

# **C-260NC**

SNC-100 Programmable Automatic Mass Production Horizontal Bandsaw

(CE & Non-CE Models)

# **Instruction Manual**

The Pinnacle of Cutting Performance

Cosen Mechatronics Co., Ltd.

# FROM THE MANUFACTURER

Thank you for your purchase of COSEN's bandsaw machine and your trust in the COSEN brand.

We are excited to have you as our valued customer and look forward as much as you do to the accelerated productivity, long-lasting endurance and superb cost-effectiveness this machine is about to bring to you.

To ensure you are fully utilizing our machine and being advantaged in every possible way, please do take your time and read through this instruction manual.

Any comment or suggestion in making our service better, please do not hesitate to let us know. Thank you again!

#### NOTE:



- Read this instruction manual carefully to familiarize yourself with the installation, operation and maintenance of your COSEN bandsaw machine.
- Operate the machine following the procedures described in the manual to prevent personal injuries or machine damage.
- Keep this manual handy and refer to it whenever you are uncertain of how to perform any of the procedures.



• For technical support or parts purchase, please contact your nearest COSEN representative or our service center:

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Instruction Manual: C-260NC

SNC-100 Programmable Automatic Mass Production Horizontal Bandsaw (CE & Non-CE Models)
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# Safety rules



■ Make sure your work area is cleared of uninvited people and obstacles every time before you start operating the machine.



■ Never step or stand on the roller table. Your foot may slip or trip on the rollers and you will fall.



- Never wear gloves or loose clothing when operating the machine. It may lead to serious injury if they are caught in the running machine. Wrap or cover long hair.
- Never touch the running saw blade with gloves or not. It is dangerous if your hands, clothing or gloves are caught by the running blade.



■ Make sure any use of fire is prohibited in the shop and install a fire extinguisher or other fire control device near the machine when cutting titanium, magnesium, or any other material that produces flammable chips. Never leave the machine unattended when cutting flammable materials.



■ Use a water-soluble cutting fluid on this machine. Oil-based cutting fluids may emit smoke or catch fire, depending on how they are used.



■ Never cut carbon or any other material that may produce and disperse explosive dust. It is possible that sparks from motors and other machine parts will ignite and explode the air-borne dust.

# Safety rules



- Never adjust the wire brush or remove chips while the saw blade is still running. It is extremely dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Stop the saw blade before you clean the machine. It is dangerous if hands or clothing are caught by the running blade.
- Never start the saw blade unless the workpiece has been clamped firmly. If the workpiece is not securely clamped, it will be forced out of the vise during cutting.



- Take preventive measures when cutting thin or short pieces from the work to keep them from falling. It is dangerous if the cut pieces fall.
- Use roller tables at the front and rear sides of the machine when cutting long work. It is dangerous if the work piece falls off the machine.



■ Turn off the shop circuit breaker switch before performing maintenance on the machine. Post a sign indicating the machine is under maintenance.

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# *SAFETY INFORMATION*

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS
SAFEGUARD DEVICES
EMERGENCY STOP
SAFETY LABELS
HEARING PROTECTION
CE COMPLIANCE
RISK ASSESSMENT

Safety is a combination of a well-designed machine, operator's knowledge about the machine and alertness at all times. COSEN's band machine has incorporated many safety measures during the design process and used protective devices to prevent personal injuries and potential risks. Warning labels also serve as a reminder to the operator.

Throughout this manual, you will also see various safety-related symbols indicating important information that you should take note of prior to use of the machine or part of its functions. These important safety instructions do not cover all possible situations that might occur. It is your responsibility to take caution and follow procedures stated in this manual when installing, maintaining and operating your machine. Cosen will not be liable for damages resulting from improper use.

### **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

What the icons and signs in this user manual mean:



This icon marks **DANGER**; hazards or unsafe practices that may result in **severe personal injury or death.** 



This icon marks **WARNING**; hazards or unsafe practices that may result in **personal injury or damage to the machine.** 



This icon marks **CAUTION**; information that should be read before use to prevent damage to the machine.



Supplementary information to the procedures described in this manual.



Call your local agent or our service center for help.



This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage. Learn the operation, limitation and the specific potential hazards peculiar to this band saw.



Do not operate this machine unless it is completely assembled.



Make sure the power switch is off before plugging in power cord.



Disconnect the power cord before making adjustment, maintenance or blade changes.



Keep all guards and shields in place before installing or starting up the machine.



Wear proper apparel during operation and when servicing the machine.



Keep unauthorized personnel away.



Do not reach over or stand on any part of the machine.



Never hold the material by hand for cutting. Always use the vise and make sure the material is clamped securely before cutting.



It is dangerous to operate the machine when the floor is slippery. Keep the floor clean and dry. Check for ice, moisture, or grease before entering.



Do not use the machine to cut explosive material or high pressure vessels as it will generate great amount of heat during the sawing process and may ignite an explosion.



Keep the work environment safe. Do not use band saw in a damp or wet location.



Never operate while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.



All users must read it before performing any activity on the machine, such as replacing the saw band or doing regular maintenance.



Some personal protective equipment is required for the safe use of the machine, e.g. protection goggles.



Keep blade protection cover and wheel covers in place and in working order.



Use recommended accessories. Improper accessories may be hazardous.



Keep your work area well illuminated at minimum 500 lumen.



Keep your work area clean. Cluttered and slippery floors invite accidents.



Remove adjusting keys, wrenches or any loose parts or items from the machine before turning on power.



Check for damaged parts. Before continuing using the machine, the damaged part should be checked and replaced.



Moving parts should be kept in proper alignment and connection with the machine. Check for breakage, mounting and any other conditions that may affect its operation. Any damaged part or guard should be properly repaired or replaced.



When a workpiece is too long or heavy, make sure it is supported with a roller table (recommended).



Always remember to switch off the machine when the work is completed.



Use a sharp saw blade and keep the machine in its best and safest performance by following a periodical maintenance schedule.



Do not force the band saw beyond its intended use. It is safer to operate with the cutting rate for which it was designed.

### **SAFEGUARD DEVICES**

The safeguard devices incorporated in this machine include the following two main parts:

- 1. Protection covers & guards
- 2. Safety-related switches

# **Protection Covers & Guards**

- 1. Idle wheel housing cover
- 2. Drive wheel housing cover
- 3. Gear reducer cover
- 4. Wire brush belt cover
- 5. Blade guard cover (left & right)
- 6. Safety fence (left & right)(CE model only, as shown in Illustration: Safety Fence)
- 7. Chip conveyor cover (CE model only)



The protection devices should always be mounted on the machine whenever the machine is running.

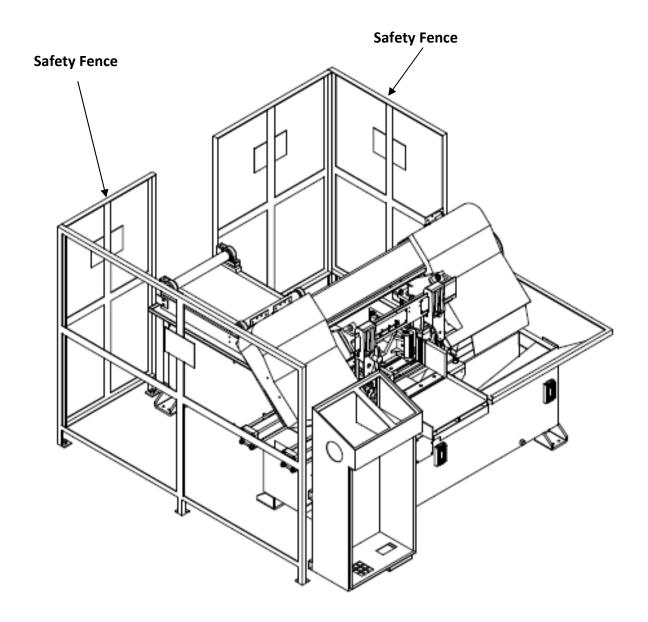


Do not remove any of these safeguard devices under any circumstances except when servicing the machine. Even skilled service technicians should still take cautions when performing repairs or service on the machine with any of these protectors removed. It is the responsibility of the user to make sure all these elements are not lost and damaged.



Take note of the following main moving parts on the machine prior to and during machine operation:

- Saw bow assembly
- Drive and idle wheels
- Blade guide arm
- Saw blade guide rollers
- Quick approach device
- Wire brush
- Chip conveyor (optional)
- Workpiece clamping vises
- Shuttle vises and workbed rollers
- Top clamps (optional)
- Gear reducer



# **Safety Related Switches**

To protect the operator, the following safety related switches on the machine are actuated when the machine is in operation.

Wheel motion detector	This is a proximity sensor used to detect the motion of the drive wheel. Once the saw blade is broken or as soon as it starts slipping, the sensor will detect and stop the drive wheel and the machine.
Power switch	Located on the cover of electrical cabinet, the power switch controls the main power of the machine. Up to your company's internal rules, this power switch can be locked with a padlock or a luggage lock to protect the operator and the machine.
Emergency stop button	Located on the control panel, the button when pressed will stop the machine completely.
Vise clamp switch	This switch assures firm clamping of the workpiece. If the workpiece is not clamped properly, the saw blade is not allowed to run.
Wheel cover interlock switches (CE model only)	Located on the two wheel housings, these switches are used to assure that the machine will stop whenever the wheel covers are open. This device is to protect users from being cut by the running saw blades.

Among all these safety switches, some of them are used to protect the users and some of them are used to prevent damage to saw blades, the workpiece and the machine itself, etc. We have taken every precaution to prevent injury or damage and to provide safe and economical operation of the machine.

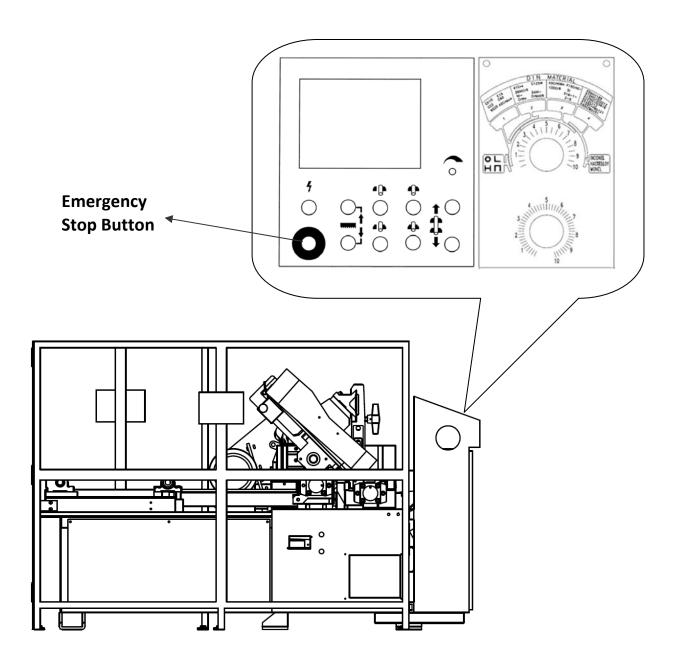
# **EMERGENCY STOP**

Designed to be easily accessible, the emergency stop button is located on the left bottom corner on the control panel and is made in red color and rubber material. For CE models, supplementary emergency stop button may be available at other area(s) of the machine depending on machine type. Please refer to *Illustration: Emergency Stop*.

When you press the button, the machine will immediately come to a full stop to avoid injury or damage when an accident occurs. The button will be locked when you press it. To unlock it, pull it upward.

You should press it immediately without any hesitation when observing:

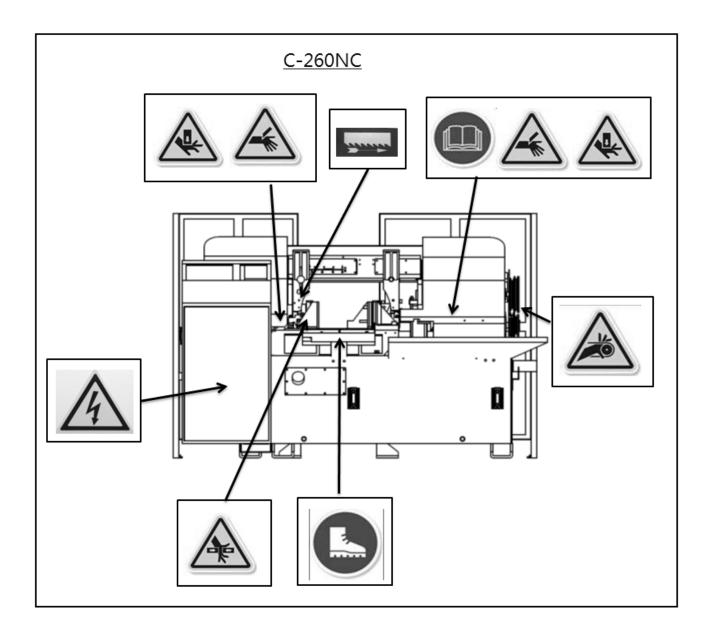
- An emergency situation that would cause any injury or damage
- An abnormal situation or problem such as fire, smoke, abnormal noise and etc.



# **SAFETY LABELS**

Please read through and understand these safety labels before operating the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Safety Labels*.

Label	Meaning	Label	Meaning
	Impact Hazard  WEAR SAFETY SHOES. Do  not approach dropping area during operation.		Read Operator's Manual  This manual has important safety information. Read through it carefully before operating this machine to prevent personal injury or machine damage.
	Keep Unauthorized Personnel Away		Do not step.  Do not stand on the machine or on the accessories!
***************************************	DANGER: Running Blade  Blade runs through this area. Keep your hands away from a running blade to avoid severe injury. The arrow indicates direction of the blade.		Cutting Hazard  KEEP COVER CLOSED / KEEP HAND OFF while the blade is running. Turn power off before opening cover. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.
4	Hazardous Voltage  TURN POWER OFF before servicing. Failure to following the warning can result in severe injury.		Burn Hazard/Hot Surface
	Hand Crush/Force from Above		Crush hazard by vise
	Loose Hand Hazard  KEEP HAND OFF. Do not touch chip conveyor. Failure to follow the warning can result in severe injury.		Pinch Point/Hand Entanglement



# **HEARING PROTECTION**



Always use ear protection!

When your machine is running, noise generated by the machine may come from the following:

- Saw blade during cutting or material feed mechanism
- Wire brush unit
- Chip conveyor unit
- Speed reducer
- Hydraulic motor/pump
- Belt transmissions variable speed motors
- Blade motor
- Coolant pump
- Drive wheel
- Parts not assembled tightly causing mechanical vibration

Our products pass noise testing less than 78 dBA. Noise level vary according to working conditions and we recommend ear plugs or other hearing protection at all time. If your machine produces an undesirable noise while it is running, you should:

- Make sure all maintenance tasks have been performed following the prescribed maintenance 1. schedule (Refer to Section 8).
- 2. If maintenance does not seem to solve the problem, follow the troubleshooting procedures under Section 9.

### CE COMPLIANCE

Cosen's CE model is designed to satisfy regulations of the Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to machinery (2006/42/EC) - Annex I Essential health and safety requirements relating to the design and construction of machinery.

### RISK ASSESSMENT

Risk assessment generally takes account of intended use and foreseeable misuse, including process control and maintenance requirements. We made every effort to avoid any personal injury or equipment damage during the machine design stage. However, the operator (or other people) still needs to take precautions when handling any part of the machine that is unfamiliar and anywhere on the machine that has potential hazards (e.g. the electrical control box).

# GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATION

MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION
FLOOR PLAN

This band saw machine is designed by Cosen's R&D engineers to provide you the following features and advantages:

# Safety

- This machine is designed to fully protect the operator from its moving parts during cutting operation.
- The machine and each component has passed strict testing (Council Directive on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to Machinery).
- The machine will shut off automatically when the saw blade is broken, protecting both the operator and the machine.

# Convenience & High-Performance

- The machine is designed in the way that the operation and adjustment can be easily performed.
- The machine will stop automatically when out of stock.
- Dual valve system is designed to achieve optimal cutting performance with the simple setting of feed rate and perspective cutting pressure for different material.

# Durability

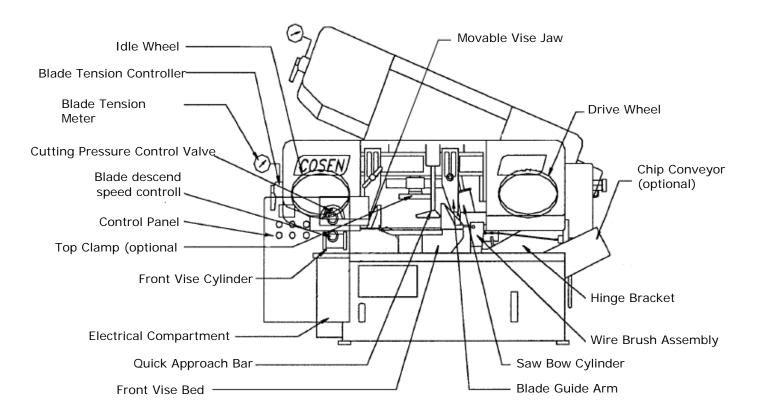
• The intended life-span of the machine is counted based on regular daily operation. It is calculated with the life expectancy of 10 years under normal operating condition and exact attention to the maintenance schedule.

8 hours  $\times$  5 days  $\times$  52 weeks  $\times$  10 years = 20,800 hours

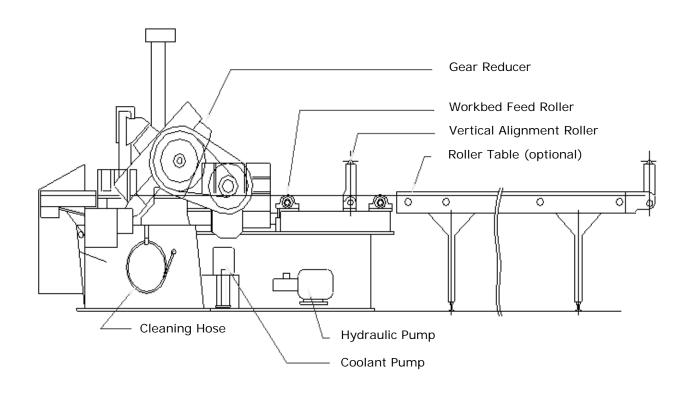
# **SPECIFICATION**

Model		C-260NC
	Round	260 mm (10.2")
	Square	260 mm (10.2")
Capacity	Rectangular (H x W)	260 x 300 mm (10.2" x 11.8")
	Bundle Cutting	W: 190 ~ 280 mm (7.5" ~ 11") H: 50 ~ 120 mm (2" ~ 4.7")
	Speed	20 ~ 100 m/min (66 ~ 328 fpm)
	Size (L x W x T)	3,660 x 34 x 1.1 mm (144" x 1.3" x 0.042")
Saw Blade	Tension	Hydraulic with automatic blade breakage detection
	Guide	Interchangeable tungsten carbide
Cleaning		Steel wire brush with flexible drive shaft driven by main motor
	Saw Blade	5 HP (3.75 kW)
Motor Output	Hydraulic	1 HP (0.75 kW)
Gatpat	Coolant Pump	1/8 HP (0.1 kW)
Tank	Hydraulic	35 L (9.1 gal)
Capacity	Coolant	75 L (19.5 gal)
Vise	Control Method	Hydraulic with full stroke cylinder
Feeding	Mode	Hydraulic, NC Automatic
Length	Single Stroke	403 mm (15.9")
Workbed He	ight	735 mm (28.9")
Gross Weigh	t	1,500 kg (3,315lb)
Floor Space	(W x D x H)	2,050 x 2,114 x 1,360 mm (80.7" x 83.2" x 53.5")

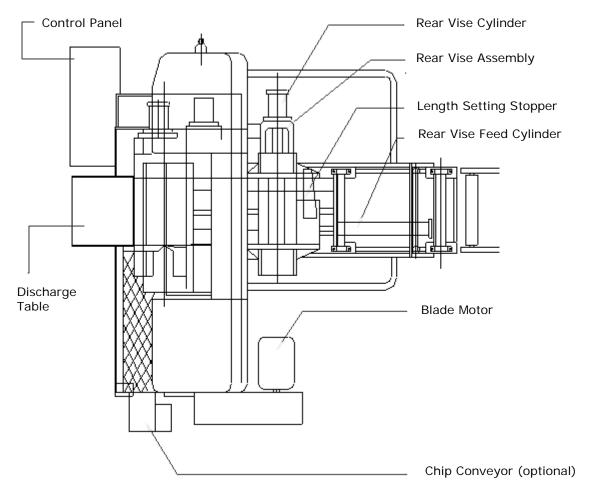
# **MACHINE PARTS IDENTIFICATION**



Machine front view

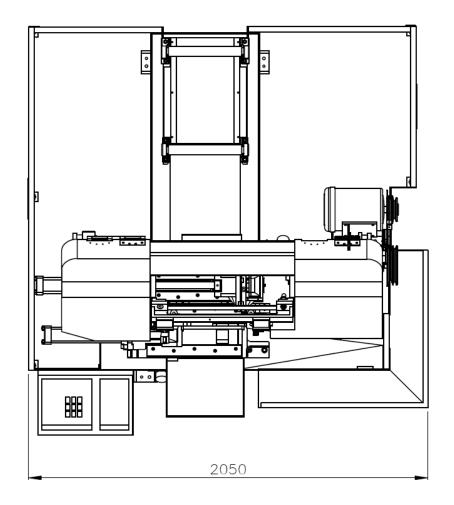


Machine side view

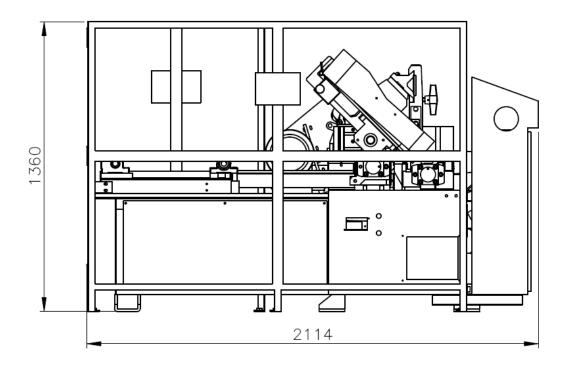


Machine top view

# **FLOOR PLAN**



Machine top view



Machine side view

2-5

# MOVING & INSTALLATION

LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT
UNPACKING & INSPECTING
LIFTING
REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET
CLEANING
INSTALLING
RELOCATING

# **LOCATION & ENVIRONMENT**

For your safety, please read all information regarding installation before proceeding. Install your machine in a place satisfying all of the following conditions:

#### Space:

• Leave enough free space around the machine for loading work and unloading cut-off pieces as well as for maintenance and inspection. Refer to *Section 2 General Information - Specification* for machine dimensions and floor space.

### **Environment:**

- Well lighted (500 lumen at minimum).
- Floor kept dry at all times in order to prevent operators from slipping.
- Away from direct exposure to the sunlight
- Room temperature between 5°C to 40°C.
- Humidity level kept at 30%~95%"(without condensation) to avoid dew on electric installation and machine.
- Away from vibration of other machines
- Away from powders or dusts emitted from other machines
- Avoid uneven ground. Choose a solid level concrete floor which can sustain weight of both machine and material.
- Limit the operation area of the machine to staff only.

### **UNPACKING & INSPECTING**

- Unpack your machine carefully to avoid damage to machine parts or surfaces.
- Upon arrival of your new band saw, please confirm that your machine is the correct model and it comes in the same specification you ordered by checking the model plate on the machine base.
- It is also imperative that a thorough inspection be undertaken to check for any damage that could have occurred during shipping. Pay special attention to machine surface, equipments furnished and the electrical and hydraulic systems for damaged cords, hoses and fluid leaks.
- In the event of damage caused during shipping, please contact your dealer and consult about filing a damage claim with the carrier.
- Your machine comes in with a set of tools for you to maintain the machine. The accessories furnished are as follows:

1.	Tool box	1 pc
2.	Grease gun	1 pc
3.	Screwdriver (+, -)	2 pcs
4.	Open-ended spanner	3 pcs
5.	Hexagon wrench	1 set
6.	Chip spade (only for manual models)	1 pc
7.	Operation manual	1 pc



Should you find any missing accessories, please contact your local agent immediately.

#### LIFTING

When moving the machine, we strongly suggest you choose any one of the methods described below to move your machine.

#### 1. Use a crane

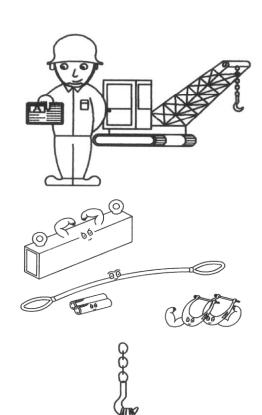
Move the machine to its location by using a crane and a wire rope sling that can fully withstand the weight of the machine (refer to machine specification under Section 2 General Information).

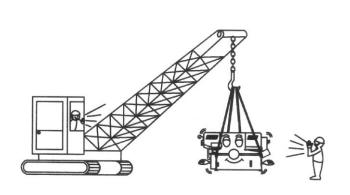
Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.



 You must have a qualified crane operator to perform the job.

- You must use tools and equipment with the proper tensile strength and use proper method when moving your machine.
- Apply the wire rope sling to the lifting hooks on the four ends of the machine. Refer to *Illustration: Lifting Points* for exact locations.
- Slowly lift the machine. Be sure to protect the machine from impact or shock during this procedure. Also watch out your own fingers and feet to avoid injuries.
- Keep the machine well balanced during lifting process and make sure the wire rope does not interfere with the saw frame.
- When you work together with more than two people, it is best to keep constant verbal communication with each other.





#### 2. Use a forklift

Most users choose this method to move their machine because it is easy to set up. Make sure that the lifting rod can fully withstand the weight of the machine. (Refer to Section 2 – General Information for Specifications)

 Machine lifting is likely to damage the machine if not performed properly.



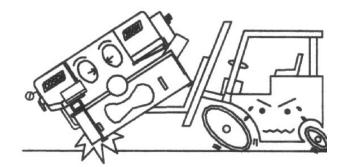
You must have a qualified forklift operator to perform the job.



 You must apply proper forklift technique to avoid damage to the machine.



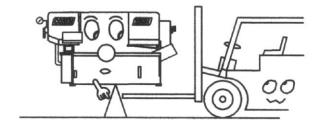
Make sure the forks are able to reach in at least 2/3 of the machine depth.



You must keep the machine balanced at all times.



Make sure the forks are centered before use.

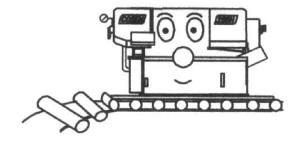


(Illustration only. Please follow user guide of your forklift.)

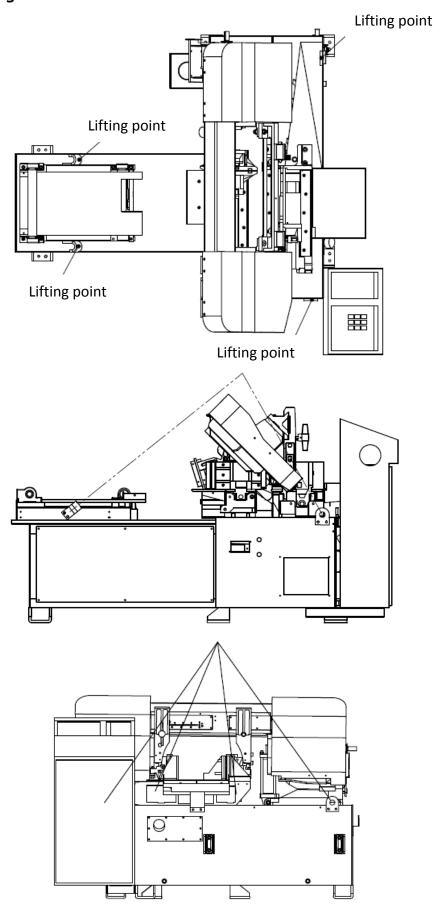
# 3. Use rolling cylinders

You can use rolling cylinders to move your machine in a small machine shop environment.

 You must use rolling cylinders made in material of proper compressive strength.



# **Illustration: Lifting Points**

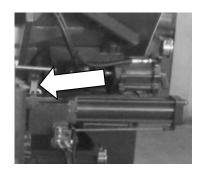


Minimum weight capacity for each wire rope: 1.5 ton

Total number of wire ropes required: 4

#### REMOVING SHIPPING BRACKET

- After the machine has been properly positioned, remove the shipping bracket that is used to lock the saw frame and the saw bed.
- Retain this bracket so that it can be used again in the event that your machine must be relocated.



# **CLEANING**

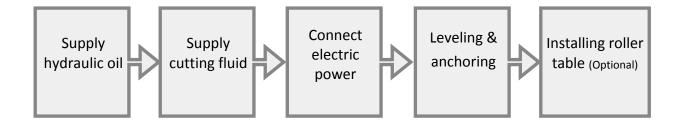
After the machine has been placed at the designated position, remove the rust-preventive grease with wiping cloth dampened with cleaning oil or kerosene. Apply machine oil to machine surfaces that are prone to rust.



Do not remove the rust-preventive grease with a metal scraper and do not wipe the painted surfaces with solvent as doing so would damage surface paint.

### **INSTALLING**

Cosen's bandsaw machine is relatively easy to install. Follow these six easy steps to install your machine.



# Supplying hydraulic oil

Open the filler cap and fill the hydraulic oil tank to above 2/3 or full level.

Check the sight gauge to make sure the oil level in the tank.





Refer to specification chart under Section 2 for tank capacity.

# **Supplying coolant**

Fill the coolant tank to the middle level of the sight gauge by pouring the coolant from above the chip conveyor.

Use the sight gauge to check the coolant level remaining in the tank.



Always check the coolant supply before starting the machine. If the coolant pump is started without enough coolant supply in the tank, the pump and its drive motor may be damaged.



Refer to specification chart under Section 2 *General Information* for tank capacity.



Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.



# **Connecting electric power**

Have a qualified electrician make the electrical connections.

If the power supply voltage is different from the transformer and motor connection voltage shown on the label attached to the electrical compartment of the machine, contact COSEN or your agent immediately.

Connect to power supply independently and directly. Avoid using the same power supply with electric spark machines such as electric welder. Unstable electric tension may affect your machine's electric installation from working properly.



Supply voltage: 90% - 110 % of nominal supply voltage.

 $\sim$  Source frequency: 99% - 101 % of nominal frequency.

Refer to the specification chart under Section 2 for total electric power consumption of the motors and make sure your shop circuit breaker is capable of this consumption amount. Also use a power supply cable of proper size to suit the power supply voltage.

- 1. Turn off the shop circuit breaker.
- 2. Make sure the machine circuit breaker switch on the electrical compartment door is turned to OFF.
- 3. Remove the screw securing the electrical compartment and then open the door.
- 4. Pull the power supply cable and grounding conductor through the power supply inlet into the electrical compartment. (Shown right)
- 5. Connect the power supply cable to the circuit breaker (N.F.B.) to the R, S and T terminals, and connect the ground cable to the E terminal.
- 6. Close the compartment door and fasten the screw back.
- 7. Turn on the shop circuit breaker and then turn the machine circuit breaker switch to ON. The *Power Indicator* on the control panel will come on.
- 8. Pull to unlock the *Emergency Stop* button and press the *hydraulic ON* button to start the hydraulic motor.
- 9. Make sure the sawing area is clear of any objects. Start the blade and check the blade rotation. If the electrical connections are made correctly, the blade should run in a counterclockwise direction. If not, shut the hydraulics off, turn off the machine as well as the shop circuit breaker. Then swap the power the power cable conductors connected to R and T terminals.
- 10. Repeat step 6 to 9 to ensure the electrical connections are in the right order.



Place spirit level on the vise slide plates and the work feed table.

Level the machine in both directions i.e. along and across the machine. Adjust the level of the machine by turning the leveling bolts.

Make sure all leveling bolts evenly support the machine weight.





# Anchoring the machine

Normally there is no need to anchor the machine. If the machine is likely to vibrate, fix the machine to the floor with anchor bolts.

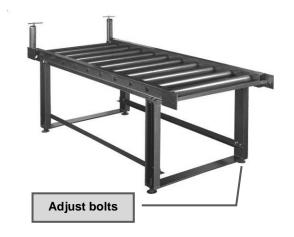
Shock absorption steel plates are provided and can be placed under each leveling bolt to prevent their sinking into the concrete floor.

# **Installing roller table (optional)**

The roller table is used to support long material at the rear and/or the front of the machine.

If you have ordered the optional roller table for cutting long material, position it before or behind the machine.

Level the roller table and the stand with the machine by adjusting the leveling bolts.



# **Installing Fire Control Device**

Install a fire extinguisher or any other fire control device in the shop in case a fire breaks out.

# **RELOCATING**

We recommend you follow these procedures when relocating or shipping your machine to other place:

- 1. Descend the saw frame to its lowest position then turn off the power.
- 2. Fix the saw frame using the shipping bracket that originally came with the machine.
- 3. If you are shipping the machine, pack the machine carefully with industrial plastic wraps to protect it from dust.
- 4. Use a crane or forklift to raise it. If a crane is used to lift the machine, ensure that the lifting cable is properly attached to the machine.
- 5. Do not forget to include the equipments originally furnished including the shock absorption steel plates and the instruction manual.

# OPERATING INSTRUCTION

**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** 

**BEFORE OPERATING** 

**CONTROL PANEL** 

**STANDARD ACCESSORIES** 

**OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES** 

**UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE** 

**ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH** 

PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED

POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING

**ADJUSTING SAW ARM** 

**ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW** 

**ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED** 

**BREAKING-IN THE BLADE** 

**TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE** 

**CUTTING OPERATION** 

STARTING AN AUTOMATIC OPERATION

**USING TOP CLAMP FOR BUNDLE CUTTING** 

**TERMINATING A CUTTING OPERATION** 

#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

For your safety, please read and understand the instruction manual before you operate the machine. The operator should always follow these safety guidelines:

- The machine should only be used for its designated purpose.
- Do not wear gloves, neckties, jewelry or loose clothing/hair while operating the machine.
- For eye protection, always wear protective safety glasses.
- Check the blade tension and adjust blade guides before starting the machine.
- Use auxiliary clamping or supporting devices to fix material in place before cutting long workpieces. Always make sure the material is clamped firmly in place before starting to cut.
- Do not remove jammed or cut-off pieces until the blade has come to a full stop.
- Keep fingers away from the path of the blade.
- Protection devices should be in place at all times. For your own safety, never remove these
  devices.
- Disconnect machine from the power source before making repairs or adjustments.
- Wear protection gloves only when changing the blade.
- Do not operate the machine while under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Do not take your eyes off the machine while in operation.
- Do place warning signs to mark out machine work zone and restrict entry to be staff-only.

#### **BEFORE OPERATING**

Choosing an appropriate saw blade and using the right cutting method is essential to your cutting efficiency and safety. Select a suitable saw blade and cutting method based on your work material and job requirements e.g. cutting accuracy, cutting speed, economic concern, and safety control.

# Wet cutting

If you choose dry cutting or low-speed cutting, the chips may accumulate in machine parts and may cause operation failure or insulation malfunction. We suggest you choose wet cutting to avoid machine damage.

#### Cutting unknown materials

Before cutting an unknown material, consult the material supplier, burn a small amount of chips from the material in a safe place, or follow any other procedure to check if the material is flammable.



Never take your eyes off the machine while in operation.

# **Cutting fluid**

For cooling and lubrication purpose, we recommend you use water-soluble cutting fluids. The following table lists out its pros and cons for your reference.

Pro	Con
Have a high cooling effect	Remove machine paint
Not flammable	Lose its rust protection effect if
Economical	deteriorated
<ul> <li>Does not require cleaning of the cut</li> </ul>	Tend to create foam
products	Subject to decay
	Decline in performance, depending on
	the quality of the water used for
	dilution



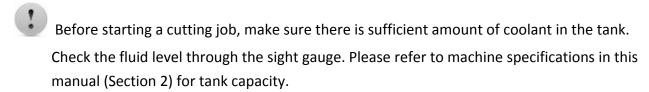
Never use water as your coolant.



Always add coolant into water for better mix result.

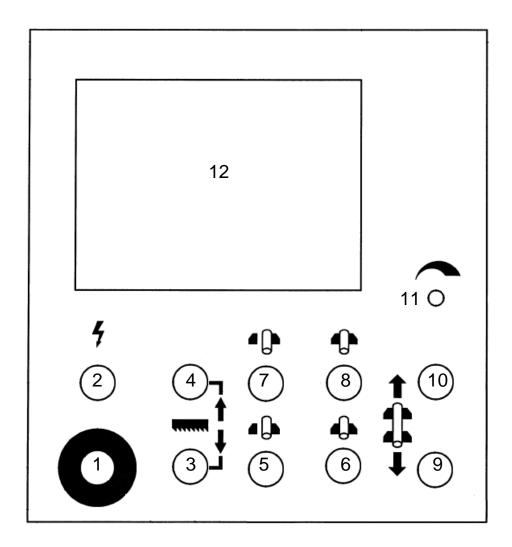


Consult your coolant supplier for bandsaw use regarding coolant type and mix ratio.



# **CONTROL PANEL**

The control panel is located on the top of the electrical box. It includes the following function: power system, hydraulic system, cooling system and the human-machine—interface (HMI). The operator must fully understand the function of each switch and button before operating the machine.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Emergency stop button	7	Rear vise open button
2	Power indicator lamp	8	Rear vise clamp button
3	Saw bow down button	9	Feed forward button
4	Saw bow up button	10	Feed backward button
5	Front vise open button	11	Blade speed control knob
6	Front vise clamp button	12	HMI touch screen

#### **Control Buttons**

#### 1. Emergency stop button

Press this button to stop the machine in an emergency. When the button is pressed, it brings the machine to a full stop. The button locks when pressed. In order to unlock it, please turn the button clockwise.

#### 2. Power indicator lamp

When the lamp is on, it indicates the power to the machine is turned on.

#### 3. Saw bow down

When this button is pressed, the saw bow descends.

Before lowering the saw bow, the guide arm must be positioned outside the vise in order to avoid hitting the vise and causing damages.

# 4. Saw bow up button

When this button is pressed, the saw bow rises until the operator lets go of the button or until the saw bow touches the upper limit switch.

While pressing the *saw bow up* button can stop the running blade, please still make use of the *emergency stop* button in an emergency.

# 5. Front vise open button

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\"."

If the saw bow is not above the middle limit switch, the front vise can only be opened in small increments, so as to prevent the vise from hitting the guide arm.

# 6. Front vise clamp button

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\".".

# 7. Rear vise open button

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\"."

#### 8. Rear vise clamp button

This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode "\"".

#### 9. Feed forward button

- When this button is pressed, the feeding workbed will move forward. Press and hold the button to feed forward. As soon as the button is released, the feeding workbed will stop moving forward.
- This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode " ".
- This button is only in function when the quick approach bar is touching the upper limit switch AND when either of the front and rear vises are unclamped.



After the blade motor starts running, the function of rear vise is disabled due to safety concerns.

#### 10. Feed backward button

- When this button is pressed, the feeding workbed will move backward. Press and hold the button to feed backward. As soon as the button is released, the feeding workbed will stop moving backward.
- This button only works when the machine is switched to manual mode " ".
- This button is only in function when the quick approach bar is touching the upper limit switch AND when either of the front and rear vises are unclamped.



After the blade motor starts running, the function of rear vise is disabled due to safety concerns.

# 11. Blade speed control knob

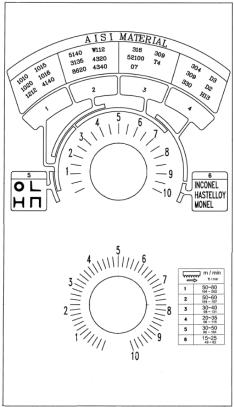
Blade speed is controlled by the inverter in the control box. Turning the knob clockwise increases the blade speed.

#### 12. HMI touch screen

Please refer to later section for detailed introduction.

# **Blade Descend Pressure and Speed**

The part of control panel is where cutting pressure and saw bow descend speed can be adjusted.



Cutting pressure and speed control panel

#### 1. Cutting pressure control knob

- This pressure control knob is used to adjust the cutting pressure of the blade.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the cutting pressure.
- To obtain a good cutting result, choose the right cutting pressure by turning the knob until it points to your material on the color chart.

# 2. Blade descend speed control knob

- This knob is used to adjust the descend speed of the saw blade.
- Turning the knob clockwise increases the blade descend speed.
- Blade descend speed is a determining factor to a good cutting time and quality cutoff surface.
- Set the blade descend speed in accordance with the *cutting pressure control* knob.
- Also commonly known as the flow control valve

# **Human-Machine-Interface (HMI) Touch Screen**

This HMI touch screen displays operation messages so that the operator is able to understand the system condition. It also provides different operating modes and selections for the operator to work with. During a cutting job, the operator can still enter the system and make changes to the cutting operation as needed.



Do not wipe or clean the screen with volatile solvents.

Do not overexert pressure on the screen. The touch screen is very sensitive; all buttons on the screen just need a slight touch to operate.



All range parameters in HMI are configured under the "manual" mode.

Please pay attention to the following environment conditions necessary for HMI touch screen to properly operate:

Item	Range
Ambient temperature	5°C ~ 50°C
Temperature for safe operation	-10°C ~ 60°C
Ambient humidity	30%~85% RH (No condensation)
Connection	RS422 MMI port
Environment	No condensation and rust

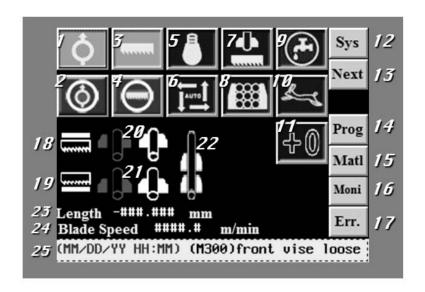


# **Startup Screen**

After the power is turned on, Cosen's logo will appear as the startup screen, followed by the main operation menu..

# Main control menu

The main control menu includes some operating button that were used on the control panel of the earlier machines. Some convenient functions are added to the page for the operator to better understand the features of the machine. Setting the parameters shown on the screen requires a gentle touch of the finger. You can also look up the parameters or make changes while in the middle of a cut.



Refer to the table below for descriptions of each function.

No.	Item	Function	Description
140.		ranction	
1		Hydraulic start	When the power is turned on, press this button to start the hydraulic motor.
			A solid yellow icon indicates the hydraulic system has been
			turned on.
2	<b>(</b>	Hydraulic stop	Press this button to turn off the hydraulic motor immediately.
			When the blade is running, the <i>hydraulic stop</i> button is temporarily disabled. You need to press the <i>saw blade stop</i> or the <i>saw bow up</i> button to stop the blade first.
3	·······	Blade start	When the work piece is clamped properly, press this button to start cutting.
			A solid yellow blade icon indicates the blade has been
			started.
4	$\Theta$	Blade stop	Press this button to stop the blade.
5	A	Work light ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the work light.
J			The light bulb showing a solid yellow icon indicates the
			worklight has been turned on.
			Press again to turn off the work light.
6	TAUTO I	AUTO / Manual mode	Use this button to switch between automatic and manual mode.
			<ul> <li>AUTO mode: used to automatically perform continuous cutting jobs. When switched to this mode, the machine will automatically operate according to the preset parameters.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Manual mode: used to perform individual cutting job.</li> <li>When switched to the Manual mode, you can execute each individual function.</li> </ul>
			Trim Cut - When the machine is switched from the Manual mode to the AUTO mode, the first cut (trim cut) will not be counted into finished cuts and the machine will continue to operate according to the preset parameter. This function allows the machine to finish the trim cut and directly proceed into automatic cutting till the last cutting job.
			If you switch to manual mode while cutting is already

No.	Item	Function	Description
110.	rem		·
			in action under AUTO mode, the machine will stop after the individual cut is finished. Switching to manual mode at any time other than cutting, the machine will proceed with the next cut until it is finished.
7	4	Material retract 2mm ON/OFF	When this function is turned on, the machine will retract the material for 2mm after completing each cut before the blade rises from its lowest position.
			A solid yellow icon indicates the <i>Material retract 2mm</i> mode
			has been turned on.
8		Single/Bundle cutting mode	This button is used to switch between single or bundle cutting mode.
			<ul> <li>Switch to single cutting model ( ) to cut a single work piece.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Switch to bundle cutting mode ( ) to cut a stack of work pieces.</li> </ul>
			When under bundle cutting mode, the feeding vise must be touching the front limit switch for the blade to be able to start.
9	25	Coolant ON/OFF	Press this button to turn on the coolant pump.
			A solid yellow faucet icon indicates the coolant pump has been turned on.
			Press again to turn off the coolant pump.
10	<b>€</b>	Slow material feeding mode	Used only when under Manual mode.  When the slow material feeding mode is turned on, the material feeding speed will dramatically reduce to help you position the work piece precisely.
11	14	Trim cut ON/OFF	This selection button works with the AUTO mode.
11	+1		When under AUTO mode and before proceeding with your automatic cutting jobs, select $+0$ if you wish the first cut to be "trim cut" i.e. trimming the edge of your material without the cut being counted into the "finished cuts."
			In the other hand, select +1 if you do not need to trim cut the material. The first cut will then be counted as the first cut of your programmed jobs.
			After the first cut begins, you may still change your selection before the saw bow has descended to its lowest point.

No.	Item	Function	Description
12	Sys	System parameter setting	Press this button to set up system parameters. Password is required.  All parameters have been set up by the manufacturer. In order to prevent random change from being made to these parameters and affect cutting precision and machine life, this function is protected with a set of password.
13	Next	Cutting parameter setting	Press this button to display cutting-related information e.g. total number of cuts completed and feeding length OR to set parameters e.g. cutting lengths and quantity. (A total of 100 cutting programs can be set.)  Blade deviation detector (optional) can be also configured in this setup page.  Refer to Cutting Display & Setup in the following page.
14	Prog	Cutting program setting	Press this button to directly enter the cutting job program setup page.  A total of 100 cutting programs can be set.
15	Mtrl	Material cutting reference	This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.
16	Moni	PLC monitor	Shows current PLC signals.
17	Err.	Error report	Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence as well as provides troubleshooting support. 6 pages in total.
18	······································	Saw blade up indicator	Indicates that the saw blade is rising.  When activated, the saw blade icon will turn solid white.
19	mm	Saw blade down indicator	Indicates that a cut is completed and the saw blade is at its lowest position.  When the blade completes each cut and triggers the lower limit switch, the saw blade icon will turn solid white.
20		Rear vise status indicator	Indicates if the <b>rear</b> vises have clamped and secured the workpiece.  When the rear vises have secured the workpiece, the clamping vise icon on the right will turn solid white.

No.	Item	Function	Description
21		Front vise status indicator	Indicates if the <b>front</b> vises have clamped and secured the workpiece.
			When the front vises have secured the workpiece, the
			clamping vise icon on the right will turn solid white.
22		Feeding movement indicator	When the feeding vise reaches the front limit, the vise set
			icon will turn solid white.
23	Length	Feeding length display	Displays current feeding length while the material is being fed.
24	Blade Speed	Blade speed display	Displays current blade speed.
25	(yellow highlight)	Error display	Displays error messages in the order of occurrences; press the message for one second to clear the messages.
	(yenow ingringity)		The message must be cleared for the machine to continue to operate normally.

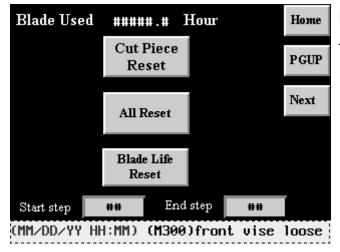
# Next Cutting status display & setup

When cutting is in operation, press Next to enter cutting status display and setup page.



# Page 1 – cutting status display

- This page shows the following information (from top to bottom):
  - Feeding length (current feeding vise position)
  - Blade speed
  - Deviation value (optional)
  - Current in ampere (optional)
  - Number of current cutting job/step in operation
  - Preset quantity of current cutting job
  - Number of cuts finished
  - The green square light on the bottom left corner indicates the warranty status of the HMI touch screen. Warranty is one year and starts counting after 70 hours of operation after the machine is shipped. Warranty status light turning to red indicates the HMI touch screen has expired.
  - Error messages (highlighted in yellow; can be cleared by pressing down for one second)
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the next setup page.



(Display without optional blade deviation detector included)

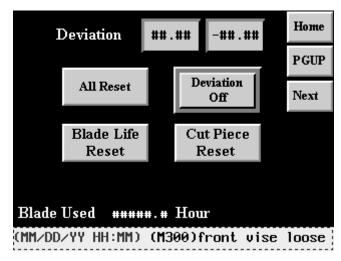
# Page 2 – cutting status setup

This page comes in two versions depending on if the optional blade deviation detector is installed on the machine. The shared features are as follows:

- Current blade life in hours
- Error message (bottom of page)
- Cut Piece Reset Reset all Cuts Finished data by pressing this button for three seconds.

If you start a new set of program without clearing cutoff data from previous job, the first cut (trim cut) will be skipped as the second program is deemed as the succeeding part of the previous program.

- All Reset Reset all preset cutting data within
   Starts Step and Ends Step by pressing this button for three seconds.
- Blade Life Reset Reset the blade life to zero

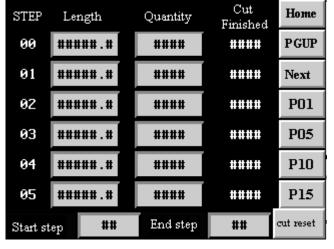


(Display with optional blade deviation detector included)

- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press PGUP to go back to the previous setup page.
- Press Next to go to the next setup page.

For machines with optional blade deviation detector installed, additional two command are provided:

- Deviation Set deviation tolerance value based on the precision requirement of your material.
- Deviation ON/Off Turn on or turn off the deviation detector if installed.



# Page 3 – cutting program setup

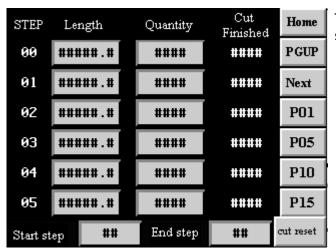
- In this page you can set your desired cutting length and quantity and see the number of finished cuts (Cut Finished).
- A total of 100 cutting jobs can be set and performed under the automatic mode.
- In "start step/job" and the "end step/job" field, fill
  in the number of the cutting job you wish to start
  and end with. The machine will automatically
  perform cutting jobs within this range.
- In *Length* column, set each respective cutting length in mm or inch.
- In Quantity column, set each respective cutting quantity.
- Press <u>cut reset</u> button for 3 seconds to reset the cutoff quantity.

If you start a new set of program without clearing cutoff data from previous job, the first cut (trim cut) will be skipped as the second program is deemed as the succeeding part of the previous program.

- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press PGUP to go back to the previous setup page.
- Press Next to go to the next cutting program setup page.
- Press P01, P05, P10, P15 to quickly jump between cutting programs (Step/Job 00 ~ 99)

# Prog Cutting program setup

When cutting is in operation, press to quickly access the cutting program setup page (the same as page 3 of the cutting status display and setup page)



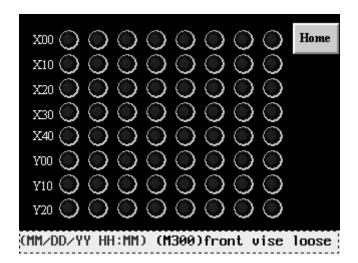
This setup page is the same as page 3 of the cutting status display and setup page.

# Material cutting reference

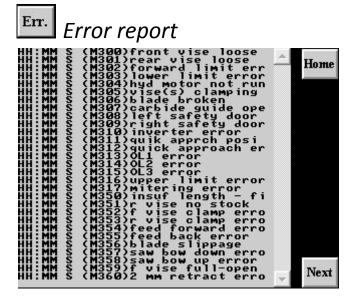
THETABL	E OF CUTTI	ng range 〈jis	$\rangle$
MATERIAL	BLADE	CUTTING RATE	
01 S20C-S35C	65 - 90	70 - 108	Home
02 S40C-S50C	65 - 90	70 - 100	
03 S9CK-S15C	80 - 110	60 - 90	
04 S53C-S58C	65 - 90	60 - 80	
05 SS50	65 - 90	60 - 70	Next
06 SS41	65 - 90	55 - 70	
07 SM50	54 - 50	50 - 56	
08 SCM3	54 - 80	65 - 80	
09 SUP5	54 - 80	40 - 55	
10 SRC.3,4	54 - 80	40 - 55	
11 SCMM22	54 - 80	40 - 50	
12 SNC1	54 - 80	40 - 50	
13 SNC22	54 - 80	35 - 45	
14 SNCMM22	54 - 80	35 - 45	

 This 2-page reference chart lists out the required blade speed and cutting rate for each different material.

# Moni PLC Monitor

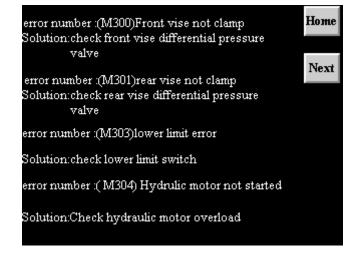


- Shows all signals of the PLC system.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.



# Page 1 - error report

- Lists a historical report of the errors and the time of occurrence.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.



# Page 2 – troubleshooting

- Provides suggestions on troubleshooting. 6 pages in total.
- Also refer to the Table 4.1 for error codes, descriptions and solutions.
- Press Home to return to the main control menu.
- Press Next to go to the troubleshooting support page.

Error Code	Error Description	Solution
M300	Front vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M301	Rear vises not clamping	Check if the queen valve works
M303	Lower limit switch error	Check if the lower limit switch works
M304	Hydraulic motor not starting	Check if the hydraulic motor works
M306	Broken blade detected	1. Check if the speed switch works
		2. Check if the blade is broken
M308	Left safety door abnormal	1. Check if the left safety door is shut properly
		2. Check if the left safety door limit switch works
M309	Right safety door abnormal	1. Check if the right safety door is hut properly
		2. Check if the right safety door limit switch works
M312	Quick approach bar abnormal	Check if the quick approach limit switch works
M313	OL1 abnormal	Check if the blade motor overload relay has tripped
M314	OL2 abnormal	Check if the hydraulic motor overload relay has tripped
M315	OL3 abnormal	Check if the coolant pump motor overload relay has tripped
M316	Saw bow upper limit abnormal	Check the upper limit switch works
M352	Front vise clamping error	1. Place new material
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works
		3.Check if the "no material parameter" is too low
M357	Saw bow descending error	1. Check if the descend solenoid valve is stuck
		2. Check the quick approach bar works
		3. Check if the quick approach bar limit switch works
M358	Saw bow ascending error	1. Check if the ascend solenoid valve is stuck
		2. Check the quick approach bar works
		3. Check the quick approach bar limit switch works
M361	No material	1. Place new material
		2. Check if the vise queen valve works
		3.Check if the "no material parameter" is too low
M363	PLC battery voltage too low	Replace PLC battery

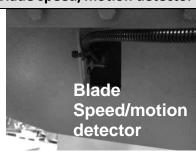
#### STANDARD ACCESSORIES

#### **Blade tension device**



- This blade tension device equipped with hydraulic cylinder provides appropriate tension to the saw blade.
- To tighten the saw blade, turn the selector to .
- Upon saw blade breakage, the safety device will activate and automatically stop all machine operation.
- The limit switch of the safety device can be reset by turning the blade tension selector to .
- To change the blade, turn the handle to to release saw blade tension.

# Blade speed/motion detector



- Besides detecting the blade speed, the speed/motion detector also functions as a safety device.
- The speed/motion detector protects operators and the machine by preventing blade overloads and consequent damages if a saw blade breaks or skids.
- Once blade breakage or slippage is detected, the drive wheel will stop in 10 seconds.

#### Inverter



- This inverter is installed inside the electrical compartment. It is used to control and stabilize the saw blade speed during cutting.
- To adjust blade speed, use the blade speed control knob on the control panel.

# Note:

- 1. Make sure the terminal points are connected.
- 2. Make sure the ambient temperature is within acceptable range and keep the surroundings well ventilated.
- 3. Keep the inverter away from dust.
- 4. For repair or maintenance, please contact your local agent.

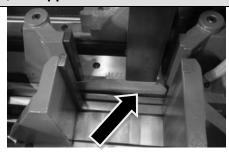
#### Chip conveyor



Chip conveyor is a spiral device to bring chips out during cutting.

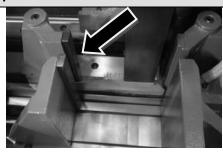
As a regular maintenance, remove the chip conveyor and clean all chip deposits inside.

# Quick approach device



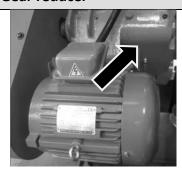
This device allows the blade to quickly descend to just right above the material to save you operation time.

# **Split front vises**



The spilt vises are a clever design to make sure your workpiece is tightly clamped by the two vises from both sides of the blade, maximizing stability and cutting precision.

# Gear reducer



The specially designed gear reducer can work toward your preset blade speed and torque.



Please refer to Section 8 for information on maintenance.

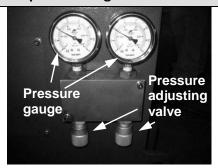
# **Coolant pump**



When the hydraulic system is turned on, the coolant pump can be operated individually from the control panel. Coolant can be used to wash off chips as well as providing cooling during cutting.

#### **OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES**

#### Vise pressure regulator

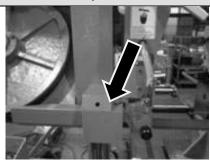


- This adjustment valve is used to control vise pressure.
- Adjust vise pressure based on the material of your workpiece.
- When cutting pipes or soft materials, reduce vise pressure to prevent exerted pressure from damaging the workpiece shape or exterior.



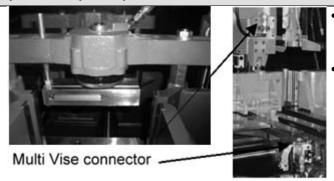
Vise pressure should never be lower than 8 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

# Vibration damper



The vibration damper can be assembled to the left saw arm. This optional accessory is extremely useful in reducing the high-frequency noise produced when cutting large-sized material.

# Hydraulic top clamps



- The top clamp device composed of two clamps is installed on top of the front and rear vises before executing bundle cutting.
- Refer to *Using Top Clamp for Bundle Cutting* for operating procedure on bundle cutting.

#### 2M roller table



- The optional 2M roller table supports the work material and ensures the material be fed in smoothly.
- Refer to Section 9 for further information on adjusting the roller table.

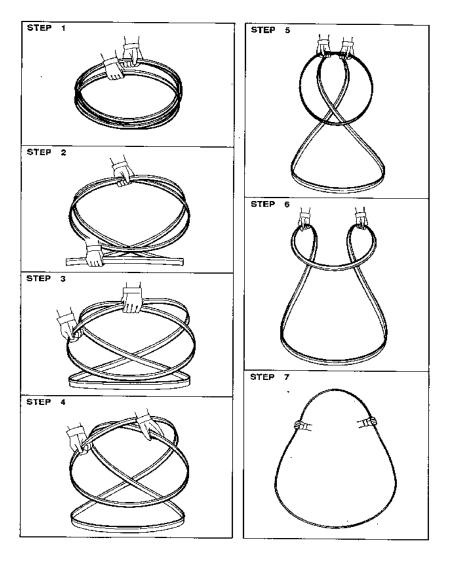
# **UNROLLING & INSTALLING THE BLADE**



Always wear leather gloves and protection glasses when handling a blade.

# Unrolling the blade

Please follow the procedures illustrated below.



Unroll and roll the blade

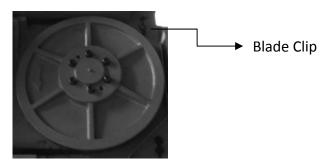
# Installing a new blade

- Step 1 Select the most suitable saw blade for your workpiece considering the size, shape and material.
- Step 2 Turn on the machine power by switching to ON and turn on the hydraulic system.
- Step 3 Switch to manual ( ) mode.
- Step 4 Press the saw bow up button and elevate the saw bow until it reaches to its highest point.
- Step 5 Turn the tension controller handle from "O" to "O" position to release tension. The idle wheel will then move slightly toward the direction of the drive wheel.

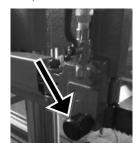


Step 6 - Open the idle and drive wheel covers.

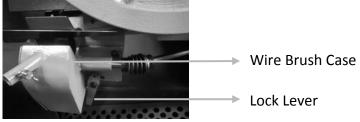
Step 7 - Press the *Blade Clip* device to hold onto the blade. This device makes blade changing easy and feasible even with only one operator available.



Step 8 - Loosen the left and right carbide inserts by loosening the "lock nut" shown below.

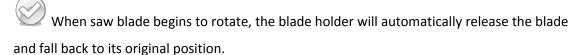


Step 9 - Open the wire brush cover. Loosen the lock lever and lower the wire brush.



Step 10 - Remove the old blade. If necessary, clean the carbide inserts before installing a new saw blade.

- Step 11 Place the new blade around the idle wheel and the drive wheel.
- Step 12 Insert the blade into the left and right tungsten carbide inserts. The back and the sides of the blade need to be touching the inserts as well as the adjacent rollers.
- Step 13 Place the blade to the drive wheel and press the back of the blade against the flange of the drive wheel. Use the *Blade Clip* device to tightly hold the blade from falling out of the drive wheel.



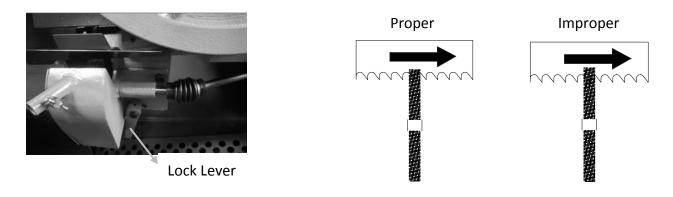
Step 14 - Make sure the back of the blade is also pressed against the flange of the idle wheel.

- Step 15 Turn the tension controller handle to [OO] position to obtain blade tension.
- Step 16 Make sure the sides of the blade are in close contact with the carbide inserts and then tighten the left and right carbide inserts by tightening the "lock nut."
- Step 17 Gently close the idle and drive wheel covers.
- Step 18 Press the *saw blade start* button to start the blade. Allow the blade to run for a few rotations then press the *saw bow up* button to elevate the saw bow. Open the wheel covers and make sure the blade has not fallen off the drive and idle wheels. If the blade has shifted, follow the same procedure to reinstall the blade again.
- Step 19 Adjust wire brush to a proper position. Refer to Adjusting Wire Brush in this section.

# **ADJUSTING WIRE BRUSH**

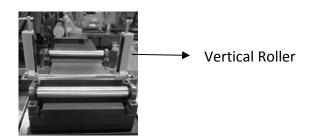
Follow these steps to adjust wire brush to appropriate position:

- Step 1 Open the drive wheel cover. Loosen the lock lever.
- Step 2 Make brush move up / down until it makes proper contact with the saw blade (see below illustration).
- Step 3 Tighten the lock lever. Close the drive wheel cover.



#### PLACING WORKPIECE ONTO WORKBED

- Step 1 Press the saw bow up button and elevate the saw bow until it reaches to its highest point.
- Step 2 Press the *front vise open* and *rear vise open* buttons to open vises.
- Step 3 Loosen the vertical roller lock handles and fully open the vertical rollers.
- Step 4 Carefully place the workpiece onto the work feed table to where it extends approximately 30mm (1.2 inch) beyond the rear vise toward the front vise.



# POSITIONING WORKPIECE FOR CUTTING

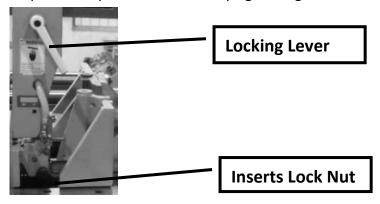
Follow these steps to position your workpiece:

Step		Action
rear vises clamp material	1	Press the <i>rear vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped.
align vertical rollers	2	Move the vertical alignment rollers toward workpiece until it stands against the workpiece. Lock the vertical alignment rollers by tightening the lock handles
feed material forward	3	Press the <i>feed forward</i> button until the rear vise touches the front limit switch.
front vises clamp material	4	Press the <i>front vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped.
rear vises retract to clamp	5	Press the <i>rear vise open</i> button.
material again ¯	6	Press the <i>feed backward</i> button until the rear vises reach back limit switch.
_	7	Press the <i>rear vise clamp</i> button until the workpiece is securely clamped again.
front vises open; prepare for precision position	8	Simultaneously press the <i>front vise open</i> button and the <i>rear vise clamp</i> button to make sure the material is being clamped.
confirm cutoff point	9	Press the saw bow down button to lower the saw bow until the quick approach bar descends to just about 10mm (0.4 inch) above the workpiece.  Under no circumstances should the quick approach bar be lowered below the height of the workpiece.
precision position	10	Press the <i>feed forward</i> button (and the <i>feed backward</i> button if necessary) until the cutoff point on the workpiece aligns with the blade line.
front vises clamp material; ready to cut	11	After the workpiece is correctly positioned, press the front vise clamp button so the workpiece is securely clamped.

# **ADJUSTING SAW ARM**

Adjust the blade guide (guide arm) position based on the size of your workpiece:

- Step 1 Loosen the inserts by unlocking the lock nut.
- Step 2 Loosen the blade guide locking lever. Then adjust the guide arm to a position suitable for your workpiece size.
- Step 3 After adjustment is made, tighten the blade guide locking lever.
- Step 4 Clamp the inserts back by tightening the lock nut.



# **ADJUSTING COOLANT FLOW**

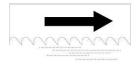
- Step 1 Press the saw blade start button to start the saw blade drive motor.
- Step 2 Press the *saw bow down* button to lower the saw bow.
- Step 3 Use the flow control valve (shown below) to adjust the amount of fluid flowing to the cutting area.



Adjust the flow amount if you observe the following changes to the chips generated from cutting.



If the chips are sharp and curved, increase the coolant flow amount.



If the chips are granulated, decrease the coolant flow amount.

#### ADJUSTING BLADE SPEED

- Step 1 Set the flow control to "0" position.
- Step 2 Press the saw blade start button to start the blade.
- Step 3 Turn the *blade speed control knob* to adjust the blade speed. The blade speed should be adjusted based on the size and the material of the workpiece.

#### **BREAKING-IN THE BLADE**

When a new saw blade is used, be sure to first break in the blade before using it for actual, extended operation. Failure to break in the blade will result in less than optimum efficiency. To perform this break-in operation, the following instructions should be followed:

- Step 1 Reduce the blade speed to one-half of its normal setting.
- Step 2 Lengthen the cutting time to 2-3 times of what is normally required.
- Step 3 Start the break-in operation.
- Step 4 After the break-in operation is completed, set all parameters back to normal settings.

#### **TEST-RUNNING THE MACHINE**

Test-running this machine can ensure good machine performance in the future. We suggest you run the following tests on the machine before first use:

# **Testing machine performance:**

Turn on the power and run a basic performance test after you finish installing the machine. Follow these steps to test machine performance:

- Step 1 Disassemble shipping brackets and bolts.
- Step 2 Install roller table (optional).
- Step 3 Turn on the relay switch in the control box.
- Step 4 Elevate the saw bow. (If your coolant pump is in reverse and the machine cannot run, please change the electrical phase.)
- Step 5 After the saw bow ascends, extend the quick approach device.
- Step 6 Remove the rust-prevention grease with cleaning oil or kerosene.
- Step 7 Start the coolant pump.
- Step 8 Test these functions under manual mode:
  - vise clamping/unclamping
  - saw bow ascending/descending
  - feeding forward and backward

#### **CUTTING OPERATION**

Step 1 – Check before you cut

- **Power:** Check the voltage and frequency of your power source.
- **Coolant:** Check if you have sufficient coolant in the tank.
- Hydraulic: Check if you have sufficient (at least two-thirds or higher) hydraulic oil.
- Workbed: Check if there is any object on the feeding bed that may cause interference.
- Blade: Check the blade teeth and make sure there is no worn out teeth along the blade.
- Light: Check the work lamp or laser light (optional) and make sure there is sufficient lighting.
- Roller: Check all the rollers on the front and rear workbed can roll smoothly.
- Saw bow: Check the saw bow to see if it can be elevated and lowered smoothly.

Step 2 – Place your workpiece onto the workbed manually or by using a lifting tool e.g. a crane.

Before loading, make sure the vises are opened to at least wider than the width of the workpiece.

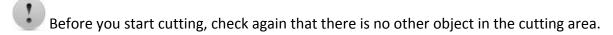
Step 3 – Position your workpiece.

Step 4 – Clamp the workpiece.

Step 5 – Turn the *cutting pressure control* knob to adjust cutting pressure according to the material.

Step 6 – Adjust *blade descend speed control* knob to obtain a suitable blade descend speed for your material.

Step 7 – Start running the blade.



Step 8 – While the blade descends, adjust the blade speed if necessary. You can do so by turning the blade speed control knob, clockwise to speed up and counterclockwise to slow down. The blade speed is displayed in the HMI touch screen.

Step 9 – Select the proper cutting condition according to different material.

Step 10 – After the entire cutting job is completed, elevate the saw bow to the top and open the vises to remove the workpiece.

Step 11 – Clean the workbed by removing chips and cutting fluids.

Step 12 – Lower the saw bow to a proper position then turn off the power.

#### STARTING AN AUTOMATIC OPERATION

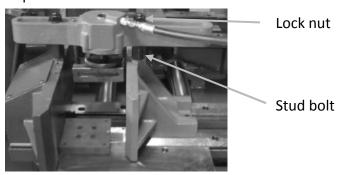
- Step 1 Use manual mode and cut the edge of the workpiece by using the same procedures as those described under manual operation.
- Step 2 After the trim cut is completed and the saw blade has stopped at the lower limit position, press the *saw blade up* button to raise the saw bow until the quick approach bar is approximately 10mm (0.4inch) above the workpiece.
- Step 3 Turn the Auto / manual switch to manual.
- Step 4 Set your desired cutting length and quantity via the HMI touch screen. A total of 100 sets of cutting data can be programmed.
- Step 5 Turn the *Auto / manual* switch to Auto.
- Step 6 Press the *saw blade start* button and press the *saw bow down* button to start automatic cutting.

#### USING TOP CLAMP FOR BUNDLE CUTTING

# Installing top clamp

To perform bundle cutting, use the top clamps and take the following installation procedures.

Step 1 – Install stud bolts on the front and rear vises and position the top clamp.



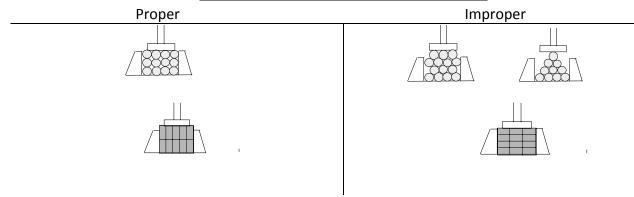
Step 2 – Connect the top clamp hoses to the pressure joints on the vise hydraulic cylinders.



Step 3 – Position the workpiece for bundle cutting.

Note the allowable clamping width and height. (Refer to Section 2 – General Information, Specifications)

# Proper and improper stacking of workpieces



- Step 4 Align the top clamp cylinders with the center of the workpiece and tighten the lock nuts.
- Step 5 Turn the top clamp handles so that the clearance between the top clamp jaw and the top of the bundled workpiece is within 5 to 10 mm ( $0.2 \sim 0.4$  in).
- Step 6 Install the bundle-cutting fence to the work tray. The fence is designed to prevent cut pieces from scattering across the work tray. Adjust the width of the fence to be slightly larger than the width of the bundle.
- Step 7 Press Single/Bundle cutting mode button and switch to bundle cutting mode.
- Step 8 For subsequent cutting procedures, refer to the instructions under manual operation and automatic operation.

# Uninstalling top clamp

Follow these steps to uninstall top clamp for cutting single material:

- Step 1 Disconnect the top clamp hoses.
- Step 2 Loosen the lock nuts and remove the top clamp.
- Step 3 Remove the stud bolts.



# **TERMINATING A CUTTING OPERATION**

- To terminate a cutting operation, press either the saw bow up button or the emergency stop button.
- The saw blade will stop running when the saw bow up button is pressed.
- Both the saw blade and hydraulic pump motors will stop running when the *emergency stop* button is pressed.
- The machine will stop automatically when an error occurs. The error message will be shown on the screen.

# Section 5

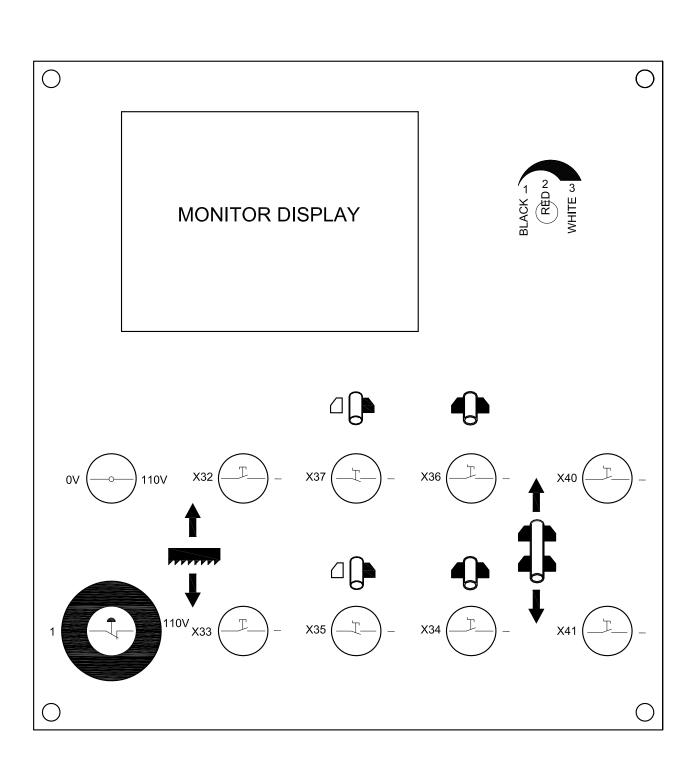
# ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

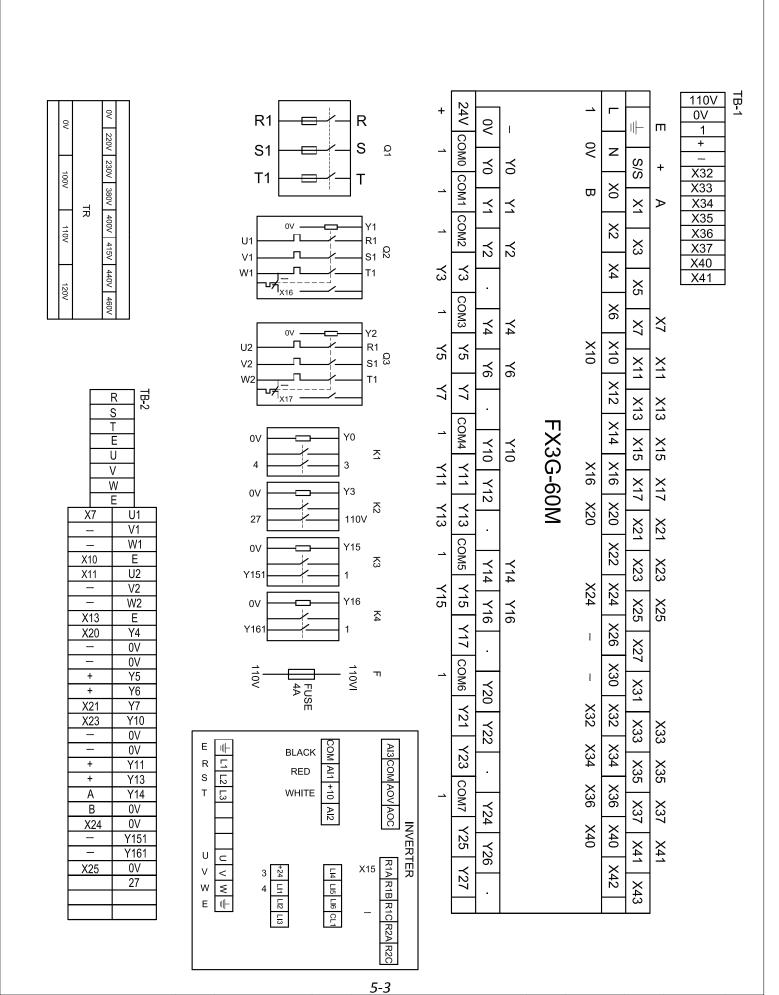
# **ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS**

Non-CE model: page 5-2~5-5

CE model: page 5-6~5-9

5-1



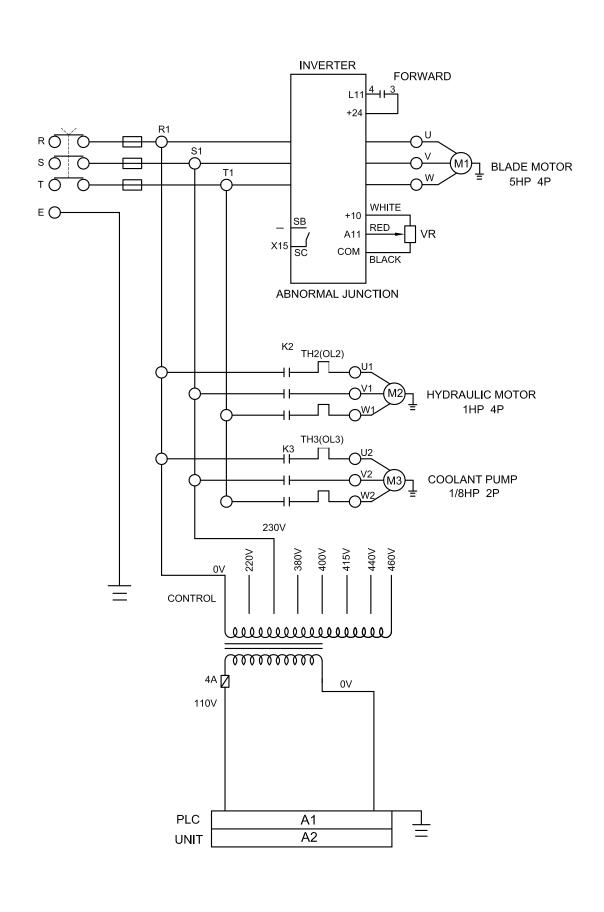


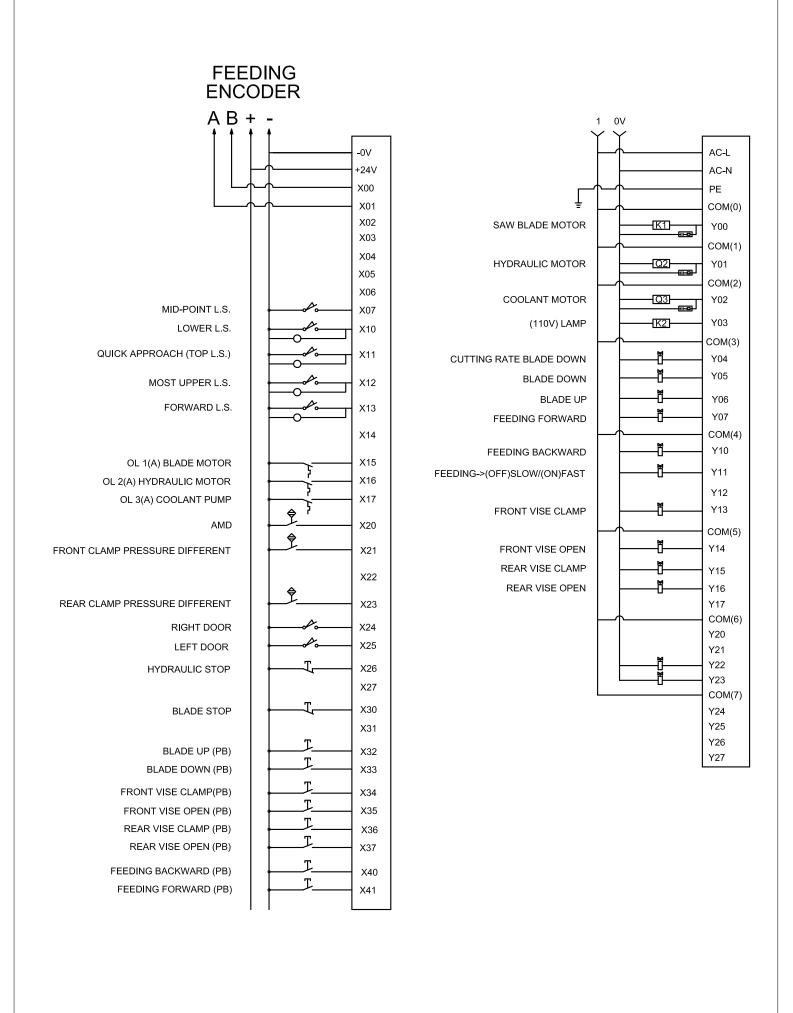
COSEN 高型精密機電股份有限公司 COSEN MECHATRONICS CO., LTD.

**Circuit Board Layout** 線路板配置圖

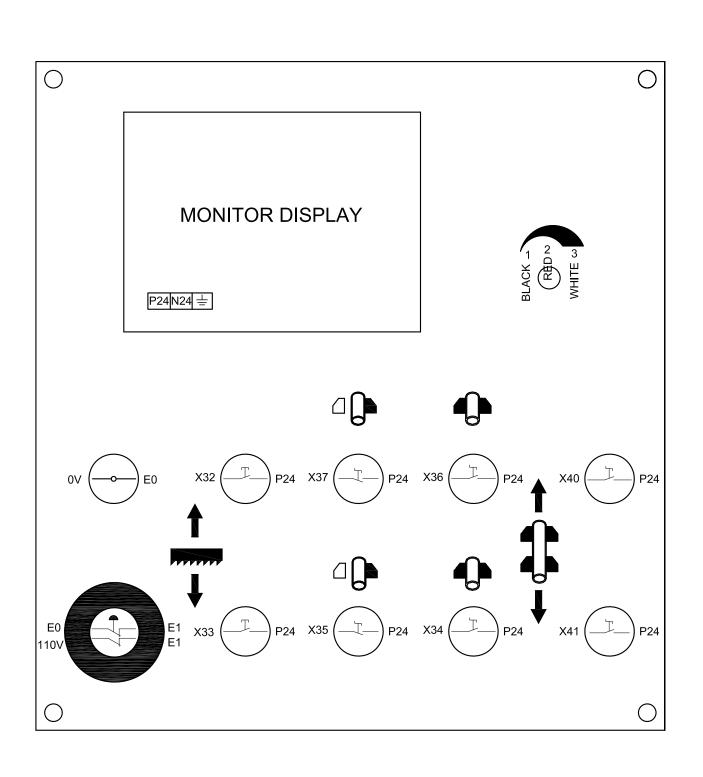
圖號 EL-C260NC-F05-000S0-B

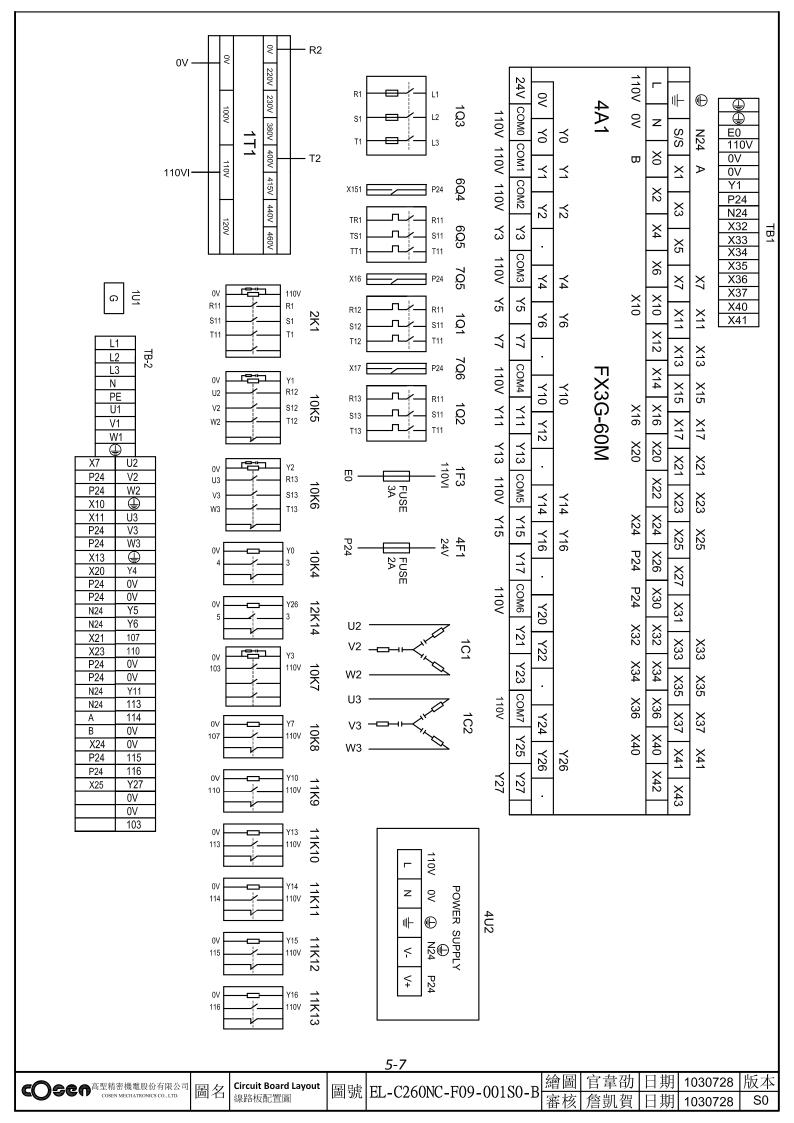
官韋劭 日期 繪圖 1030903 版本 詹凱賀 日期 1030903

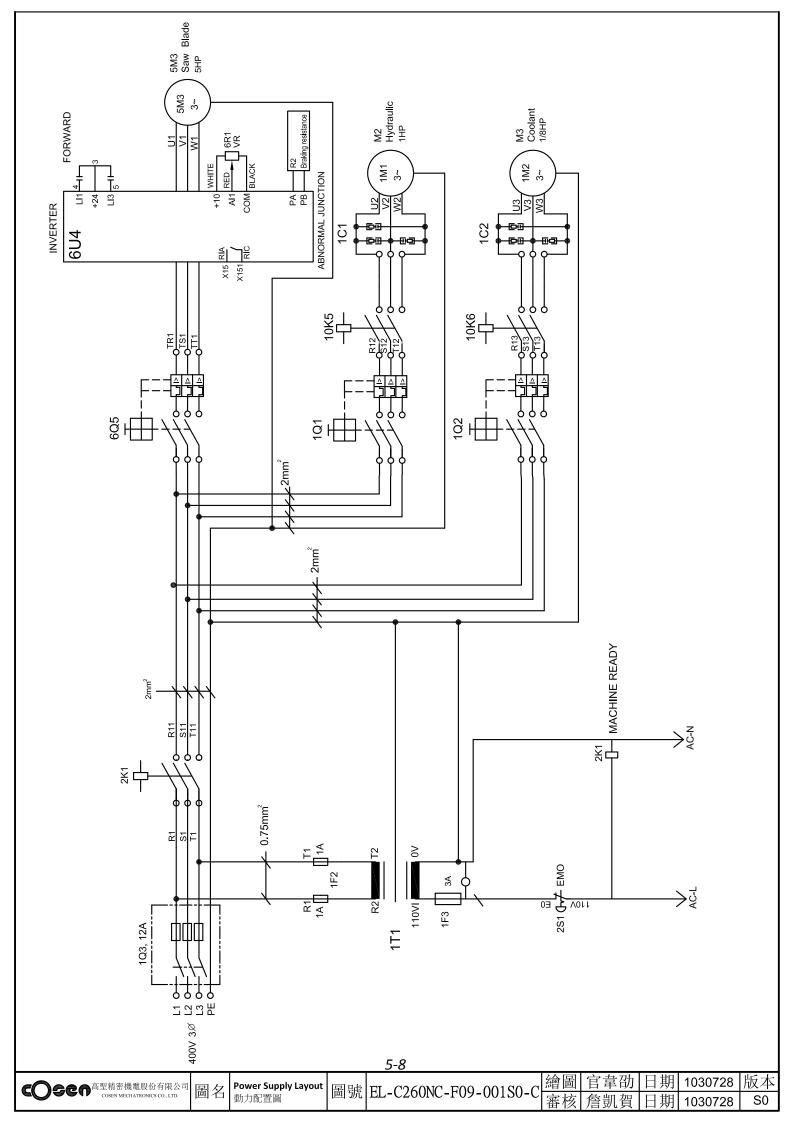


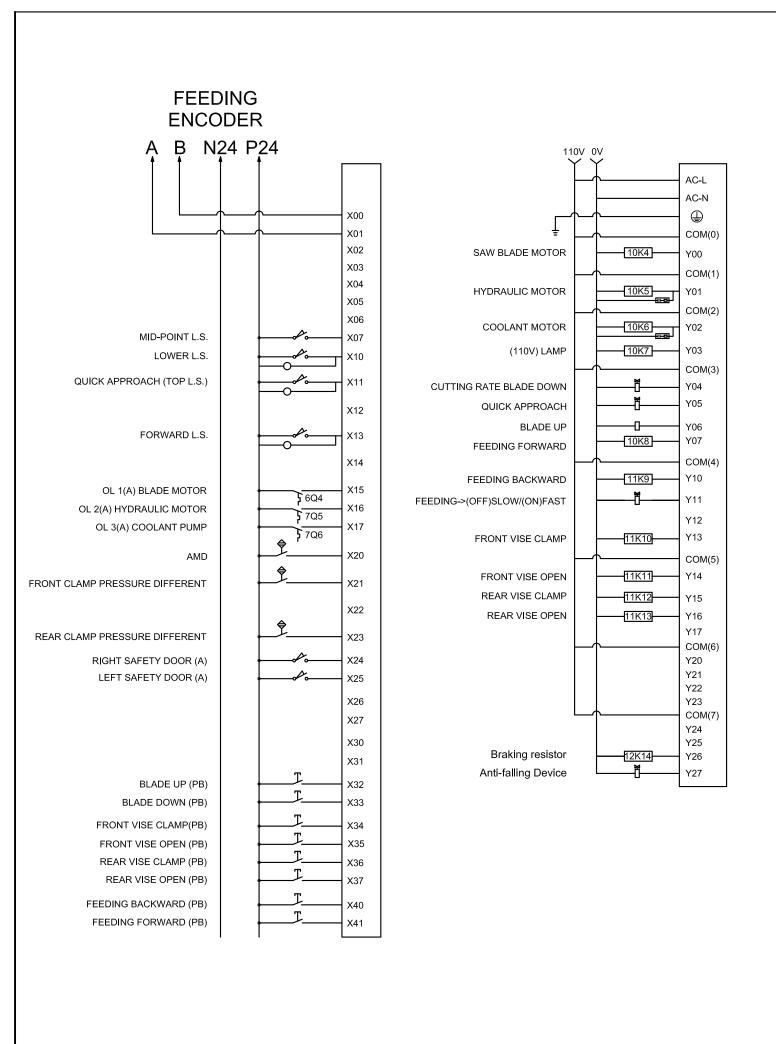


5-5









## Section 6

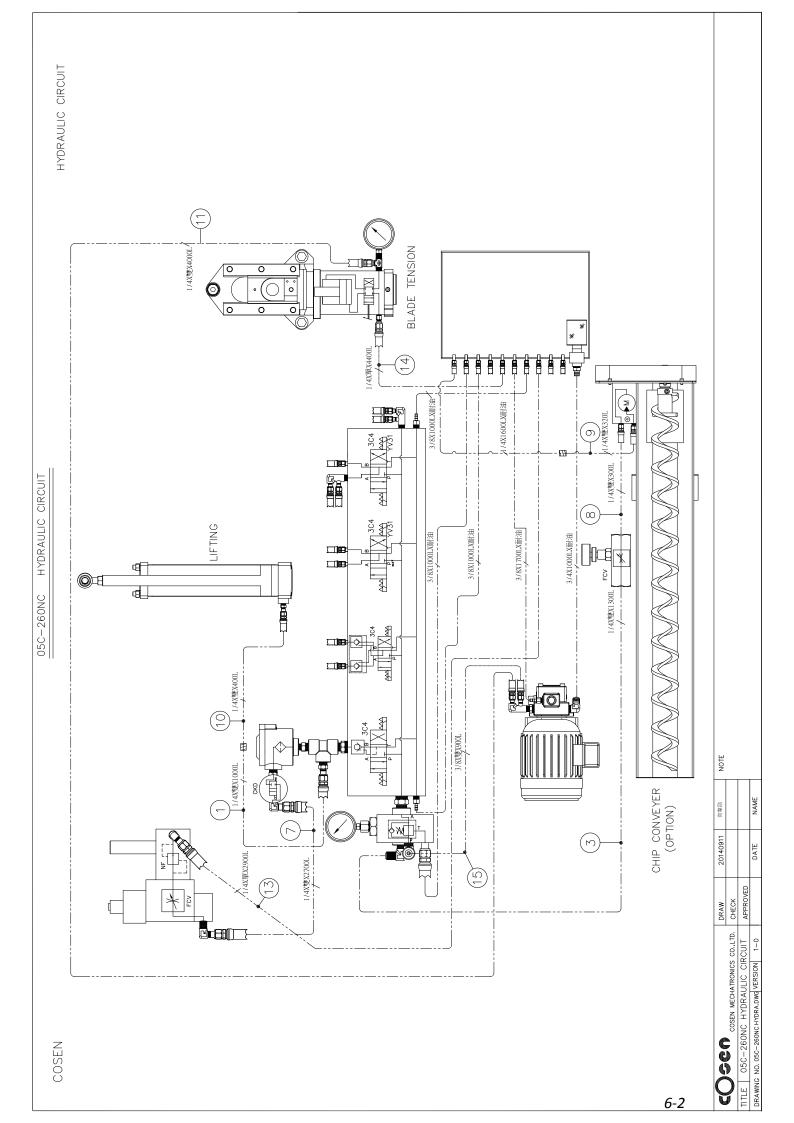
# HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

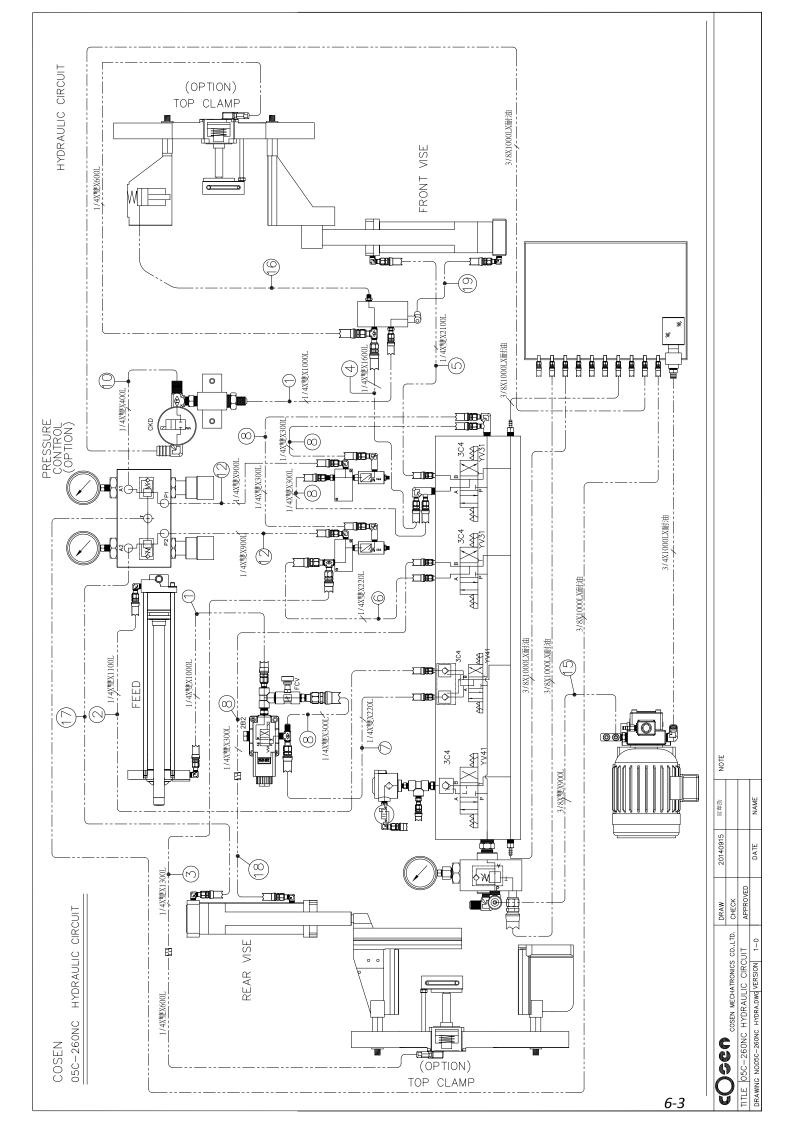
#### **HYDRAULIC DIAGRAMS**

Non-CE model: page 6-2~6-6

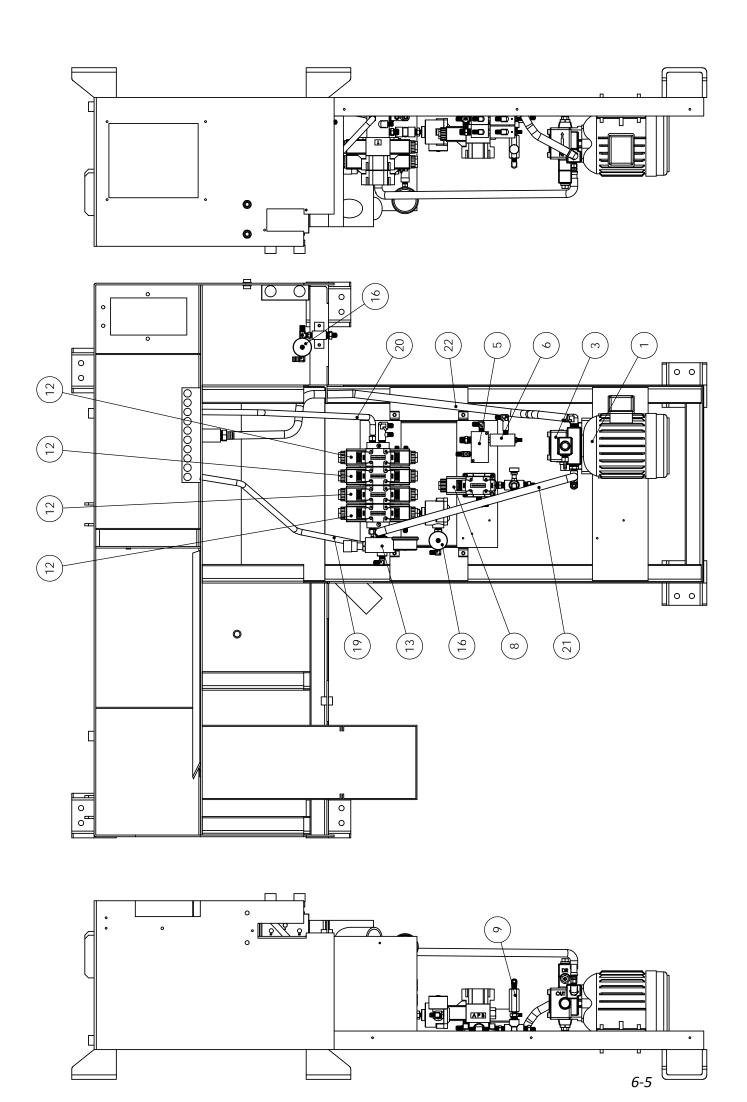
CE model: page 6-7~6-11

6-1

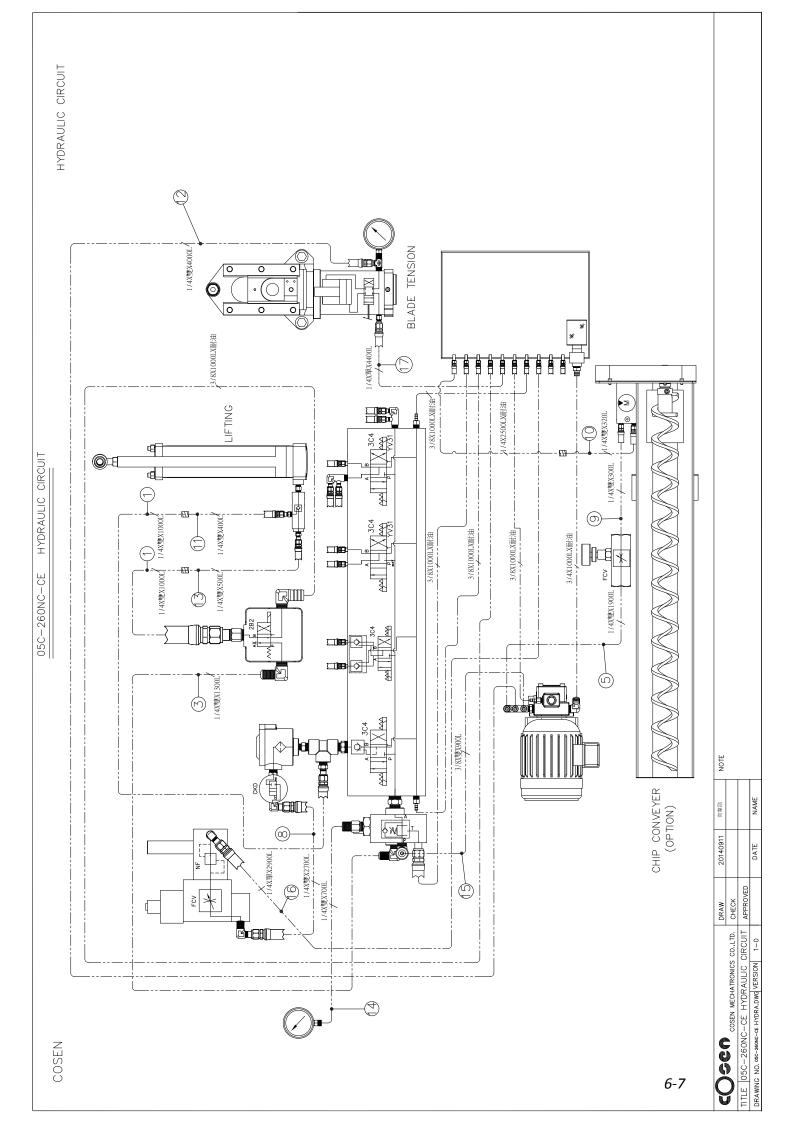


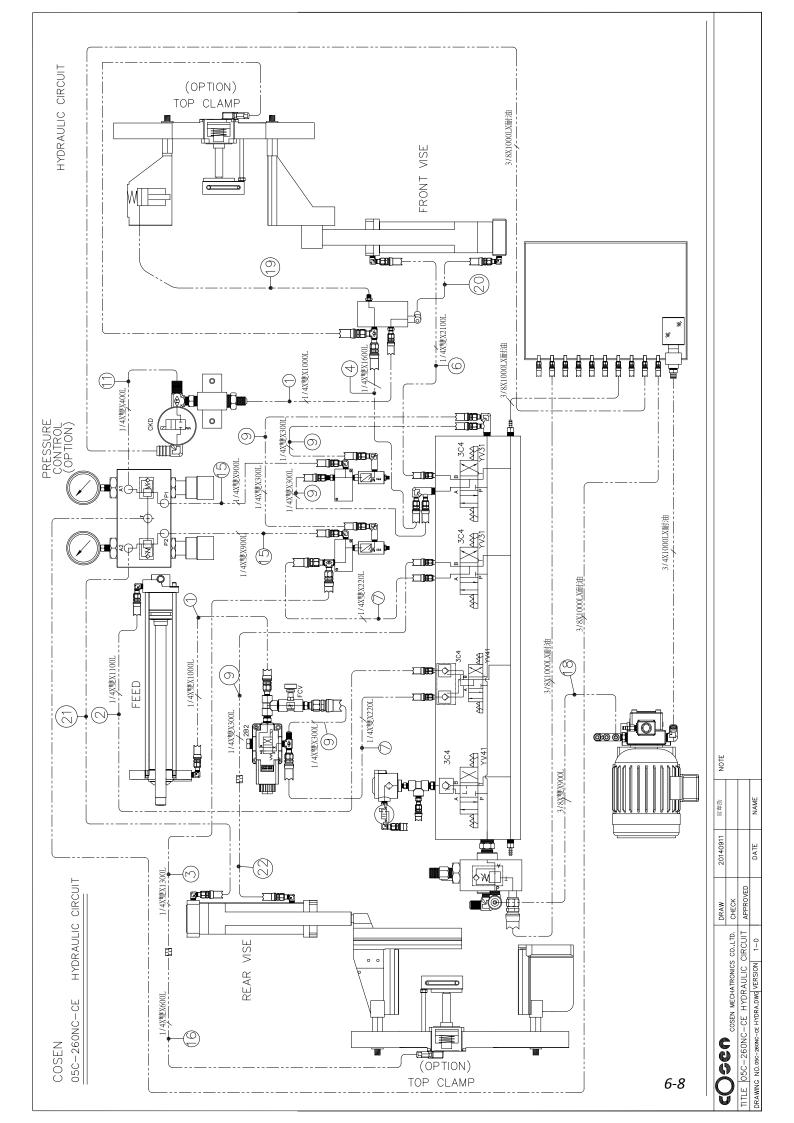


ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	Specification
1	PHD-02D-1000*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL1000
2	PHD-02D-1100*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管 1/4 x雙 xL1100
3	PHD-02D-1300*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL1300
4	PHD-02D-1600*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL1600
5	PHD-02D-2100*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL2100
9	PHD-02D-220*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL220
7	PHD-02D-2700*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL2700
8	PHD-02D-300*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL300
6	PHD-02D-320*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL320
10	PHD-02D-400*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL400
11	PHD-02D-4000*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL4000
12	PHD-02D-900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL900
13	PHD-02S-2900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x單 X12900
14	PHD-02S-4400*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x單 xL4400
15	PHD-03D-900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管3/8 x雙 xL900
16	C250H-2813	Double retracting vise tube	雙動油壓鋼管
17	C250H-2863	Front vise tube(1)	前虎鉗綱管(一)
18	C250H-2865	Front vise tube(2)	前虎鉗綱管(二)
19	C250H-2861	Feeding seat tube	送料座鋼管

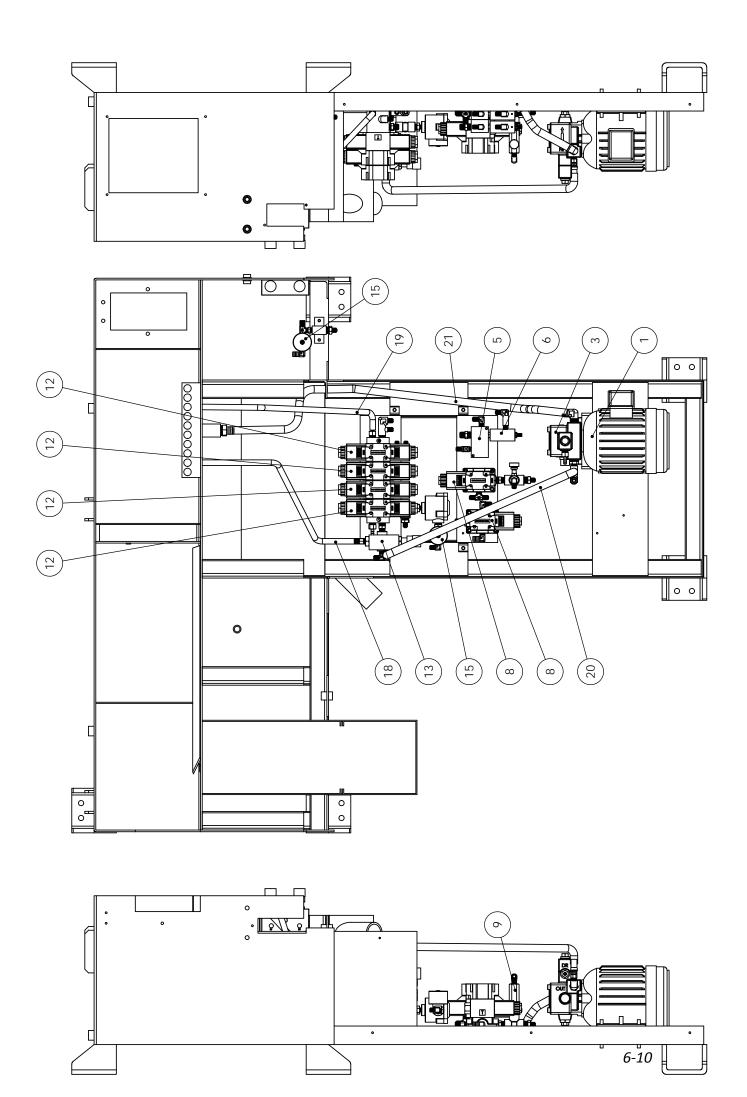


	ITEM	PART NO.	PART CHINESE NAME	PART NAME
	1	PHH1-D417-P*T	油壓馬達	Hydraulic motor
	2	PP-70700-1*T	防震墊 M8	M8 rubber
	3	PP-32220*T	油壓幫浦	Hydraulic pump
•	4	C250H-1015*T	油路板座	Manifold plate seat
	5	AHB-1562Y1*T	虎鉗油路板	Vise manifold plate
	9	NGG-33000-1*T	壓差閥組	Differential pressure valve
	7	SJM-4043-1*T	油路板	Manifold plate
	8	PP-43503*T	2B2電磁閥	Solenoid valve
	6	PP-43117*T	流量閥	Flow control valve
<u>.                                    </u>	10	AHA-1001B*T	油路板	Manifold plate
	11	PP-43125*T	引導止回閥	Pilot-operated check valve
	12	PP-43521*T	3C4電磁閥	Solenoid valve
	13	PP-43127B*T	減壓閥配管式單頭	Pressure regulator
	14	PP-43311*T	壓力表(直立式)	Pressure gauge
	51	AGB-/0/2/0*I	源田器組	Oil filter assembly
	16	PP-43600*T	電磁閥CKD	Solenoid valve(CKD)
7	17	AGB-70220*T	冷卻水管固定板	Water pipe fixed bracket
	18	PP-43127A	減壓閥	Pressure regulator
$\langle\!\langle$	19		%統回油管3/8x1000 Lx軒油管	Pipe
	20		系統回油管3/8x1000 1.x耐油管	Pipe
	21		系統進油管3/8X雙X 9001	Pipe
	22		油壓馬達回油管3/4 X 雙 X 1000I	Pipe
1/	22		油壓馬運門油管3/4   X雙X1000L	Pipe
	77.		X WAY 1000L	Pipe
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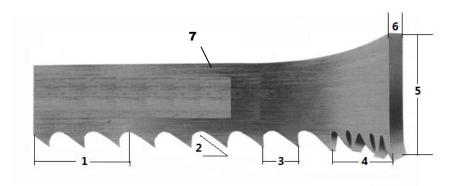
Item	Part NO.	PART NAME	Specification
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4	PHD-02D-1600*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL1600
5	PHD-02D-1900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管 1/4 x雙 xL1900
6	PHD-02D-2100*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL2100
7	PHD-02D-220*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL220
8	PHD-02D-2700*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL2700
9	PHD-02D-300*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL300
10	PHD-02D-320*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL320
11	PHD-02D-400*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL400
12	PHD-02D-4000*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL4000
13	PHD-02D-500*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL500
14	PHD-02D-700*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管 1/4 x雙 xL700
15	PHD-02D-900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x雙 xL900
16	PHD-02S-2900*T	Hydraulic pipe	油壓管1/4 x單 xL2900
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22	С250Н-2865	Front vise tube(2)	前虎鉗鋼管(二)



# *BANDSAW CUTTING: A PRACTICAL GUIDE*

INTRODUCTION
SAW BLADE SELECTION
VISE LOADING
BladeBreak -In
SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS

#### **INTRODUCTION**



- **1. TPI:** The number of teeth per inch as measured from gullet to gullet.
- 2. Tooth Rake Angle: The angle of the tooth face measured with respect to a line perpendicular to the cutting direction of the saw.
- 3.Tooth Pitch: Tooth pitch refers to the number of teeth per inch (tpi). 1 inch equates to 25.4 mm.

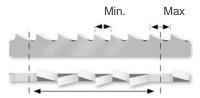
A distinction is made between constant tooth pitches with a uniform tooth distance, 2 tpi for example, and variable tooth pitches with different tooth distances within one toothing interval.

Variable tooth pitches, for instance 2-3 tpi, can be characterized by two measures: 2 tpi stands for the maximum tooth distance and 3 tpi stands for the minimum tooth distance in the toothing interval.

#### Constant



#### Variable



- 4. Set: The bending of teeth to right or left to allow clearance of the back of the blade through the cut.
- 5. Width: The nominal dimension of a saw blade as measured from the tip of the tooth to the back of the band.
- 6. Thickness: The dimension from side to side on the blade.
- 7. Gullet: The curved area at the base of the tooth. The tooth tip to the bottom of the gullet is the gullet depth.

#### **SAW BLADE SELECTION**

#### 1. Band length

The dimensions of the band will depend on the band saw machine that has been installed.

Please refer to Section 2 - General Information

#### 2. Band width

Band width: the wider the band saw blade, the more stability it will have.

#### 3. Cutting edge material

The machinability of the material to be cut determines what cutting material you should choose.

#### 4. Tooth pitch

The main factor here is the contact length of the blade in the workpiece.

If it is 4P,  $25.4 \div 4$  P = 6.35 mm, that is, one tooth is 6.35 mm.

If it is 3P,  $25.4 \div 3$  P = 8.46 mm If the number is small, it means that the tooth is large.

What is written as 3/4 is that it is a variable pitch of large (3) / small (4).

The saw blade must contact the cutting material at least two pitches. In the case of a thickness of 15 mm, 4P = OK, 3P = NG.

- The surface conditions will also affect the cutting rate. If there are places on the surface on the material which are hard, a slower blade speed will be required or blade damage may result.
- It will be slower to cut tubing than to cut solids, because the blade must enter the material twice, and because coolant will not follow the blade as well.
- Tough or abrasive materials are much harder to cut than their machinability rating would indicate.
- Tooth spacing is determined by the hardness of the material and its thickness in cross section.
- Tooth set prevents the blade from binding in the cut. It may be either a "regular set" (also called a "raker set") or a "wavy set".
- The regular or raker set is most common and consists of a pattern of one tooth to the left, one tooth to the right, and one which is straight, or unset. This type of set is generally used where the material to be cut is uniform in size and for contour cutting.
- Wavy set has groups of teeth set alternately to right and left, forming a wave-like pattern.
  This reduces the stress on each individual tooth, making it suitable for cutting thin material
  or a variety of materials where blade changing is impractical. Wavy set is often used where
  tooth breakage is a problem. This is shown in Fig. 7.2 as follows:

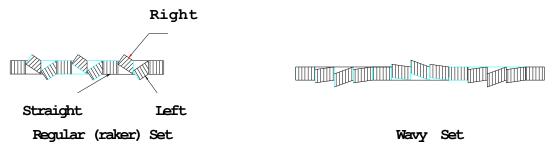


Fig. 7.2 The Saw Set

#### **VISE LOADING**

The position in which material is placed in the vise can have a significant impact on the cost per cut. Often, loading smaller bundles can mean greater sawing efficiency.



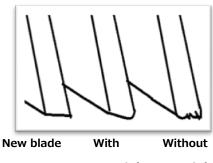
When it comes to cutting odd-shaped material, such as angles, I-beams, channel, and tubing, the main point is to arrange the materials in such a way that the blade cuts through as uniform a width as possible throughout the entire distance of cut.

The following diagrams suggest some costeffective ways of loading and fixturing. Be sure, regardless of the arrangement selected, that the work can be firmly secured to avoid damage to the machine or injury to the operator.



#### BladeBreak -In

Completing a proper break-in on a new band saw blade will dramatically increase its life.



Break-in Break-in

- 1. Select the proper band speed for the material to be cut.
- **2.** Reduce the feed force/rate to achieve a cutting rate 20% to 50% of normal (soft materials require a larger feed rate reduction than harder materials).
- 3.Begin the first cut at the reduced rate. Make sure the teeth are forming a chip. Small adjustments to the band speed may be made in the event of excessive noise/vibration. During the first cut, increase feed rate/force slightly once the blade fully enters the workpiece. With each following cut, gradually increase feed rate/force until normal cutting rate is reached.

# MAINTENANCE & SERVICE

**INTRODUCTION** 

**BASIC MAINTENANCE** 

**MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE** 

**BEFORE BEGINNING A DAY'S WORK** 

AFTER ENDING A DAY'S WORK

**EVERY MONTH** 

**EVERY THREE MONTHS** 

**EVERY SIX MONTHS** 

STORAGE CONDITIONS

**TERMINATING THE USE OF MACHINE** 

**OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE** 

#### **INTRODUCTION**

For the best performance and longer life of the band saw machine, a maintenance schedule is necessary. Some of the daily maintenance usually takes just a little time but will give remarkable results for the efficient and proper operation of cutting.

#### **BASIC MAINTENANCE**

It is always easy and takes just a little effort to do the basic maintenance. But it always turns out to be a very essential process to assure the long life and efficient operation of the machine. Most of the basic maintenance requires the operator to perform it regularly.

#### **MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE**

We suggest you do the maintenance on schedule.

#### Before beginning a day's work

- 1. Please check the hydraulic oil level. If oil level volume is below 1/2, please add oil as necessary. (Filling up to 2/3 level is better for system operation.)
- 2. Please check the cutting fluid level, adding fluid as necessary. If the fluid appears contaminated or deteriorated, drain and replace it.
- 3. Please check the saw blade to ensure that it is properly positioned on both the drive and idle wheels.
- 4. Please make sure that the saw blade is properly clamped by the left and right inserts.
- 5. Please check the wire brush for proper contact with the saw blade. Replace the wire brush if it is worn out.

#### After ending a day's work

Please remove saw chips and clean the machine with discharging the cutting fluid when work has been completed.

Do not discharge cutting fluid while the saw blade is operating because it will cause severe injury on operator's hand.



Be sure the saw blade is fully stop, it will be performed after working inspection.

#### Every month

Please apply grease to the following points:

- 1. Idle wheel
- 2. Drive wheel
- 3. Blade tension device

#### Recommended Grease:

- Shell Alvania EP Grease 2
- Mobil Mobilplex 48

#### Every three months

Replace the transmission oil after operating for three months (or 600 hours).

#### Recommended Grease:

- Shell Alvania EP Grease 2
- Mobil Mobilplex 48 (600W Cylinder oil)

#### Every six months

- 1.Clean the filter of the cutting fluid.
- 2. Replace the transmission oil for every half of a year(or 1200 hours).

Check the sight gauge to ascertain the transmission level.

#### Recommended TRANSMISSION OIL

- Omala oil HD220
- Mobil comp 632 600W Cylinder oil
- 3. Replace the hydraulic oil.

#### **Recommended HYDRAULIC OIL**

- Shell Tellus 27
- Mobil DTE OIL light Hydraulic28

#### **STORAGE CONDITIONS**

Generally, this machine will be stored on the following conditions in future:

- (1) Turn off the power.
- (2) Ambient temperature:  $5^{\circ}$ C ~  $40^{\circ}$ C
- (3) Relative humidity: 30%~95% (without condensation)
- (4) Atmosphere: use a plastic canvas to cover machine to avoid excessive dust, acid fume, corrosive gases and salt.
- (5) Avoid exposing to direct sunlight or heat rays which can change the environmental temperature.
- (6) Avoid exposing to abnormal vibration.
- (7) Must be connected to earth.

#### **TERMINATING THE USE OF THE MACHINE**

Waste disposal:

When your machine can not work anymore, you should leak out the oil from machine body. Please storage the oil in safe place with bottom. Ask a environment specialist to handle the oil. It can avoid soil pollution. The oil list in machine:

- Hydraulic oil
- Cutting fluid
- Drive wheel gear oil

#### **OIL RECOMMENDATION FOR MAINTENANCE**

Item	m Method		Revolution	Suggest oil
Dovetail g	uide	Keep grease covered. Antirust.	Daily	Shell R2
Roller bea	ring	Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Bed roller	/ surface	Sweep clean and oil with lubricant.	Daily	SEA #10
Nipples of bearing Use grease gun, but not excess. Monthly		Shell R2		
Blade tension device Use grease gun, but not excess.  Monthly  Gre Mo		Shell Alvania EP Grease 2, Mobil Mobilplex 48		
Reducer		Inspect once a week. Change oil of 600 hours of using. Change it every year.	Regularly	Omala oil HD220 Mobil Gear 630
		Inspect half a year. Change oil every year.	Regularly	Shell Tellus 32 Mobil DTE oil Light Hydraulic 24
Inserts Oil v		Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Daily	
		Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	Weekly	
Bearing Cylinder		Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	Shell R2
Wire brush Oil with lubricant, but not exce		Oil with lubricant, but not excess.	6 Monthly	



- 1. Turn off the stop circuit breaker switch before servicing the machine.
  - 2. Then post a sign to inform people that the machine is under maintenance.
  - 3. Drain all of the cutting fluid and oil off and carefully treat them to avoid pollution.

# TROUBLESHOOTING

INTRODUCTION
PRECAUTIONS
GENERAL TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
BLADE TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS
SAWING PROBLEMS & SOLUTIONS
RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE

#### INTRODUCTION

All the machines manufactured by us pass a 48 hours continuously running test before shipping out and we are responsible for the after sales service problems during the warranty period if the machines are used normally. However, there still exist the some unpredictable problems which may disable the machine from operating.

Generally speaking, the system troubles in this machine model can be classified into three types, namely GENERAL TROUBLES, MOTOR TROUBLES and BLADE TROUBLES. Although you may have other troubles which can not be recognized in advance, such as malfunctions due to the limited life-span of mechanical, electric or hydraulic parts of the machine.

We have accumulated enough experiences and technical data to handle all of the regular system troubles. Meanwhile, our engineering department had been continuously improving the machines to prevent all possible troubles.

It is hoped that you will give us your maintenance experience and ideas so that both sides can achieve the best performance.

9-1

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

When an abnormality occurs in the machine during operation, you can do it yourself safely. If you have to stop machine motion immediately for parts exchanging, you should do so according to the following procedures:

- Press HYDRAULIC MOTOR OFF button or EMERGENCY STOP button.
- Open the electrical enclosure door.
- Turn off breaker.

BEFORE ANY ADJUSTMENT OR MAINTENANCE OF THE MACHINE, PLEASE MAKE SURE TO TURN OFF THE MACHINE AND DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY.

#### **GENERAL TROUBLES AND SOLUTIONS**



# DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Excessive belt tension	Adjust belt tension so that belt does not slip on drive pulley while cutting ( 1/2" Min. deflection of belt under moderate pressure.)
Motor stalls	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed".
	Excessive blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection".
	Improper blade selection	Refer to Operating Instructions "Blade Selection".
	Dull blade	Replace blade.
Connet make	Guide rollers not adjusted properly	Refer to Adjustments.
Cannot make square cut	Rear vise jaw not adjusted properly	Set fixed vise jaw 90° to blade.
	Excessive head pressure	Reduce head pressure. Refer to operating instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Dull blade	Replace blade
Increased cutting time	Insufficient head pressure	Increase head pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Reduce blade speed	Refer to Operating Instructions "Speed Selection."
	Motor running in wrong direction	Reverse rotation of motor. (Motor rotation C.C.W. pulley end.)
Will not cut	Blade teeth pointing in wrong direction	Remove blade, turn blade inside out. Re-install blade. (Teeth must point in direction of travel. )
	Hardened material	Use special alloy blades. (Consult your industrial distributor for recommendation on type of blade required.)

# **MINOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
Saw blade motor does not run	Overload relay activated	Reset
even though blade drive button	Saw blade is not at forward	Press SAW FRAME
is pressed.	limit position.	FORWARD button

# **MOTOR TROUBLES & SOLUTIONS**

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Magnetic switch open, or	Reset protector by pushing red button (inside
	protector open.	electric box.)
Motor will not start	Low voltage	Check power line for proper voltage.
	Open circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
	connections.	or open connections.
	Short circuit in line, cord or	Inspect line, cord and plug for damaged
	plug.	insulation and shorted wire.
Motor will not start,	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect all lead terminations on motor for loose
fuse or circuit	connections	or shorted terminals or worn insulation on
breakers "blow".		wires.
	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
	breakers in power line.	
Motor fail to develop	Power line overloaded with	Reduce the load on the power line.
full power. (Power	lights, appliances and other	
output of motor	motors.	
decreases rapidly	Undersize wires or circuit too	Increase wire sizes, or reduce length of wiring
with decrease in	long.	
voltage at motor	General overloading of power	Request a voltage check from the power
terminals.)	company's facilities.	company
	Motor overloaded.	Reduce load on motor
Motor overheat	Air circulation through the	Clean out motor to provide normal air
	motor restricted.	circulation through motor.
	Short circuit in motor or loose	Inspect terminals in motor for loose or shorted
Motor stalls	connections.	terminals or worn insulation on lead wires.
(Resulting in blown	Low voltage	Correct the low line voltage conditions.
fuses or tripped	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses circuit breakers.
circuit breakers)	breakers in power line.	
	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load.
Frequent opening of	Motor overloaded	Reduce motor load
fuses or circuit	Incorrect fuses or circuit	Install correct fuses or circuit breakers.
breakers.	breakers.	



# DISCONNECT POWER CORD TO MOTOR BEFORE ATTEMPTING ANY REPAIR OR INSPECTION.

TROUBLE	PROBABLE CAUSE	SUGGESTED REMEDY
	Too few teeth per inch	Use finer tooth blade
Teeth	Loading of gullets	Use coarse tooth blade or cutting lubricant.
strippage	Excessive feed	Decrease feed
	Work not secured in vise	Clamp material securely
	Teeth too coarse	Use a finer tooth blade
	Misalignment of guides	Adjust saw guides
	Dry cutting	Use cutting lubricant
Blade	Excessive speed	Lower speed. See Operating Instructions "Speed selection."
breakage	Excessive speed	Reduce feed pressure. Refer to Operating Instructions "Adjusting Feed."
	Excessive tension	Tension blade to prevent slippage on drive wheel while cutting.
	Wheels out of line	Adjust wheels
	Guides out of line	For a straight and true cut, realign guides, check bearings for wear.
Blade line	Excessive pressure	Conservative pressure assures long blade life and clean straight cuts.
Run-out or	Support of blade insufficient	Move saw guides as close to work as possible.
Run-in	Material not properly secured in vise	Clamp material in vise, level and securely.
	Blade tension improper	Loosen or tighten tension on blade.
Blade	Blade not in line with guide bearings	Check bearings for wear and alignment.
twisting	Excessive blade pressure	Decrease pressure and blade tension
	Blade binding in cut	Decrease feed pressure
	Dry cutting	Use lubricant on all materials, except cast iron
Premature	Blade too coarse	Use finer tooth blade
tooth wear	Not enough feed	Increase feed so that blade does not ride in cut
	Excessive speed	Decrease speed

# **SAWING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS**

Other than this manual, the manufacturer also provides some related technical documents listed as follows:

# **Sawing Problems and Solutions**

Г	☐Vibration during cutting							
	Failure to cut							
	⊢ Short life of saw blade							
	Curved cutting  Broken blade							
	<u> </u>							
$\checkmark$	✓	✓	✓	✓	Use of blade with incorrect pitch	Use blade with correct pitch suited		
						to workpiece width		
✓	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	Failure to break-in saw blade	Perform break-in operation		
✓	✓	✓			Excessive saw blade speed	Reduce speed		
			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Insufficient saw blade speed	Increase speed		
✓		✓	$\checkmark$	✓	Excessive saw head descending speed	Reduce speed		
✓		✓	$\checkmark$		Insufficient saw head descending speed	Increase speed		
		✓	✓		Insufficient saw blade tension	Increase tension		
✓		✓	✓	✓	Wire brush improperly positioned	Relocate		
✓		✓	✓		Blade improperly clamped by insert	Check and correct		
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Improperly clamped workpiece	Check and correct		
	✓	✓	✓		Excessively hard material surface	Soften material surface		
		✓	✓	✓	Excessive cutting rate	Reduce cutting rate		
	✓	✓			Non-annealed workpiece	Replace with suitable workpiece		
<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	Insufficient or lean cutting fluid	Add fluid or replace		
✓		✓	✓	✓	Vibration near machine	Relocate machine		
		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		Non-water soluble cutting fluid used	Replace		
✓		<b>√</b>	✓		Air in cylinder	Bleed air		
1		<b>✓</b>		1	Broken back-up roller	Replace		
✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	Use of non-specified saw blade	Replace		
<b>√</b>	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	1	Fluctuation of line voltage	Stabilize		
✓		✓	✓		Adjustable blade guide too far from	Bring blade guide close to		
•		•	•		workpiece	workpiece		
<b>√</b>		/	<b>√</b>	1	Loose blade guide	Tighten		
·		✓	•	1	Blue or purple saw chips	Reduce cutting rate		
1				1	Accumulation of chips at inserts	Clean		
•	1	•		•	Reverse positioning of blade on machine			
1	•	1	_/		Workpieces are not bundled properly	Re-bundle		
<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	,	<b>√</b>	Back edge of blade touching wheel	Adjust wheel to obtain clearance		
•		•		•	flange	Aujust wheel to obtain clearance		
1	1	<b>√</b>			Workpiece of insufficient diameter	Use other machine, suited for		
V	•	•			workpiece of insufficient diameter	Use other machine, suited for		
			1		Court blode tooth week	diameter of workpiece Replace		
	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>		Saw blade teeth worn	Replace		

#### **SOLUTIONS TO SAWING PROBLEMS**

**Table Of Contents** 

#1. Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth	#11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band
#2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth	#12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge
#3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth	#13. Butt Weld Breakage
#4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth	#14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets
#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge	#15. Body Breaking – Fracture Traveling In An Angular
	Direction
#6. Tooth Strippage	#16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets
#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips	#17. Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration
#8. Gullets Loading Up With Material	#18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge
#9. Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To	#19. Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge
Excessive Frictional Heat	
#10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band	#20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length.

#### **#1.** Heavy Even Wear On Tips and Corners Of Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Excessive band speed for the type of material being cut. This generates a high tooth tip temperature resulting in accelerated tooth wear.
- **C.** Low feed rate causes teeth to rub instead of penetrate. This is most common on work hardened materials such as stainless and toolsteels.
- **D.** Hard materials being cut such as "Flame Cut Edge" or abrasive materials such as "Fiber Reinforced Composites".
- **E.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio, and/or improper application

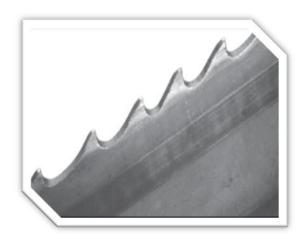
#### #2. Wear On Both Sides Of Teeth



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Broken, worn or missing back-up guides allowing teeth to contact side guides.
- B. Improper side guides for band width.
- **C.** Backing the band out of an incomplete cut.

#### #3. Wear On One Side Of Teeth



#### **Probable Cause:**

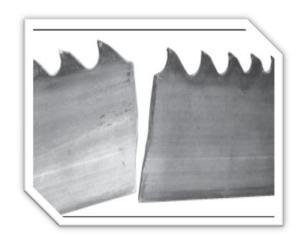
- **A.** Worn wheel flange, allowing side of teeth to contact wheel surface or improper tracking on flangeless wheel.
- **B.** Loose or improperly positioned side guides.
- **C.** Blade not perpendicular to cut.
- **D.** Blade rubbing against cut surface on return stroke of machine head.
- **E.** The teeth rubbing against a part of machine such as chip brush assembly, guards, etc.

#### #4. Chipped Or Broken Teeth



- A. Improper break-in procedure.
- **B.** Improper blade selection for application.
- **C.** Handling damage due to improper opening of folded band.
- **D.** Improper positioning or clamping of material.
- E. Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- F. Hitting hard spots or hard scale in material

#### **#5. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Back Edge**



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Excessive back-up guide "preload" will cause back edge to work harden which results in cracking.
- **B.** Excessive feed rate.
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.
- E. Improper band tension.
- F. Notches in back edge from handling damage

#### #6. Tooth Strippage



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Improper or lack of break-in procedure.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Excessive feeding rate or feed pressure.
- **D.** Movement or vibration of material being cut.
- **E.** Improper tooth pitch for cross sectional size of material being cut.
- **F.** Improper positioning of material being cut.
- **G.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply,improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **H.** Hard spots in material being cut.
- Band speed too slow for grade of material being cut.

#### **#7. Chips Welded To Tooth Tips**



- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **C.** Improper band speed.
- **D.** Improper feeding rate.

#### #8. Gullets Loading Up With Material



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Too fine of a tooth pitch insufficient gullet capacity.
- **B.** Excessive feeding rate producing too large of a chip.
- **C.** Worn, missing or improperly positioned chip brush.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

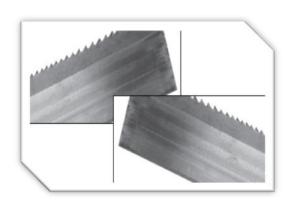
#### **#9.** Discolored Tips Of Teeth Due To Excessive Frictional Heat



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.
- **B.** Excessive band speed.
- **C.** Improper feeding rate.
- **D.** Band installed backwards.

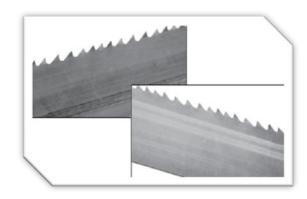
#### 10. Heavy Wear On Both Sides Of Band



#### **Probable Cause:**

- **A.** Chipped or broken side guides.
- **B.** Side guide adjustment may be too tight.
- **C.** Insufficient flow of sawing fluid through the side guides.
- **D.** Insufficient sawing fluid due to inadequate supply, improper ratio and/or improper application.

#### #11. Uneven Wear Or Scoring On The Sides Of Band



- **A.** Loose side guides.
- **B.** Chipped, worn or defective side guides.
- **C.** Band is rubbing on part of the machine.
- **D.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **E.** Accumulation of chips in side guides.

#### #12. Heavy Wear And/Or Swagging On Back Edge



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive feed rate.
- B. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **C.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.
- **D.** Worn or defective back-up guides.

## #13. Butt Weld Breakage

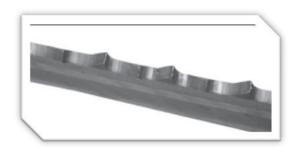


#### **Probable Cause:**

**A.** Any of the factors that cause body breaks can also cause butt weld breaks.

(See Observations #5, #15 and #16)

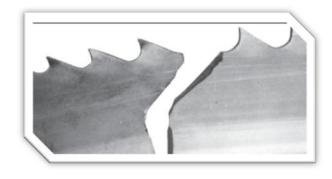
#### #14. Heavy Wear In Only The Smallest Gullets



#### **Probable Cause:**

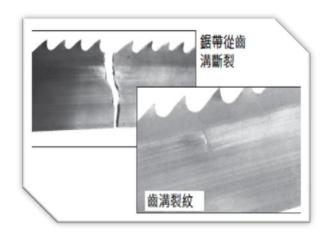
- **A.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **B.** Too slow of band speed.
- **C.** Using too fine of a tooth pitch for the size of material being cut.

# #15. Body Breaking - Fracture Traveling In An Angular Direction



- **A.** An excessive twist type of stress existed.
- **B.** Guide arms spread to capacity causing excessive twist from band wheel to guides.
- **C.** Guide arms spread too wide while cutting small cross sections.
- **D.** Excessive back-up guide "preload".

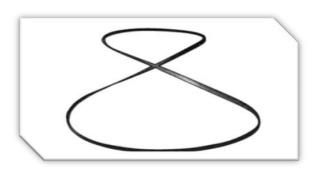
#### #16. Body Breakage Or Cracks From Gullets



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive back-up guide "preload".
- **B.** Improper band tension.
- **C.** Guide arms spread to maximum capacity.
- **D.** Improper beam bar alignment.
- **E.** Side guide adjustment is too tight.
- **F.** Excessively worn teeth.

# **#17.** Band is Twisted Into A Figure "8" Configuration



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension.
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

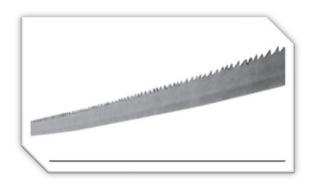
#### #18. Used Band Is "Long" On The Tooth Edge



#### **Probable Cause:**

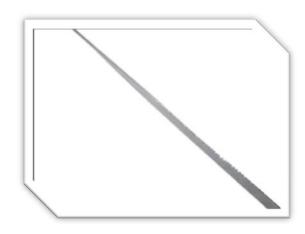
- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near gullets.
- **B.** Excessive "preload" band riding heavily against back-up guides.
- **C.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.
- **E.** Guide arms are spread to maximum capacity.
- **F.** Improper band tracking back edge rubbing heavy on wheel flange.

## **#19.** Used Band Is "Short" On The Tooth Edge



- **A.** Side guides are too tight rubbing near back edge.
- **B.** Worn band wheels causing uneven tension.
- **C.** Guide arms are spread too far apart.
- **D.** Excessive feeding rate.

#### #20. Broken Band Shows A Twist In Band Length



#### **Probable Cause:**

- A. Excessive band tension
- **B.** Any of the band conditions which cause the band to be long (#18) or short (#19) on tooth edge.
- **C.** Cutting a tight radius.

#### **RE-ADJUSTING THE ROLLER TABLE**

If the feeding table suffers the huge stroke and the alignment is effected, follow the below procedure to adjust.

#### TOOL, measuring

Measurement, Horizontal balance

#### <u>Procedure</u>

- 1. Screw or loosen the adjusting bolt to attain the horizontal balance (leveling) between the roller table and the machine frame.
- 2. Ensure that the machine frame is not struck by the loaded material on the feeding table.
- 3. Check the leveling by the measuring tool.
- 4. After finished the adjusting, fix the roller table.

If the feeding table and the machine frame are not positioned under the horizontal balance, the loaded material may be going up gradually and affect the cutting effect.

## **PARTS**

## **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

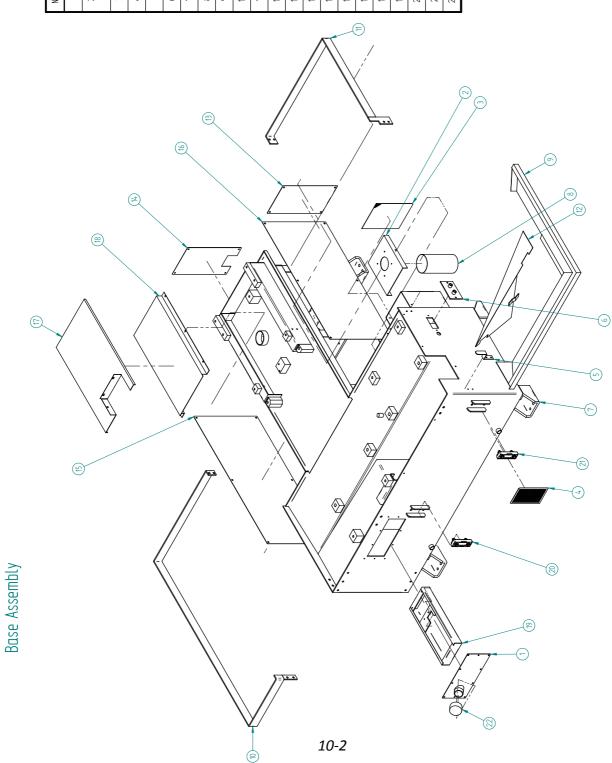
**PART LIST** 

## **SPARE PARTS RECOMMENDATIONS**

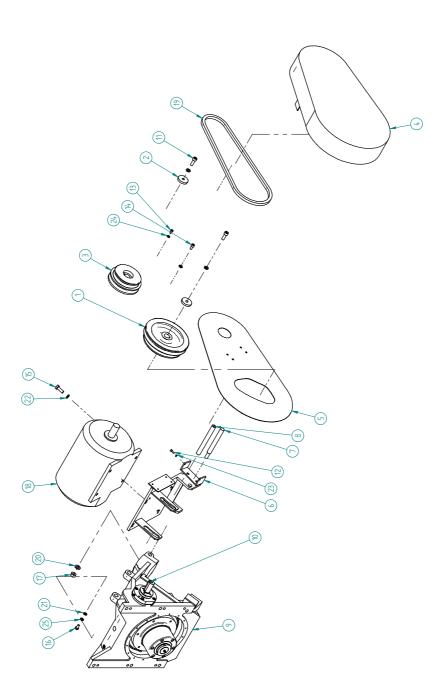
The following table lists the common spare parts we suggest you purchase in advance:

Part Name	Part Name
Saw blade	Filter
Wire brush	Steel plates
Carbide inserts	Rollers
Bearings	Belt
Chain	Duster seal
Asbestos	Washer

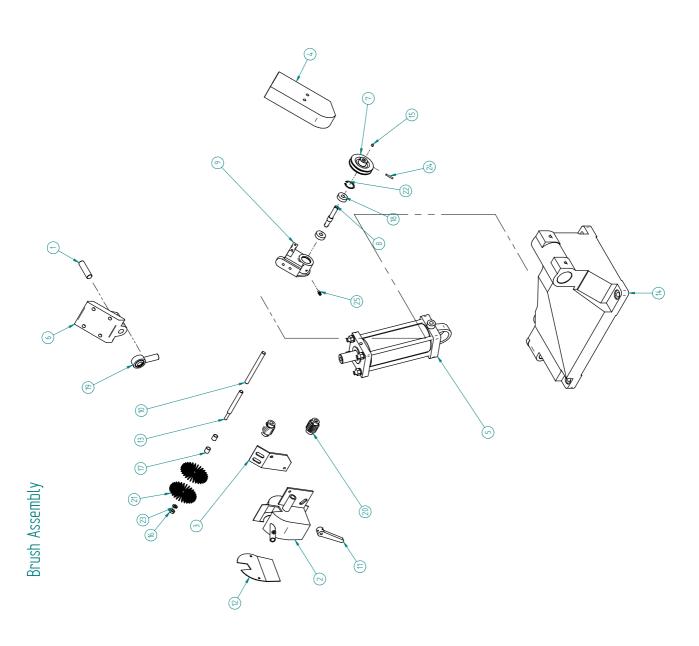
	NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME (CH)	QTY
	_	AHA-0102	Oil tank cover	油箱蓋	1
	2	AHA-0136	Coolant pump fixed seat cover	冷卻泵浦固定座蓋	_
	m	AHA-0138	Filter	水箱通管濾網	1
	7	AHA-0139	Filter	水箱通管濾網以い	1
	2	AHA-1309	Hose bracket	軟管架	1
	9	AHG-0138	Fitting seat	水管接頭座	-
	7	C250H-1001	Base	底座	1
	80	C250H-1007	Pump filter	浸水幫浦濾網二	1
	6	C250H-1025	Splash shield	右防濺板	1
	10	C250H-1031	Left fence	左護欄	1
	11	C250H-1033	Right fence	右護欄	1
	12	C250H-1041A	Collecting chip board	水槽集屑板	1
//	13	C250H-1060	Cover	右後左蓋	1
	1/1	C250H-1061	Cover	左後蓋	1
	15	C250H-1063	Cover	後左後蓋	1
	16	C250H-1067	Cover	後右後蓋	1
<b>(</b>	17	C250H-1281	Feeding shaft cover	送料輔護蓋	1
,	18	C250H-1283	Feeding cylinder cover	送料油缸護蓋	1
	19	C250H-1303	Control box base	控制箱底座	1
	20	PP-21030	oil gauge	油面計合刻度錶	1
	21	PP-21030A	Water gauge	水面計不含刻度錶	1
	22	PP-90857	Nut	油箱蓋螺帽	1



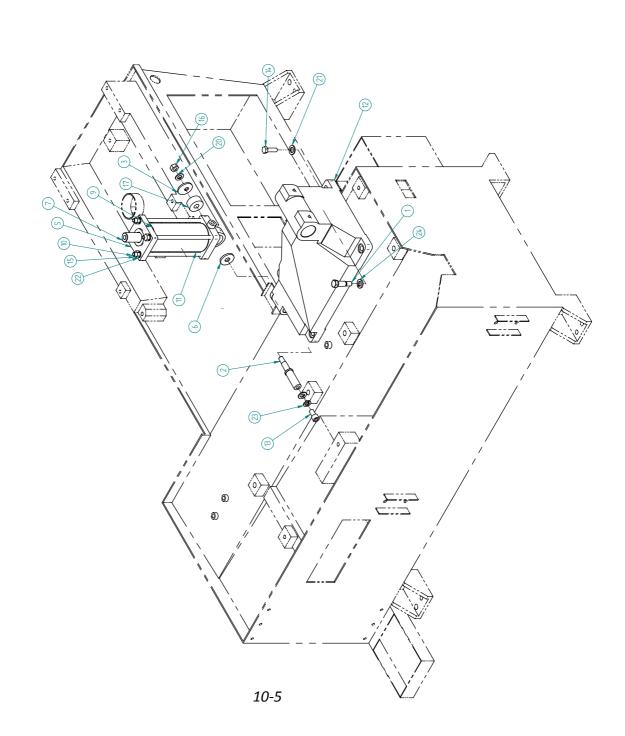
NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME (CH)	QTY
1	AHA-05146	Gear reducer belt wheel	減速機皮帶輪無段	1
2	AHA-0525	Washer	整圈	2
m	C250H-3065	Belt wheel	馬達皮帶輪	1
4	C250H-3071A	Pulley cover	普利護蓋	1
2	C250H-3073A	Pulley cover bracket	普利護蓋固定板	1
9	C250H-3081	Motor plate	馬達底板	1
7	C250H-3082	Motor movable shaft	馬達活動軸	1
	C250H-3085	Motor position shaft	馬達定位軸	1
6	C250H-33500	Gear reducer	减速機整組	1
10	C250H-3354	Gear reducer pulley pin	減速機普利方鍵	1
#	PBA-10-30	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	2
12	PBA-5-12	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	1
13	PBA-6-10	bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	1
1/4	PBA-8-16	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	1
15	PLA-10-30	Bolt	外六角頭螺絲公	1
16	PLA-8-16	Bolt	外六角頭螺絲公	1
17	P0A-12	Nut		1
18	PP-31081C	Motor	馬達	1
19	PP-56287	Belt	皮帶	1
20	PPA-12	Washer	平面華司公	1
21	PPA-8	Washer	平面華司公	1
22	PQA-10	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	3
23	PQA-5	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	1
24	PQA-6	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	1
25	PQA-8	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	2



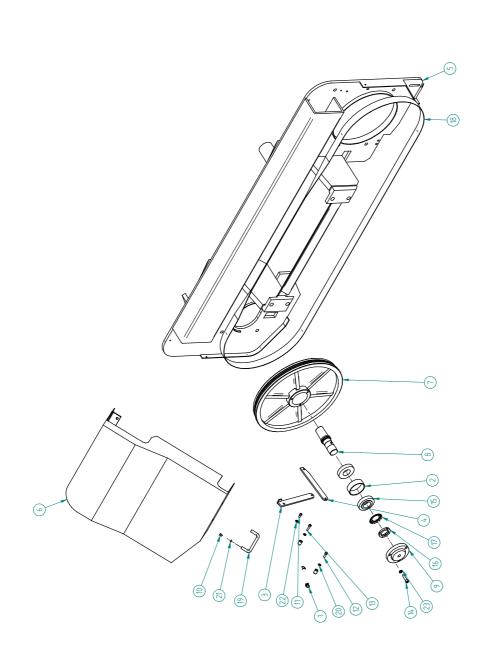
NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME (CH)	ΩTY
1	AGB-70304A	Pin	上鋸弓油缸插梢	1
2	AGC-3025	Wire brush cover	鋼刷護蓋	1
3	AGC-3027	Wire brush cover bracket	鋼刷護蓋固定板	1
4	AGC-3028	Pulley cover	鋼刷普利護蓋	1
5	AHA-11009-1	Saw bow cylinder	鋸弓油壓缸	1
9	AHA-1113	Cylinder top seat	油壓缸頂座	1
7	AHA-1202	Brush pulley	鋼刷皮帶輪	-
8	AHA-1207	Pulley shaft	皮帶輪軸綱刷	-
6	AHA-1211	Bearing bracket	軸承座	1
10	AHA-1215	Transmission shaft	鋼刷傳動軸	-
11	AHA-1217	Transmission shaft	鋼刷調整桿	1
12	AHA-1220-2	Wire brush cover board	鋼刷護蓋板	-
13	AHB-0519	Wire brush shaft	銀岡用丁車由	1
14	C250H-1151	Joint seat	關節座	1
15	PAA-6-6	Set crew	止付螺絲公	1
16	POA-8	Nut	(本)	1
17	PP-13025	Du bushing 1215	乾式軸承	2
18	PP-14272	Bearing	軸承	2
19	PP-14480	Bearing	連桿軸承	1
20	PP-15010	Universal joint	萬向接頭	2
21	PP-58002	Wire brush	錦岡居近	2
22	PP-58109	Snap ring	扣環	1
23	PQA-8	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	1
24	PRA-4-25	Spring pin	彈簧銷	-
25	PUC-020	Nipple	油嘴	-



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	IA-UIZZA	Fixed nut	外六角固定螺栓	1
	C325H-3269	Movable shaft	油缸活動軸	1
Н	AHA-0129	Washer	偏心墊圈	1
Ť	AHA-1101	Spring	鋸弓油壓缸彈簧	1
5 AH	AHA-1102	Front cover	前蓋	-
9 HH	AHA-1105	Rubber pad	橡膠墊圈	-
7 AH	AHA-1116	Piston and shaft	活塞及桿	_
8* AH	AHA-1117	Teflon washer	鐵弗龍墊圈	_
9 AH	AHA-1119	Tube	紅筒	1
10 AH	AHA-1120	Shaft	連桿	7
11 AH	AHA-1122	Rear cover	後蓋	_
12   [2	C250H-1151	Joint seat	關節座	_
13 PB	PBA-14-20	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
14 PL	PLA-12-40	Bolt	外六角頭螺絲公	_
15 PO	P0A-12	Nut	(本)	7
16 PO	P0A-14	Nut	螺母(公)	1
17 PP	PP-14510	Bearing	軸承	-
18° PP	PP-59110	0 ring	0形環	_
19° PP	PP-59170	0 ring	0形環	1
20 PP	PPA-14	Washer	平面華司公	2
21 PP	PPA-16	Washer	平面華司公)	-
22 P0	PQA-12	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	4
23 PO	PQA-14	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	_
24 P0	PQA-16	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	-



NO.	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME (CH)	QTY
1	AEA-2010	Spring	曲板彈簧	1
2	AHA-0637	Washer	上輪軸承墊圈	_
3	AHB-0726A	Position board	箱蓋定位板	1
7	AHB-0726C	Position board	箱蓋定位板	1
2	C250H-3001	Saw bow	鋸弓	1
9	C250H-3003	Idel wheel cover	上輪箱蓋	-
7	C250H-3031	Idel wheel	上輪(1114")	-
8	C250H-3033	ldle wheel shaft	上輪軸	1
6	C250H-3037	Idle wheel shaft cover	上輪軸蓋	-
9	PBA-5-6	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
=	PBA-6-12	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
12	PBA-6-20	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
13	PBA-6-25	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	1
1/1	PBA-8-30	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	1
15	PP-14613	Ball bearing	滾錐軸承	2
16	PP-14907	Fixed nuts	固定螺母	1
17	PP-14957	Stop ring	止動環	1
18	PP-18175	Blade	鋸帶	-
19	PP-52124	Handle	輪箱把手	-
20	PPA-6	Washer	平面華司公)	2
21	PQA-5	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	-
22	PQA-6	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	-
23	PQA-8	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	_

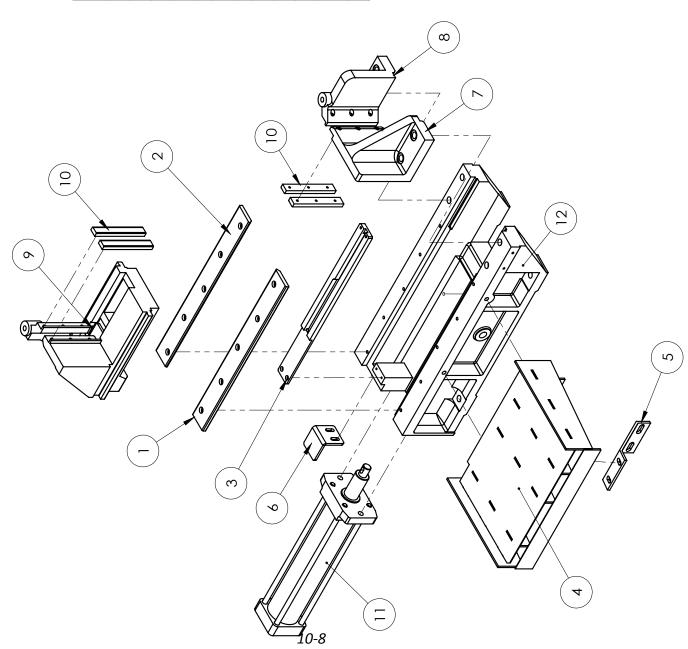


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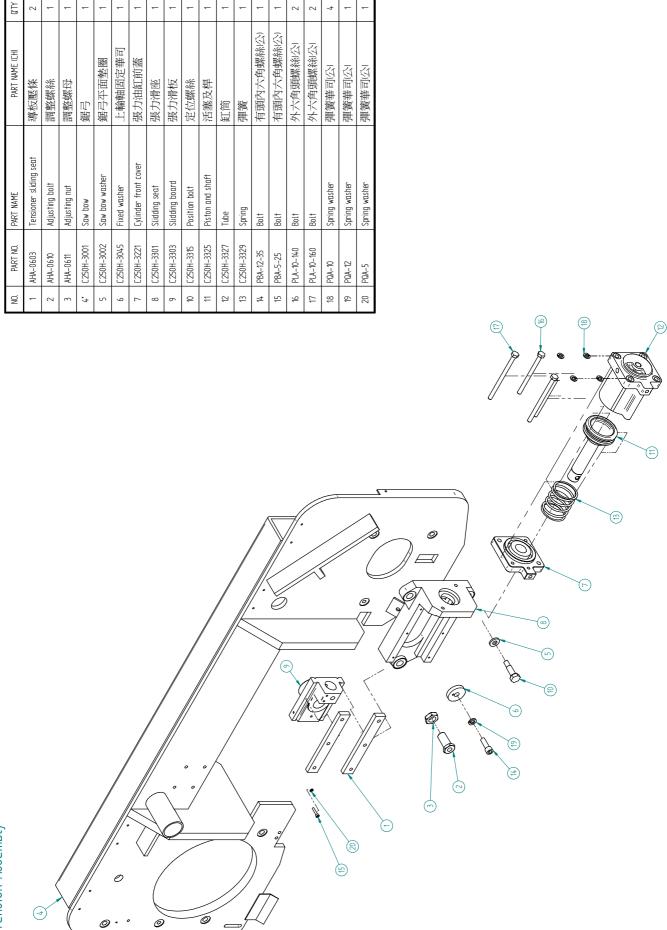
C-260NC

C250H-2013   Feeding bed plate 1   送来   C250H-2013   Feeding bed plate 2   送来   C250H-2015   Feeding bed plate 2   送来   C250H-2015   Feeding bed plate 2   送来   C250H-2026   Bed cover   Eed double retracting vise cover   送來   C250H-2221   Rear fixed vise   Rear movable vise   Rear movable vise   Rear movable vise   Rear fixed vise cylinder   Habston   C250H-2803   Piston rear cover   Habston   C250H-2807   Position pin   Feeding bed   East of C250H-2807   Position pin   Eeding bed   East of C250H-2807   Eeding bed   East of C250H-2807   Eeding bed   East of C250H-2807   Eeding bed   East of C250H-2300   East of C250H-2300   Erott vise cylinder   Habston   East of C250H-2300   Erott vise cylinder   East of C250H-2300   East of C250H-	1   C250H-2013   Feeding bed plate 1   C250H-2013   Feeding bed plate 1   C250H-2015   Feeding bed plate 2   C250H-2015   Feeding bed plate 2   C250H-2026   Bed cover   A   C250H-2220   Feed double retracting vise cover 5   C250H-2221   Rear fixed vise   C250H-2221   Rear fixe
NO PART NO.  1 C250H-2013 2 C250H-2013 3 C250H-2013 3 C250H-2020 4 C250H-2220 5 C250H-2220 5 C250H-2220 5 C250H-2201 6 C250H-2803 10 C250H-2809 11 C250H-2809 12 C250H-2809 13 C250H-2809 14 C260H-2011 14 C260H-2011 15 C260H-2030 16 C260H-23000 17 PP-13165 18 PP-13166 20 PP-59801	NO PART NO.  1 C250H-2013  2 C250H-2013  3 C250H-2013  4 C250H-2201  5 C250H-2201  5 C250H-2201  6 C250H-2201  7 C250H-2201  10 C250H-2201  11 C250H-2201  12 C250H-2201  13 C250H-2201  14 G260H-2300  15 G260H-2300  16 G260H-2300  17 PP-13165  18 PP-13260  19 PP-51146  20 PP-59801
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NO PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN   QTY   CHINESE	QT
C250H-0213	Rear bed plate	後床面鋼板	-
C250H-0215	Front bed plate	前床面鋼板	_
C250H-2008-CE	Blade plate	CE-鋸綠鋼板	$\leftarrow$
C250H-1201	Braket	托架	-
C250H-1202	Supporter	托架支撐架	
C250H-2016	Buffer stopper	緩衝擋板	$\vdash$
C250H-2201	Front fixed vise 1	前固定虎鉗(前)	
C250H-2203	Front fixed vise 2	前固定虎鉗(後)	$\vdash$
C250H-2215	Movable vise	活動虎鉗	$\overline{}$
10 C250H-2241	Vise plate	虎鉗鋼板(一)	4
11 C250H-23000A	Front vise hydrauly cylinder	前虎鉗油壓缸A	
12 G260H-2001	base	床面	$\overline{}$
	C250H-0213 C250H-0215 C250H-2008-CE C250H-1201 C250H-1202 C250H-2016 C250H-2201 C250H-2201 C250H-2201 C250H-2203 C250H-2203 C250H-2203 C250H-2203 C250H-2203	-CE	Rear bed plate Front bed plate -CE Blade plate Braket Supporter Buffer stopper Front fixed vise 1 Front fixed vise 2 Wovable vise Vise plate Vise plate Vise plate base



Tension Assembly



Part Name (CH)

定寸齒輪

定寸齒條

送料軸CI有孔 活塞及桿

滾輪固定座 連桿

後蓋

紅筒

齒排固定座(二)

壓縮彈簧

譯碼器活動板 譯碼器固定座 滾輪固定座(右) 滾輪固定座(左)

送料軸固定板

液輪

前蓋(送料)

心中離

四個油料

軸承

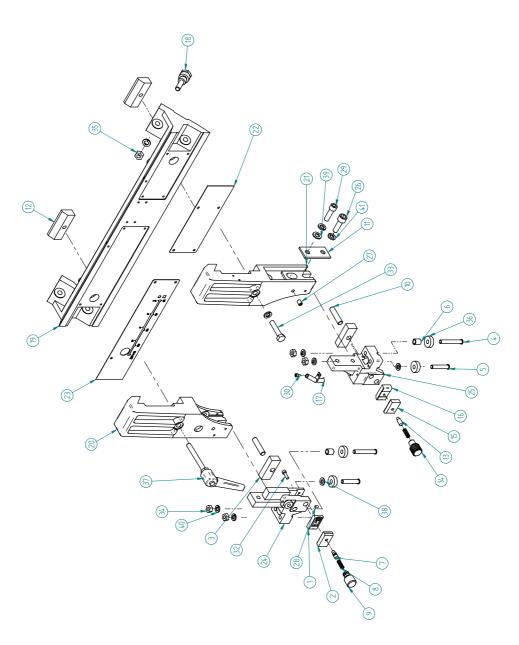
譯碼器 彎接頭

			†e	at	eat		±	thaft		shaft			seat (right)	seat (left)		±5			225	aul					Đ.	
PART NAME	Inch wheel	Tooth bar	Movable plate	Encorder seat	Tooth bar seat	Spring	Feeding shaft	Piston and shaft	Tube	Roller fixed shaft	Shaff	Rear cover	Roller fixed seat (right)	Roller fixed seat (left)	Roller	Fixed bracket	Rear cover	Nut	Bearing 6205ZZ	U type oil seal	0-ring	0-ring	0-ring	Encorder	Curved Fitting	
PART NO.	AHA-1560	AHA-1561-1	AHA-1562	AHA-1563	AHA-1564	AHA-1565	AHA-1601B	AHA-1602	AHA-1620	AHA-1636	AHA-1660	AHA-1679	AHB-16530	AHB-16560	AHC-1625	C250H-2029	C250H-2651	P0A-10	PP-14275	PP-51150	PP-59105	PP-59196	PP-59545	PP-90492E	PUJ-020-020-02	
e E	-	2	3	7	2	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13	1/	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	77	22	
				<b>\( \)</b>					<b>5</b>						100											

7 有頭內六角螺絲公 有頭內六角螺絲公 有頭內六角螺絲公 有頭內六角螺絲公 有頭內六角螺絲公 PART NAME (CH) 鋸弓平面墊圈 止付螺絲公 彈簧華司公 彈簧華司公 彈簧華司公 鐵弗龍墊圈 箱蓋定位板 箱蓋定位板 關節座華司 減速機整組 固定螺絲 乾式軸承 關節軸蓋 下輪箱蓋 輪箱把手 曲板彈簧 關節座 關節軸 網马 华 Drive wheel cover Joint shaft cover Saw bow washer Position board Position board Telfon washer Spring washer Spring washer Spring washer Gear reducer Orive wheel Joint shaft Joint seat PART NAME Fixed bolt Set screw Du Busing C250H-3001-CE | Saw bow Washer Handle Spring Bott Bott Bott Bolt Bott C250H-1167 C250H-33500 PART NO. C250H-3002 C250H-3041 C250H-3005 C250H-1151 C250H-1169 AHB-0726A AHB-0726C 15 PAA-10-25 PBA-12-40 PBA-5-12 PBA-6-20 PBA-6-30 PBA-6-40 4HA-0324 AEA-2010 AHA-0310 AHA-0311 PP-13250 PP-52124 PQA-12 PQA-5 PQA-6 9 33 17 20 6 ⇇ 12 7 .61 21 22 <sub>∞</sub> 10 9 16 25 (2) **1** 00 (E) 10-11

Drive Wheel Assembly

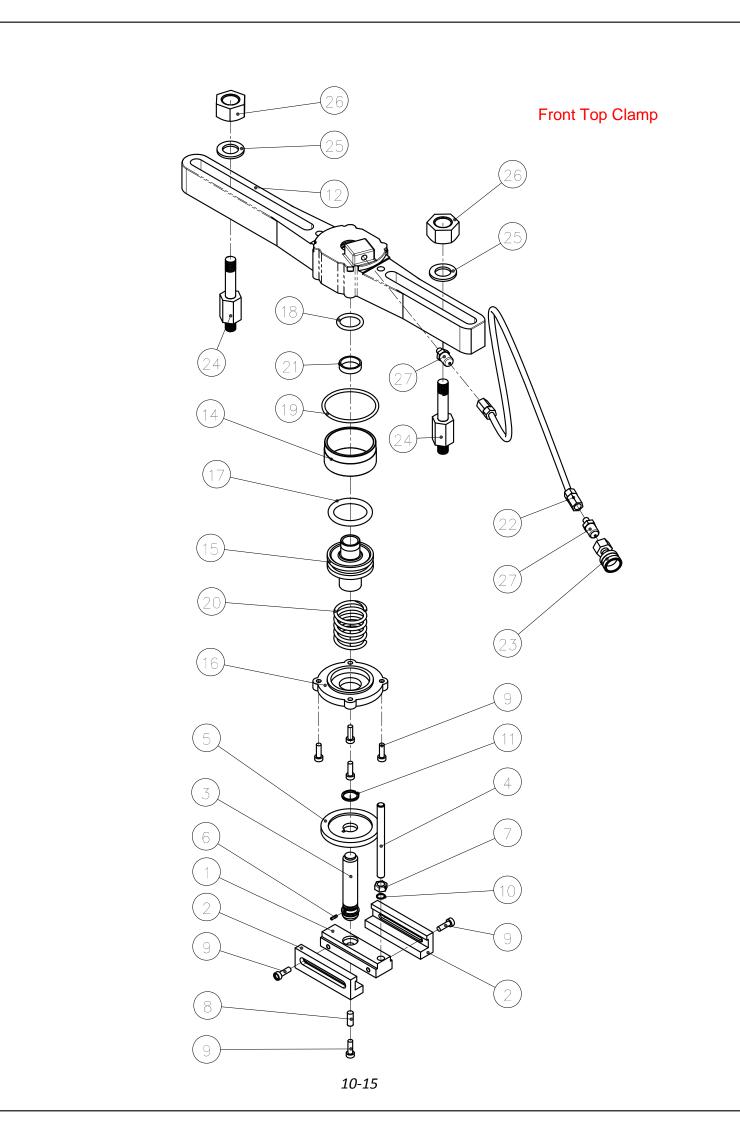
ë	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME (CH)	T
1	AHA-0701B	Left fixed insert	左固定鎢鋼片114	-
2	AHA-0702B	Left movable insert	左活動鎢鋼片11/4	_
3	AHA-0704A	Pressure block	下壓座(EU79用)	2
4	AHA-0707B	Roller pin	導輪軸114	2
2	AHA-0707E	Roller pin	導輪軸(三)	2
9	AHA-0708B	Washer	導輪墊圈114	2
7	AHA-0709	Left fitting	左簧塞	-
∞	AHA-0710	Spring	鎢鋼片彈簧	2
6	AHA-0711	Adjusting bolt	左調整螺絲	-
10	AHA-0713-1	Straight shaft	軸承座固定軸	2
Ħ	AHA-0719	Spacer	導輪座墊片	-
12	AHA-0737	Saw arm fixed block	鋸臂固定塊	2
13	AHA-0741	Right fitting	右簧塞	-
14	AHA-0742	Right insert knob	右調整螺絲	-
15	AHA-0743B	Right movable insert	右活動鎢鋼片114	-
16	AHA-0744B	Right fixed insert	右固定鎢鋼片114	-
17	AHA-0745	Coolant nozzle	冷卻水噴嘴	-
18	C250H-3021	Adjusting Bolt	滑板調整螺絲	-
19	C250H-3101	Saw arm stiding board	鋸臂滑板	-
20	C250H-3103	Left guide arm	左鋸臂	-
21	C250H-3105	Right guide arm	右鋸臂	-
22	C250H-3111	Nameplate	右鋸臂滑座銘牌	-
23	C250H-3112	Nameplate	左鋸臂滑座銘牌	-
24	C250H-3131	Left insert holder	左導輪座	-
25	C250H-3161	Right guide roller seat	右導輪座	-
26	C250H-3167	Position pin	導輪座定位銷	-
27	PAA-10-12	Set screw	止付螺絲公	-
28	PAA-6-8	Set screw	止付螺絲公	-
29	PBA-12-40	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
30	PBA-5-8	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
31"	PBA-6-12	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
32	PBA-6-20	Bolt	有頭內六角螺絲公	-
33	PLA-12-55	Bolt	外六角頭螺絲(公)	-
34	PDA-10	Nut	螺母公	4
35	P0A-12	Nut		-
36	PP-14270	Bearing	<b></b>	4
37	PP-52111E	Saw arm handle	鋸臂把手	-
88	PPA-10	Washer	平面華司公	-
39	PPA-12	Washer	平面華司公	-
07	PQA-10	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	2
17	PQA-12	Spring washer	彈簧華司公	7



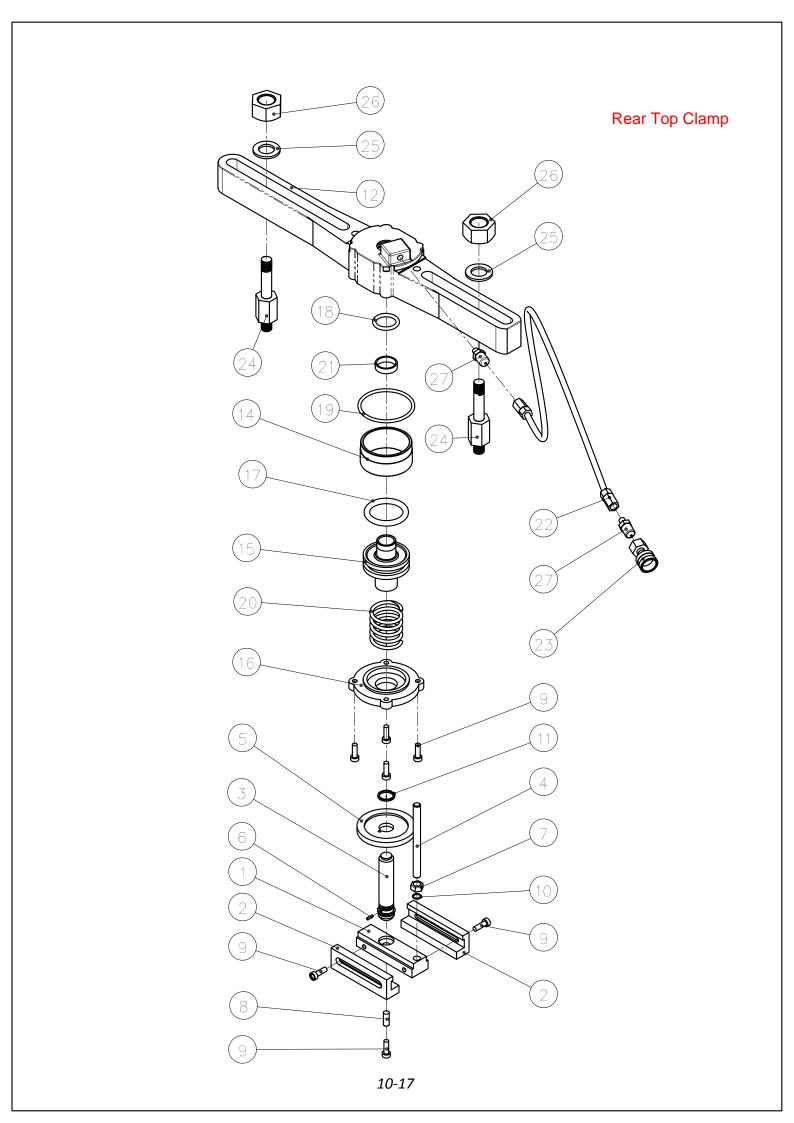
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PART NAME (CH)	蝸桿	軸承座蓋	軸承座(一)	軸承座(二)	注油螺絲	下輪鎖緊墊圈	媧輪	調整環	軸承墊圈	油封固定盤	下輪軸	鍋刷普利	減速機本體	蝸輪固定座	耐油墊圈	止付螺絲公	有頭內六角螺絲公	有頭內六角螺絲公	有頭內六角螺絲公	軸承	滚錐軸承	滾錐軸承	固定螺母	止動環	油封	內鎖	彈簧華司公	彈簧華司公	彈簧華司公	油嘴
PART NAME	Worm shaft	Bearing seat cover	Bearing seat 1	Bearing seat 2	Filling screw	Washer	Worm	Adjusting ring	Bearing washer	Oil fixed plate	Drive shaft	Wire brush pulley	Bearbox body	Worm fixed seat	Washer	Set screw	Bolt	Bolt	Bolt	Bearing	Ball bearing	Ball bearing	Fixed nuts	Stop ring	Oil seal	Interlock	Spring washer	Spring washer	Spring washer	Nipple
PART NO.	AHA-0305A	AHA-0314	AHA-0319	AHA-0326	AHA-0328	AHA-0403	AHA-0404A	AHA-0429	AHA-0431	AHA-0433	C250H-3043	C250H-3061	C250H-3351	C250H-3365	C250H-3369	PAA-5-8	PBA-10-30	PBA-12-50	PBA-5-20	PP-14131	PP-14652A	PP-14693	PP-14908	PP-14958	PP-51080	PP-58103	PQA-10	PQA-12	PQA-5	PUC-020
NO.	-	2	m	7	2	9	7	∞	6	10	Ħ	12	13	71	15	16	17.	18	.61	70	21	22	23	77	25	26	27.	28	.62	30

16

Date:102/10/8 Revision:S3 Models: C-260NC, C-320GNC, C-325NC		TAKI NAIVIE	PAKI NO.	Description	QYT
Revision: <b>S3</b>   Models: C-260NC, C-320GNC, C-325NC	Н	Receiving hopper	PP-10003*T		Н
Models: C-260NC, C-320GNC, C-325NC	2	Chip spiral	PP-10004*7		Н
	8	Hydraulic motor	PP-31640-1*T		1
	4	Drive shaft	PP-10005*T		1
	2	Shaft seat	PP-10006*T		1
	9	Oil-less bushing	PP13374*T	LFF-1620-24	2
	7	Roller chain	PP-19061	RS40x21目	1
	∞	Roller chain connecting link	PP-19062	RS40	$\vdash$
	6	Drive sprocket(small)	PP-10000*T	RS40	1
	10	Sprocket	PP-10001*T	RS40	1
	11	Cover	PP-10002*T		1
	12	Pin	PP-10007*T	10EX9	1
	13	Hex soc cap screw	PBA-8-50	M8 x 50L	1
	14	Hex soc cap screw	PBA-6-20	M6 x 20L	2
	15	Hex soc cap screw	PBA-6-12	M6 x 12L	3
	16	Hex soc cap screw	PBA-6-10	M6 x 10L	4
	17	Set screw	PAA-6-8	M6 x 8L	1
(2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	18	Nut		M6	2
		14 15		91	•



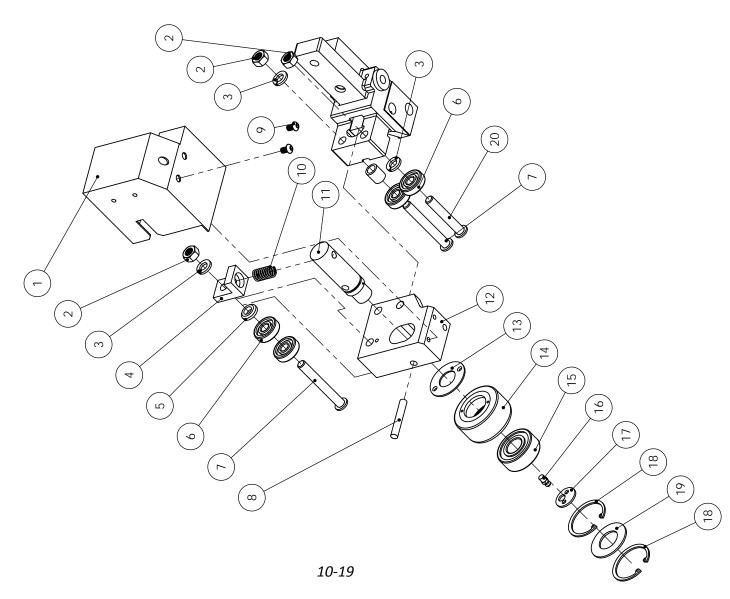
#### C-260NC前下壓組立爆炸圖 / C-260NC Front Top Clamp C250H-24000-F 項次編號 數量 品號 PART NO. PART NAME 零件名稱 PART SPEC QTY NO. AHA-1924A\*T 下壓板 1 Clamping block 1 2 AHA1926A\*T 下壓滑板 2 Sliding block 3 C250H-2435\*T 下壓調整螺桿 Adjusting rod 1 4 C250H-2437\*T Pushing rod 推把 1 5 AHA-1923\*T Adjusting handwheel 調整手輪 1 彈簧銷 1 6 PRA-3-10\*T Spring pin Ø3X10 7 POA-10-15B\*T Nut 螺母 10MM 1 8 PAA-8-20\*T 止付螺絲 M8X20 1 Set screw 有頭內六角螺絲 7 9 PBA-8-20\*T Hex head cap screw M8X20 10 PQA-10\*T Spring washer 彈簧墊片 M10 1 11 PP-52093\*T S20 snap ring S20扣環 1 12 AHC-1904B\*T 前下壓虎鉗油缸座 1 Front top clamp cylinder seat 13 PP-13149\*T 2608 DU bushing 2608乾式軸承 1 下壓缸管 1 14 AHA-1925\*T Clamping tube 活塞 1 15 AHA-1917\*T Piston AHA-1915A\*T 16 Back cover 後蓋 1 17 PP-5910\*T O-ring O型環 1 PP59101\*T O型環 1 18 O-ring O型環 19 PP-59585\*T O-ring 1 20 AHA-1919\*T Spring 彈簧 1 PP-13149\*T 2608乾式軸承 1 21 2608 DU bushing 22 PHD-02D-700\*T Oil pipe 油管 1 PP-21100\*T 快速接頭 1 23 Tube fitting 2 C325H-2431\*T Fixed bolt 固定螺栓 24 平面華司 2 25 PPA-14A\*T Flat washer M14 螺母 2 26 POA-14-20\*T Nut M14 1/4\*1/4P 2 27 PUI-020-020-11\*T Straight connector 直接頭



#### C-260NC後下壓組立爆炸圖 / C-260NC Rear Top Clamp C250H-24000-B 項次編號 數量 品號 PART NO. PART NAME 零件名稱 PART SPEC QTY NO. AHA-1924A\*T 下壓板 1 Clamping block 1 2 AHA1926A\*T 下壓滑板 2 Sliding block 3 C250H-2435\*T 下壓調整螺桿 Adjusting rod 1 4 C250H-2437\*T Pushing rod 推把 1 5 AHA-1923\*T Adjusting handwheel 調整手輪 1 彈簧銷 1 6 PRA-3-10\*T Spring pin Ø3X10 7 POA-10-15B\*T Nut 螺母 10MM 1 8 PAA-8-20\*T 止付螺絲 M8X20 1 Set screw 有頭內六角螺絲 7 9 PBA-8-20\*T Hex head cap screw M8X20 10 PQA-10\*T Spring washer 彈簧墊片 M10 1 11 PP-52093\*T S20 snap ring S20扣環 1 12 AHC-1921B\*T Rear top clamp cylinder seat 後下壓虎鉗油缸座 1 13 PP-13149\*T 2608 DU bushing 2608乾式軸承 1 下壓缸管 1 14 AHA-1925\*T Clamping tube 活塞 1 15 AHA-1917\*T Piston AHA-1915A\*T 16 Back cover 後蓋 1 17 PP-5910\*T O-ring O型環 1 PP59101\*T O型環 1 18 O-ring O型環 19 PP-59585\*T O-ring 1 20 AHA-1919\*T Spring 彈簧 1 PP-13149\*T 2608乾式軸承 1 21 2608 DU bushing 22 PHD-02D-700\*T Oil pipe 油管 1 PP-21100\*T 快速接頭 1 23 Tube fitting 2 C325H-2431\*T Fixed bolt 固定螺栓 24 平面華司 2 25 PPA-14A\*T Flat washer M14 2 26 POA-14-20\*T Nut 螺母 M14 1/4\*1/4P 2 27 PUI-020-020-11\*T Straight connector 直接頭



		C320G-42000 防震滾輪機構	方震滾輪機構		
ITEM	PART NO.	PART NAME	PART NAME IN CHINESE	PART SPEC	QTY
П	C320G-3397A	Cover	防震滾輪護蓋		1
2	POA-10	Nut	M10域累中冒		3
3	PQA-10	Spring washer	M10彈簧墊圈		3
4	C320G-4225	Spring holder	防震彈簧座		1
5	C320G-4222	Bearing washer	軸承墊圈		1
9	PP-14270B	Bearing	6200軸承		4
7	C320G-3143A	Guide roller shaft	演輪軸80T		2
8	PRD-8-40	Pin	平行銷		1
6	PGC-6-10	Round head screw	半圓頭螺絲		2
10	PP-57403	Spring	彈簧		1
11	C510M-4231A	Roller shaft	防震導輪軸		1
12	C320G-4221	Seat	防震座		1
13	AGB-3308	Rubber ring	遮水橡皮		1
14	AHA-3301	Roller	防震導輪		1
15	PP-14507	Bearing	調心軸承2204		1
16	PUC-020	Grease nipple	油嘴		1
17	C510M-4206	Bearing washer	軸承墊圈		1
18	PP-58111	Snap ring	‡□環R47		2
19	AGB-3307A	Grease cover	牛油擋		1
20	C320G-3143	Guide roller shaft	導輪軸64L		1



# Warranty

### Warranty

New machines are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship and material for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment by Seller. The warranty period is based on normal usage of two thousand eighty hours (2080) per year and is reduced proportionately for any excess usage. Products, which under normal operating conditions in Buyer's plant are defective in workmanship or material, will be repaired or replaced at the option of Seller.

This warranty does not cover shipping freight charges for either the return of the defective part or for the shipping of the replacement or repaired part.

Seller will have no obligation to repair or replace perishable parts, or materials or parts damaged by misuse, negligence or failure of Buyer to provide appropriate maintenance and service as stated in the operator's manual or industry standard and normally acceptable practices.

This warranty does not apply if the machine has been altered or modified without our prior written consent.

In the case of components or units purchased by Seller including work holding devices, tool holders, motors and controls, the warranty shall not exceed that received by Seller from the supplier of such components or units.

Seller will not assume responsibility for products or components returned to Seller without prior consent or for unauthorized repairs to its products, even though defective.

**Electrical Equipment:** The warranty available for all electrical components to the Buyer will be voided if the voltage supplied to the machine is found to be outside the stated voltage of the machine by +/-10% and/or grounded at machine.

Accessories Supplied with Manufacturer's Equipment: The warranties available to the Buyer are those extended by the accessory manufacturer, if any, to the extent they are in force and effect. The ACCESSORY MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY, if any, is exclusive and is in lieu of all other warranties whether written, oral or implied.

11-1



Vertical Plate Saws
Horizontal Billet Saws
NC/CNC Band Saws
Structural Miter-Cutting Saws
Automatic Band Saws
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