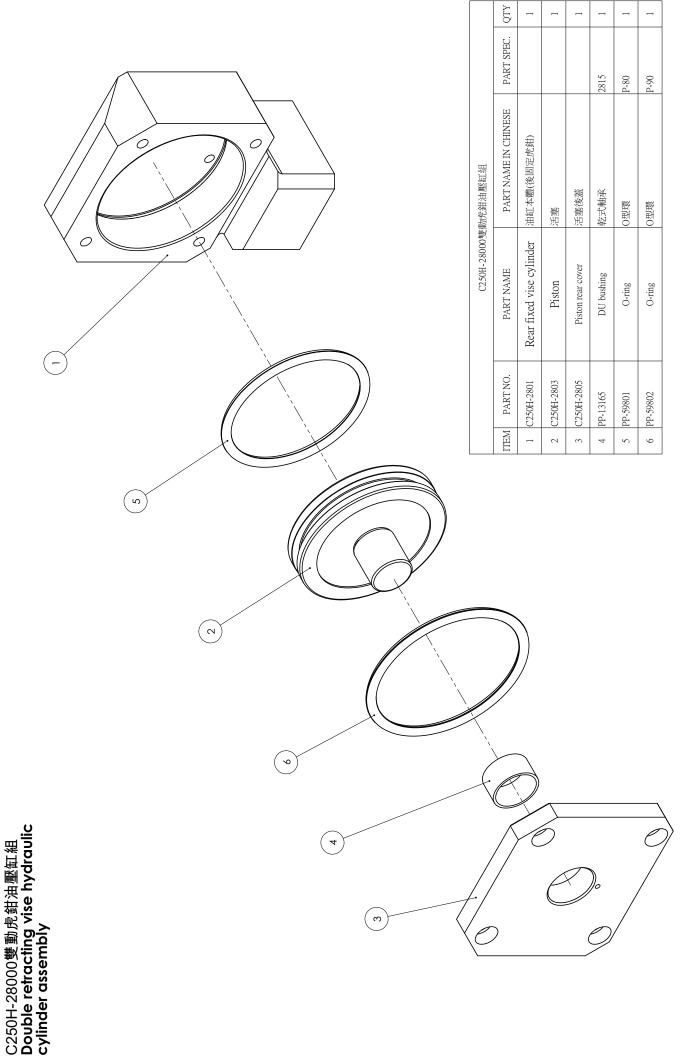
#### **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

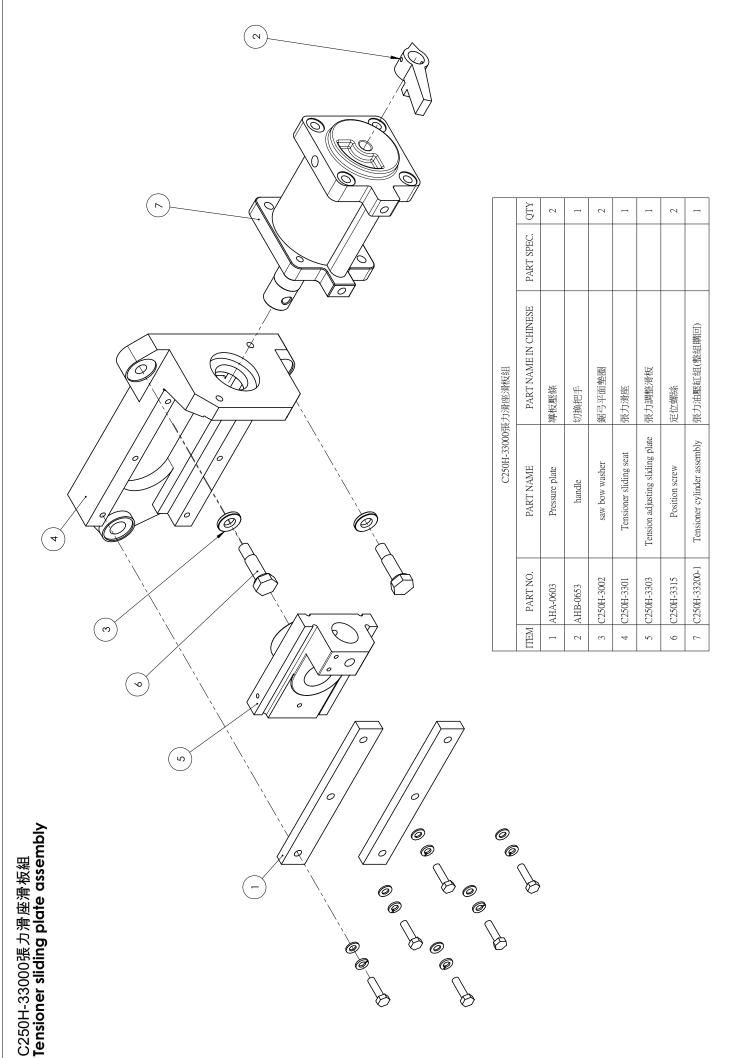
The following table lists the common spare parts we suggest you purchase in advance:

Part Name	Part Name
Saw blade	Coolant tank filter
Wire brush	Steel plates
Carbide inserts	Rollers
Bearings	Belt
Hydraulic tank leak-proof asbestos	Duster seal
Rubber washer	Oil seal
O-ring	Snap ring
Drive wheel	Idle wheel

		05C-510	05C-510MNC-G		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	C510M-24000	Top clamp assembly	下壓裝置組		-
2	C510M-42000	Vibration damper	防震導輪機構		
3	G510M-10000	Base assembly	底座組		1
4	G510M-11500	Rotary joint block assembly	旋轉關節座組		
5	G510M-12000	Tray assembly	托架組		
9	G510M-12500	Feed roller assembly	送料滾輪組		_
7	G510M-13000	Control box assembly	控制箱組		П
∞	G510M-20000	Bed assembly	床面組		1
6	G510M-20110	Feeding bed assembly	送料床面組		-
10	G510M-25700	Feed encoder assembly	送料譯碼器組		-
11	G510M-30000	Saw bow assembly	鋸弓組		1
12	G510M-31000	Saw arm assembly	鋸臂組		1
13	G510M-32000	Quick approach assembly	急降桿組		1
14	G510M-32200	Wire brush assembly	<b>美岡 届1公</b> 里		1
15	G510M-32500	Saw bow cylinder assembly	鋸弓油壓缸組		1
16	G510M-40000	Automatic chip conveyor	自動除屑裝置		_

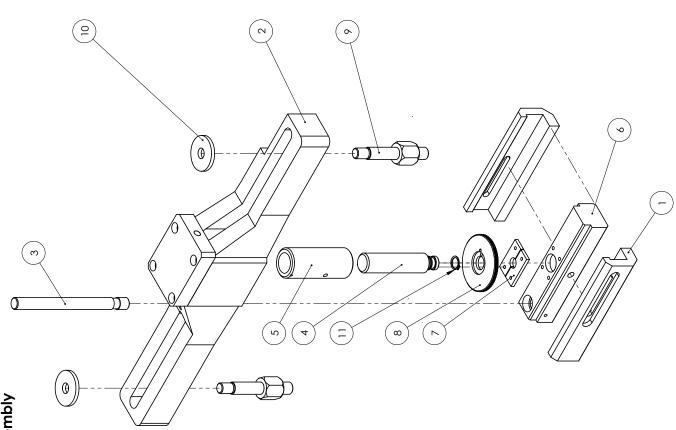




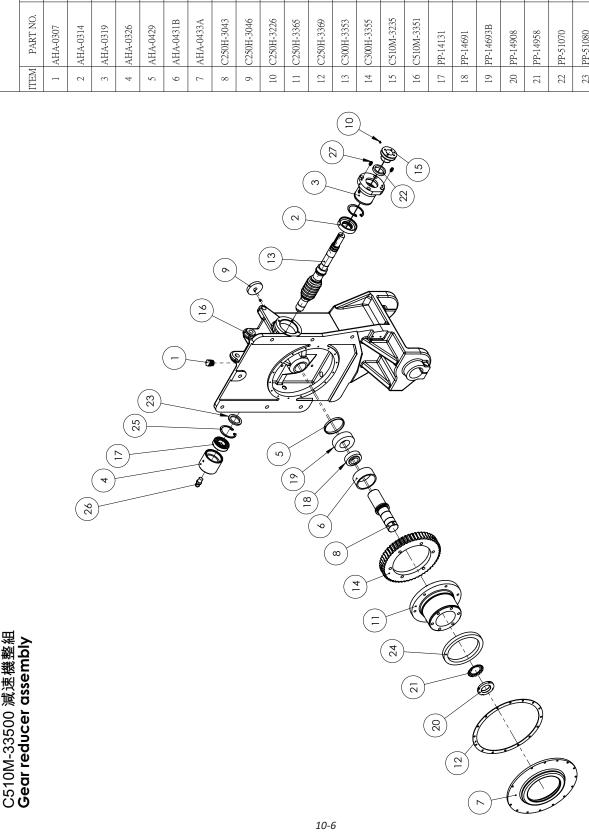


C510M-24000 下壓裝置組 **Top clamp assembly** 

	QTY	2	I	-					N		2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2	0 - 0 0
	PART SPEC.											217
C510M-24000 下壓裝置組	PART NAME IN CHINESE	下壓伸縮板	前下壓油缸組(半組立)	下壓定位桿	下壓調整螺桿	伸縮桿	壓板	螺桿定位板	下壓調整手輪	下壓固定螺栓	下壓固定塊	計
C510M-24000	PART NAME	duster seal	Top clamp cylinder	Rod	Adjusting bolt	Extension rod	Press plate	Position plate for bolt	Top clamp adjusting handwheel	Top clamp fixed bolt	Top clamp fixed block	guin aen S
	PART NO.	AHB-1923	AHB-26001	AHN-2601	AHN-2604	AHN-2607	AHN-2608	AHN-2611	AHN-2612	AHP-1905	C510M-4141	68025-dd
	MELLI	1	2	3	4	S	9	7	∞	6	10	111



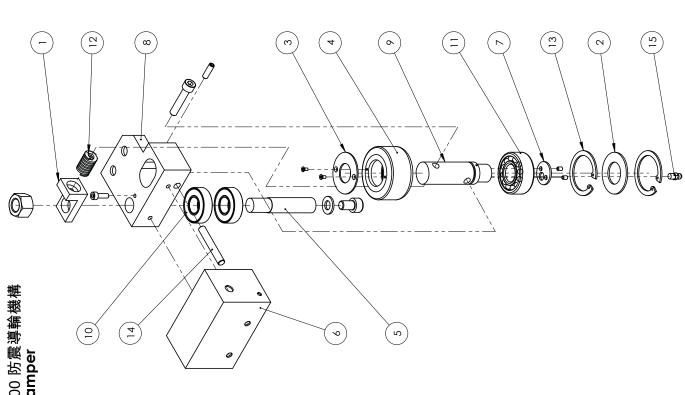
減速機整組	assembly
C510M-33500 }	Gear reducer



		C510M-33500 減速機整組	整組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	AHA-0307	Plug	透氣塞頭		-
2	AHA-0314	Fixed seat cover	固定座蓋		1
3	AHA-0319	Fixed seat (1)	固定座(一)		-
4	AHA-0326	Fixed seat (2)	固定座(二)		-
5	AHA-0429	Adjusting ring	調整環		П
9	AHA-0431B	Bearing washer	軸承墊圈		
7	AHA-0433A	Oil fixed plate	油封固定盤		П
∞	C250H-3043	Drive wheel shaft	下輪曲		-
6	C250H-3046	Drive wheel shaft fixed washer	下輪軸固定華司		-
10	C250H-3226	Pointed set screw	尖頭止付螺絲		2
11	C250H-3365	Housing	蝸輪固定座		-
12	C250H-3369	Gear reducer rubber washer	耐油墊圈		-
13	C300H-3353	Worm shaft	蝸桿	1:22.5	-
14	C300H-3355	Worm gear	蝸輪	1:22.5	
15	C510M-3235	Wire brush pulley	鋼刷普利		1
16	C510M-3351	Gear reducer body	減速機本體		1
17	PP-14131	Gear reducer rubber washer	軸承	29079	-
18	PP-14691	Ball bearing	沒錐軸承	32206	1
19	PP-14693B	Ball bearing	沒錐軸承	32208	1
20	PP-14908	Fixed nut	固定螺母	AN08	1
21	PP-14958	Stop ring	止動環	AW08	1
22	PP-51070	Oil Seal	油封	TC-38.50.8	1
23	PP-51080	Oil Seal	油封	38x52x5	1
24	PP-51090B	Oil Seal	油封	130x160x14T	1
25	PP-58103	Interlock	内鎖	R62	2
26	PUC-005	Grease nipple	油嘴	1/16	-
27	PUC-007	Grease nipple	無理	M6x1.0	2

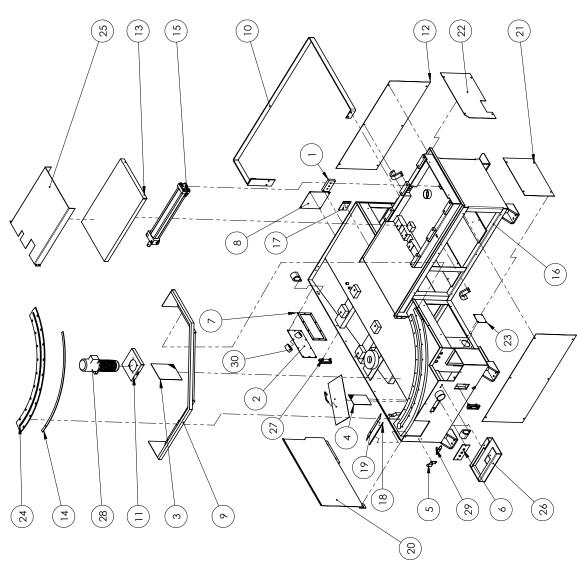
C510M-42000 防震導輪機構 Vibration damper	

		C510M-42000	C510M-42000 防震導輸機構		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
1	AGB-3306N	Spring seat	防震彈簧座		
2	AGB-3307A	Grease cover	牛油擋		
3	AGB-3308	Rubber ring	遮水橡皮		
4	AHA-3301	Vibration damper	防震導輪		
5	AHA-3305	Shaft	固定導輪軸		-
9	C510M-3397A	Vibration roller cover	防震滾輪護蓋		1
7	C510M-4206	Bearing washer	軸承墊圈		1
∞	C510M-4221	Vibration damper seat	防震座		1
6	C510M-4231A	roller shaft	防震導輪軸		
10	PP-14267	Bearing	軸承	6203VV	2
11	PP-14507	Bearing	調心軸承	2204	1
12	PP-57403	Spring	彈簧	TH-1625	-
13	PP-58111	Snap ring	扣環	R47	2
14	PRD-8-55	Pin	平行鎖	Ф8х55	
15	PUC-020	Grease nipple	料	1/4"-28UNF	



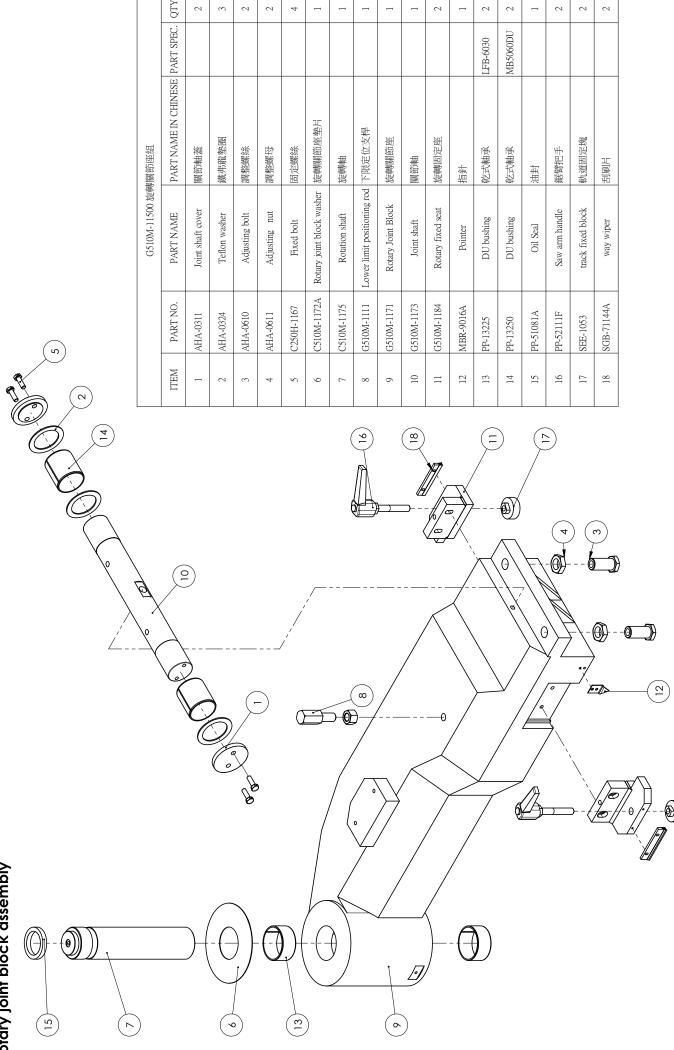
G510M-10000 底座組 Base assembly

			G510M-10	GS10M-10000 底座組		
	ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	-	AGB-70736	Reserved fixed seat	減壓閥預留固定座		1
	2	AHA-0102	oil tank cover	油箱蓋		
	3	AHA-0138	Filter	水箱通管濾網		
	4	AHA-0139	Filter	水相通管濾網(小)		1
	5	AHA-1309	Hose bracket	軟管架		
JC JC	9	AHG-0138A	Fitting seat	水管接頭座		
(52)		C250H-1006	Oil tank gasket	油箱蓋防漏橡膠		-
13	∞	C500M-1056	Cover	開孔蓋		
	6	C510M-1025	Right splash shield	右防濺板		1
15)	10	C510M-1031	Left fence	左護欄		_
	11	C510M-1036	Coolant pump fixed seat cover	水泵固定座蓋		1
	12	C510M-1069	Cover	後右後蓋		2
	13	C510M-1070	Feeding cylinder cover	送料油缸護蓋		1
(10)	14	C510M-1181	Angle scale	角度鉛板		-
	15	C510M-26500	Feeding cylinder sssembly	送料油壓缸組(有緩衝)		1
	16	G510M-1001	Base	底座		-
	17	G510M-1016	Front L.S. fixed plate	前限動固定板		
	18	G510M-1026	Press down plate	壓板		1
	19	G510M-1028	Water shield rubber	擋水橡膠		-
	20	G510M-1044	Base splash shield	底座遮水板		1
/	21	G510M-1060	Cover	右後左蓋		1
	22	G510M-1061	Left rear cover	左後蓋		1
	23	G510M-1062	Right rear cover	右後遮板		1
(12)	24	G510M-1183	Rotation fixed plate	旋轉固定板		1
(8	25	G510M-1283	Feeding shaft cover	送料軸蓋板		-
77	26	G510M-1303	Control box base	控制箱底座		1
7	27	PP-21030	oil gauge	州面計	3"	_
	28	PP-32012-CE	Pump	浸水幫浦(過濾式)(CE)	1/8HP 220L	-
(21)	59	PP-58003	Spray gun	水槍		1
	30	PP-90857	Hydraulics tank cover nut	油箱蓋螺帽		

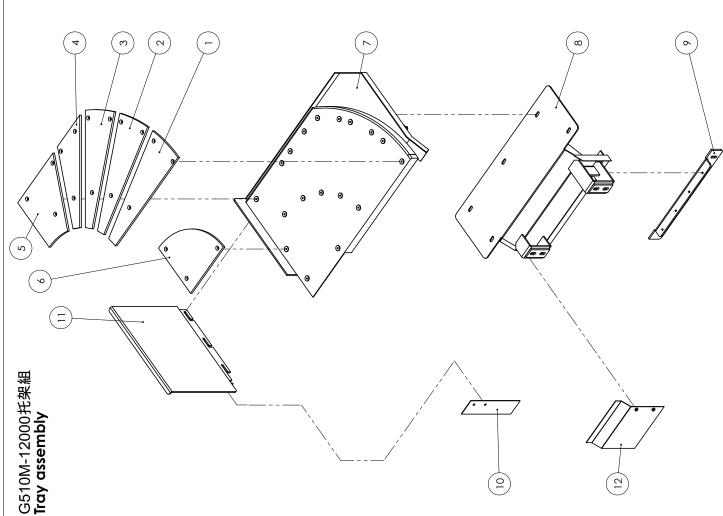




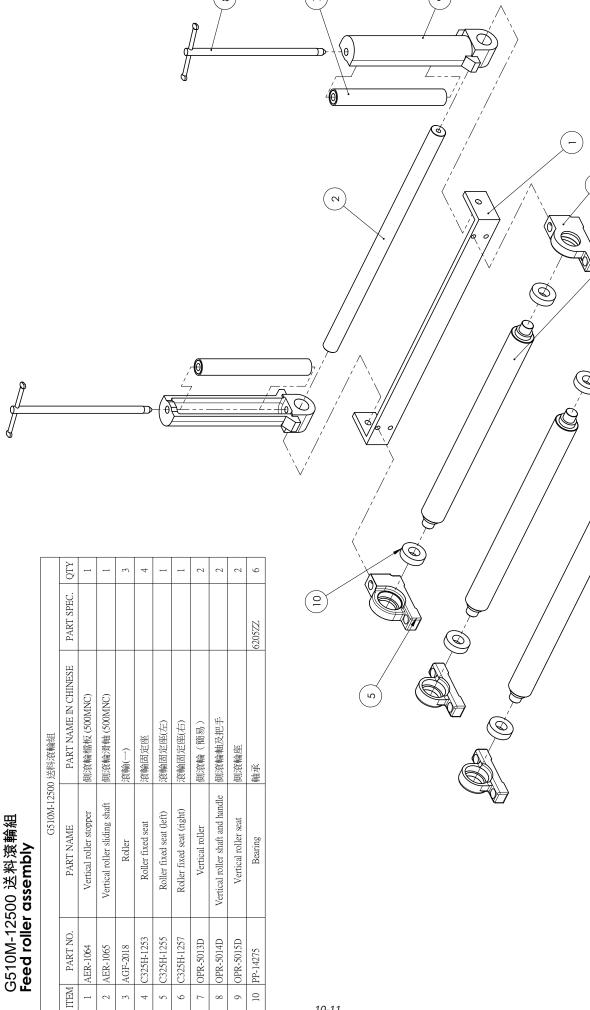








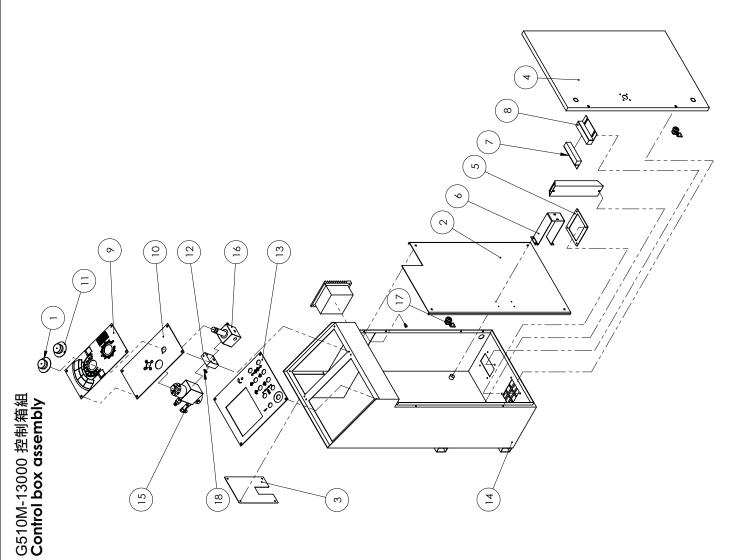




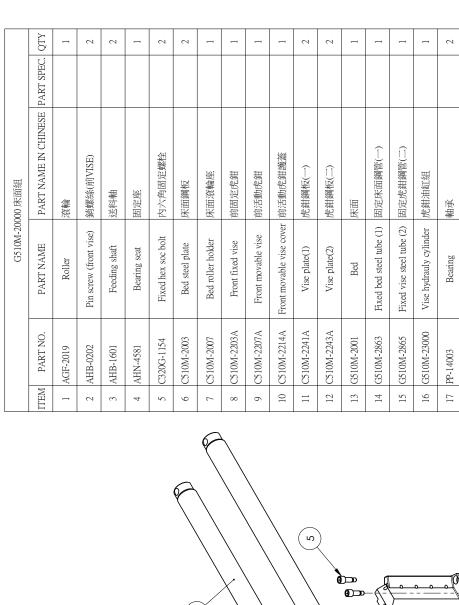
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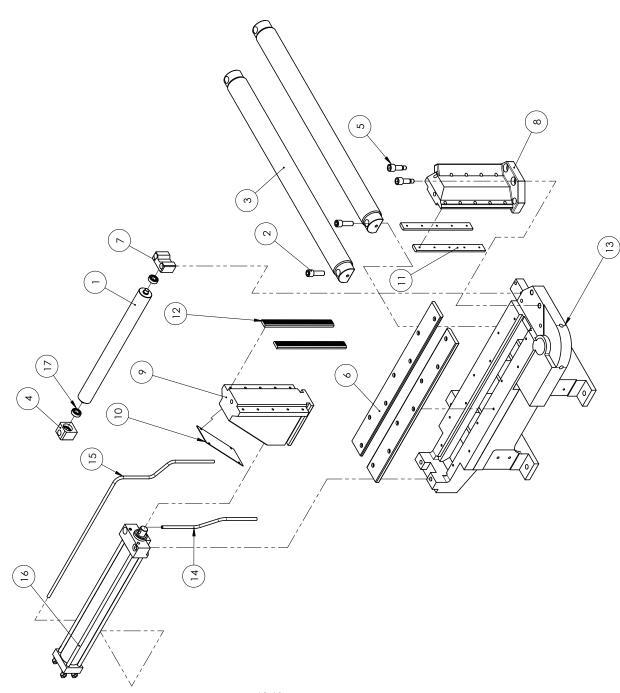
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		G510M-1300	G510M-13000 控制箱組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
_	AHA-1806	Flow valve control knob	流量閥旋鈕		-
2	C250H-1305A	Circuit board	線路板		-
~	C250H-1308	Control box rear cover	控制箱後蓋		-
4	C250H-1310-S2	Control box door	控制箱門		-
5	C250H-1312	Control box gasket	控制箱防塵壓板		
9	C250H-1317	Safety switch stand	門式開關支撑座		_
7	C250H-1320	Wire fixed Board	電線固定板1		-
∞	C250H-1322	Wire fixed Board	電線固定板2		-
6	C250H-1325	Flow valve control panel	流量控制面板(AISI)		-
10	C250H-1328	Flow control base plate	流量控制底板		1
11	C250H-1806	Flow valve control knob	流量閥旋鈕		П
12	C250H-1807	Manifold block	油路塊		П
13	C460H-1321	Control panel	控制面板(5.7吋)-全行程用		1
14	G510M-1301	Control box	控制箱		-
15	PP-43154	Pressure regulator	減壓閥		1
16	PP-43155	Flow control valve	流量控制閥		1
17	PP-58132C	Lock	鎖頭		2
18	PP-59071	O-ring	0形環	P-15	1



G510M-20000 床面組 Bed assembly



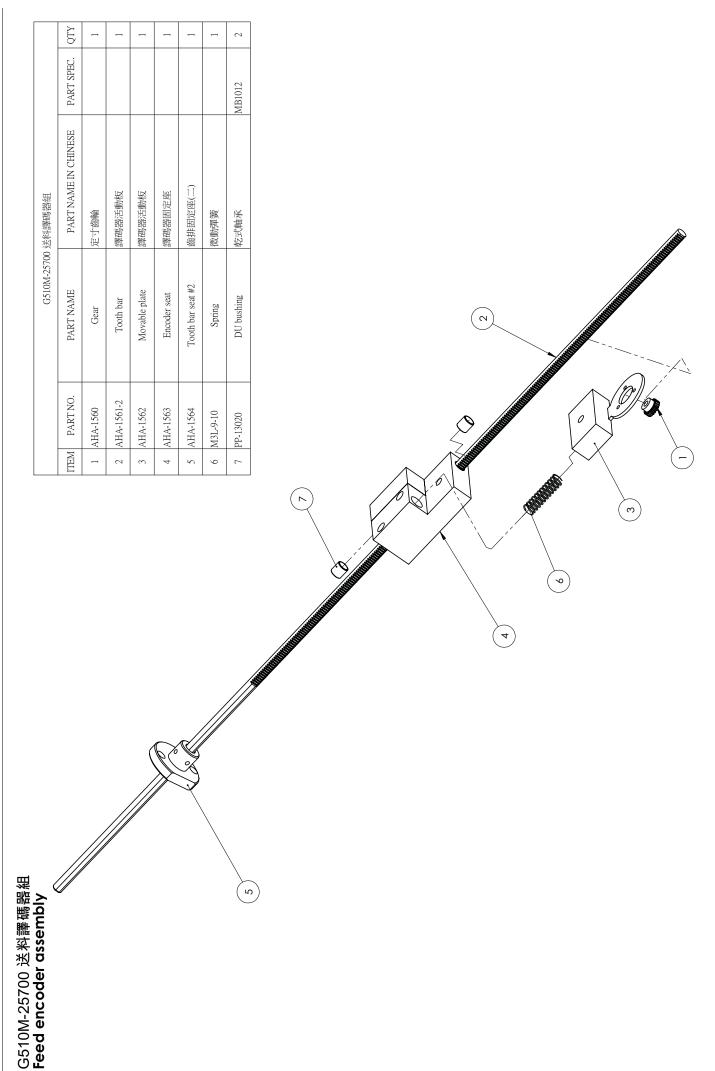


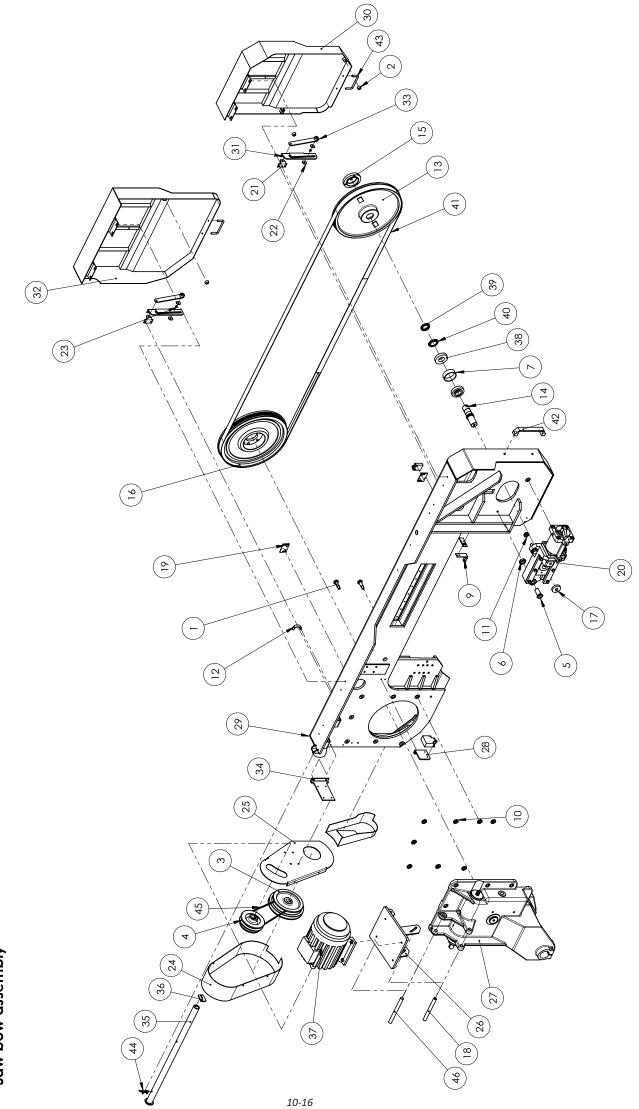
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05C-510MNC SERIES PART LIST







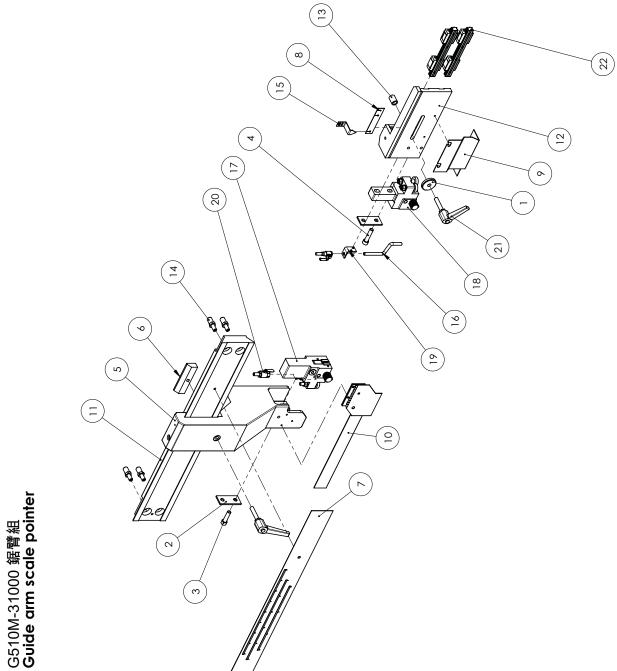
## G510M-30000 鋸弓組 Saw bow assembly

		G510M-30	G510M-30000 鋸弓組					
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY	ITEM	PART NO.	
-	AHA-0309	Fixed bolt (2)	固定螺絲(二)		2	26	C510M-3081A	
2	AHA-0434	Rubber washer	橡皮墊圈(圓中華司)		3	27	C510M-33500	
8	AHA-0514G	Transmission pulley	減速機普利		П	78	G510M-2983	01
4	AHA-0538G	Motor belt wheel	馬達皮帶輪(無段)		-1	29	G510M-3001	
2	AHA-0610	Adjusting bolt	調整螺絲			30	G510M-3003	
9	AHA-0611	Adjusting nut	調整螺母(染黑)			31	G510M-3004	
	AHA-0637	Idle wheel bearing washer	上輪軸承整圈		1	32	G510M-3005	
∞	AHA-0672A	Sensor base plate	<b>歐應器底板</b>		-	33	G510M-3006	
6	C250H-0670A	Sensor seat	<b></b> <b>原</b> <b>健</b> <b>保</b> <b>を</b> <b>を</b>			8	G510M-3077	
10	C250H-3002	saw bow washer	鋸弓平面墊圈		∞	35	G510M-3093	
=	C250H-3002E	Saw bow washer	鋸弓平面墊圈		2	36	G510M-3094	
12	C250H-3009	Blade fixed plate	鋸帶安裝板			37	PBH5-C427-P	
13	C250H-3031	Idle wheel	447			38	PP-14613	
14	C250H-3033	Idle wheel shaft	上輪軸		1	39	PP-14907	
15	C250H-3037	Idle wheel shaft cover	上輪軸蓋			40	PP-14957	
16	C250H-3041	Drive wheel	4			41	PP-18254-1	
17	C250H-3045	Fixed washer	上輪軸固定華司			42	PP-52081A	
18	C250H-3085	Motor position shaft	馬達定位軸			43	PP-52124	
19	C250H-3453	Wheel limit switch seat	輪箱蓋限動開關座		2	4	PP-54004-L	
20	C250H-33000	Tensioner sliding plate assembly	張力滑座滑板組			45	PP-56287	
21	C510M-3010	Door stopper fixed plate	輪箱蓋門擋固定板		2	46	S710D-3085	
22	C510M-3011	Teflon washer	鐵氟龍墊圈		4			
23	C510M-3012	Door stopper movable ring	輪箱蓋門檔活動圈		2			
24	C510M-3071	Pulley cover	普利護蓋		1			
25	C510M-3073	Pulley cover base plate	普利護蓋底板		1			

		G510M-30	G510M-30000 鋸弓組		
$\mathbb{Z}$	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	C510M-3081A	Saw bow motor seat	鋸弓馬達底板		1
	C510M-33500	Gear reducer assembly	減速機整組(半組立)		
1	G510M-2983	Saw bow lower L.S. plate	鋸弓下限開關擋板		1
l	G510M-3001	Saw bow	鋸弓		1
_	G510M-3003	Idle wheel cover	上輪箱蓋		1
	G510M-3004	Wheel cover door stopper	輪箱蓋門擋		2
l .	G510M-3005	Drive wheel cover	下輪箱蓋		1
	G510M-3006	wheel cover door stopper	輪箱蓋門檔桿		2
l	G510M-3077	Pulley cover fixed ear	普利護蓋固定耳		1
	G510M-3093	Saw bow swivel handle	鋸弓旋轉把手		1
_	G510M-3094	Swivel handle accessory	旋轉把手附件		1
	PBH5-C427-P	Motor	馬達(位移)		1
	PP-14613	Ball bearing	滾錐軸承		2
	PP-14907	Fixed nut	固定螺母		1
_	PP-14957	Stop ring	止動環		1
	PP-18254-1	Saw blade	鋸帶		1
l	PP-52081A	U-shaped handle	0型把手		1
	PP-52124	Handle	輪箱把手		2
	PP-54004-L	Hinge with spring (left)	彈簧丁雙(左)		1
	PP-56287	Belt	皮帶		1
	S710D-3085	Motor position shaft	馬達定位軸		1



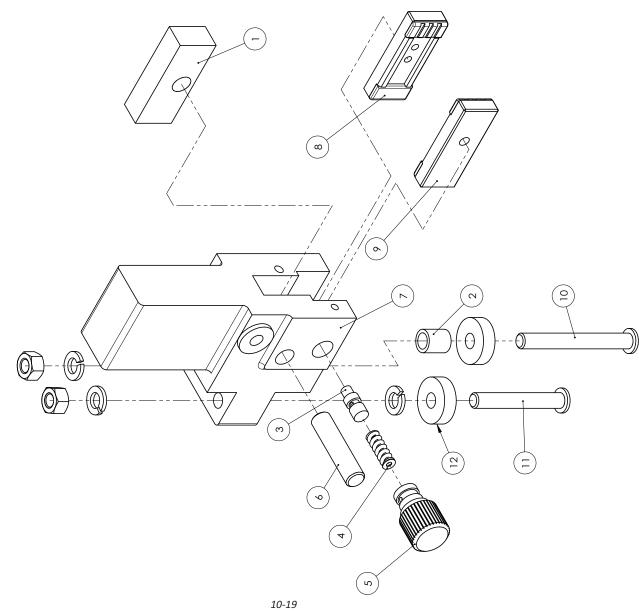
PART NAME IN CHINESE PART SPEC. | QTY M12x45L 下輪鎖緊墊圈 導輪座定位銷 導輪座定位鎖 固定鋸臂護蓋 滑板調整螺絲 鋸臂滑板銘牌 鋸臂刻度指針 開關閥(無頭) 鋸臂刻度尺 鋸臂固定塊 鎖附支撐塊 水龍頭座板 導輪座墊片 冷卻水噴嘴 左導輪座組 右導輪座組 鋸臂滑板 鋸臂把手 活動鋸臂 鋸帶護蓋 Linear guide and sliding block 滑軌滑塊 固定鋸臂 G510M-31000 鋸臂組 Saw arm sliding board plate Sliding plate adjusting bolt Left guide roller assembly Right guide roller assembly Fixed guide arm cover Guide arm sliding plate Lock supporting block Guide arm scale pointer guide arm fixed block Left saw blade cover Movable guide arm Guide arm scale Faucet base plate Fixed guide arm PART NAME Spray nozzle Position pin Position pin on/off valve Washer Handle Spacer G510M-31300 G510M-31600 C510M-3103A G510M-3183A 14 G510M-3109 G510M-1119 G510M-3013 G510M-3107 C510M-3107 G510M-3105 G510M-3124 C510M-3111 C510M-3126 G510M-3101 PART NO. C250H-3167 C460H-3167 2 AHA-0719 PP-92008A MJA-2041 PP-52111K AHA-0403 20 PP-43132 ITEM 13 9 10 12 16 17 19 Ξ 15 28 21 22 13



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G510M-31300 左導輪座組 Left guide roller assembly

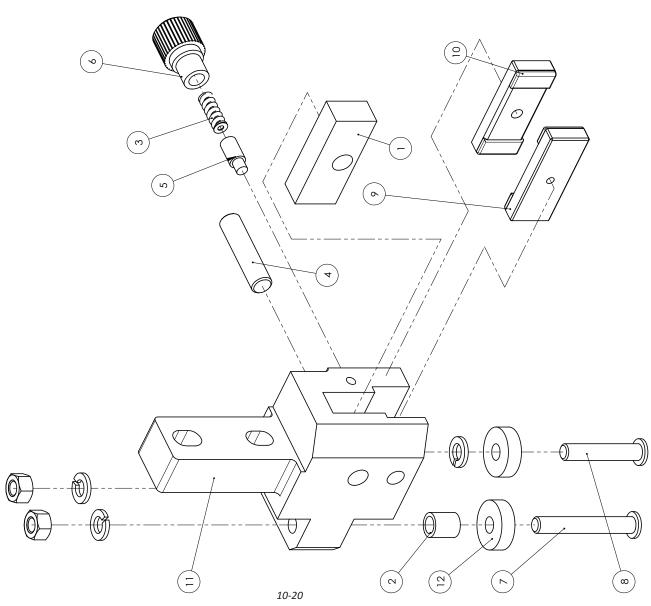
		G510M-31300	G510M-31300 左導輪座組		
TEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
-	AHA-0704A	Pressure block	下壓座(EU79用)		
2	AHA-0708B	Washer	整圈		
m	AHA-0709	Left Spring plug	左簧塞		
4	AHA-0710	Carbide insert spring	鎢鋼片彈簧		
5	AHA-0711A	Left adjusting screw	左調整螺絲		П
9	AHA-0713-1	Fixed shaft	軸承座固定銷		
7	C510M-3131	Left guide roller seat	左導輪座		
∞	C510M-3133	Left Fixed Insert	左固定鎢鋼片		
6	C510M-3135	Left movable insert	左活動鎢鋼片		1
10	C510M-3141	Guide roller shaft (1)	(—)		1
11	C510M-3141A	Guide roller shaft (2)	灣輪軸(二)		1
12	PP-14270B	bearing	軸承	6200DDU	2

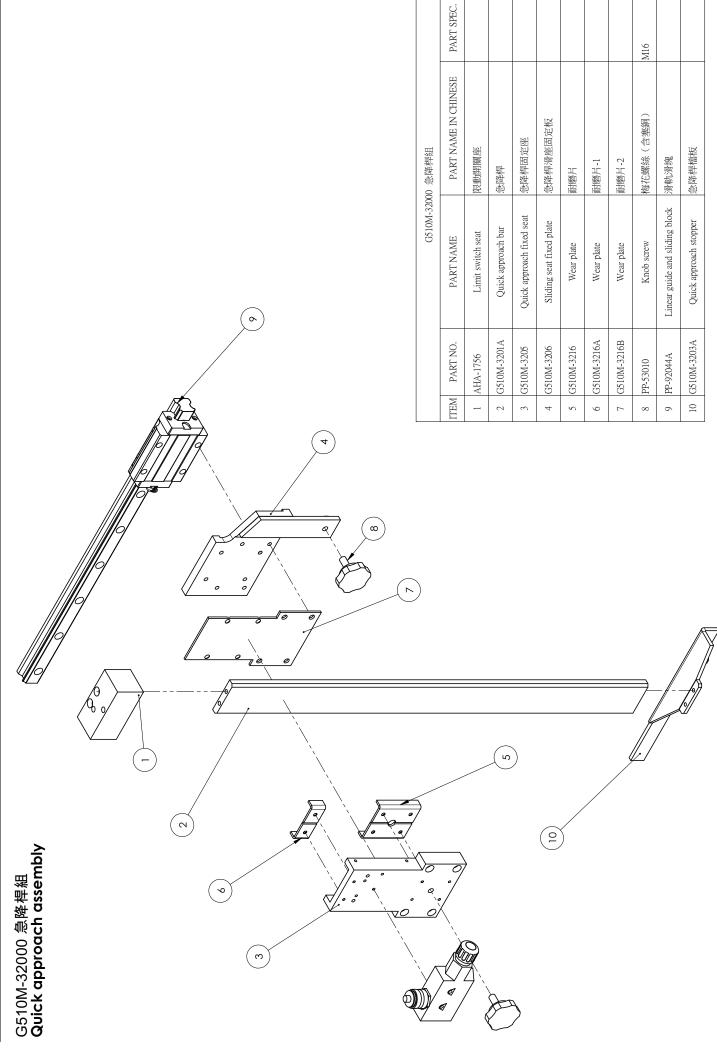




G510M-31600 右導輪座組 **Right guide roller assembly** 





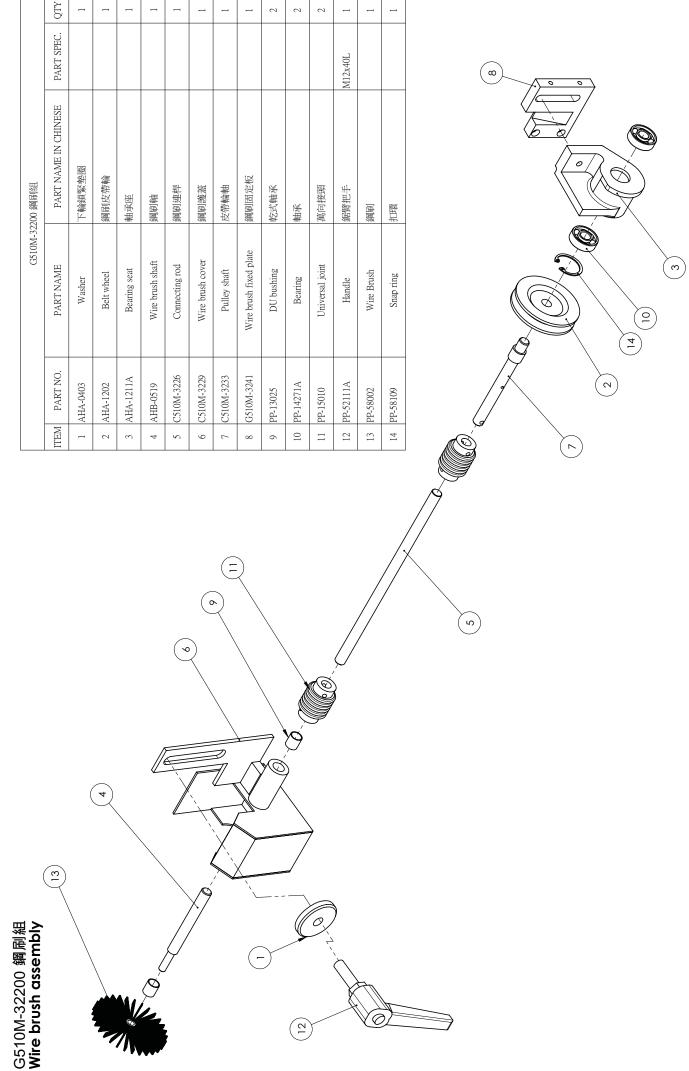


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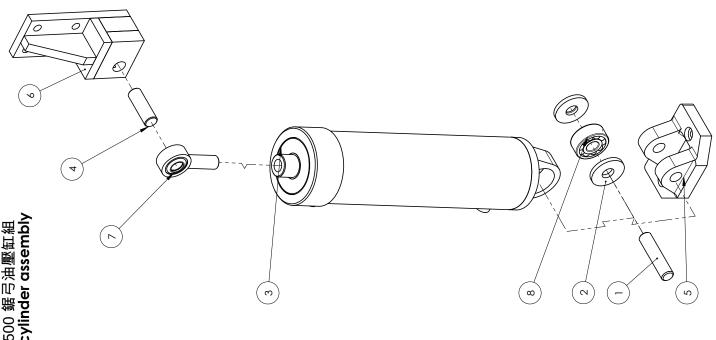
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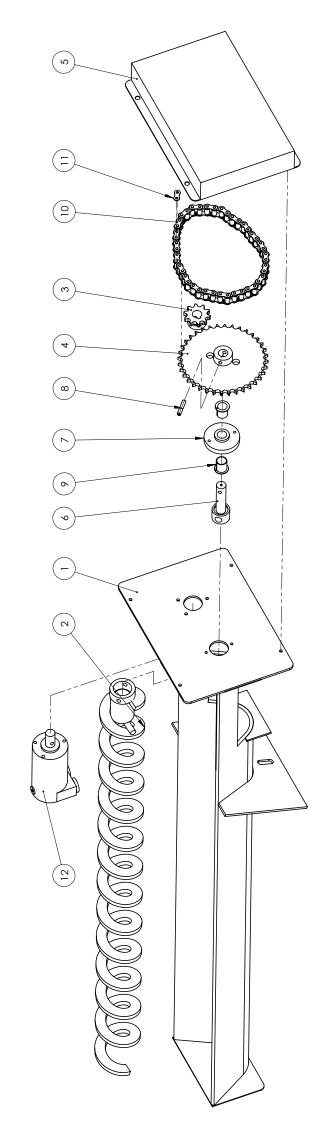


		G510M-32500	G510M-32500 鋸弓油壓缸組		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	AGB-70304B	niq	下插档		1
2	AHA-1105	Rubber washer	橡膠墊圈		2
3	C510M-3250-1	Lift cylinder	鋸弓油壓紅		1
4	C510M-3277	Cylinder upper ear pin	油缸上耳插鎖		1
5	G510M-3271	cylinder seat	油壓紅固定座		1
9	G510M-3275	Hydraulic cylinder upper fixed seat   油紅上固定座	油缸上固定座		1
7	PP-14480	Connecting rod bearing	連桿軸承		1
∞	PP-14510	Bearing	軸承		1



# G510M-40000自動除屑裝置 Automatic chip conveyor

		G510M-40000	G510M-40000 自動除屑裝置		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC.	QTY
	G510M-4001	Chip conveyor body	除屑機本體		1
2	G510M-4003	Chip spiral	除屑螺旋		1
3	PP-10000	Transmission sprocket (S)	(專動)鍵輪-小		1
4	PP-10001	Chain wheel	鍵輪		_
5	PP-10002	Chain cover	鍵齒蓋鈑		-
9	PP-10005	Transmission shaft	傳動軸心		1
7	PP-10006	Shaft seat	軸座		1
∞	PP-10007	Straight pin	插鎖	M6x30L	
6	PP-13374	Bearing	凸缘自潤襯套	M5B1620-24	2
10	PP-19061	Chain	鏈係		-
Ξ	PP-19062	Chain link trunking	鏈條接頭	RS35	-
12	PP-31640-1	Hydraulic motor	油壓馬達	MMS-32C	1



### Warranty

### Warranty

New machines are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and material for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment by Seller. The warranty period is based on normal usage of two thousand eighty hours (2080) per year and is reduced proportionately for any excess usage. Products, which under normal operating conditions in Buyer's plant are defective in workmanship or material, will be repaired or replaced at the option of Seller.

This warranty does not cover shipping freight charges for either the return of the defective part or for the shipping of the replacement or repaired part.

Seller will have no obligation to repair or replace perishable parts, or materials or parts damaged by misuse, negligence or failure of Buyer to provide appropriate maintenance and service as stated in the operator's manual or industry standard and normally acceptable practices.

This warranty does not apply if the machine has been altered or modified without our prior written consent.

In the case of components or units purchased by Seller including work holding devices, tool holders, motors and controls, the warranty shall not exceed that received by Seller from the supplier of such components or units.

Seller will not assume responsibility for products or components returned to Seller without prior consent or for unauthorized repairs to its products, even though defective.

**Electrical Equipment:** The warranty available for all electrical components to the Buyer will be voided if the voltage supplied to the machine is found to be outside the stated voltage of the machine by +/-10% and/or grounded at machine.

Accessories Supplied with Manufacturer's Equipment: The warranties available to the Buyer are those extended by the accessory manufacturer, if any, to the extent they are in force and effect. The ACCESSORY MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY, if any, is exclusive and is in lieu of all other warranties whether written, oral or implied.

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Vertical Plate Saws
Horizontal Billet Saws
NC/CNC Band Saws
Structural Miter-Cutting Saws
Automatic Band Saws
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